



MITSUBISHI
PROGRAMMABLE CONTROLLERS
MELSEC-F

Changes for the Better

USER'S MANUAL - Positioning Control Edition

FX3U/FX3UC SERIES PROGRAMMABLE CONTROLLERS

Transistor Output

FX3U Main Unit
(Sink Output/
Source Output)

FX3UC Main Unit
[Japanese Model
(Sink Output)]

Line Driver Output

FX3U-2HSY-ADP

FX3U

FX3UC

Safety Precautions

(Read these precautions before using.)

Before installing, operating, maintenance or inspecting this product, thoroughly read and understand this manual and the associated manuals. Also pay careful attention to handle the module properly and safety.

This manual classifies the safety precautions into two categories:  **DANGER** and  **CAUTION**.

| | |
|--|---|
|  DANGER | Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in death or severe injury. |
|  CAUTION | Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in medium or slight personal injury or physical damage. |

Depending on circumstances, procedures indicated by  **CAUTION** may also be linked to serious results.

In any case, it is important to follow the directions for usage.

Store this manual in a safe place so that you can take it out and read it whenever necessary. Always forward it to the end user.

1. DESIGN PRECAUTIONS

|  DANGER | Reference |
|--|---------------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide a safety circuit on the outside of the PLC so that the whole system operates to ensure the safety even when external power supply trouble or PLC failure occurs. Otherwise, malfunctions or output failures may result in an accident. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) An emergency stop circuit, a protection circuit, an interlock circuit for opposite movements, such as normal and reverse rotations, and an interlock circuit for preventing damage to the machine at the upper and lower positioning limits should be configured on the outside of the PLC. 2) When the PLC CPU detects an error, such as a watch dog timer error, during self-diagnosis, all outputs are turned off. When an error that cannot be detected by the PLC CPU occurs in an input/output control block, output control may be disabled. Design external circuits and mechanisms to ensure safe operations of the machine in such a case. 3) When some sort of error occurs in a relay, triac or transistor of the output unit, output may be kept on or off. For output signals that may lead to serious accidents, design external circuits and mechanisms to ensure safe operations of the machine in such cases. | B-4 B-14 B-67 |

|  CAUTION | Reference |
|--|---------------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not bundle the control line together with the main circuit or power line. Do not lay the control line near them. As a rule, lay the control line at least 100mm(3.94") or more away from the main circuit or power line. Noise may cause malfunctions. • Install in a manner which prevents excessive force from being applied to the built-in connectors dedicated to programming, power connectors and I/O connectors. Failure to do so may result in wire breakage or failure of the PLC. | B-4 B-14 B-67 |

Safety Precautions

(Read these precautions before using.)

2. WIRING PRECAUTIONS

|  DANGER | Reference |
|--|---------------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cut off all phases of the power source externally before installation or wiring work in order to avoid electric shock or damage of product. • Make sure to attach the terminal cover offered as an accessory to the product before turning on the power or starting the operation after installation or wiring work. Failure to do so may cause electric shock. | B-4 B-22 B-67 |

|  CAUTION | Reference |
|--|---------------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Connect the AC power supply wiring to the dedicated terminals described in this manual. If an AC power supply is connected to a DC input/output terminal or DC power supply terminal, the PLC will be burnt out. • Connect the DC power supply wiring to the dedicated terminals described in this manual. If an AC power supply is connected to a DC input/output terminal or DC power supply terminal, the PLC will be burnt out. • Do not wire vacant terminals externally. Doing so may damage the product. • Perform class D grounding (grounding resistance: 100Ω or less) to the grounding terminal in the FX3U Series main unit with a 2mm² or thicker wire. Do not connect the grounding terminal at the same point as a heavy electrical system (refer to the manual of the PLC main unit). • Perform class D grounding (grounding resistance: 100Ω or less) to the grounding terminal in the FX3UC Series main unit with a wire as thick as possible. Do not connect the grounding terminal at the same point as a heavy electrical system (refer to the manual of the PLC main unit). • When drilling screw holes or wiring, cutting chips or wire chips should not enter ventilation slits. Such an accident may cause fire, failures or malfunctions. • Use the product in such a status that excessive force is not applied on I/O connectors. Failure to do so may result in wire breakage or failure of the PLC. • Fit the I/O cables securely to the designated connectors. Contact failures may cause malfunctions. • Perform wiring properly to the FX3U Series main unit and FX0N/FX2N Series extension equipment of the terminal block type in accordance with the following precautions. Failure to do so may cause electric shock, short-circuit, wire breakage, or damages to the product. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The disposal size of the cable end should follow the dimensions described in this manual. - Tightening torque should be between 0.5 to 0.8 N•m. • Observe the following items to wire the lines to the European terminal board. Ignorance of the following items may cause electric shock, short circuit, disconnection, or damage of the product. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The disposal size of the cable end should follow the dimensions described in this manual. - Tightening torque should be between 0.22 to 0.25 N•m. - Twist the end of strand wire and make sure there is no loose wires. - Do not solder-plate the electric wire ends. - Do not connect electric wires of unspecified size or beyond the specified number of electric wires. - Fix the electric wires so that the terminal block and connected parts of electric wires are not directly stressed. • Properly perform wiring to the FX Series terminal blocks following the precautions below in order to prevent electrical shock, short-circuit, breakage of wire, or damage to the product: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The disposal size of the cable end should follow the dimensions described in this manual. - Tightening torque should be between 0.5 to 0.8 N•m. | B-4 B-22 B-67 |

Safety Precautions

(Read these precautions before using.)

3. STARTUP AND MAINTENANCE PRECAUTIONS

|  DANGER | Reference |
|--|-------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not touch any terminal while the PLC's power is on. Doing so may cause electrical shock or malfunctions. • Before cleaning or retightening terminals, externally cut off all phases of the power supply. Failure to do so may expose you to shock hazard. • Before modifying the program under operation or performing operation for forcible output, running or stopping, carefully read the manual, and sufficiently ensure the safety. An operation error may damage the machine or cause accidents. | B-5 B-68 |

|  CAUTION | Reference |
|--|-------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not disassemble or modify the PLC. Doing so may cause failures, malfunctions or fire. For repair, contact your local Mitsubishi Electric distributor. • Before connecting or disconnecting any extension cable, turn off power. Failure to do so may cause unit failure or malfunctions. • Before attaching or detaching the following devices, turn off power. Failure to do so may cause device failure or malfunctions. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Peripheral devices, expansion boards and special adapters - I/O extension blocks/units and terminal blocks | B-5 B-68 |

4. DISPOSAL PRECAUTIONS

|  CAUTION | Reference |
|--|-----------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Please contact a company certified in the disposal of electronic waste for environmentally safe recycling and disposal of your device. | B-14 |

5. TRANSPORTATION PRECAUTIONS

|  CAUTION | Reference |
|---|-----------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Before transporting the PLC, turn on the PLC to check that the BATT LED lamp is off and check the battery life. If the PLC is transported with the BATT LED lamp on or the battery becomes exhausted, the data held by the battery may become unstable during transportation. • The PLC is precision equipment. During transportation, avoid impacts larger than that specified in the manual of the PLC main unit. Failure to do so may cause failures in the PLC. After transportation, check the operations of the PLC. | B-14 |

FX3U/FX3UC Series Programmable Controllers

User's Manual [Positioning Control Edition]

| | |
|-----------------|-------------|
| Manual number | JY997D16801 |
| Manual revision | B |
| Date | 2/2006 |

Foreword

This manual describes "positioning" function of the MELSEC-F FX3U/FX3UC Series PLC and should be read and understood before attempting to install or use the unit.

Store this manual in a safe place so that you can take it out and read it whenever necessary. Always forward it to the end user.

This manual confers no industrial property rights or any rights of any other kind, nor does it confer any patent licenses. Mitsubishi Electric Corporation cannot be held responsible for any problems involving industrial property rights which may occur as a result of using the contents noted in this manual.

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Outline Precautions

- This manual provides information for the use of the FX3U Series Programmable Controllers. The manual has been written to be used by trained and competent personnel. The definition of such a person or persons is as follows;
 - 1) Any engineer who is responsible for the planning, design and construction of automatic equipment using the product associated with this manual should be of a competent nature, trained and qualified to the local and national standards required to fulfill that role. These engineers should be fully aware of all aspects of safety with regards to automated equipment.
 - 2) Any commissioning or service engineer must be of a competent nature, trained and qualified to the local and national standards required to fulfill that job. These engineers should also be trained in the use and maintenance of the completed product. This includes being completely familiar with all associated documentation for the said product. All maintenance should be carried out in accordance with established safety practices.
 - 3) All operators of the completed equipment should be trained to use that product in a safe and coordinated manner in compliance to established safety practices. The operators should also be familiar with documentation which is connected with the actual operation of the completed equipment.

Note: the term 'completed equipment' refers to a third party constructed device which contains or uses the product associated with this manual

- This product has been manufactured as a general-purpose part for general industries, and has not been designed or manufactured to be incorporated in a device or system used in purposes related to human life.
- Before using the product for special purposes such as nuclear power, electric power, aerospace, medicine or passenger movement vehicles, consult with Mitsubishi Electric.
- This product has been manufactured under strict quality control. However when installing the product where major accidents or losses could occur if the product fails, install appropriate backup or failsafe functions in the system.
- When combining this product with other products, please confirm the standard and the code, or regulations with which the user should follow. Moreover, please confirm the compatibility of this product to the system, machine, and apparatus with which a user is using.
- If in doubt at any stage during the installation of the product, always consult a professional electrical engineer who is qualified and trained to the local and national standards. If in doubt about the operation or use, please consult the nearest Mitsubishi Electric distributor.
- Since the examples indicated by this manual, technical bulletin, catalog, etc. are used as a reference, please use it after confirming the function and safety of the equipment and system. Mitsubishi Electric will accept no responsibility for actual use of the product based on these illustrative examples.
- This manual content, specification etc. may be changed without a notice for improvement.
- The information in this manual has been carefully checked and is believed to be accurate; however, if you have noticed a doubtful point, a doubtful error, etc., please contact the nearest Mitsubishi Electric distributor.

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- The company name and the product name to be described in this manual are the registered trademarks or trademarks of each company.

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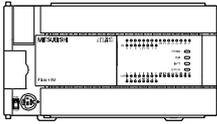
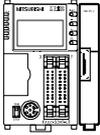
Warranty i

Revised History ii

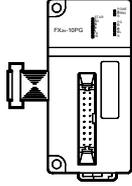
Functions and Use of This Manual

The FX3U/FX3UC PLC outputs transistor signals from the main unit and also outputs pulses from the high-speed output adapter and the positioning special function unit/block to the servo motor and stepping motor to properly control the positioning operation.

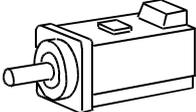
PLC

| | |
|--|---|
| <p>FX3U Series</p>  | <p><u>Regarding wiring and installation of PLC:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hardware manual (The hardware manual is enclosed with the product.) Enclosed with the product • User's Manual - Hardware Edition Separate document |
| <p>FX3UC Series</p>  | <p><u>Regarding sequence program:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Programming manual Separate document |
| <div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 5px;"> <p><u>Regarding positioning function:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FX3U/FX3UC Series PLC User's Manual- Positioning Control Edition Separate document </div> | |
| <div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 5px;"> <p>This document This document describes built-in positioning function setting method, examples of connection, examples of programs, details of troubleshooting, etc.</p> </div> | |

Products needed for positioning

| | |
|---|--|
| <p>FX3U-2HSY-ADP</p>  | <p>Either "INSTALLATION MANUAL" or "USER'S MANUAL" is enclosed with each product. For the details, refer to User's Manual [Positioning Control] (this document) or the product manual.</p> |
| <p>Special function unit/block</p>  | <p><u>Regarding installation and parts names:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • INSTALLATION MANUAL The separate document, however, is needed to know the details of programming. Enclosed with the product <p><u>Regarding installation, parts names, operation, and programs:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • USER'S MANUAL This manual provides the necessary information. Supplied with the product Separate document • HARDWARE/PROGRAMMING MANUAL This manual provides the necessary information. Separate document |

Servo motor (stepping motor)

| | |
|---|--|
|  | <p>Obtain the instruction manual of the servo motor to be connected to your system. This manual will be needed to set the parameters for the servo amplifier (drive unit) or wire the servo amplifier.</p> |
|---|--|

Related Manuals

Refer to this document to perform positioning operation using the FX3U/FX3UC Series.
For the hardware information on the PLC and for details on special function units/blocks, refer to the respective manuals.

⊙ Indispensable manual

✓ Manual that may be indispensable depending on the purpose of use

△ With separate document that describes the details

| | | Title of manual | Document number | Description | Model code |
|--|---------------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------|
| Manuals for PLC | | | | | |
| ■ FX3U Series PLC | | | | | |
| △ | Enclosed with the product | FX3U Series HARDWARE MANUAL | JY997D18601 | The input/output specifications and the wiring and installation methods for the FX3U PLC are excerpted from the FX3U Series User's Manual - Hardware Edition. For details, refer to the FX3U Series User's Manual - Hardware Edition. | - |
| ⊙ | Separate document | FX3U Series User's Manual - Hardware Edition | JY997D16501 | Provides detailed information on the hardware, such as the input/output specifications and the detailed wiring, installation, and maintenance methods for the FX3U PLC. | 09R516 |
| ■ FX3UC Series PLC | | | | | |
| △ | Enclosed with the product | FX3UC Series HARDWARE MANUAL | JY997D12701 | The input/output specifications and the wiring and installation methods for the FX3UC PLC are excerpted from the User's Manual for FX3UC Series (for Hardware). For details, refer to the User's Manual for FX3UC Series (for Hardware). | - |
| ⊙ | Separate document | FX3UC Series User's Manual - Hardware Edition | JY997D11601 | Provides detailed information on the hardware, such as the input/output specifications and the detailed wiring, installation, and maintenance methods for the FX3UC PLC. | 09R513 |
| ■ Programming | | | | | |
| ⊙ | Separate document | FX3U/FX3UC Series Programming Manual - Basic & Application Instruction Edition | JY997D16601 | Describes the basic instructions, applied instructions, and various devices of the FX3U/FX3UC PLC to provide the detailed information on sequence programming. | 09R517 |
| Note: | | | | | |
| FX3UC Series PLC Manuals are available only in Japanese. | | | | | |
| Manuals for positioning control | | | | | |
| ■ Common | | | | | |
| ✓ | Separate document | FX3U/FX3UC Series User's Manual - Positioning Control Edition (this document) | JY997D16801 | Provides the detailed information on the positioning functions incorporated in the FX3U/FX3UC Series. | 09R620 |

- ⊙ Indispensable manual
- ✓ Manual that may be indispensable depending on the purpose of use
- △ With separate document that describes the details

| | | Title of manual | Document number | Description | Model code |
|---|---------------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------|
| ■ Pulse output, positioning | | | | | |
| To use each product, also refer to the user's manual (for hardware) of the PLC to be connected to your system. | | | | | |
| △ | Enclosed with the product | FX3U-2HSY-ADP Installation Manual | JY997D16401 | Describes how to handle high-speed output special adapter. To use this adapter, also refer to the User's Manual for FX3U/FX3UC Series (for positioning Control). | - |
| ✓ | Enclosed with the product | FX2N/FX-1PG User's Manual | JY992D65301 | Describes how to handle the 1-axis pulse output special function block. | 09R610 |
| △ | Enclosed with the product | FX2N-10PG Installation Manual | JY992D91901 | Describes how to handle the 1-axis pulse output special function block. To use this block, also refer to FX2N-10PG USER'S MANUAL. | - |
| ✓ | Separate document | FX2N-10PG User's Manual | JY992D93401 | Provides the detailed information on the 1-axis pulse output special function block. | 09R611 |
| △ | Enclosed with the product | FX2N-10GM User's Guide | JY992D77701 | Describes how to handle the 1-axis positioning special function unit. To use this unit, also refer to FX2N-10GM/FX2N-20GM HARDWARE/ PROGRAMMING MANUAL. | - |
| △ | Enclosed with the product | FX2N-20GM User's Guide | JY992D77601 | Describes how to handle the 2-axis positioning special function unit. To use this unit, also refer to FX2N-10GM/FX2N-20GM HARDWARE/ PROGRAMMING MANUAL. | - |
| ✓ | Separate document | FX2N-10GM/FX2N-20GM HARDWARE/ PROGRAMMING MANUAL | JY992D77801 | Provides the detailed information on the 1-axis/2-axis positioning special function unit. | 09R612 |
| △ | Enclosed with the product | FX3U-20SSC-H Installation Manual | JY997D21101 | Describes FX3U-20SSC-H positioning block specification for I/O, power supply extracted from the FX3U-20SSC-H User's Manual. For details, refer to FX3U-20SSC-H User's Manual. | - |
| ✓ | Separate document | FX3U-20SSC-H User's Manual | JY997D21301 | Describes FX3U-20SSC-H Positioning block details. | 09R622 |
| ✓ | Separate document | FX Configurator-FP Operation Manual | JY997D21801 | Describes operation details of FX Configurator-FP Setting/Monitoring Tool. | 09R916 |

Generic Names and Abbreviations Used in Manuals

| Generic name or abbreviation | Description |
|---|--|
| PLC | |
| FX3U series | Generic name for FX3U Series PLC |
| FX3U PLC or main unit | Generic name for FX3U Series PLC main unit |
| FX3UC series | Generic name for FX3UC Series PLC |
| FX3UC PLC or main unit | Generic name for FX3UC Series PLC main unit This series of products comes with Japanese manuals only. |
| FX2N Series | Generic name for FX2N Series PLC |
| FX2NC Series | Generic name for FX2NC Series PLC |
| Expansion board | |
| Expansion board | Generic name for expansion board The number of connectable units, however, depends on the type of main unit. To check the number of connectable units, refer to the User's Manual - Hardware Edition of main unit to be used for your system. |
| Special adapter | |
| Special adapter | Generic name for high-speed input/output special adapter, communication special adapter, and analog special adapter The number of connectable units, however, depends on the type of main unit. To check the number of connectable units, refer to the User's Manual - Hardware Edition of main unit to be used for your system. |
| High-speed input/output special adapter | Generic name for high-speed input/output special adapter |
| High-speed output special adapter | Generic name for high-speed output special adapter |
| 2HSY-ADP | FX3U-2HSY-ADP |
| High-speed input special adapter | Generic name for high-speed input special adapter |
| Communication special adapter | Generic name for communication special adapter |
| Analog special adapter | Generic name for analog special adapter |
| Extension unit | |
| Extension unit | Generic name for input/output extension unit and special extension unit The number of connectable units, however, depends on the type of main unit. To check the number of connectable units, refer to the User's Manual - Hardware Edition of main unit to be used for your system. |
| Input/output extension unit | Generic name for input extension unit and output extension unit The number of connectable units, however, depends on the type of main unit. To check the number of connectable units, refer to the User's Manual - Hardware Edition of main unit to be used for your system. |
| Input extension unit | Generic name for FX2N Series input/output powered extension unit, input extension block, FX2NC Series input extension block, and FX0N Series input extension block The number of connectable units, however, depends on the type of main unit. To check the number of connectable units, refer to the User's Manual - Hardware Edition of main unit to be used for your system. |
| Output extension unit | Generic name for FX2N Series input/output powered extension unit, output extension block, FX2NC Series output extension block, and FX0N Series output extension block The number of connectable units, however, depends on the type of main unit. To check the number of connectable units, refer to the User's Manual - Hardware Edition of main unit to be used for your system. |

| Generic name or abbreviation | Description |
|---|--|
| Extension unit | |
| Special function unit/block or Special extension unit | Generic name for special function unit and special function block The number of connectable units, however, depends on the type of main unit. To check the number of connectable units, refer to the User's Manual - Hardware Edition of main unit to be used for your system. |
| Special function unit | Generic name for special function unit |
| Special function block | Generic name for special function block The number of connectable units, however, depends on the type of main unit. To check the number of connectable units, refer to the User's Manual - Hardware Edition of main unit to be used for your system. |
| Positioning special function unit | Generic name for the following models: FX2N-10GM, FX2N-20GM |
| Positioning special function block | Generic name for the following models: FX3U-20SSC-H |
| Pulse output special function block | Generic name for the following models: FX2N-1PG-E, FX2N-1PG, FX2N-10PG |
| FX2N-1PG(-E) | Generic name for the following models: FX2N-1PG-E, FX2N-1PG |
| Optional unit | |
| Extension power supply unit | FX3UC-1PS-5V |
| Memory cassette | FX3U-FLROM-16, FX3U-FLROM-64, FX3U-FLROM-64L |
| Battery | FX3U-32BL |
| FX Series terminal block | FX-16E-TB, FX-32E-TB, FX-16EX-A1-TB, FX16EYR-TB, FX-16EYS-TB, FX-16EYT-TB |
| Input/output cable | FX-16E-500CAB-S, FX-16E-□□□CAB, FX-16E-□□□CAB-R, FX-A32E-□□□CAB □□□ represents 150, 300, or 500. |
| Input/output connector | FX2C-I/O-CON, FX2C-I/O-CON-S, FX2C-I/O-CON-SA |
| Power cable | FX2NC-100MPCB, FX2NC-100BPCB, FX2NC-10BPCB1 |
| Peripheral unit | |
| Peripheral unit | Generic name for programming software, handy programming panel, and indicator |
| Programming tool | |
| Programming tool | Generic name for programming software and handy programming panel |
| Programming software | Generic name for programming software |
| GX Developer | Generic name for SW□D5C-GPPW-J/SW□D5C-GPPW-E programming software package |
| FX-PCS/WIN(-E) | Generic name for FX-PCS/WIN or FX-PCS/WIN-E programming software package |
| Handy programming panel (HPP) | Generic name for FX-20P(-E) and FX-10P(-E) |
| Setting/Monitoring Tool | |
| Setting/monitoring tool | Generic name for setting/monitoring tool |
| FX Configurator-FP | Generic name for SW□D5C-FXSSC-J/SW□D5C-FXSSC-E Setting/monitoring tool |
| FX-PCS-VPS/WIN(-E) | Generic name for FX-PCS-VPS/WIN or FX-PCS-VPS/WIN-E Positioning module software package for the FX2N-10GM and FX2N-20GM |
| Indicator | |
| GOT1000 series | Generic name for GT15 and GT11 |
| GOT-900 series | Generic name for GOT-A900 series and GOT-F900 series |
| GOT-A900 series | Generic name for GOT-A900 series |
| GOT-F900 series | Generic name for GOT-F900 series |
| ET-940 series | Generic name for ET-940 series Only manuals in Japanese are available for these products |

| Generic name or abbreviation | Description |
|--|--|
| Drive unit for servo motor and stepping motor | |
| Servo motor | Generic name for servo motor or stepping motor Including pulse input type servo amplifier and drive unit. |
| Servo amplifier (drive unit) | Generic name for pulse input type servo amplifier (drive unit) |
| MELSERVO series | Generic name for MELSERVO-J3, -J2-Super, -J2, -H, and -C series |
| Other unit | |
| Manual pulse generator | Generic name for manual pulse generator (prepared by user) |
| Manual | |
| FX3u Hardware Edition | FX3u Series User's Manual - Hardware Edition |
| FX3uc Hardware Edition | This manual is available only in Japanese. |
| Programming manual | FX3u/FX3uc Series Programming Manual - Basic and Applied Instructions Edition |
| Communication Control Edition | FX Series User's Manual - Data Communication Edition |
| Analog Control Edition | FX3u/FX3uc Series User's Manual - Analog Control Edition |
| Positioning Control Edition | FX3u/FX3uc Series User's Manual - Positioning Control Edition |

FX3U/FX3UC Series Programmable Controllers

User's Manual [Positioning Control Edition]

A. Common Items

Foreword

"Common Items" describes the outline of "positioning" function incorporated in the MELSEC-F FX3U/FX3UC Series PLC and should be read and understood before attempting to install or use the unit. Store this manual in a safe place so that you can take it out and read it whenever necessary. Always forward it to the end user.

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Description of Manual (Common Items)

In this manual, the following formats are used for the description of common items:

Shows the title of the manual and the title of the division.

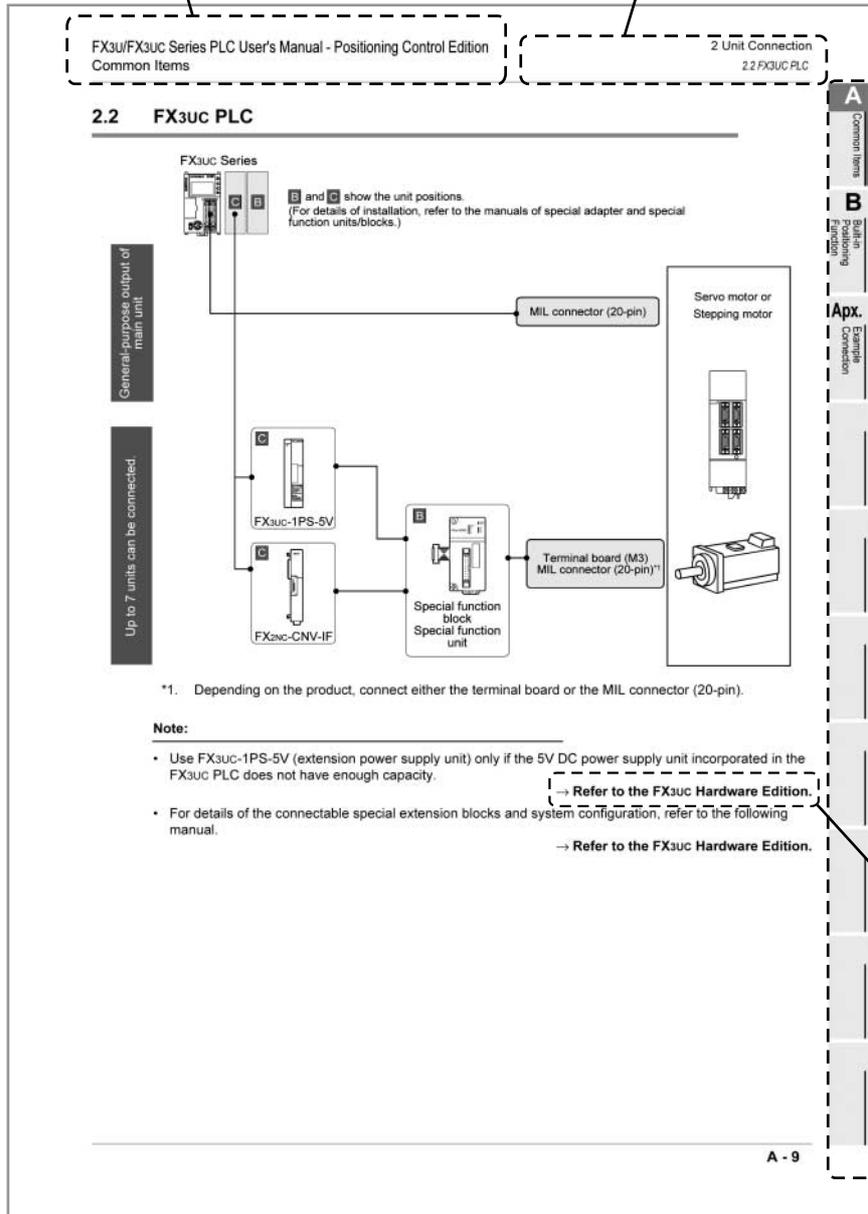
This area shows the title of the manual and the title of the division for the page currently opened.
1st line: Shows the title of the manual.
2nd line: Shows the title of the division.

Shows the title of the chapter and the title of the section.

This area shows the title of the chapter and the title of the section for the page currently opened.

Indexes the title of division.

The right side of each page indexes the title of the division for the page currently opened.



Shows the reference.

This area shows the reference document (the reference document is shown next to "→").

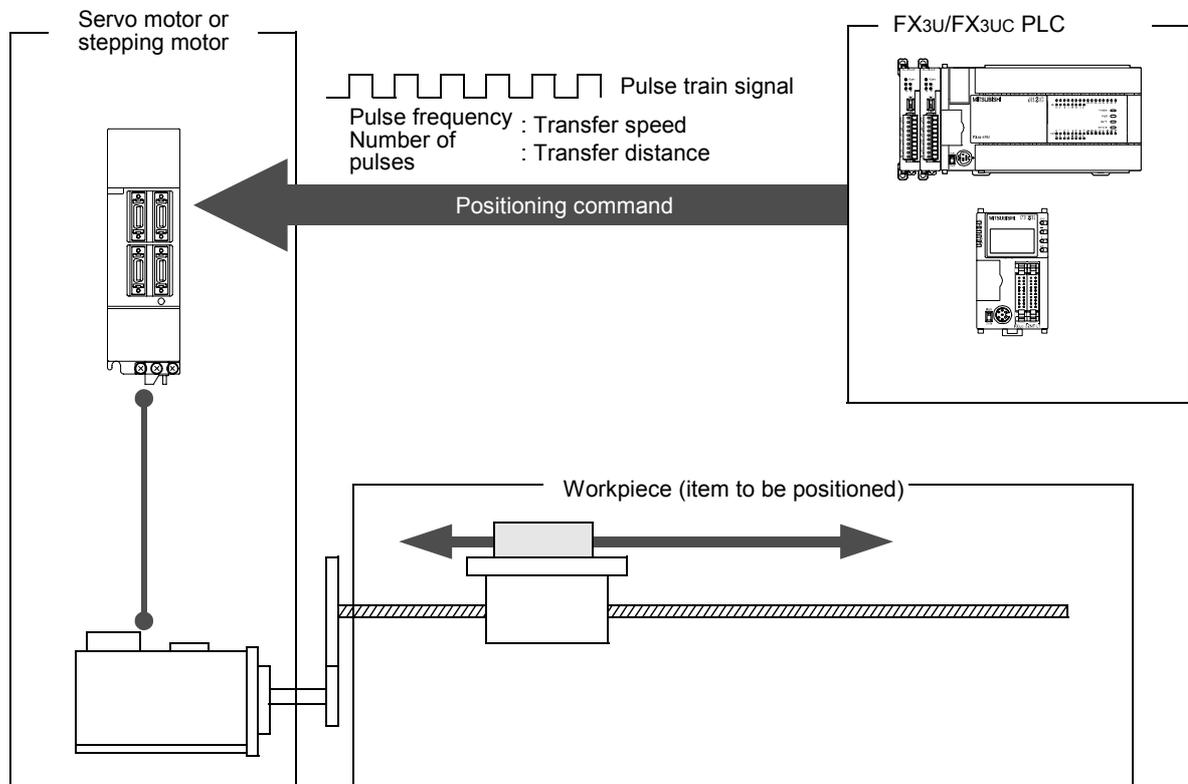
- If the reference is in "A. Common items" division, the chapter, section, or subsection number only will be shown next to "→".
- If the reference is in the other division, the chapter, section, or subsection number will be shown next to "→" together with the title of the division.

1. Introduction

This manual describes the positioning control for the FX3U/FX3UC PLC. In this chapter, various products needed for positioning are described.

1.1 Outline

The FX3U/FX3UC PLC outputs the pulse signal to the servo motor and the stepping motor to control the positioning operation. Increase the pulse frequency to increase the motor speed. Increase the number of pulses to increase the number of motor revolutions. In other words, set the pulse frequency to determine the workpiece transfer (positioning) speed. Set the number of pulses to determine the workpiece transfer distance.



1.2 Introduction of Products Needed for Positioning

To control the positioning operation, use the positioning function incorporated in main unit (including special adapters), and also the special function units/blocks. The function, however, depends on the unit. Select units optimum for the purpose of use.

1.2.1 List of Models

The products needed for positioning are shown in the following table:

1. Main unit (transistor output) and special adapter

| Model | Number of axes | Frequency (Hz) ^{*1} | Unit | Output system | Output method | Reference |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| Main unit (transistor output) | | | | | | |
| FX3U/FX3UC PLC | 3-axes (independent) | 10 ^{*4} to 100,000 | pulse | Open collector system | "Pulse train + direction" method | B. Built-in Positioning Function |
| Special adapter | | | | | | |
| FX3U-2HSY -ADP ^{*2} | 2-axes ^{*3} (independent) | 10 ^{*4} to 200,000 | pulse | Differential line driver system | "Pulse train + direction" method or "forward/reverse rotation pulse train" method | B. Built-in Positioning Function |

*1. Do not exceed the maximum rotation speed of the servo motor or the stepping motor.

*2. Can only be connected to the FX3U PLC.

*3. Connection of 1 adapter can control 2 axes. Connection of 2 adapters can control up to 4 axes.

*4. The minimum frequency set by PLSY instruction or PLSV instruction is "1 Hz".

→ For details on PLSY instruction, refer to the programming manual.

2. Special function unit/block

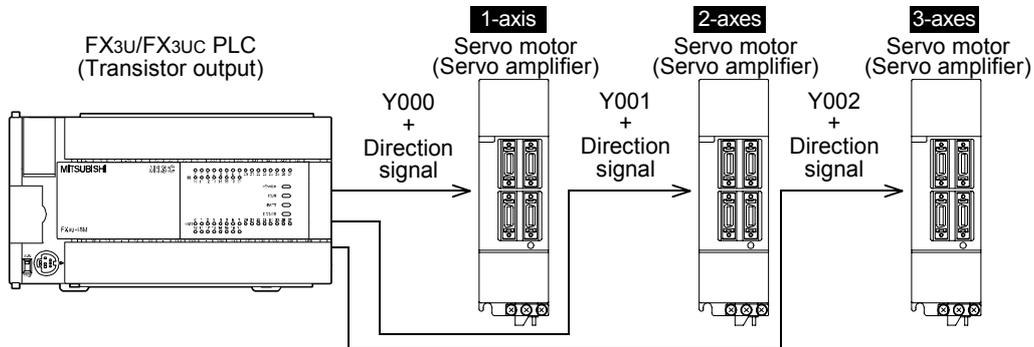
| Model | Number of axes | Frequency (Hz) ^{*1} | Unit | Output system | Output method | Reference |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---|-----------|
| Special function block | | | | | | |
| FX2N-1PG(-E) | 1-axis | 10 to 100,000 | pulse μm 10 ⁻⁴ inch mdeg | Open collector system | "Pulse train + direction" method or "forward/reverse rotation pulse train" method | *2 |
| FX2N-10PG | 1-axis | 1 to 1,000,000 | pulse μm 10 ⁻⁴ inch mdeg | Differential line driver system | "Pulse train + direction" method or "forward/reverse rotation pulse train" method | *2 |
| FX3U-20SSC-H | 2-axes (independent/interpolation) | 1 to 50,000,000 | pulse μm 10 ⁻⁴ inch mdeg | SSCNET III | | *2 |
| Special function unit | | | | | | |
| FX2N-10GM | 1-axis | 1 to 200,000 | pulse μm 10 ⁻⁴ inch mdeg | Open collector system | "Pulse train + direction" method or "forward/reverse rotation pulse train" method | *2 |
| FX2N-20GM | 2-axes (independent/interpolation) | 1 to 200,000 | pulse μm 10 ⁻⁴ inch mdeg | Open collector system | "Pulse train + direction" method or "forward/reverse rotation pulse train" method | *2 |

*1. Do not exceed the maximum rotation speed of the servo motor or the stepping motor.

*2. For details on each special function unit/block, refer to the manual of the unit/block.

1.2.2 Main Unit (Transistor Output)

The FX3U/FX3UC PLC incorporates the positioning function. This PLC can output the open collector type pulse train of up to 100 kHz from the general-purpose outputs (Y000 to Y002), and can simultaneously control 3 axes.

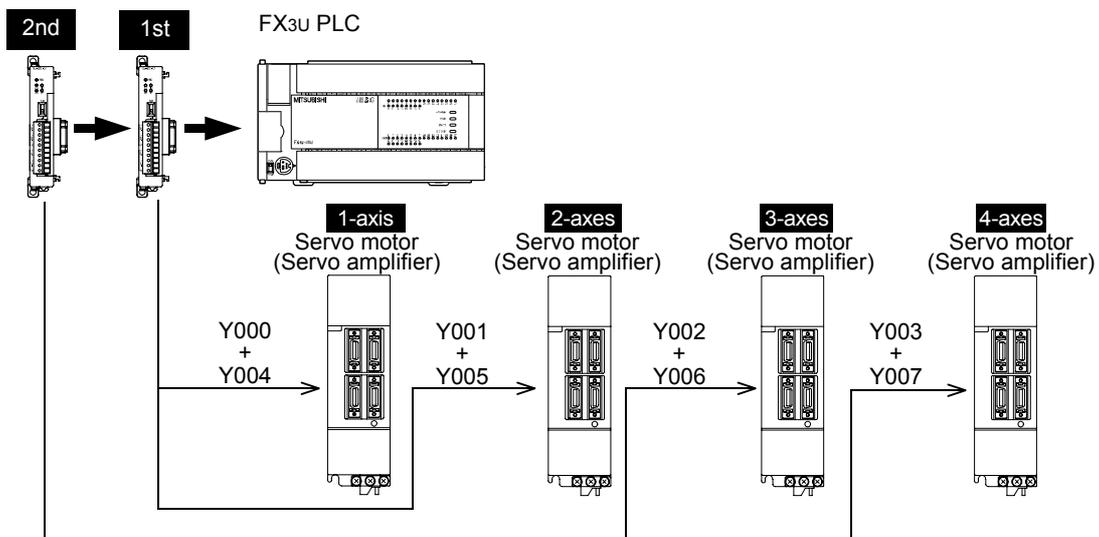


1.2.3 Special Adapter

Special adapter can output the differential line driver type pulse train of up to 200 kHz using the positioning function incorporated in the FX3U PLC, and can simultaneously control 4 axes. Up to 2 high-speed output special adapters (FX3U-2HSY-ADP) can be connected to the FX3U PLC.

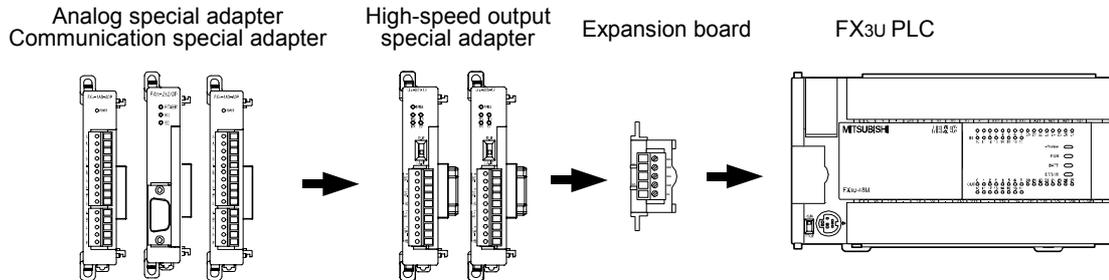
- The first FX3U-2HSY-ADP uses Y000 and Y004, and Y001 and Y005.
- The second FX3U-2HSY-ADP uses Y002 and Y006, and Y003 and Y007.

FX3U-2HSY-ADP



Cautions when connecting special adapters

- To use high-speed input/output special adapters only (not to use the other special adapters), it is not necessary to connect the expansion board.
- To use the analog communication special adapters, be sure to connect the expansion board.
- To use high-speed input/output special adapters together with the analog communication special adapters, connect high-speed output special adapters to the expansion board (already connected to the FX3U PLC) first, and then connect the analog special adapters and the communication special adapter.

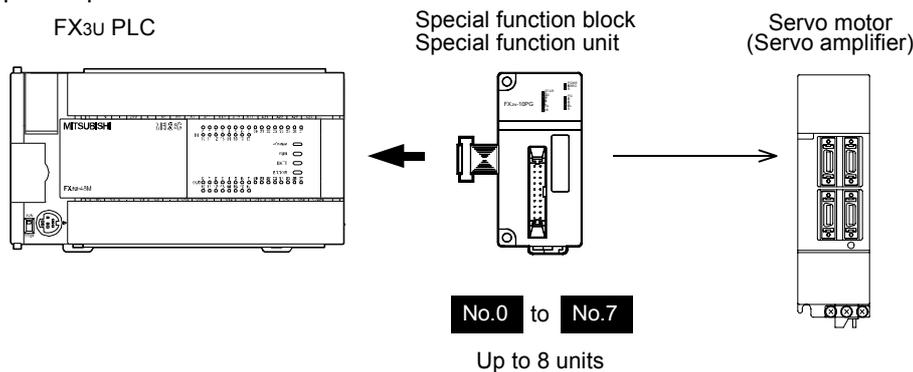


1.2.4 Special Function Unit/Block

Connect special function unit/block to the FX3U/FX3UC PLC to control the positioning operation. Note that special function unit can individually control the positioning operation.

1. System configuration for FX3U PLC

Up to 8 special function units/blocks can be connected to the FX3U PLC.

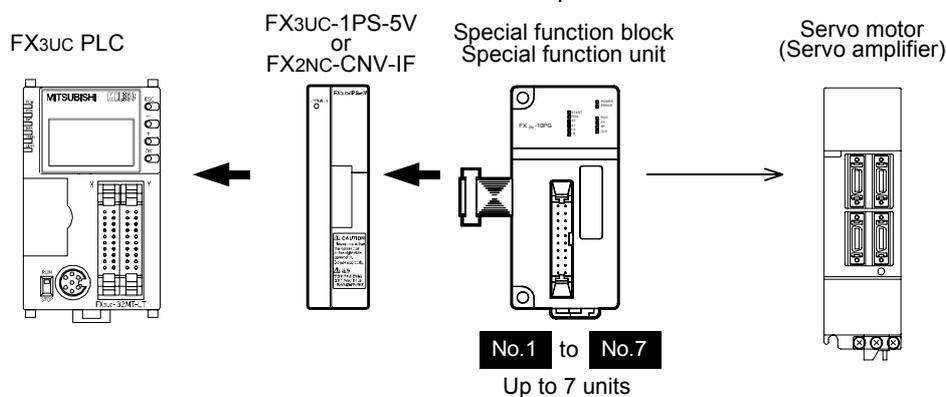


→ For details on system configuration, refer to the FX3U Hardware Edition.

2. System configuration for FX3UC PLC

Up to 7 special function units/blocks can be connected to the FX3UC PLC.

FX2NC-CNV-IF or FX3UC-1PS-5V is needed to connect special function units/blocks.

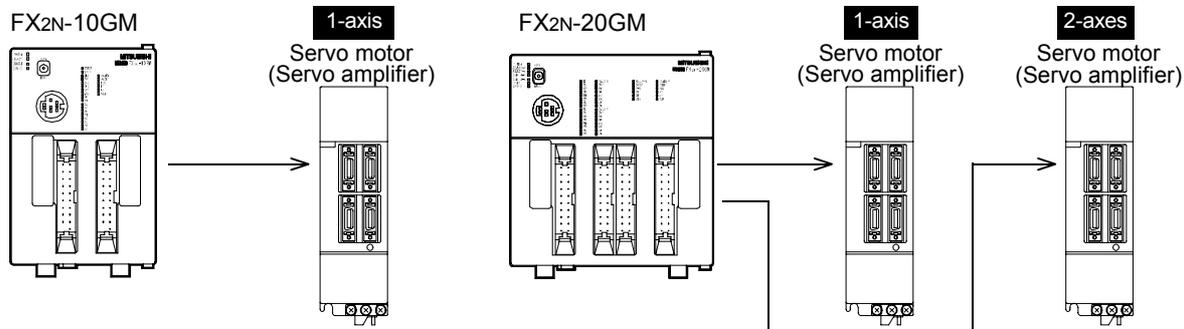


→ For details on system configuration, refer to the FX3UC Hardware Edition.

3. Individual operation (FX2N-10GM, FX2N-20GM)

Without connecting special function units (FX2N-10GM, FX2N-20GM) to the PLC, you can operate them individually.

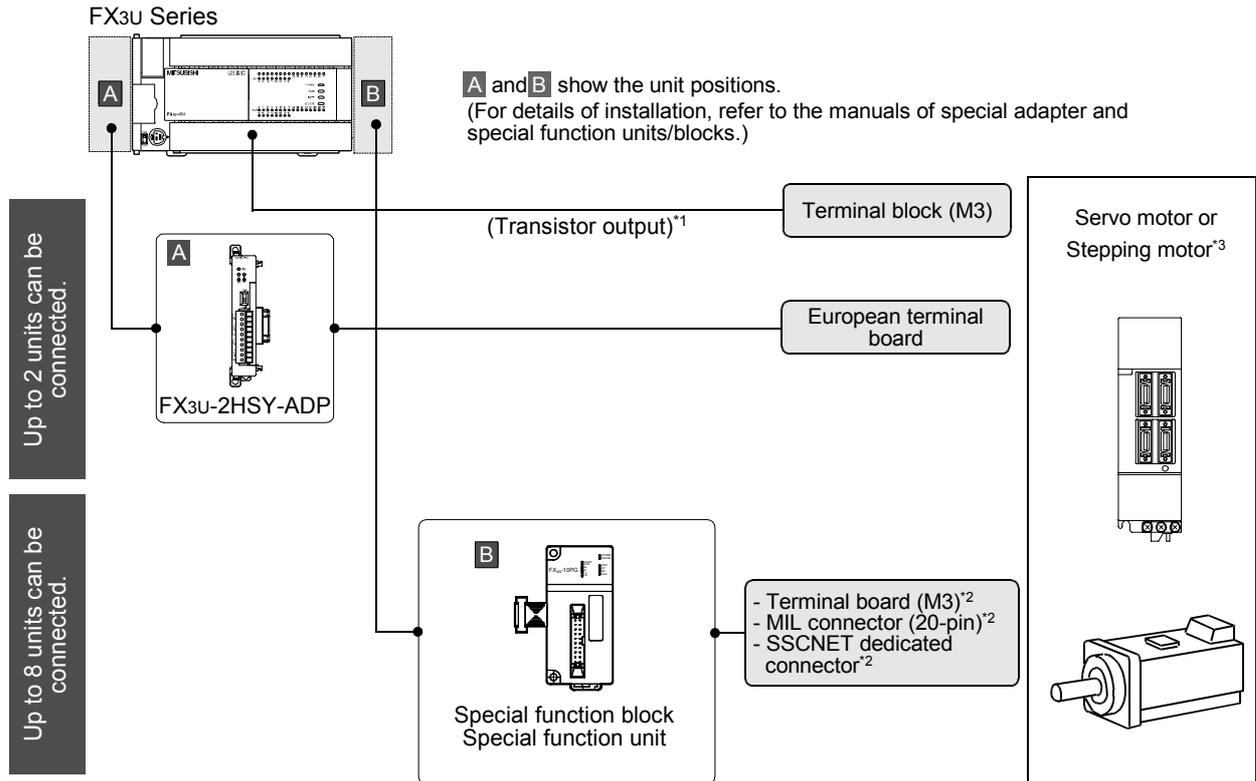
- FX2N-10GM can control one 1-axis servo motor or stepping motor.
- FX2N-20GM can control two 1-axis servo motors or stepping motors.
In addition, up to 48 I/O points can be added.



2. Unit Connection

This chapter shows various block diagrams to show various combinations of units needed for positioning control.

2.1 FX3U PLC



*1. The relay output type PLCs do not have pulse output.

*2. The product connects with the servo amplifier via the terminal block, MIL connector (20 pins), or the SSCNET dedicated connector.

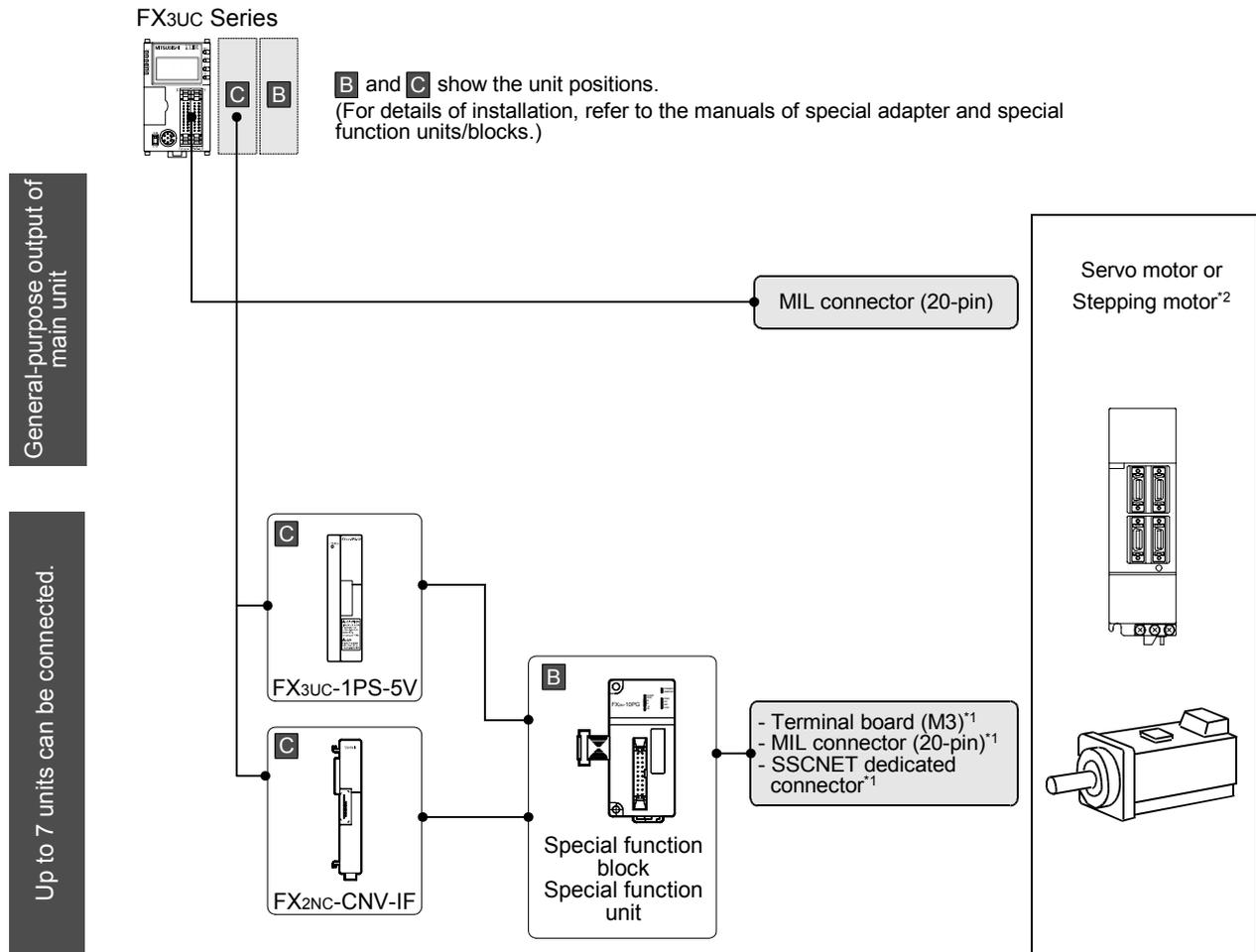
*3. FX3U-20SSC-H only connects with the servo amplifier (MR-J3B) applicable to SSCNET III.

Note:

- To connect high-speed output special adapter, select main unit with enough input points for high speed inputting operation.
- For details on the connectable special function units/blocks and system configuration, refer to the following manual.

→ Refer to the FX3U Hardware Edition.

2.2 FX3UC PLC

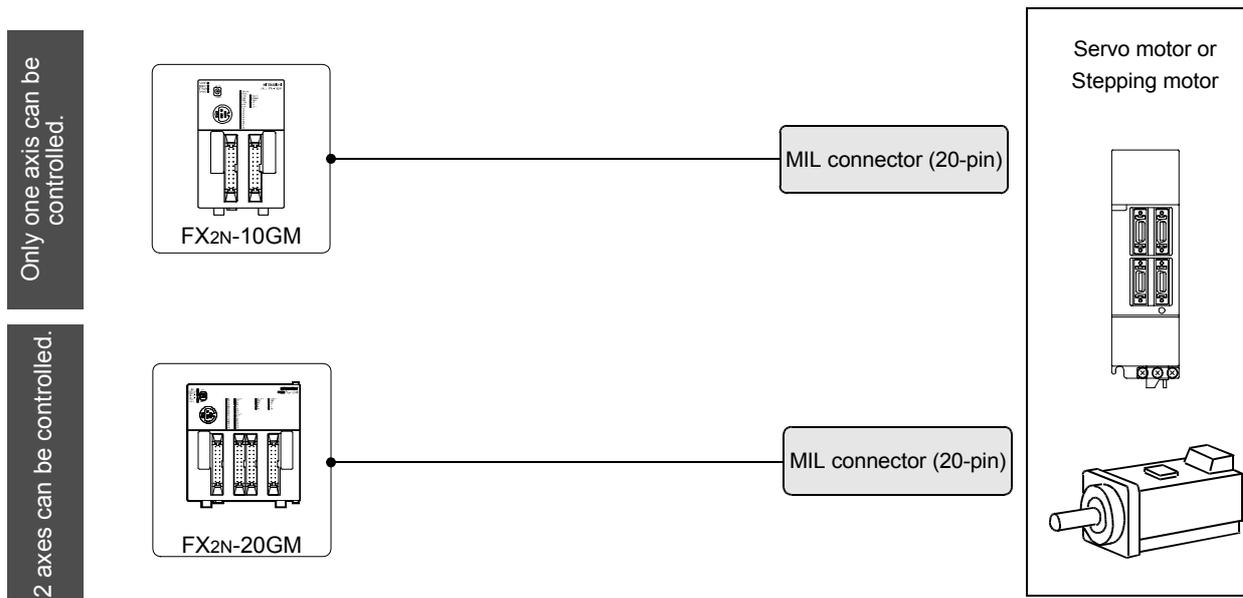


- *1. The product connects with the servo amplifier via the terminal block, MIL connector (20 pins), or the SSCNET dedicated connector.
- *2. FX3U-20SSC-H only connects with the servo amplifier (MR-J3B) applicable to SSCNET III.

Note:

- Use FX3UC-1PS-5V (extension power supply unit) only if the 5V DC power supply unit incorporated in the FX3UC PLC does not have enough capacity.
→ Refer to the FX3uc Hardware Edition.
- For details of the connectable special extension blocks and system configuration, refer to the following manual.
→ Refer to the FX3uc Hardware Edition.

2.3 Individual Operation of Special Function Unit (FX2N-10GM, FX2N-20GM)



Note:

- For details of connection of FX2N-10GM or FX2N-20GM and system configuration, refer to the following manual.
→ Refer to **FX2N-10GM, FX2N-20GM HARDWARE/PROGRAMMING MANUAL.**

3. Comparison of Specifications

The specifications of each product needed for positioning are shown below. Select products optimum for your system.

3.1 Comparison of Performance Specifications

3.1.1 Built-in Positioning Function [Main Unit (Transistor Output), High-Speed Output Special Adapter (FX3U-2HSY-ADP)]

| Model | FX3U/FX3UC PLC (Main unit, transistor output) | FX3U-2HSY-ADP*1 |
|---|--|---|
| Number of control axes | 3 independent axes | 2 independent axes |
| Interpolation | - | - |
| Pulse output system | Open collector system | Differential line driver system |
| Pulse output method | "Pulse train + direction" method | "Pulse train + direction" method "Forward/reverse rotation pulse train" method |
| Maximum frequency*2 | 100,000Hz | 200,000Hz |
| Acceleration /deceleration type | Automatic trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration | |
| Unit | pulse | |
| Positioning range | -999,999 to +999,999 (pulse) | |
| Program language | Sequence program | |
| Position data | 1 point (set in sequence program) | |
| Connection of manual pulse generator | - | - |
| Detection of absolute position (Reads out the current value of ABS.) | ABS instruction of the PLC | |
| Others | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pulses can be output from the general-purpose outputs (Y000, Y001, and Y002) of main unit. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connect 2 adapters to the main unit to control 4 axes independently. To be used when a servo amplifier with a differential line receiver method is connected. To be used when positioning control is performed with a FX3U Series relay output type main unit. Used in place of the general-purpose outputs (Y000 to Y007)*3 of the main unit. |

*1. Can only be connected to the FX3U PLC. Up to 2 adapters can be connected.

*2. Do not exceed the maximum rotation speed of the servo motor or the stepping motor.

*3. If 2 adapters are connected, Y000 to Y007 will be used. If only one adapter is connected, Y000, Y001, Y004, and Y005 will be used. The relation between the output of FX3U-2HSY-ADP and the output of main unit is described in the following sections.

→ For high-speed output special adapters, refer to Subsection 1.5.3 and Section 4.9 of "B. Built-in Positioning Function."

3.1.2 Pulse Output Special Function Block [FX2N-1PG(-E), FX2N-10PG]

| Model | FX2N-1PG(-E) | FX2N-10PG |
|--|--|--|
| Number of control axes | 1 independent axes | |
| Interpolation | - | - |
| Pulse output system | Open collector system | Differential line driver system |
| Pulse output method | "Pulse train + direction" method "Forward/reverse rotation pulse train" method | |
| Maximum frequency*1 | 100,000Hz | 1,000,000Hz |
| Acceleration/deceleration type | Automatic trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration | Automatic trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration, approximate S-pattern acceleration/deceleration |
| Unit | pulse, μm , 10^{-4}inch , mdeg | |
| Positioning range | -999,999 to +999,999 [\times (Position data magnification*2) pulse] -999,999 to +999,999 [\times (Position data magnification*2) μm] -999,999 to +999,999 [\times (Position data magnification*2) $\times 10^{-4}$ inch] -999,999 to +999,999 [\times (Position data magnification*2) mdeg] | -2,147,483,648 to +2,147,483,647 pulse -2,147,483,648 to +2,147,483,647 [\times (Position data magnification*2) μm] ^{*3} -2,147,483,648 to +2,147,483,647 [\times (Position data magnification*2) $\times 10^{-4}$ inch] ^{*3} -2,147,483,648 to +2,147,483,647 [\times (Position data magnification*2) mdeg] ^{*3} |
| Program language | Sequence program (FROM/TO instruction, BFM direct designation) | |
| Position data | 1 point (set in sequence program) | 1 point (set in sequence program) ^{*3} |
| Connection of manual pulse generator | - | Connectable (Differential line driver, open collector) |
| Detection of absolute position (Reads out the current value of ABS.) | Using the ABS instruction of the PLC | |
| Others | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PLC input/output: 8 points occupied (Points can be either input or output points.) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PLC input/output: 8 points occupied (Points can be either input or output points.) From the dedicated start, the high-speed start by 1 ms at shortest is enabled. During positioning operation, the operation speed can be changed. |

*1. Do not exceed the maximum rotation speed of the servo motor or the stepping motor.

*2. The position data magnification sets the 1, 10, 10^2 or 10^3 in parameters.

*3. The positioning range can be set in the range from -2,147,483,648 to +2,147,483,647 pulses.

*4. Up to 200 points (table) can be set for the table operation.

3.1.3 Positioning Special Function Block [FX3U-20SSC-H]

| Model | FX3U-20SSC-H |
|--|--|
| Number of control axes | 2 independent/simultaneous axes |
| Interpolation | 2-axes linear interpolation, 2-axes circular interpolation |
| Pulse output system | SSCNET III |
| Pulse output method | |
| Maximum frequency*1 | 50,000,000Hz |
| Acceleration/deceleration type | Automatic trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration, approximate S-pattern acceleration/deceleration |
| Unit | pulse, μm , 10^{-4}inch , mdeg |
| Positioning range | -2,147,483,648 to +2,147,483,647 pulse -2,147,483,648 to +2,147,483,647 [\times (Position data magnification*2) μm] ^{*3} -2,147,483,648 to +2,147,483,647 [\times (Position data magnification*2) $\times 10^{-4}$ inch] ^{*3} -2,147,483,648 to +2,147,483,647 [\times (Position data magnification*2) mdeg] ^{*3} |
| Program language | Sequence program (FROM/TO instruction, BFM direct designation) ^{*4} |
| Position data | 1 point (set in sequence program) ^{*5} |
| Connection of manual pulse generator | Connectable (Differential line driver) |
| Detection of absolute position (Reads out the current value of ABS.) | Set in parameters |
| Others | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PLC input/output: 8 points occupied (Points can be either input or output points.) During positioning operation, the operation speed and/or target address can be changed. |

*1. Do not exceed the maximum rotation speed of the servo motor.

*2. The position data magnification sets the 1, 10, 10^2 or 10^3 in parameters.

*3. The positioning range can be set in the range from -2,147,483,648 to +2,147,483,647 pulses.

*4. The set data (table information) of the table operation can be set up with FX Configurator-FP Setting/monitor tool.

*5. Up to 300 points (table) can be set for the table operation of the X-/Y-/XY-axis.

A

Common Items

B

Built-in Positioning Function

Apx.

Example Connection

3.1.4 Positioning Special Function Unit [FX2N-10GM, FX2N-20GM]

| Model | FX2N-10GM | FX2N-20GM |
|--|--|--|
| Number of control axes | 1 independent axis | 2 independent/simultaneous axes |
| Interpolation | - | 2-axes linear interpolation, 2-axes circular interpolation |
| Pulse output system | Open collector system | Open collector system |
| Pulse output method | "Pulse train + direction" method "Forward/reverse rotation pulse train" method | |
| Maximum frequency ^{*1} | 200,000Hz | 200,000Hz (100,000Hz during interpolation operation) |
| Acceleration /deceleration type | Automatic trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration | |
| Unit | pulse, mm, 10 ⁻¹ inch, deg | |
| Positioning range | -999,999 to +999,999 [× (minimum command unit ^{*2}) pulse] -999,999 to +999,999 [× (minimum command unit ^{*3}) mm] -999,999 to +999,999 [× (minimum command unit ^{*3}) ×10 ⁻¹ inch] -999,999 to +999,999 [× (minimum command unit ^{*3}) deg] | |
| Program language | Cod number system, table system | Cod number system |
| Position data | Block designation: 0 to 99 (100 blocks) ^{*2} | Block designation (X-axis, Y-axis, 2 axes simultaneously): 0 to 99 (100 blocks) |
| Connection of manual pulse generator | Connectable (Open collector system) | |
| Detection of absolute position (Reads out the current value of ABS.) | Set in parameters | |
| Others | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PLC input/output: 8 points occupied (Points can be either input or output points.) • Without main unit, this unit can perform individual operation. • This unit can perform teaching operation. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PLC input/output: 8 points occupied (Points can be either input or output points.) • Without main unit, this unit can perform individual operation. • This unit can perform teaching operation. • I/O points can be added (48 points, maximum). |

*1. Do not exceed the maximum rotation speed of the servo motor or the stepping motor.

*2. The minimum command unit sets the 1, 10,10² or 10³ in parameters.

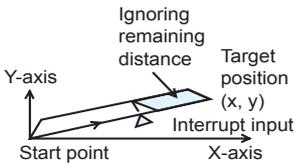
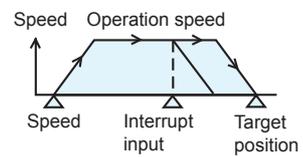
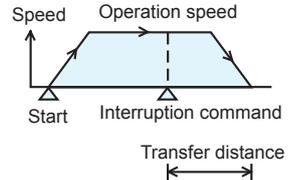
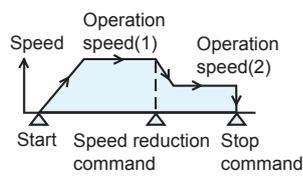
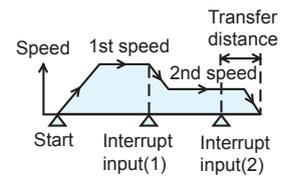
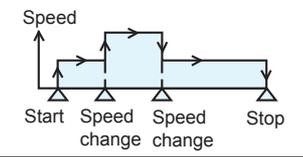
*3. The minimum command unit sets the 1, 10⁻¹,10⁻² or 10⁻³ in parameters.

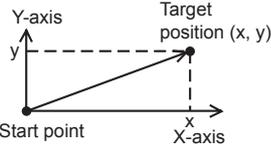
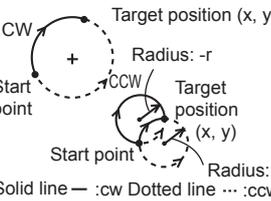
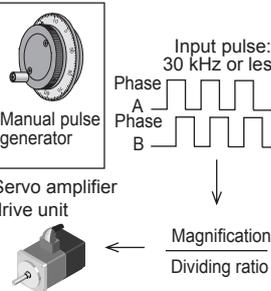
*4. Up to 100 points (table) can be set for the table operation.

3.2 Comparison of Operation Modes

| Positioning operation pattern | Description | Built-in positioning function FX3U/FX3UC PLC (main unit) (Transistor output) FX3U-2HSY-ADP (FX3U) | FX2N-1PG(-E) | FX2N-10PG | FX2N-10GM | FX2N-20GM | FX3U-20SSC-H |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| <p>Jogging operation</p> | If forward/reverse rotation command is input, the motor will rotate in the forward/reverse direction. | ✓*1 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| <p>Mechanical zero return</p> | Mechanical zero return start command will start the zero return operation at the specified speed. At the completion of mechanical zero return, CLEAR signal will be output. DOG search function is adopted for each unit. | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| <p>Electric zero return</p> | SETR instruction will return the work piece to the set electric origin at the maximum speed set by parameters. | — | — | — | ✓ | ✓ | — |
| <p>1-speed positioning</p> | Start command will start operation at the specified operation speed, and the operation will be stopped at the target position. | ✓*2 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| <p>2-speed positioning</p> | Start command will transfer the work piece to the distance (1) at operation speed (1), and then to the distance (2) at operation speed (2). | — | ✓ | ✓ | ✓*3 | ✓*4 | ✓ |
| <p>Multi-speed operation</p> | The work piece will change the speed by the specified transfer distance. The left figure shows an example of 3-speed operation. | — | — | ✓*5 | — | — | ✓ |

A Common Items
B Built-in Positioning Function
Apx. Example Connection

| Positioning operation pattern | Description | Built-in positioning function FX3U/FX3UC PLC (main unit) (Transistor output) FX3U-2HSY-ADP(FX3U) | FX2N-1PG(-E) | FX2N-10PG | FX2N-10GM | FX2N-20GM | FX3U-20SSC-H |
|---|---|---|--------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| <p>Interrupt stop (linear interpolation [Interrupt stop])</p>  | <p>During direct connection operation to the target position (x, y) at a vector speed, if interrupt input turns ON, the speed will be reduced, and then the positioning operation will be stopped.</p> | — | — | — | — | ✓ | ✓ |
| <p>Interrupt stop</p>  | <p>Start command will start operation, and the operation will be stopped at the target position. During operation, if interrupt input turns ON, the speed will be reduced, and then the operation will be stopped.</p> | — | — | ✓ | ✓ | — | ✓ |
| <p>Interrupt 1-speed positioning (Interrupt 1-speed constant quantity feed)</p>  | <p>If interrupt input turns ON, the work piece will go the specified transfer distance at the same speed, the speed will be reduced, and then the operation will be stopped.</p> | ✓*6 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| <p>2-speed positioning with speed reduction</p>  | <p>The operation starts at operation speed (1) by start command. During operation, if the speed reduction command is input, the speed will be reduced to operation speed (2). After that, the operation will be continued at operation speed (2) until the stop command is input.</p> | — | ✓ | — | — | — | — |
| <p>Interrupt 2-speed positioning (Interrupt 2-speed constant quantity feed)</p>  | <p>If interrupt input(1) turns ON, the speed will be reduced to the 2nd speed. After that, if interrupt input(2) turns ON, the operation will be stopped after moving the specified transfer distance at the 2nd speed, but the speed will be reduced just before stop.</p> | — | — | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| <p>Variable-speed operation</p>  | <p>Operation will be performed at the operation speed specified by PLC.</p> | ✓*7 | ✓ | ✓*8 | — | — | ✓ |

| Positioning operation pattern | Description | Built-in positioning function FX3U/FX3UC PLC (main unit) (Transistor output) FX3U-2HSY-ADP(FX3U) | FX2N-1PG(-E) | FX2N-10PG | FX2N-10GM | FX2N-20GM | FX3U-20SSC-H | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--|---|-----|------|--|---|------|------|--|--|---|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|
| Linear interpolation  | The work piece will go to the target position at the specified vector speed (interpolation operation). | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Circular interpolation  | The work piece will go to the specified target position (x, y) along the arc at the specified circumferential speed. This operation performs by specifying center coordinate or radius. | - | - | - | - | ✓*9 | ✓*10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Table operation <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>No.</th> <th>Position</th> <th>Speed</th> <th>...</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>200</td> <td>500</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>500</td> <td>1000</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>1000</td> <td>2000</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | No. | Position | Speed | ... | 0 | 200 | 500 | | 1 | 500 | 1000 | | 2 | 1000 | 2000 | | The positioning control program can be set in the table. | - | - | ✓ 200 points, maximum | ✓ 100 points, maximum | - | ✓ X-/Y-/XY- axis: 300 points, maximum |
| No. | Position | Speed | ... | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 200 | 500 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 500 | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 1000 | 2000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Manual pulse generator operation  | Manual operation can be performed by manual pulse generator. | - | - | ✓ 30 kHz, maximum | ✓ 2 kHz, maximum | ✓ 2 kHz, maximum | ✓ 100 kHz, maximum | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

- *1. Drive to Increment instruction is in substitution.
- *2. Drive to Increment/Absolute instructions are in use.
- *3. Pulse train function of linear interpolation instruction will perform this operation.
- *4. Pulse train function of direct connection instruction will perform this operation. Operation of only one axis is possible.
- *5. The table operation (continuous operation) function will perform this operation.
- *6. Interrupt positioning instruction performs this operation.
- *7. Variable speed pulse output instruction will be input to perform this operation. Available at Ver.2.20 or later.
- *8. Operations with acceleration/deceleration performs.
- *9. When interpolation instructions are consecutively set in the program, it will immediately shift to the next operation. (continuous pass operation).
- *10. When the interpolation operation is continuously set in the table operation, it will immediately shift to the next operation. (Continuation pass function)

MEMO

FX3U/FX3UC Series Programmable Controllers

User's Manual [Positioning Control Edition]

B. Built-in Positioning Function

Foreword

"B. Built-in Positioning Function" describes "positioning" function incorporated in the MELSEC-F FX3U/FX3UC Series PLC and should be read and understood before attempting to install or use the unit. Also, store this manual in a safe place so that you can take it out and read it whenever necessary. Always forward it to the end user.

This manual confers no industrial property rights or any rights of any other kind, nor does it confer any patent licenses. Mitsubishi Electric Corporation cannot be held responsible for any problems involving industrial property rights which may occur as a result of using the contents noted in this manual.

Description of Manual (Built-in Positioning Function)

In this manual, the following formats are used for description of the examples of connection:

Shows the title of the manual and the title of the division.

This area shows the title of the manual and the title of the division for the page currently opened.
 1st line: Shows the title of the manual.
 2nd line: Shows the title of the division.

Shows the title of the chapter and the title of the section.

This area shows the title of the chapter and the title of the section for the page currently opened.

Indexes the title of division.

The right side of each page indexes the title of the division for the page currently opened.

FX3U/FX3UC Series PLC User's Manual - Positioning Control Edition
Built-in Positioning Function

4 Before Programming
4.3 Various Flags for Operation Commands

*1. The device can be specified if the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver. 2.20 or later is used. Using the FX3UC PLC of below Ver. 2.20, if "8" is set and then the specified interrupt positioning (DVIT) instruction turns ON, an operation error (error code: K6763) will occur, and the instruction will not cause any operation.

*2. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

*3. After setting a number in the range of 9 to F for the interrupt input signal, if the corresponding interrupt positioning (DVIT) instruction turns ON, an operation error (error code: K6763) will occur, and the instruction will not cause any operation.

Example of program:
 The following program Specification of interrupt input signal for each pulse output destination device as shown in the following table.

| Pulse output destination device | Interrupt input signal | Setting value |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|
| Y000 | X003 | 3 |
| Y001 | M8461 | 8 |
| Y002 | Unused | F |
| Y003*1 | Unused | F |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

4.3.8 Change in Logic of interrupt input Signal (DVIT Instruction)

Turn "Interrupt signal logic reverse" flag ON or OFF to specify the logic of the interrupt input signal of each interrupt positioning (DVIT) instruction.

→ For operation of DVIT instruction, refer to Chapter 9.
 → For details on the interrupt input signal designation method, refer to Subsection 4.3.7.

| Pulse output destination device | "Interrupt signal logic reverse" flag | Description |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Y000 | M8347 | OFF: Positive logic (Turning on the input will turn on the interrupt input signal.) |
| Y001 | M8357 | |
| Y002 | M8367 | ON: Negative logic (Turning off the input will turn on the interrupt input signal.) |
| Y003*1 | M8377 | |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

Caution:

If a user interruption command device (M8360 to M8463) is specified in the interrupt input signal, the logic of the user interruption command device cannot be specified. This is because turning on the user interruption command device will turn on the interrupt input signal.

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A Common Items
B Built-in Positioning Function
Apx. Example Connection

Shows the reference.

This area shows the reference document (the reference document is shown next to "→").

- If the reference is in "A. Common items" division, the chapter, section, or subsection number will only be shown next to "→".
- If the reference is in another division, the chapter, section, or subsection number will be shown next to "→" together with the title of the division.

Shows the version number of the compatible PLC.

Compatible series

Shows the compatible version numbers.

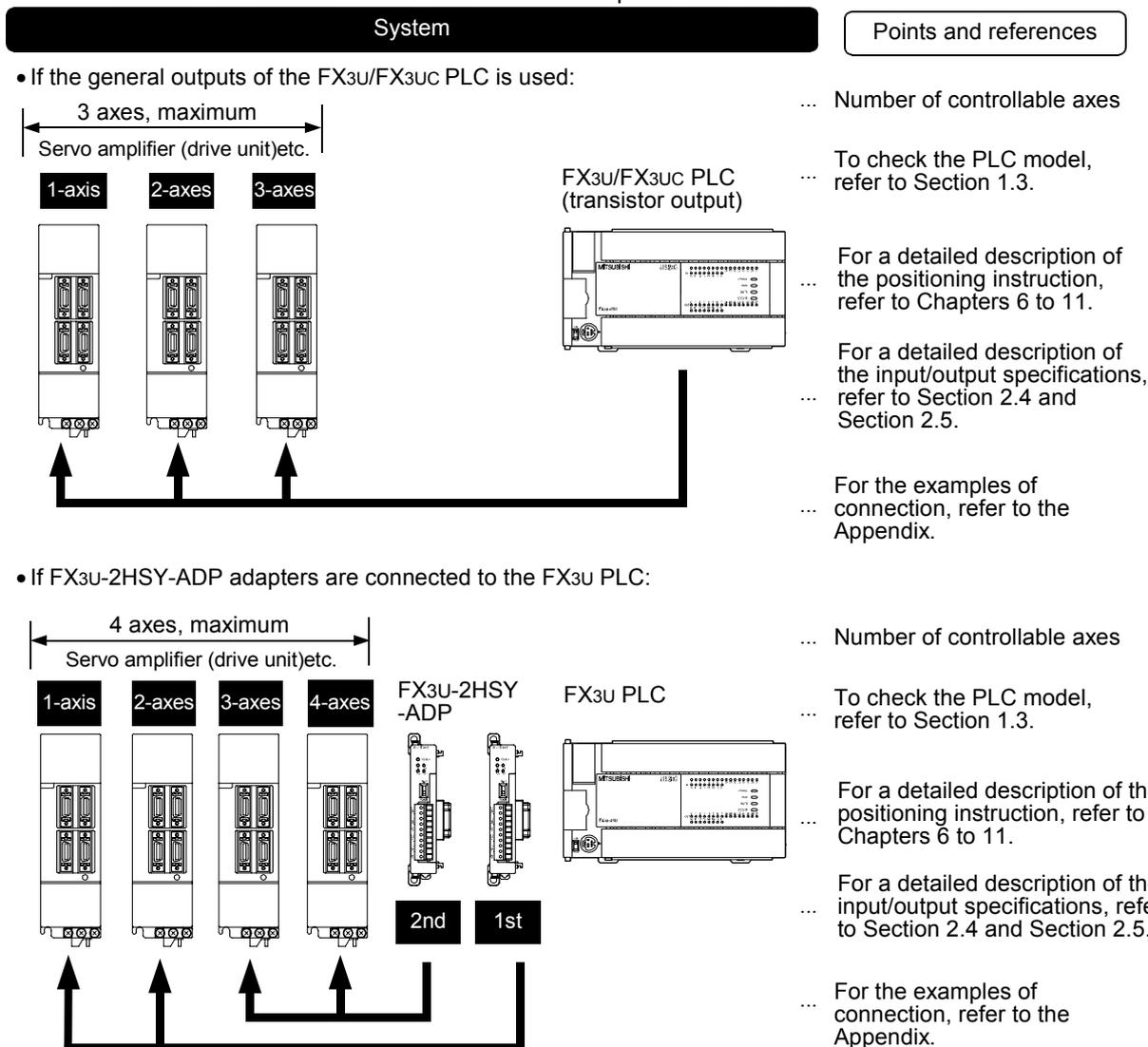
- → Ver. 2.20: Version below 2.20
- Ver.2.20 →: Version 2.20 or later

1. Outline

This chapter describes the outline of positioning control. Note that the general outputs of the FX3U/FX3UC PLC (transistor output) and FX3U-2HSY-ADP high-speed output special adapter are needed for positioning control.

1.1 Features

- 1) The general outputs of the FX3U/FX3UC PLC (transistor output) can control up to 3 axes for the positioning operation.
- 2) If one high-speed output special adapter (FX3U-2HSY-ADP) is connected, the adapter can control up to 2 axes for the positioning operation. If two high-speed output special adapters are connected, the adapters can control up to 4 axes for the positioning operation.
- 3) The positioning instruction (applied instruction) of the FX3U/FX3UC PLC is used for positioning control.
- 4) The general outputs of the FX3U/FX3UC PLC (transistor output) can output a pulse train of 100 kHz (open collector system).
- 5) FX3U-2HSY-ADP high-speed output special adapter can output a pulse train of 200 kHz (differential line driver system).
- 6) FX3U-2HSY-ADP high-speed output special adapter can switch the output method between "pulse train + direction" method and "forward/reverse rotation pulse train" method.



1.2 Setup Procedure for Positioning Control

DESIGN PRECAUTIONS



DANGER

- Provide a safety circuit on the outside of the PLC so that the whole system operates to ensure the safety even when external power supply trouble or PLC failure occurs.
Otherwise, malfunctions or output failures may result in an accident.
 - 1) An emergency stop circuit, a protection circuit, an interlock circuit for opposite movements, such as normal and reverse rotations, and an interlock circuit for preventing damage to the machine at the upper and lower positioning limits should be configured on the outside of the PLC.
 - 2) When the PLC CPU detects an error, such as a watch dog timer error, during self-diagnosis, all outputs are turned off. When an error that cannot be detected by the PLC CPU occurs in an input/output control block, output control may be disabled.
Design external circuits and mechanisms to ensure safe operations of the machine in such a case.
 - 3) When some sort of error occurs in a relay, triac or transistor of the output unit, output may be kept on or off.
For output signals that may lead to serious accidents, design external circuits and mechanisms to ensure safe operations of the machine in such cases.

DESIGN PRECAUTIONS



CAUTION

- Do not bundle the control line together with the main circuit or power line. Do not lay the control line near them. As a rule, lay the control line at least 100mm(3.94") or more away from the main circuit or power line.
Noise may cause malfunctions.
- Install in a manner which prevents excessive force from being applied to the built-in connectors dedicated to programming, power connectors and I/O connectors.
Failure to do so may result in wire breakage or failure of the PLC.

WIRING PRECAUTIONS



DANGER

- Cut off all phases of the power source externally before installation or wiring work in order to avoid electric shock or damage of product.
- Make sure to attach the terminal cover offered as an accessory to the product before turning on the power or starting the operation after installation or wiring work.
Failure to do so may cause electric shock.

WIRING PRECAUTIONS



CAUTION

- Connect the AC power supply wiring to the dedicated terminals described in this manual.
If an AC power supply is connected to a DC input/output terminal or DC power supply terminal, the PLC will be burnt out.
- Connect the DC power supply wiring to the dedicated terminals described in this manual.
If an AC power supply is connected to a DC input/output terminal or DC power supply terminal, the PLC will be burnt out.
- Do not wire vacant terminals externally.
Doing so may damage the product.
- Perform class D grounding (grounding resistance: 100Ω or less) to the grounding terminal in the FX3U Series main unit with a 2mm² or thicker wire.
Do not connect the grounding terminal at the same point as a heavy electrical system (refer to the manual of the PLC main unit).
- Perform class D grounding (grounding resistance: 100Ω or less) to the grounding terminal in the FX3UC Series main unit with a wire as thick as possible.
Do not connect the grounding terminal at the same point as a heavy electrical system (refer to the manual of the PLC main unit).
- When drilling screw holes or wiring, cutting chips or wire chips should not enter ventilation slits. such an accident may cause fire, failures or malfunctions.
- Use the product in such a status that excessive force is not applied on I/O connectors.
Failure to do so may result in wire breakage or failure of the PLC.

WIRING PRECAUTIONS



- Fit the I/O cables securely to the designated connectors.
Contact failures may cause malfunctions.
- Perform wiring properly to the FX3U Series main unit and FX0N/FX2N Series extension equipment of the terminal block type in accordance with the following precautions.
Failure to do so may cause electric shock, short-circuit, wire breakage, or damages to the product.
 - The disposal size of the cable end should follow the dimensions described in this manual.
 - Tightening torque should be between 0.5 to 0.8 N•m.
- Observe the following items to wire the lines to the European terminal board. Ignorance of the following items may cause electric shock, short circuit, disconnection, or damage of the product.
 - The disposal size of the cable end should follow the dimensions described in this manual.
 - Tightening torque should be between 0.22 to 0.25 N•m.
 - Twist the end of strand wire and make sure there is no loose wires.
 - Do not solder-plate the electric wire ends.
 - Do not connect electric wires of unspecified size or beyond the specified number of electric wires.
 - Fix the electric wires so that the terminal block and connected parts of electric wires are not directly stressed.
- Properly perform wiring to the FX Series terminal blocks following the precautions below in order to prevent electrical shock, short-circuit, breakage of wire, or damage to the product:
 - The disposal size of the cable end should follow the dimensions described in this manual.
 - Tightening torque should be between 0.5 to 0.8 N•m.

STARTUP AND MAINTENANCE PRECAUTIONS

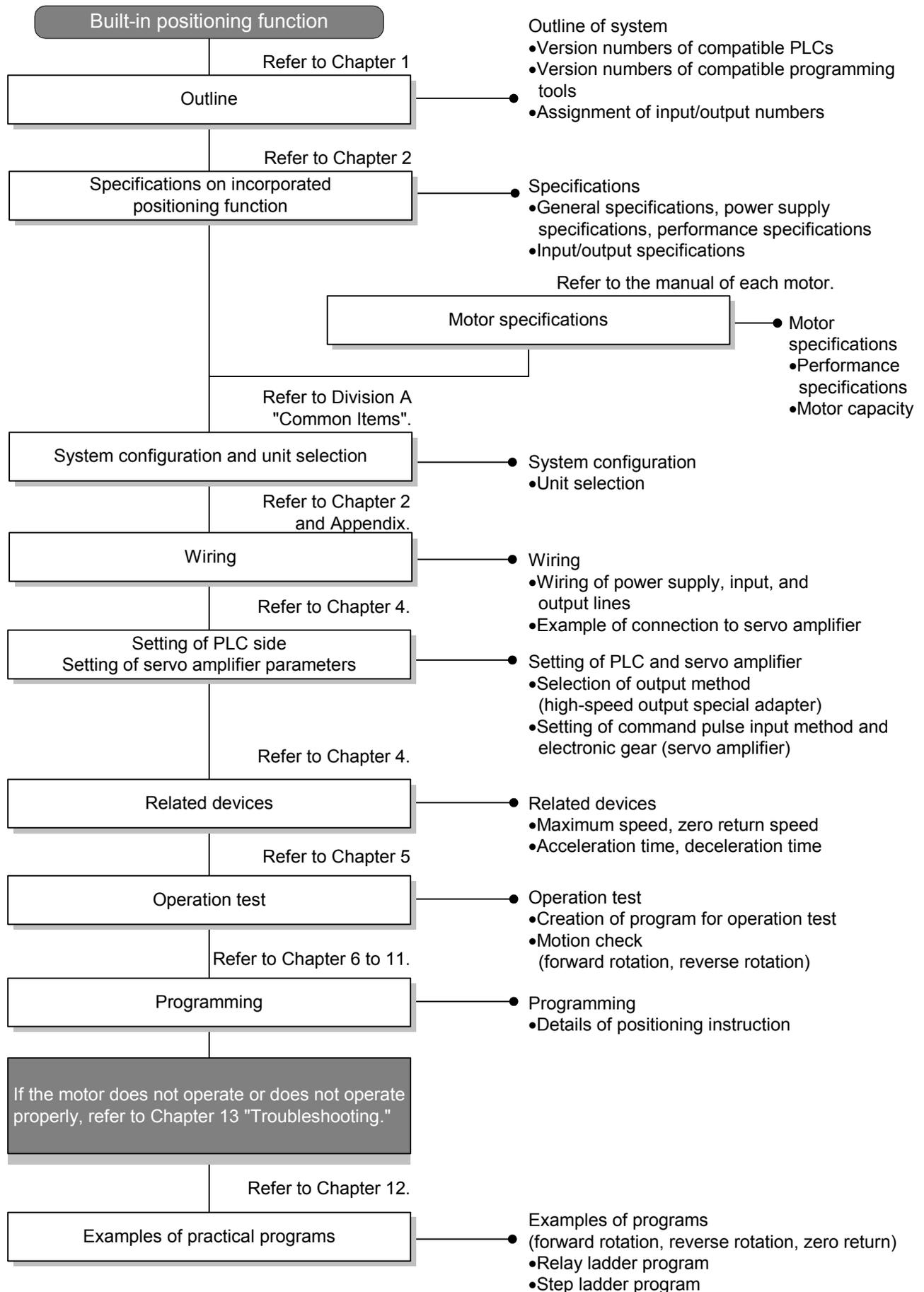


- Do not touch any terminal while the PLC's power is on.
Doing so may cause electrical shock or malfunctions.
- Before cleaning or retightening terminals, externally cut off all phases of the power supply.
Failure to do so may expose you to shock hazard.
- Before modifying the program under operation or performing operation for forcible output, running or stopping, carefully read the manual, and sufficiently ensure the safety.
An operation error may damage the machine or cause accidents.

STARTUP AND MAINTENANCE PRECAUTIONS



- Do not disassemble or modify the PLC.
Doing so may cause failures, malfunctions or fire.
For repair, contact your local Mitsubishi Electric distributor.
- Before connecting or disconnecting any extension cable, turn off power.
Failure to do so may cause unit failure or malfunctions.
- Before attaching or detaching the following devices, turn off power.
Failure to do so may cause device failure or malfunctions.
 - Peripheral devices, expansion boards and special adapters
 - I/O extension units/blocks and terminal blocks



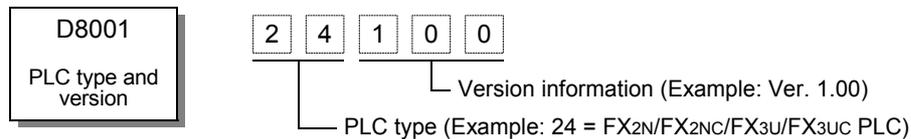
1.3 Version Numbers of Compatible PLCs

The built-in positioning function is available in all products from the first version release.

| Compatible PLC | Compatible version number | Date (month and year) of production | Remarks |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| FX3U PLC | Ver. 2.20 (initial product) or later | After May 2005 | Equivalent to FX3UC PLC Ver. 2.20 Functions specified as "Ver.2.20 or later" in this manual are applicable. |
| | Ver. 2.30 or later | After November 2005 | |
| FX3UC PLC | Ver. 1.00 (initial product) or later | After January 2004 | |
| | Ver. 1.30 or later | After August 2004 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DVIT instruction function is added. - Designation of interrupt input signal |
| | Ver. 2.20 or later | After May 2005 | Functions specified as "Ver.2.20 or later" in this manual are applicable. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> TBL instruction is added. - GX Developer can set the positions using parameters. PLSV instruction function is added. - Acceleration/deceleration function DVIT instruction function is added. - User interruption mode DSZR, ZRN instruction function is added. - Designation of destination for CLEAR signal to be output |
| | Ver. 2.30 or later | After November 2005 | |

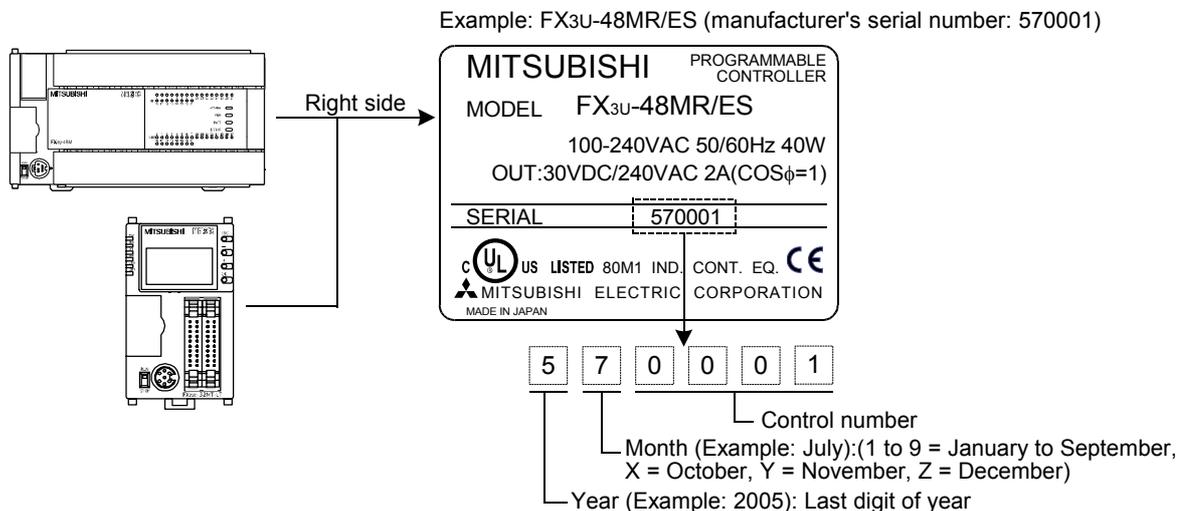
1. Version check

The D8001 special data register contains information for determining the PLC version.



2. How to look at the manufacturer's serial number

The year and month of production of the product can be seen from the manufacturer's serial number "SERIAL" indicated on the label adhered to the right side of the product..



1.4 Version Numbers of Compatible Programming Tools

The built-in positioning function depends on the version of the FX3U/FX3UC PLC. Select a PLC having optimum version number to create programs.

→ For details on version numbers of compatible PLCs, refer to Section 1.3.

1) FX3U PLC

| Version number of FX3U PLC | Model (Software model) | Version number of compatible GX Developer | Remarks |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|
| Ver.2.20 or later | GX Developer SW□D5C-GPPW-J | Ver. 8.23Z or later | • Supports FX3U PLCs (Ver.2.20 or later). Model selection: FX3U(C) ^{*1} |
| Ver.2.30 or later | SW□D5C-GPPW-E | Ver. 8.29F or later | • Supports FX3UC PLCs (Ver.2.30 or later). Model selection: FX3U(C) |

*1. For Ver. 8.23Z or 8.24A of GX Developer, the model to be selected is FX3UC.

2) FX3UC PLC

| Version number of FX3UC PLC | Model (Software model) | Version number of compatible GX Developer | Remarks |
|-----------------------------|--|---|--|
| Ver.1.00 or later | GX Developer SW□D5C-GPPW-J SW□D5C-GPPW-E | Ver.8.13P or later | • Supports FX3UC PLCs (Ver.1.00 or later). Model selection: FX3UC |
| Ver.1.30 or later | | Ver.8.18U or later | • Supports FX3UC PLCs (Ver.1.30 or later). Model selection: FX3UC |
| Ver.2.20 or later | | Ver.8.23Z or later | • Supports FX3UC PLCs (Ver.2.20 or later). Model selection: FX3U(C) ^{*1} |
| Ver.2.30 or later | | Ver. 8.29F or later | • Supports FX3UC PLCs (Ver.2.30 or later). Model selection: FX3U(C) |

*1. For Ver. 8.23Z or 8.24A of GX Developer, the model to be selected is FX3UC.

1.5 Assignment of Input/Output Numbers

1.5.1 Assignment of Input Numbers

Assign the input numbers of the FX3U/FX3UC PLC as follows:

| Application | Input number | Remarks |
|-------------------------|------------------|---|
| Stop command | All input points | Connect the line to any input. If the line-connected input is turned on, turn off the positioning instruction signal. |
| Zero return command | All input points | Connect the line to any input. If the line-connected input is turned on, turn on DSZR or ZRN instruction signal. |
| Near-point signal (DOG) | All input points | Connect the line to the input of the near-point signal (DOG) specified by DSZR or ZRN instruction. → For details on the near-point signal of DSZR instruction, refer to Section 6.2. → For details on the near-point signal of ZRN instruction, refer to Section 6.3. Point: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To use DSZR instruction: If X000 to X017^{*1} of the main unit are set for the near-point signal (DOG), the near-point signal (DOG) will be monitored at 1ms intervals. To use ZRN instruction: If X000 to X007 of the main unit are set for the near-point signal (DOG), the interruption function will be used for processing of the near-point signal (DOG). |
| Zero-phase signal | X000 to 007 | Connect the line to the input (X000 - X007) specified for the zero-phase signal (this input is specified by DSZR instruction). |

*1. X000 to X007 for FX3U-16M□.

| Application | Input number | Remarks | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------|--------------------|-------|
| ABS read | All input points | Connect the line if it is necessary to use the absolute position detection system. Connect the line to the input specified by the ABS instruction. Use 3 consecutive input points for this function. | | | | | | | | | | |
| JOG command | All input points | Connect the line to any input. If the line-connected input is turned on, turn on DRVI instruction for the jogging motion. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interrupt input | X000 to 007 | <p>The interrupt input depends on the pulse output destination specified by DVIT instruction as shown in the following table. If the version number of the PLC is above the following number, the interrupt input can be specified.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Pulse output destination</th> <th>interrupt input</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Y000</td> <td>X000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y001</td> <td>X001</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y002</td> <td>X002</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y003*²</td> <td>X003</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Pulse output destination | interrupt input | Y000 | X000 | Y001 | X001 | Y002 | X002 | Y003* ² | X003 |
| | | Pulse output destination | interrupt input | | | | | | | | | |
| Y000 | X000 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y001 | X001 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y002 | X002 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y003* ² | X003 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>FX3uc PLC Ver. 1.30 or later</p> <p>If the interrupt input designation function is used, the D8386 register (interrupt input designation register) can specify the interrupt input number (X000 - X007) for each pulse output destination.</p> <p>→ For details on the interrupt input designation method, refer to Subsection 4.3.7.</p>  | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>FX3U/FX3uc PLC*³ Ver. 2.20 or later:</p> <p>If the interrupt input designation function is used, the D8386 register (interrupt input designation register) can specify the interrupt input number (X000 - X007) for each pulse output destination, or the User interrupt input command flag can be specified.</p> <p>→ For details on the interrupt input designation method, refer to Subsection 4.3.7.</p>   | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>The User interrupt input command flag depends on the pulse output destination as shown in the following table.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Pulse output destination</th> <th>User interrupt input command</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Y000</td> <td>M8460</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y001</td> <td>M8461</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y002</td> <td>M8462</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y003*²</td> <td>M8463</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | | Pulse output destination | User interrupt input command | Y000 | M8460 | Y001 | M8461 | Y002 | M8462 | Y003* ² | M8463 | |
| Pulse output destination | User interrupt input command | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y000 | M8460 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y001 | M8461 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y002 | M8462 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y003* ² | M8463 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Forward rotation limit (LSF) | All input points | <p>Connect the line to any input. If the line-connected input is turned on, turn on the forward limit flag. The forward limit flag depends on the pulse output destination as shown in the following table.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Pulse output destination</th> <th>Forward limit flag</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Y000</td> <td>M8343</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y001</td> <td>M8353</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y002</td> <td>M8363</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y003*²</td> <td>M8373</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Pulse output destination | Forward limit flag | Y000 | M8343 | Y001 | M8353 | Y002 | M8363 | Y003* ² | M8373 |
| Pulse output destination | Forward limit flag | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y000 | M8343 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y001 | M8353 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y002 | M8363 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y003* ² | M8373 | | | | | | | | | | | |

A Common Items
B Built-in Positioning Function
Apx. Example Connection

| Application | Input number | Remarks | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|--------|-------|
| Reverse rotation limit (LSR) | All input points | Connect the line to any input. If the line-connected input is turned on, turn on the reverse limit flag. The reverse limit flag depends on the pulse output destination as shown in the following table: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Pulse output destination</th> <th>Reverse limit flag</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Y000</td> <td>M8344</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y001</td> <td>M8354</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y002</td> <td>M8364</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y003*2</td> <td>M8374</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Pulse output destination | Reverse limit flag | Y000 | M8344 | Y001 | M8354 | Y002 | M8364 | Y003*2 | M8374 |
| | | Pulse output destination | Reverse limit flag | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Y000 | M8344 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Y001 | M8354 | | | | | | | | | |
| Y002 | M8364 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y003*2 | M8374 | | | | | | | | | | | |

*2. Y003 can be specified as the pulse output destination only if 2 high-speed output special adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

*3. Ver.2.20 is assigned to the initial product of the FX3U PLC.

1.5.2 Assignment of Output Numbers

1. FX3U/FX3UC Series main unit (transistor output)

| Application | Input number | Remarks | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--------------------------|--|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|
| Pulse train signal (Pulse output destination) | Y000 Y001 Y002 | Connect the line to the output (Y000 - Y002) specified for the pulse output designation (this output is specified by the positioning instruction). | | | | | | | | |
| Direction signal (Rotational direction signal) | All output points*1 | Connect the line to any output. Connect the line to the output specified for the rotation direction signal (this signal is specified by the positioning instruction). | | | | | | | | |
| CLEAR signal | All output points*1 | Connect the line if it is necessary to use DSZR/ZRN instruction to output the CLEAR signal. The CLEAR signal output depends on the pulse output destination specified by DSZR/ZRN instruction. If PLC version is later than the following number, the CLEAR signal can be specified. | | | | | | | | |
| | | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Pulse output destination</th> <th>CLEAR signal</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Y000</td> <td>Y004</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y001</td> <td>Y005</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y002</td> <td>Y006</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Pulse output destination | CLEAR signal | Y000 | Y004 | Y001 | Y005 | Y002 | Y006 |
| Pulse output destination | CLEAR signal | | | | | | | | | |
| Y000 | Y004 | | | | | | | | | |
| Y001 | Y005 | | | | | | | | | |
| Y002 | Y006 | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>FX3U/FX3UC PLC (transistor output) Ver. 2.20 or later: If the CLEAR signal designation function is used, the clear signal device specification register can specify an output for each pulse output destination.</p> <p style="text-align: right;"> </p> <p style="text-align: right;">→ For details on the CLEAR signal designation method, refer to Subsection 4.3.4.</p> <p>The clear signal device specification register depends on the pulse output destination as shown in the following table:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Pulse output destination</th> <th>Clear signal device specification register</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Y000</td> <td>D8464</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y001</td> <td>D8465</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y002</td> <td>D8466</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | | | Pulse output destination | Clear signal device specification register | Y000 | D8464 | Y001 | D8465 | Y002 | D8466 |
| Pulse output destination | Clear signal device specification register | | | | | | | | | |
| Y000 | D8464 | | | | | | | | | |
| Y001 | D8465 | | | | | | | | | |
| Y002 | D8466 | | | | | | | | | |

*1. Specify the output number for transistor output.

2. High-speed output special adapter

| Application | Terminal | Output number | | Remarks | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------|------|--|--------------------------|--|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|
| | | 1st | 2nd | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pulse train signal/forward rotation pulse train (pulse output destination) | Y0/2+ Y0/2- | Y000 | Y002 | Connect the line to determine the pulse train signal or the forward rotation pulse train for the 1st axis of each high-speed output special adapter. For the 1st adapter, specify Y000 as the pulse output destination of the positioning instruction. For the 2nd adapter, specify Y002 as the pulse output destination of the positioning instruction. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Y1/3+ Y1/3- | Y001 | Y003 | Connect the line to determine the pulse train signal or the forward rotation pulse train for the 2nd axis of each high-speed output special adapter. For the 1st adapter, specify Y001 as the pulse output destination of the positioning instruction. For the 2nd adapter, specify Y003 as the pulse output destination of the positioning instruction. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Direction signal/reverse rotation pulse train (rotation direction signal) | Y4/6+ Y4/6- | Y004 | Y006 | Connect the line to determine the direction signal or the reverse rotation pulse train for the 1st axis of each high-speed output special adapter. For the 1st adapter, specify Y004 as the rotation direction signal of the positioning instruction. For the 2nd adapter, specify Y006 as the rotation direction signal output of the positioning instruction. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Y5/7+ Y5/7- | Y005 | Y007 | Connect the line to determine the direction signal or the reverse rotation pulse train for the 2nd axis of each high-speed output special adapter. For the 1st adapter, specify Y005 as the rotation direction signal output of the positioning instruction. For the 2nd adapter, specify Y007 as the rotation direction signal output of the positioning instruction. | | | | | | | | | | |
| CLEAR signal | All output points *1 | | | <p>Connect the line if it is necessary to use DSZR/ZRN instruction to output the CLEAR signal. Using the CLEAR signal designation function, specify the output number for transistor output. In this case, do not specify a device if the device is already specified as the rotational direction signal output for a pulse output destination by the clear signal device specification register.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">→ For details on the CLEAR signal designation method, refer to Subsection 4.3.4.</p> <p>The clear signal device specification register depends on the pulse output destination as shown in the following table:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Pulse output destination</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Clear signal device specification register</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Y000</td> <td style="text-align: center;">D8464</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Y001</td> <td style="text-align: center;">D8465</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Y002</td> <td style="text-align: center;">D8466</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Y003</td> <td style="text-align: center;">D8467</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Point: The CLEAR signal output initially set for DSZR/ZRN instruction is the same output as the direction signal (rotation direction signal, reversed pulse train). Be sure to specify the output number of the other transistor output using the CLEAR signal designation function.</p> | Pulse output destination | Clear signal device specification register | Y000 | D8464 | Y001 | D8465 | Y002 | D8466 | Y003 | D8467 |
| Pulse output destination | Clear signal device specification register | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y000 | D8464 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y001 | D8465 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y002 | D8466 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y003 | D8467 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

*1. Specify the output number for transistor output.

1.5.3 Connection of High-Speed Output Special Adapter

1. When FX3U-16MR/ES uses an instruction that needs the high-speed inputting operation, the main unit should have enough input terminals. Before selecting main unit, be sure to check the number of input points needed for operation.
2. Specify the rotational direction signal of the positioning instruction depending on the setting of each pulse output destination as shown in the following table:

| | Pulse output destination | Rotation direction signal |
|-----|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1st | Y000 | Y004 |
| | Y001 | Y005 |
| 2nd | Y002 | Y006 |
| | Y003 | Y007 |

3. To output the CLEAR signal using DSZR/ZRN instruction

The CLEAR signal output initially set for DSZR/ZRN instruction is the same output as the direction signal/reverse pulse train (rotation direction signal). Be sure to specify the output number of the other transistor output using the CLEAR signal designation function.

→ For details on the CLEAR signal designation method, refer to Subsection 4.3.4.

4. If high-speed output special adapter is connected to the FX3U Series main unit, the output numbers will be assigned in the same way as the main unit.

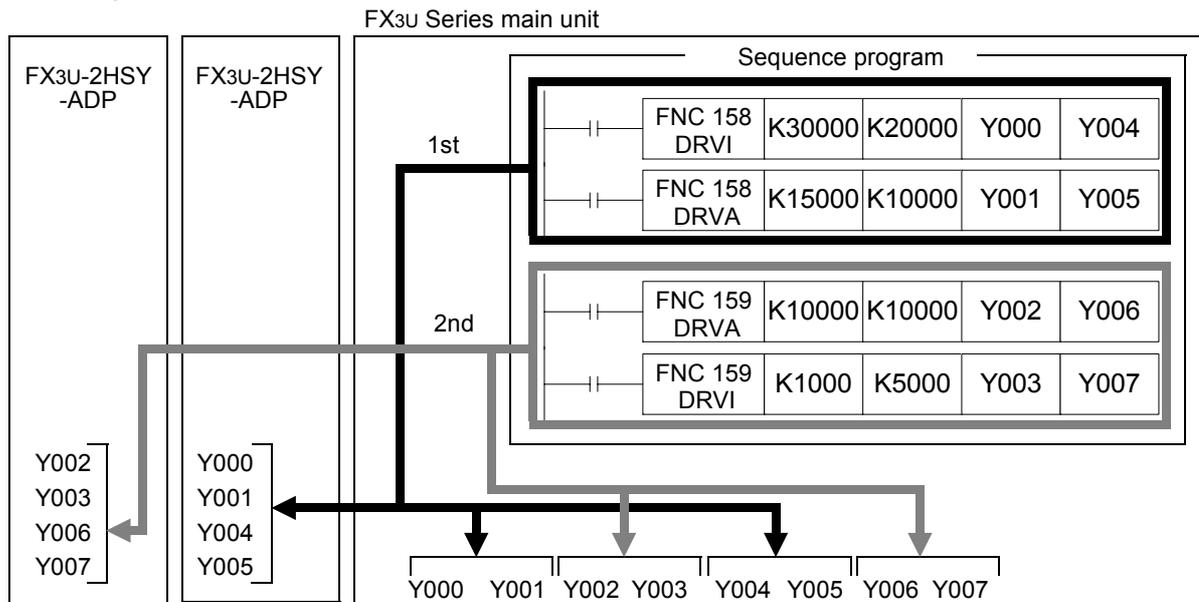
If an output number assigned to high-speed output special adapter is turned on by the sequence program, the corresponding output of the main unit will also be turned on. Do not connect the line to both output terminals. Connect the line to one of the output terminals.

The outputs of the high-speed output special adapter and the main unit will be turned on as shown in the following table:

| Unit | Output operation | | |
|---|---|--|--------------------|
| | PLSY,PLSR,DSZR, DVIT,TBL,ZRN,PLSV,D RVI,DRVA instruction. | PWM instruction | Other instruction |
| FX3U Series main unit of relay output type | When being executed, assigned outputs turn ON (LED is ON) | Will be turned on and off. PWM (FNC 58) instruction, however, is not compatible with the relay output. For this reason, do not use this instruction. (Operation will not be performed properly due to delay in response output, chattering of the contact, aged contact, etc. For this reason, do not use this instruction.) | Will be turned on. |
| FX3U Series main unit of transistor output type | Will be turned on.*1 | Will be turned on. | Will be turned on. |
| High-speed output special adapter | Will be turned on. | Will be turned on. | Will be turned on. |

*1. The output frequency limit of the main unit transistor output is 100 kHz. When operating a load with a pulse frequency exceeding 100 kHz, PLC failure may occur.

Block diagram



2. Specifications

DESIGN PRECAUTIONS



DANGER

- Provide a safety circuit on the outside of the PLC so that the whole system operates to ensure the safety even when external power supply trouble or PLC failure occurs.
Otherwise, malfunctions or output failures may result in an accident.
 - 1) An emergency stop circuit, a protection circuit, an interlock circuit for opposite movements, such as normal and reverse rotations, and an interlock circuit for preventing damage to the machine at the upper and lower positioning limits should be configured on the outside of the PLC.
 - 2) When the PLC CPU detects an error, such as a watch dog timer error, during self-diagnosis, all outputs are turned off. When an error that cannot be detected by the PLC CPU occurs in an input/output control block, output control may be disabled.
Design external circuits and mechanisms to ensure safe operations of the machine in such a case.
 - 3) When some sort of error occurs in a relay, triac or transistor of the output unit, output may be kept on or off.
For output signals that may lead to serious accidents, design external circuits and mechanisms to ensure safe operations of the machine in such cases.

DESIGN PRECAUTIONS



CAUTION

- Do not bundle the control line together with the main circuit or power line. Do not lay the control line near them. As a rule, lay the control line at least 100mm(3.94") or more away from the main circuit or power line.
Noise may cause malfunctions.
- Install in a manner which prevents excessive force from being applied to the built-in connectors dedicated to programming, power connectors and I/O connectors.
Failure to do so may result in wire breakage or failure of the PLC.

DISPOSAL PRECAUTIONS



CAUTION

- Please contact a company certified in the disposal of electronic waste for environmentally safe recycling and disposal of your device.

TRANSPORTATION PRECAUTIONS



CAUTION

- Before transporting the PLC, turn on the PLC to check that the BATT LED lamp is off and check the battery life. If the PLC is transported with the BATT LED lamp on or the battery becomes exhausted, the data held by the battery may become unstable during transportation.
- The PLC is precision equipment. During transportation, avoid impacts larger than that specified in the manual of the PLC main unit. Failure to do so may cause failures in the PLC.
After transportation, check the operations of the PLC.

2.1 General Specifications

For the general specifications on the FX3U/FX3UC PLC, refer to the following manuals. Note that the general specifications on the high-speed output special adapter are the same as the PLC excluding the specifications shown in the following table.

- For the general specifications on the FX3U PLC, refer to the FX3U Hardware Edition.
- For the general specifications on the FX3UC PLC, refer to the FX3UC Hardware Edition.

| Item | Specifications | |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| Withstand voltage | 500V AC, for 1 minute | In accordance with JEM-1021 |
| Insulation resistance | 5M Ω or more using 500V DC insulation tester | Between output terminal of high-speed output special adapter and grounding terminal of PLC. |

2.2 Power Supply Specifications

For the power supply specifications of the FX3U/FX3UC PLC, refer to the following manuals. The power supply specifications of the high-speed output special adapter are shown in the following table.

- For the power supply specifications on the FX3U PLC, refer to the FX3U Hardware Edition.
- For the power supply specifications on the FX3UC PLC, refer to the FX3UC Hardware Edition.

| Item | Specifications | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|---|
| Output circuit drive power supply | 24V DC, 60 mA | The service power of the main unit will be supplied internally. |
| Adapter drive power supply | 5V DC, 30 mA | The adapter driver power will be internally supplied from the 5V DC power supply unit of the main unit. |

2.3 Performance Specifications

| Model | FX3U/FX3UC PLC* ¹ (main unit, transistor output) | FX3U-2HSY-ADP* ² |
|---|--|--|
| Number of control axes | 3 independent axes | 2 independent axes |
| Interpolation | - | - |
| Pulse output system | Open collector system | Differential line driver system |
| Pulse output method | "Pulse train + direction" method | "Pulse train + direction" method "Forward/reverse rotation pulse train" method |
| Maximum frequency | 100,000Hz | 200,000Hz |
| Acceleration/ deceleration type | Automatic trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration | |
| Unit | pulse | |
| Positioning range | -999,999 to +999,999(pulse) | |
| Program language | Sequence program | |
| Position data | 1 point (set in sequence program) | |
| Connection of manual pulse generator | - | - |
| Detection of absolute position (Reads out the current value of ABS.) | ABS instruction | |
| Others | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pulses can be output from the general-purpose outputs (Y000, Y001, and Y002) of the main unit. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connect 2 adapters to the main unit to control 4 axes independently. To be used when a servo amplifier with a differential line receiver method is connected. To be used when positioning control is performed with a FX3U Series relay output type main unit. Used in place of the general-purpose outputs (Y000 to Y007)*³ of the main unit. |

*1. For MELSERVO Series amplifiers, use a sink input/sink output type PLC.

*2. Can only be connected to the FX3U PLC. Up to 2 adapters can be connected.

*3. If 2 adapters are connected, Y000 to Y007 will be used. If only one adapter is connected, Y000, Y001, Y004, and Y005 will be used. The relation between the output of FX3U-2HSY-ADP and the output of main unit is described in the following sections.

→ To use high-speed output special adapters, refer to Subsection 1.5.3 and Section 4.9 of "B. Built-in Positioning Function".

2.4 Input Specifications

2.4.1 FX3U Series main unit (24V DC Input)

This section describes the input specifications of the FX3U Series main unit. By the way, the simultaneous turning-on rate is restricted for the input extension units and the main unit. For details on this restriction, refer to the following manual:

→ Refer to the FX3U Hardware Edition.

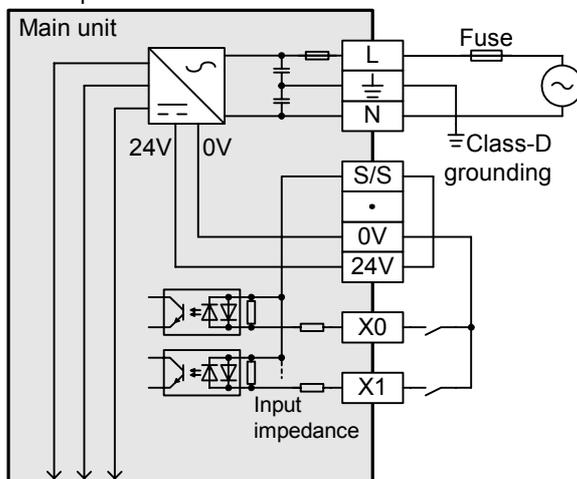
| Item | | 24V DC input specifications | |
|----------------------------|--|---|---|
| Input signal voltage | | All inputs | 24V DC±10% |
| Input impedance | | X000 to X005 | 3.9kΩ |
| | | X006,X007 | 3.3kΩ |
| | | X010 or later | 4.3kΩ |
| Input signal current | | X000 to X005 | 6mA/24V DC |
| | | X006,X007 | 7mA/24V DC |
| | | X010 or later | 5mA/24V DC |
| Input sensitivity current | | Input ON current | |
| | | X000 to X005 | 3.5 mA or more |
| | | X006,X007 | 4.5mA or more |
| Input OFF current | | All inputs | 1.5mA or less |
| | | Input response time | |
| All inputs | | Approx. 10 ms*1 | |
| Input signal type | | All inputs No-voltage contact input NPN/PNP open collector transistor | |
| Circuit insulation | | All inputs Photo-coupler insulation | |
| Indication of input motion | | - | Turning on the input will light the LED indicator lamp. |

*1. If inputs X000 to X007 are assigned to the zero-phase signal of DSZR instruction or the interrupt input of DVIT instruction, the input response time will be as shown in the following table.

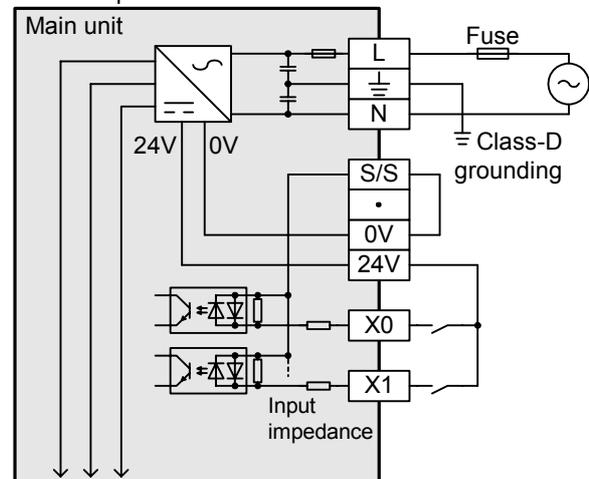
| Input | Input response time |
|--------------|---------------------|
| X000 to X005 | 5μs |
| X006,X007 | 50μs |

1. Internal input circuit

• Sink input line connection



• Source input line connection



2.4.2 FX3uc Series main unit (24V DC Input)

This section describes the input specifications of the FX3uc Series main unit. Note that the simultaneous turning-on rate is restricted for the input extension units and the main unit. For details on this restriction, refer to the following manual:

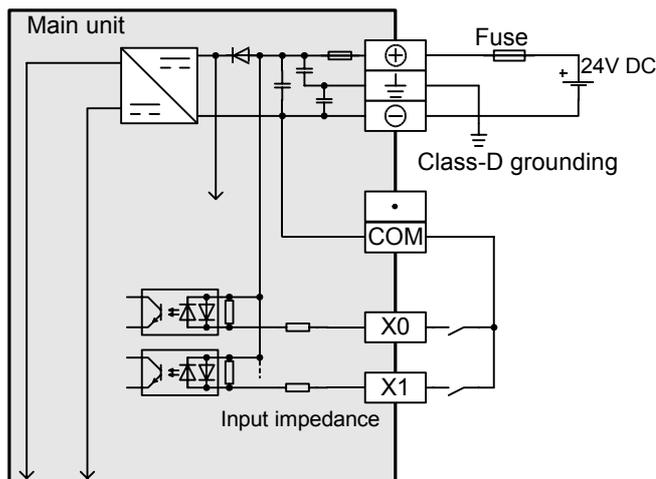
→ Refer to the FX3uc Hardware Edition.

| Item | | 24V DC input specifications | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Input signal voltage | | All inputs | 24V DC +20%, -15% / Ripple(p-p): 5 % or less |
| Input impedance | | X000 to X005 | 3.9kΩ |
| | | X006,X007 | 3.3kΩ |
| | | X010 to X017 | 4.3kΩ |
| Input signal current | | X000 to X005 | 6mA/24V DC |
| | | X006,X007 | 7mA/24V DC |
| | | X010 to X017 | 5mA/24V DC |
| Input sensitivity current | Input ON current | X000 to X005 | 3.5 mA or more |
| | | X006,X007 | 4.5mA or more |
| | | X010 to X017 | 3.5mA or more |
| | Input OFF current | All inputs | 1.5mA or less |
| Input response time | | All inputs | Approx. 10 ms ^{*1} |
| Input signal type | | All inputs | No-voltage contact input NPN open collector transistor |
| Circuit insulation | | All inputs | Photo-coupler insulation |
| Indication of input motion | | - | Monitored using display module |

*1. If inputs X000 to X007 are assigned to the zero-phase signal of DSZR instruction or the interrupt input of DVIT instruction, the input response time will be as shown in the following table.

| Input | Input response time |
|--------------|---------------------|
| X000 to X005 | 5μs |
| X006, X007 | 50μs |

1. Internal input circuit



2.5 Output Specifications

2.5.1 FX3U Series main unit (Transistor Output)

This section describes the transistor output specifications of the FX3U Series main unit. Please note that the simultaneous turning-on rate is restricted for the output extension units and the main unit. For details on the restriction, refer to the following manual.

For MELSERVO Series amplifiers, use a sink input/sink output type PLC.

→ Refer to the FX3U Hardware Edition.

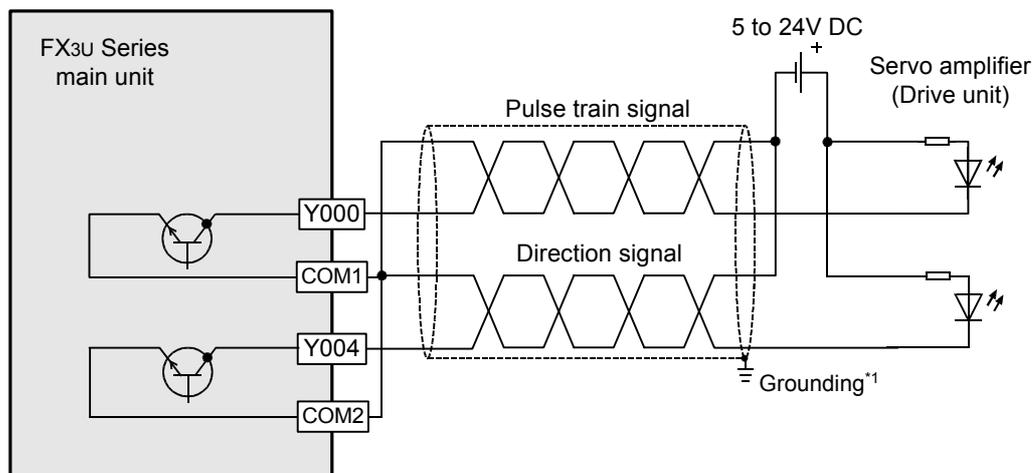
| Item | | Transistor output specifications | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|---|
| External voltage | | All outputs | 5 to 30V DC |
| Maximum load | Resistance load | All outputs | The total load current of resistance loads per common terminal should be the following value or less. - 1 point output common:0.5A - 4 points output common:0.8A - 8 points output common:1.6A |
| | Inductive load | All outputs | 12W/24V DC |
| Open-circuit leakage current | | All outputs | 0.1 mA or less at 30V DC |
| ON voltage | | All outputs | 1.5V |
| Response time | OFF→ON | Y000 to Y002 | 5 μs or less at 10 mA or more (5 to 24V DC) |
| | | Y003 and more | 0.2 ms or less at 200 mA (at 24V DC) |
| | ON→OFF | Y000 to Y002 | 5 μs or less at 10 mA or more (5 to 24V DC) |
| | | Y003 and more | 0.2 ms or less at 200 mA (at 24V DC) |
| Circuit insulation | | All outputs | Photo-coupler insulation |
| Indication of output motion | | - | LED is lit when the photo-coupler is driven. |

Pulse output terminals Y000, Y001, and Y002 are high-speed response output terminals.

To use the positioning instruction, adjust the load current of the NPN open collector to 10 to 100 mA (5 to 24V DC).

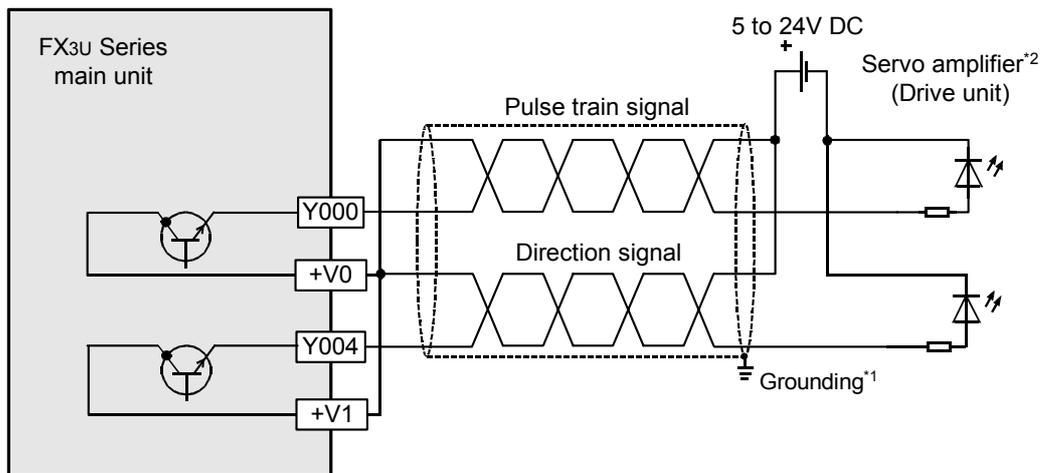
| Item | Description |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Operation voltage range | 5 to 24V DC |
| Operation current range | 10mA to 100mA |
| Output frequency | 100 kHz or less |

1. Sink internal output circuit



*1. To ground the unit, refer to the servo amplifier (drive unit) manual. If the grounding method is not specified, carry out class-D grounding.

2. Source internal output circuit



*1. To ground the unit, refer to the servo amplifier (drive unit) manual. If the grounding method is not specified, carry out class-D grounding.

*2. For MELSERVO Series amplifiers, use a sink output type FX3U Series main unit .

2.5.2 FX3uc Series main unit (Transistor Output)

This section describes the transistor output specifications of the FX3uc Series main unit. Note that the simultaneous turning-on rate is restricted for the output extension units and the main unit. For details on this restriction, refer to the following manual:

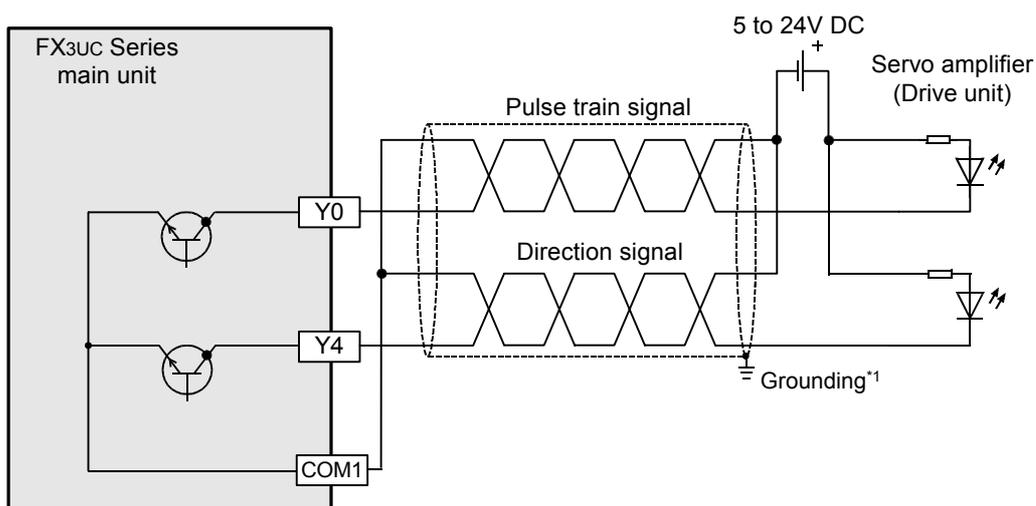
→ Refer to the FX3uc Hardware Edition.

| Item | | Transistor output specifications | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| External voltage | | All outputs | 5 to 30V DC | |
| Maximum load | Resistance load | Y000 to Y003 | 0.3 A/point | The total load current of the common items (16 points) should be 1.6 A or less. |
| | | Y004 to Y017 | 0.1A/1point | |
| | Inductive load | Y000 to Y003 | 7.2W/1point (24V DC) | The total load of the common items (16 points) should be 38.4 W or less at 24V DC. |
| | | Y004 to Y017 | 2.4W/1point (24V DC) | |
| Open-circuit leakage current | | All outputs | 0.1 mA or less at 30V DC | |
| ON voltage | | All outputs | 1.5V | |
| Response time | OFF→ON | Y000 to Y003 | 5 μs or less at 10 mA or more (5 to 24V DC) | |
| | | Y004 to Y017 | 0.2 ms or less at 100 mA (at 24V DC) | |
| | ON→OFF | Y000 to Y003 | 5 μs or less at 10 mA or more (5 to 24V DC) | |
| | | Y004 to Y017 | 0.2 ms or less at 100 mA (at 24V DC) | |
| Circuit insulation | | All outputs | Photo-coupler insulation | |
| Indication of output motion | | - | Monitored using display module | |

Pulse output terminals Y000, Y001, and Y002 are high-speed response output terminals. To use the positioning instruction, adjust the load current of the NPN open collector to 10 to 100 mA (5 to 24V DC).

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Operation voltage range | 5 to 24V DC |
| Operation current range | 10mA to 100mA |
| Output frequency | 100 kHz or less |

1. Internal output circuit



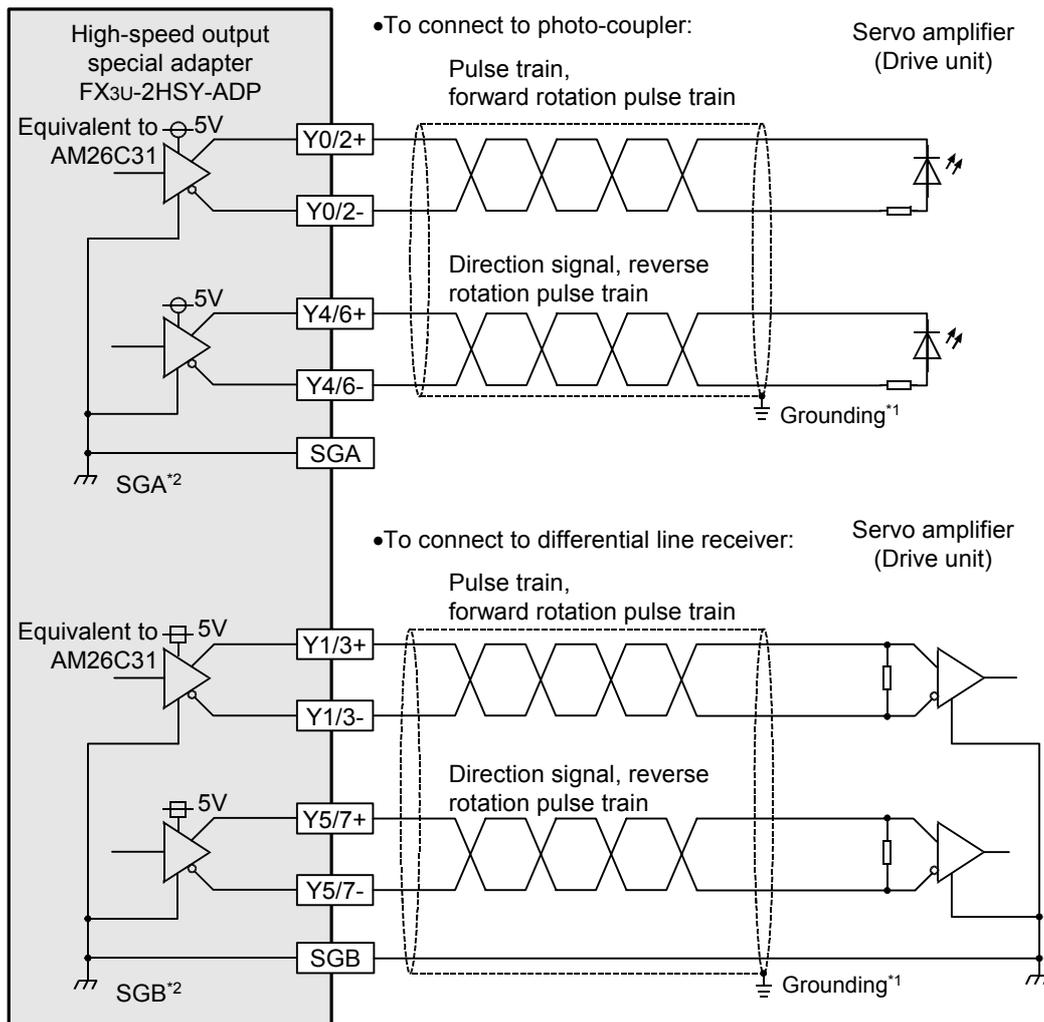
*1. To ground the unit, refer to the servo amplifier (drive unit) manual. If the grounding method is not specified, carry out class-D grounding.

2.5.3 High-Speed Output Special Adapter [FX3U-2HSY-ADP]

This section describes the output specifications of high-speed output special adapter (FX3U-2HSY-ADP).

| Item | High-speed output special adapter (FX3U-2HSY-ADP) |
|--------------------------|---|
| Output system | Differential line driver system (equivalent to AM26C31) |
| Load current | 25 mA or less |
| Maximum output frequency | 200KHz |
| Insulation | Photo-coupler and transformer insulate PLC from external lines of its outputs, and transformer insulates each SG. |
| Cable length | 10 m, maximum |

1. Internal output circuit



- *1. To ground the unit, refer to the servo amplifier (drive unit) manual. If the grounding method is not specified, carry out class-D grounding.
- *2. The line between the SGA and the SGB is insulated.

2.6 List of Functions

The instructions needed for the positioning function built-in in the FX3U/FX3UC PLC are shown in the following table:

| Positioning instruction | | Operation | Description | Refer to | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|-------------|-------|-------------|---|------|------|------|---|-------|------|------|---|----|------|------|---|-----|-------|------|---|---|---|---|---|-------------|
| Mechanical zero return | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DSZR instruction | zero return with DOG search function | <p>Zero point: ON DOG:ON Start (Dog: OFF when ZRN instruction is used)</p> | If DSZR/ZRN instruction turns ON, mechanical zero return will be started at the specified zero return speed. If the dog sensor is turned on, the speed will be reduced to the creep speed. If the zero-phase signal is input, the operation will be stopped, and the zero return will be completed. (If ZRN instruction is used, the dog sensor will be turned off to stop the operation. | Chapter 6. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ZRN instruction | zero return | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Absolute position detection system | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ABS instruction | Absolute value detection system (Reading of current ABS value) | | If ABS instruction turns ON, the current motor address will be read out from the servo amplifier. | Chapter 7. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1-speed positioning | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DRVI instruction | Relative positioning | | If DRVI/DRVA instruction turns ON, the operation will be started at the operation speed. If the workpiece comes to the target position, the operation will be stopped. | Chapter 8. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DRVA instruction | Absolute positioning | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1-speed positioning with interruption | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DVIT instruction | Interruption positioning | | If DVIT instruction turns ON, the operation will be started at the operation speed. If interrupt input turns ON, the workpiece will go the specified transfer distance, but just before stop, the speed will be reduced. | Chapter 9. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Variable speed operation | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PLSV instruction | Variable positioning (Variable Speed Pulse Output) | | If PLSV instruction turns ON, operation will be started at the specified speed. With an operation speed change, the speed changes to the specified speed, and operation continues. At PLSV instruction OFF, the pulse output stops. With acceleration/deceleration operation, the PLC accelerates and decelerates. | Chapter 10. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Others | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TBL instruction *1 | Positioning using batch setting method | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>No.</th> <th>Position</th> <th>Speed</th> <th>Instruction</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>1000</td> <td>2000</td> <td>DRVI</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>20000</td> <td>5000</td> <td>DRVA</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>50</td> <td>1000</td> <td>DVIT</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>800</td> <td>10000</td> <td>DRVA</td> </tr> <tr> <td>⋮</td> <td>⋮</td> <td>⋮</td> <td>⋮</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | No. | Position | Speed | Instruction | 1 | 1000 | 2000 | DRVI | 2 | 20000 | 5000 | DRVA | 3 | 50 | 1000 | DVIT | 4 | 800 | 10000 | DRVA | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ | Preliminarily set the positioning point by parameters. If TBL instruction turns ON, the workpiece will be transferred to the specified point. | Chapter 11. |
| No. | Position | Speed | Instruction | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 1000 | 2000 | DRVI | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 20000 | 5000 | DRVA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | 50 | 1000 | DVIT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 800 | 10000 | DRVA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

*1. This instruction is compatible with Ver.2.20 or later.

3. Connection of Input/Output Lines and Tightening Torques

This chapter describes how to connect the input/output lines and the terminal tightening torques.

WIRING PRECAUTIONS



DANGER

- Cut off all phases of the power source externally before installation or wiring work in order to avoid electric shock or damage of product.
- Make sure to attach the terminal cover offered as an accessory to the product before turning on the power or starting the operation after installation or wiring work.
Failure to do so may cause electric shock.

WIRING PRECAUTIONS



CAUTION

- Connect the AC power supply wiring to the dedicated terminals described in this manual.
If an AC power supply is connected to a DC input/output terminal or DC power supply terminal, the PLC will be burnt out.
- Connect the DC power supply wiring to the dedicated terminals described in this manual.
If an AC power supply is connected to a DC input/output terminal or DC power supply terminal, the PLC will be burnt out.
- Do not wire vacant terminals externally.
Doing so may damage the product.
- Perform class D grounding (grounding resistance: 100Ω or less) to the grounding terminal in the FX3U Series main unit with a 2mm² or thicker wire.
Do not connect the grounding terminal at the same point as a heavy electrical system (refer to the manual of the PLC main unit).
- Perform class D grounding (grounding resistance: 100Ω or less) to the grounding terminal in the FX3UC Series main unit with a wire as thick as possible.
Do not connect the grounding terminal at the same point as a heavy electrical system (refer to the manual of the PLC main unit).
- When drilling screw holes or wiring, cutting chips or wire chips should not enter ventilation slits. such an accident may cause fire, failures or malfunctions.
- Use the product in such a status that excessive force is not applied on I/O connectors.
Failure to do so may result in wire breakage or failure of the PLC.
- Fit the I/O cables securely to the designated connectors.
Contact failures may cause malfunctions.
- Perform wiring properly to the FX3U Series main unit and FX0N/FX2N Series extension equipment of the terminal block type in accordance with the following precautions.
Failure to do so may cause electric shock, short-circuit, wire breakage, or damages to the product.
 - The disposal size of the cable end should follow the dimensions described in this manual.
 - Tightening torque should be between 0.5 to 0.8 N•m.
- Observe the following items to wire the lines to the European terminal board. Ignorance of the following items may cause electric shock, short circuit, disconnection, or damage of the product.
 - The disposal size of the cable end should follow the dimensions described in this manual.
 - Tightening torque should be between 0.22 to 0.25 N•m.
 - Twist the end of strand wire and make sure there is no loose wires.
 - Do not solder-plate the electric wire ends.
 - Do not connect electric wires of unspecified size or beyond the specified number of electric wires.
 - Fix the electric wires so that the terminal block and connected parts of electric wires are not directly stressed.
- Properly perform wiring to the FX Series terminal blocks following the precautions below in order to prevent electrical shock, short-circuit, breakage of wire, or damage to the product:
 - The disposal size of the cable end should follow the dimensions described in this manual.
 - Tightening torque should be between 0.5 to 0.8 N•m.

3.1 Terminal Board (M3, M3.5)

A terminal board is adopted for the FX3U Series main unit, FX2N Series input/output extension unit (excluding some types), and FX0N Series input/output extension block.

3.1.1 Terminal Screw Size

The terminal screw size of each product is shown in the following table. For details on the crimp-style terminals, refer to Subsection 3.1.2.

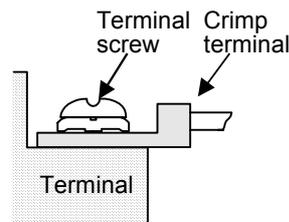
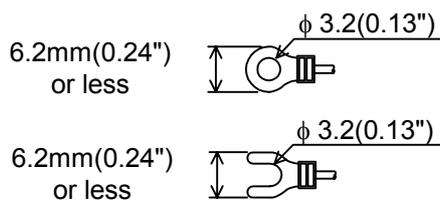
| Product | Terminal screw | Tightening torque |
|---|----------------|-------------------|
| FX3U Series main unit, FX2N Series input/output powered extension unit, FX2N/FX0N Series input/output extension block | M3 | 0.5 to 0.8N·m |
| FX Series terminal block | M3.5 | |

3.1.2 Termination

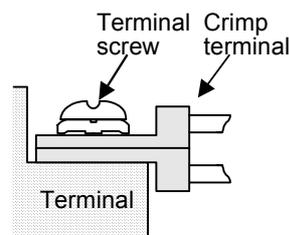
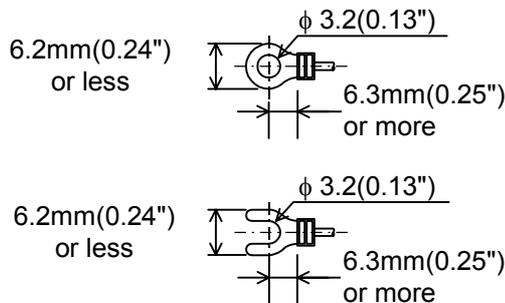
The size of each crimp-style terminal depends on the size of the terminal screw and the wiring method. Refer to the following description to select a crimp-style terminal of optimum size.

1. FX3U Series main unit, FX2N Series input/output powered extension unit, and FX0N Series input/output extension block

- When one wire is connected to one terminal

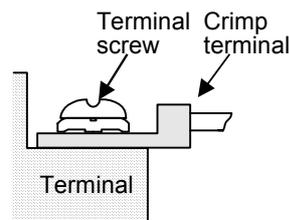
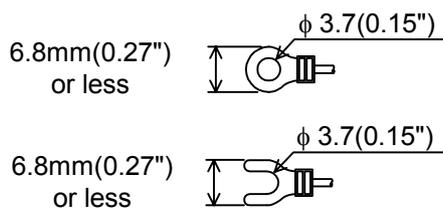


- When two wires are connected to one terminal

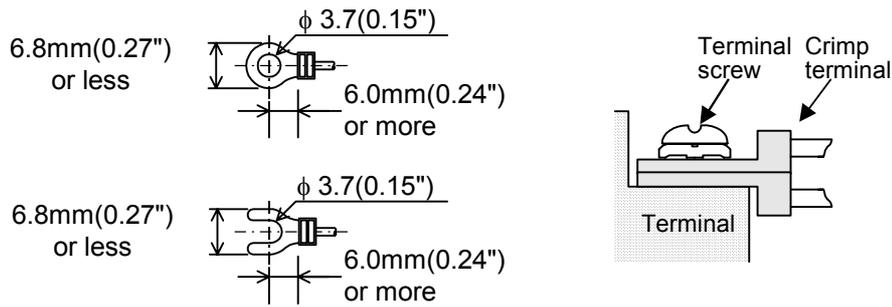


2. FX Series terminal block

- When one wire is connected to one terminal



- When two wires are connected to one terminal



3.2 European Terminal Board

The European terminal board is adopted for the high-speed output special adapter and the FX2NC Series input/output extension block.

3.2.1 Cable

Applicable cables and tightening torques

| | Wire size (stranded/single wire) | Tightening torque | Termination |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------|---|
| Single-wire | 0.3 mm ² to 0.5 mm ² (AWG22 to 20) | 0.22 to 0.25 N·m | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To connect a stranded cable, peel the sheath off the cable, and then twist the core before connection. To connect a single-wire cable, just peel the sheath off the cable before connection. Rod terminal with insulation sleeve (recommended terminal):AI 0.5-8WH (Manufactured by Phoenix Contact) Caulking tool: CRIMPFOX UD6 (Manufactured by Phoenix Contact) |
| 2-wires | 0.3 mm ² (AWG22) | | |
| Rod terminal with insulation sleeve | 0.3 mm ² to 0.5 mm ² (AWG22-20) (Refer to the external view of rod terminal shown in the following figure.) | | |

3.2.2 Termination of Cable End

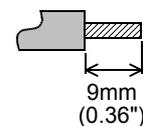
Directly terminate the end of each stranded cable or single-wire cable without a tool, or use the rod terminal with insulation sleeve for termination.

- Directly terminate end of stranded/single-wire cable:
 - Terminate the end of the stranded cable so that "barbed wires" cannot protrude.
 - Do not solder-plate the end of the cable.
- Terminate cable end using rod terminal with insulation sleeve:

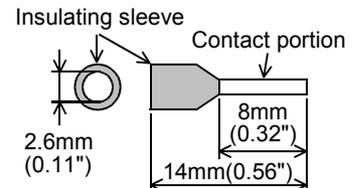
If the cable sheath is too thick, it may be difficult to insert the cable into the insulation sleeve. For this reason, select an appropriate cable while referring to the external view.

| Manufacturer | Model | Caulking tool |
|-----------------|------------|---------------|
| Phoenix Contact | AI 0.5-8WH | CRIMPFOX UD6 |

- Stranded wire/solid wire



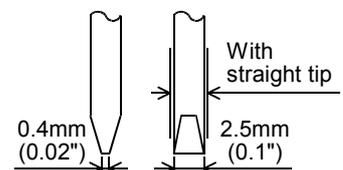
- Bar terminal with insulating sleeve



3.2.3 Tool

- To tighten terminals, use a purchased small-sized screwdriver whose tip is straight and is not widened as shown in the right figure.

| Manufacturer | Model |
|-----------------|-------------|
| Phoenix Contact | SZS 0.4×2.5 |

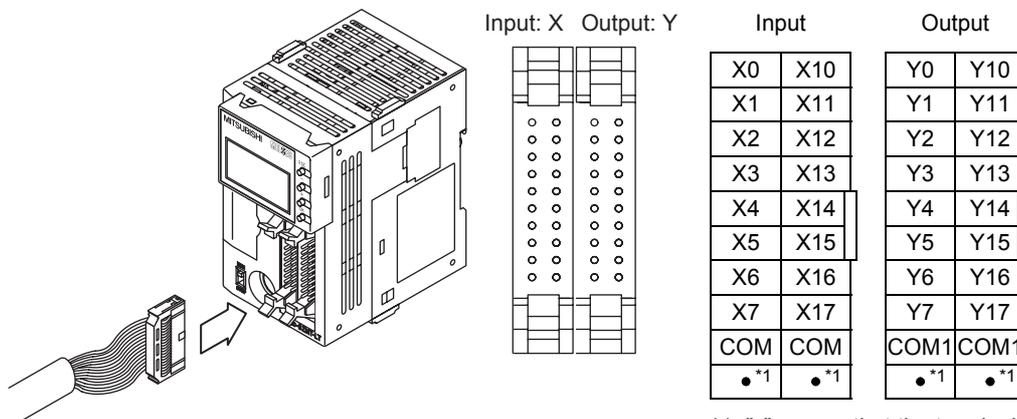


3.3 Connector

Connectors conforming to the requirements of the MIL C-83503 are adopted for the FX3UC Series main unit and some types of FX2NC Series input/output extension blocks.

3.3.1 Cable Connection To Input/Output Connector

Prepare the input/output cables while referring to the next Subsection.



*1: "●" means that the terminal is not used.

3.3.2 Setup of Input/Output Connection Connector

1. Applicable connector (connector purchased at store)

Use a 20-pin (1-key) socket that conforms to the requirements of the MIL C-83503.

Preliminarily check that the peripheral parts, such as the connector cover, will not cause any interference.

2. Input/output cables (optional cables manufactured by our company)

Our company can provide input/output cables already equipped with a connector.

| Model | Length | Description | Connector type |
|-----------------|------------------|---|--|
| FX-16E-500CAB-S | 5m (16' 4") | General-purpose input/output cable | The 20-pin connector is attached to one end of the non-stranded cable. (Green, red) |
| FX-16E-150CAB | 1.5m (4' 11") | Cable for connection of FX Series terminal block to input/output connector For details of connection to the FX Series terminal block, refer to the following manuals: →FX3u Hardware Edition →FX3uc Hardware Edition | The 20-pin connector is attached to both end of the flat cable (with tube). |
| FX-16E-300CAB | 3m (9' 10") | | |
| FX-16E-500CAB | 5m (16' 4") | | |
| FX-16E-150CAB-R | 1.5m (4' 11") | | |
| FX-16E-300CAB-R | 3m (9' 10") | | |
| FX-16E-500CAB-R | 5m (16' 4") | | |
| FX-A32E-150CAB | 1.5m (4' 11") | Cable for connection of A Series A6TBXY36 connector/terminal board conversion unit to input/output connector type | Two 20-pin connectors (unit: 16 points) are attached to the PLC side of the flat cable (with tube), and the dedicated connector is attached to the terminal board side of the flat cable. (32 points for each input/output common) |
| FX-A32E-300CAB | 3m (9' 10") | | |
| FX-A32E-500CAB | 5m (16' 4") | | |

3. Input/output cable connectors prepared by purchaser (optional connectors manufactured by our company)

The purchaser should prepare the cables and press-fitting tools.

| Input/output connector model and number of connectors included in one set | | Applicable cable (recommended cable: UL-1061) and tool | | |
|---|-----------------|---|---|--|
| Our model | | Description of parts (Manufactured by Daiichi Denshi Kogyo Co., Ltd.) | Cable size | Crimping tool (Manufactured by Daiichi Denshi Kogyo Co., Ltd.) |
| FX2c-I/O-CON, for flat cable | Set of 10 parts | Crimp-style connector FRC2-A020-30S | AWG28(0.1 mm ²) 1.27 pitch, 20 cores | 357J-4674D main unit 357J-4664N attachment |
| FX2c-I/O-CON-S, for non-stranded cable | 5 sets | Housing HU-200S2-001 Crimp-style contact HU-411S | AWG22(0.3mm ²) | 357J-5538 |
| FX2c-I/O-CON-SA, for non-stranded cable | 5 sets | Housing HU-200S2-001 Crimp-style contact HU-411SA | AWG20(0.5mm ²) | 357J-13963 |

4. Connector already confirmed as applicable (sold at store)

Connectors manufactured by Daiichi Denshi Kogyo Co., Ltd. (shown in 3) and connectors manufactured by Matsushita Electric Works, Ltd. (shown in following table)

| Connector model | | Applicable cable (recommended cable: UL-1061) | Crimping tool |
|-----------------|-----------|--|---------------|
| Housing | AXW1204A | AWG22(0.3mm ²) AWG24(0.2mm ²) | AXY52000 |
| Contact | AXW7221 | | |
| Semi-cover | AXW62001A | | |

4. Before Programming

This chapter describes several items that should be known before programming. They are:

- Operation of related devices, such as output pulse frequency, operation command flag, current value, and operation monitor flag.
- Items to be set on PLC side
- Items to be set on servo amplifier (drive unit) side
- Items to be observed in programming

4.1 List of Related Devices

→ For details on related devices, refer to Section 4.2 to Section 4.4.

4.1.1 Special Auxiliary Relays

The following table shows the related special auxiliary relays. Note that Y000, Y001, Y002, and Y003 are devices that determine the pulse output destinations.

→ For details on PLSY (FNC 57), PWM (FNC 58), and PLSR (FNC 59) instructions, refer to the programming manual.

| Device number | | | | Function | Attribute | Corresponding instructions | Refer to |
|---------------|-------|-------|--------|--|-----------|---|------------------|
| Y000 | Y001 | Y002 | Y003*1 | | | | |
| M8029 | | | | "Instruction execution complete" flag | Read only | PLSY,PLSR,DSZR, DVIT,ZRN,PLSV, DRVI,DRVA and so on. | Subsection 4.4.2 |
| M8329 | | | | "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag | Read only | PLSY,PLSR,DSZR, DVIT,ZRN,PLSV, DRVI,DRVA | Subsection 4.4.2 |
| M8338*2 | | | | Acceleration/deceleration Operation.*3 | Drivable | PLSV | Subsection 4.3.9 |
| M8336*4 | | | | Interrupt input specification function enabled*3 | Drivable | DVIT | Subsection 4.3.7 |
| M8340 | M8350 | M8360 | M8370 | "Pulse output monitor" flag. (BUSY/READY) | Read only | PLSY,PLSR,DSZR, DVIT,ZRN,PLSV, DRVI,DRVA | Subsection 4.4.3 |
| M8341 | M8351 | M8361 | M8371 | Clear signal OUTPUT function enable.*3 | Drivable | DSZR,ZRN | Subsection 4.3.4 |
| M8342 | M8352 | M8362 | M8372 | Zero return direction specification.*3 | Drivable | DSZR | Subsection 4.3.3 |
| M8343 | M8353 | M8363 | M8373 | Forward limit | Drivable | PLSY,PLSR,DSZR, DVIT,ZRN,PLSV, DRVI,DRVA | Subsection 4.3.1 |
| M8344 | M8354 | M8364 | M8374 | Reverse limit | Drivable | | Subsection 4.3.1 |
| M8345 | M8355 | M8365 | M8375 | DOG signal logic reverse*3 | Drivable | DSZR | Subsection 4.3.5 |
| M8346 | M8356 | M8366 | M8376 | Zero point signal logic reverse*3 | Drivable | DSZR | Subsection 4.3.6 |
| M8347 | M8357 | M8367 | M8377 | Interrupt signal logic reverse*3,*5 | Drivable | DVIT | Subsection 4.3.8 |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

*2. This function will be valid if Ver. 2.20 or later is used.

*3. Cleared when PLC switches from RUN to STOP

*4. This function will be valid if Ver. 1.30 or later is used.

*5. For the user interrupt input command devices, the logical NOT function will not be activated.

| Device number | | | | Function | Attribute | Corresponding instructions | Refer to |
|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---|-----------|--|------------------|
| Y000 | Y001 | Y002 | Y003*1 | | | | |
| M8348 | M8358 | M8368 | M8378 | Positioning instruction activation | Read only | PLSY,PWM,PLSR,DSZR,DVIT,ZRN,PLSV,DRVI,DRVA | Subsection 4.4.4 |
| M8349 | M8359 | M8369 | M8379 | Pulse output stop command.*3 | Drivable | PLSY,PLSR,DSZR,DVIT,ZRN,PLSV,DRVI,DRVA | Subsection 4.3.2 |
| M8460*2 | M8461*2 | M8462*2 | M8463*2 | User interrupt input command.*3 | Drivable | DVIT | Subsection 4.3.7 |
| M8464*2 | M8465*2 | M8466*2 | M8467*2 | Clear signal device specification function enabled.*3 | Drivable | DSZR,ZRN | Subsection 4.3.4 |

- *1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.
- *2. This function will be valid if Ver. 2.20 or later is used.
- *3. Cleared when PLC switches from RUN to STOP
- *4. This function will be valid if Ver. 1.30 or later is used.
- *5. For the user interrupt input command devices, the logical NOT function will not be activated.

4.1.2 Special Data Registers

The following table shows the related special data registers. Note that Y000, Y001, Y002, and Y003 are devices that determine the pulse output destinations.

| Device number | | | | | | | | Function | Data length | Initial value | Corresponding instructions | Refer to |
|---------------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| Y000 | Y001 | Y002 | Y003*1 | | | | | | | | | |
| D8336*2 | | | | | | | | interrupt input designation | 16-bit | - | DVIT | Subsection 4.3.7 |
| D8340 | Low-order | D8350 | Low-order | D8360 | Low-order | D8370 | Low-order | Current value register [PLS] | 32-bit | 0 | DSZR,DVIT,ZRN,PLSV,DRVI,DRVA | Subsection 4.4.1 |
| D8341 | High-order | D8351 | High-order | D8361 | High-order | D8371 | High-order | | | | | |
| D8342 | | D8352 | | D8362 | | D8372 | | Bias speed [Hz] | 16-bit | 0 | DSZR,DVIT,ZRN,PLSV,DRVI,DRVA | Subsection 4.2.6 |
| D8343 | Low-order | D8353 | Low-order | D8363 | Low-order | D8373 | Low-order | Maximum speed [Hz] | 32-bit | 100,000 | DSZR,DVIT,ZRN,PLSV,DRVI,DRVA | Subsection 4.2.5 |
| D8344 | High-order | D8354 | High-order | D8364 | High-order | D8374 | High-order | | | | | |
| D8345 | | D8355 | | D8365 | | D8375 | | Creep speed [Hz] | 16-bit | 1000 | DSZR | Subsection 4.2.4 |
| D8346 | Low-order | D8356 | Low-order | D8366 | Low-order | D8376 | Low-order | Zero return speed [Hz] | 32-bit | 50,000 | DSZR | Subsection 4.2.3 |
| D8347 | High-order | D8357 | High-order | D8367 | High-order | D8377 | High-order | | | | | |
| D8348 | | D8358 | | D8368 | | D8378 | | Acceleration time [ms] | 16-bit | 100 | DSZR,DVIT,ZRN,PLSV*3,DRVI,DRVA | Subsection 4.2.7 |
| D8349 | | D8359 | | D8369 | | D8379 | | Deceleration time [ms] | 16-bit | 100 | DSZR,DVIT,ZRN,PLSV*3,DRVI,DRVA | Subsection 4.2.8 |
| D8464*4 | | D8465*4 | | D8466*4 | | D8467*4 | | Clear signal device specification | 16-bit | - | DSZR,ZRN | Subsection 4.3.4 |

- *1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.
- *2. This function will be valid if Ver. 1.30 or later is used. However, the user interruption command device can be specified only if Ver. 2.20 or later is used.
- *3. This instruction will be valid during acceleration/deceleration using Ver. 2.20 or later only.
- *4. This function will be valid if Ver. 2.20 or later is used.

4.2 Setting of Various Items Regarding Speeds

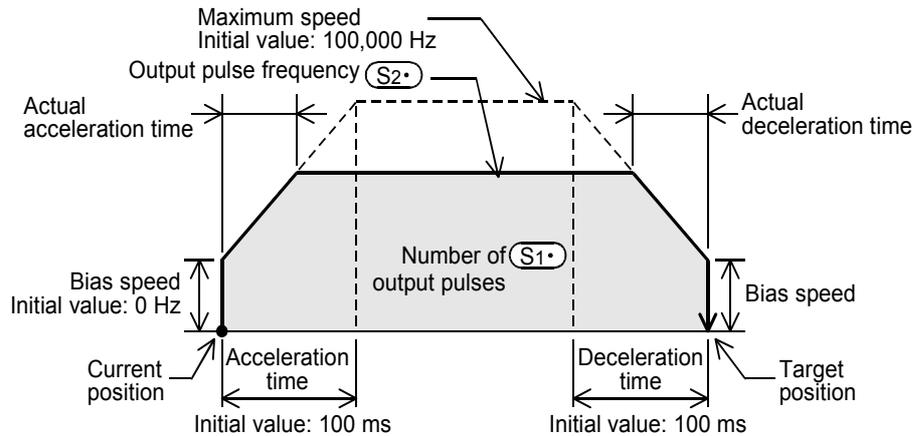
Specify the output pulse frequency using the operand of each instruction or the related device to determine the output pulse frequency, zero return speed, or creep speed.

4.2.1 Setting of Various Items Regarding Instructions and Speeds

1. Interrupt Positioning (DVIT) instruction, drive to increment (DRVI) instruction, and drive to absolute (DRVA) instruction

For these instructions, it is necessary to specify the maximum speed, bias speed, acceleration time, and deceleration time using the related devices in addition to the output pulse frequency specified by the operand of the instruction.

- For operation of DVIT instruction, refer to Chapter 9.
- For operation of DRVI or DRVA instruction, refer to Chapter 8.
- For details on each setting item, refer to Subsection 4.2.2, and Subsection 4.2.5 to Subsection 4.2.8

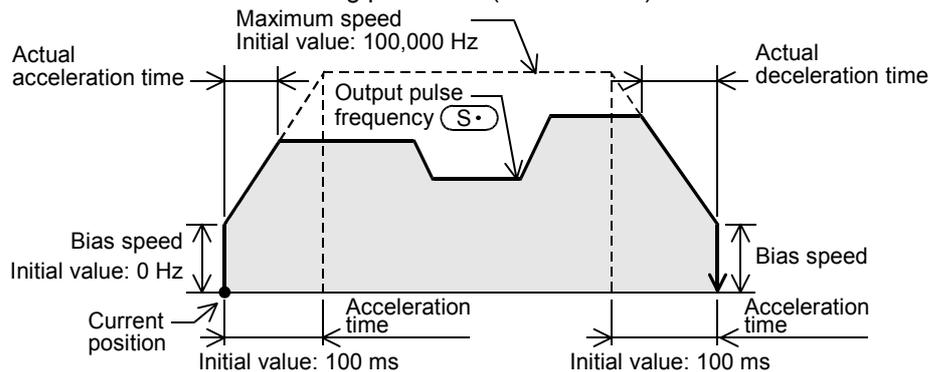


2. Variable speed Pulse Output (PLSV) instruction

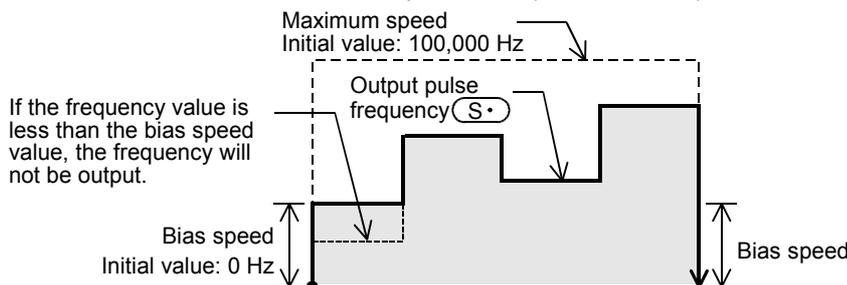
For the variable speed pulse output (PLSV) instruction, it is necessary to specify the maximum speed, bias speed, acceleration time, and deceleration time using the related devices in addition to the output pulse frequency specified by the operand of the instruction. However, note that the acceleration time and the deceleration time are valid during acceleration/deceleration (M8338 = ON) only.

- For operation of PLSV instruction, refer to Chapter 10.
- For details on each setting item, refer to Subsection 4.2.2, and Subsection 4.2.5 to Subsection 4.2.8.

1) When acceleration/deceleration is being performed (M8338 = ON)



2) When acceleration/deceleration is not performed (M8338 = OFF)

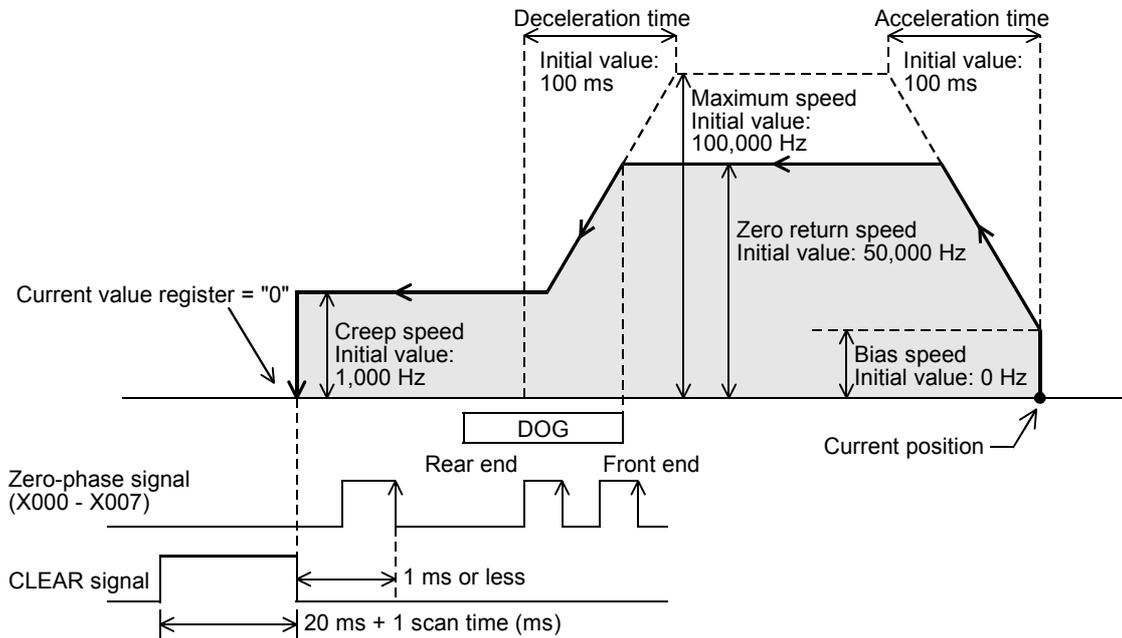


3. Zero return instruction with DOG search function (DSZR)

For this instruction, it is necessary to specify the maximum speed, bias speed, acceleration time, deceleration time, zero return speed, and creep speed using the related devices.

→ For operation of DSZR instruction, refer to Section 6.2.

→ For details on each setting item, refer to Subsection 4.2.3 to Subsection 4.2.8.

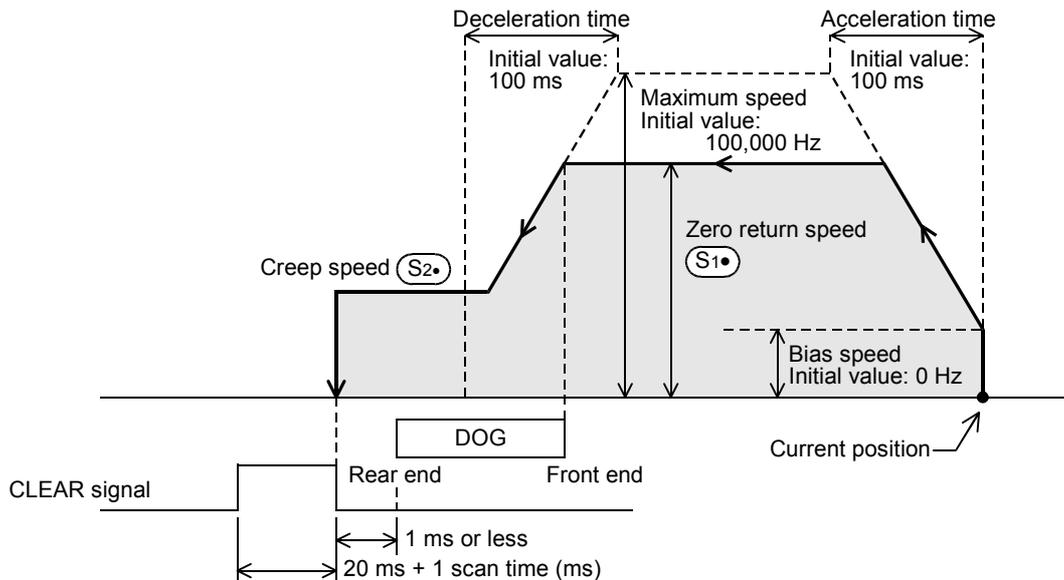


4. Zero return (ZRN) instruction

For this instruction, it is necessary to specify the maximum speed, bias speed, acceleration time, and deceleration time using the related devices in addition to the zero return speed and the creep speed specified by the operand of the instruction.

→ For operation of ZRN instruction, refer to Section 6.1.

→ For details on each setting item, refer to Subsection 4.2.5 to Subsection 4.2.8.



4.2.2 Setting of Output Pulse Frequency (DVIT, PLSV, DRVI, and DRVA Instructions)

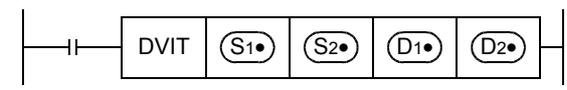
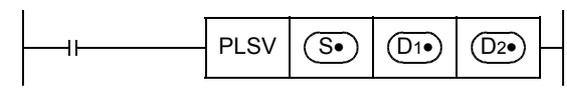
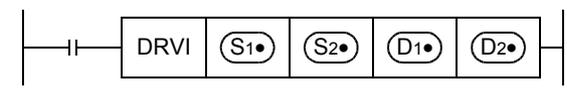
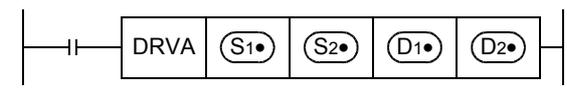
Set the output pulse frequency using the operand of each instruction. In this case, the setting range depends on the instruction (see the following table).

However, even in the setting range of each instruction, if the set value of the output pulse frequency is more than the maximum speed value, operation will be performed at the maximum speed. If the set value of the output pulse frequency is less than the bias speed value, operation will be performed at the bias speed.

→ For operation of DVIT instruction, refer to Chapter 9.

→ For operation of PLSV instruction, refer to Chapter 10.

→ For operation of DRVI or DRVA instruction, refer to Chapter 8.

| Instruction | Operand | Setting range | | Instruction format |
|------------------|---------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| | | 16-bit operation (Hz) | 32-bit operation (Hz) | |
| DVIT instruction | (S2) | 10 to 32767 | 10 to 200,000*1 |  |
| PLSV instruction | (S) | -32768 to -1, +1 to 32767 | -200,000*2 to -1, +1 to 200,000*1 |  |
| DRVI instruction | (S2) | 10 to 32767 | 10 to 200,000*1 |  |
| DRVA instruction | (S2) | 10 to 32767 | 10 to 200,000*1 |  |

*1. If FX3U-2HSY-ADP is not used, note that the frequency value cannot be more than 100,000 Hz.

*2. If FX3U-2HSY-ADP is not used, note that the frequency value cannot be less than -100,000 Hz.

Caution:

- To use the main unit (transistor output), set the output pulse frequency (absolute value) to 100,000 Hz or less. If more than 100,000 Hz pulse is output from the transistor output of the main unit to perform operation, it may cause PLC failure.
- Set the output pulse frequency so that the output pulse frequency value can be less than the maximum frequency value of the servo amplifier (driver unit).

4.2.3 Setting of Zero Return Speed (DSZR/ZRN Instruction)

Use the related device or the operand of the instruction to set the zero return speed.

The zero return speed setting range is shown in the following table.

Be sure to set the zero return speed so that the relation with the other speeds can be "bias speed \leq zero return speed \leq maximum speed". If the set value of the zero return speed is more than the maximum speed value, operation will be performed at the maximum speed.

→ For operation of DSZR instruction, refer to Section 6.2.

→ For operation of ZRN instruction, refer to Section 6.3.

| Instruction | Operand or related device | Setting range | | Instruction format |
|------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------|--------------------|
| | | 16-bit operation (Hz) | 32-bit operation (Hz) | |
| DSZR instruction | (D1•) = Y000 | D8347, D8346 | | |
| | (D1•) = Y001 | D8357, D8356 | | |
| | (D1•) = Y002 | D8367, D8366 | | |
| | (D1•) = Y003*2 | D8377, D8376 | | |
| | | 10 to 200,000*1 Initial value: 50000 | | |
| ZRN instruction | (S1•) | 10 to 32767 | 10 to 200,000*1 | |

*1. If FX3U-2HSY-ADP is not used, note that this value cannot be more than 100,000 Hz.

*2. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

Caution:

- When using the transistor outputs of the main unit, set the pulse frequency for the zero return speed to less than 100 kHz.
 If a pulse higher than 100 kHz is output from a transistor output of the main unit to perform an operation, PLC failure may occur.
- Set the zero return speed so that the set value of the zero return speed can be less than the maximum frequency value of the servo amplifier (driver unit).

4.2.4 Setting of Creep Speed (DSZR/ZRN Instruction)

Use the related device or the operand of the instruction to set the creep speed. The creep speed setting range is shown in the following table.

Be sure to set the creep speed so that the relation with the other speeds can be "bias speed ≤ creep speed ≤ 32767 Hz^{*1}".

→ For operation of DSZR instruction, refer to Section 6.2.

→ For operation of ZRN instruction, refer to Section 6.3.

| Instruction | Operand or related device | Setting range | | Instruction format |
|------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| | | 16-bit operation (Hz) | 32-bit operation (Hz) | |
| DSZR instruction | (D1•)=Y000 | D8345 | 10 to 32767 Initial value: 1000 | |
| | (D1•)=Y001 | D8355 | | |
| | (D1•)=Y002 | D8365 | | |
| | (D1•)=Y003 ^{*2} | D8375 | | |
| ZRN instruction | (S2•) | | 10 to 32767 | |

*1. If the maximum speed is set to less than 32767 Hz, note that this value (32767 Hz) should be changed to the maximum speed.

*2. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

4.2.5 Setting of Maximum Speed

Set the maximum speed to determine the upper limit value for the output pulse frequency and the zero return speed.

Use the devices shown in the following table to determine the maximum speed for each pulse output destination device.

| Pulse output destination device | Maximum speed | Initial value | Setting range | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---|---|
| | | | Transistor output of main unit | High-speed output special adapter |
| Y000 | D8344,D8343 | 100,000Hz | 10 to 100,000 Hz: If the value is set to 9 Hz or less, the maximum speed will be automatically set to 10 Hz. | 10 to 200,000 Hz: If the value is set to 9 Hz or less, the maximum speed will be automatically set to 10 Hz. |
| Y001 | D8354,D8353 | | | |
| Y002 | D8364,D8363 | | | |
| Y003 ^{*1} | D8374,D8373 | | | |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

Caution:

- To use the main unit (transistor output), set the output pulse frequency (absolute value) to 100,000 Hz or less. If more than 100,000 Hz pulse is output from the transistor output of the main unit to perform operation, it may cause PLC failure.
- Set the output pulse frequency so that the output pulse frequency value can be less than the maximum frequency value of the servo amplifier (driver unit).

4.2.6 Setting of Bias Speed

To control the stepping motor using each instruction, set the bias speed considering the resonance range of the stepping motor and the automatic start frequency.

Use the devices shown in the following table to determine the bias speed for each pulse output destination device.

| Pulse output destination device | Bias speed | Initial value | Setting range |
|---------------------------------|------------|---------------|--|
| Y000 | D8342 | 0Hz | 1/10 or less of maximum speed: If the value is set to more than 1/10 of the maximum speed, the bias speed will be automatically set to 1/10 of the maximum speed. |
| Y001 | D8352 | | |
| Y002 | D8362 | | |
| Y003*1 | D8372 | | |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

4.2.7 Setting of Acceleration Time

Set the time required for acceleration from the bias speed to the maximum speed.

If the output pulse frequency is less than the maximum speed, the actual acceleration time will be shorter than the set acceleration time.

If the variable speed pulse output (PLSV) instruction is used, the set acceleration time will be valid during acceleration/deceleration (M8338 = ON) only.

Use the devices shown in the following table to determine the acceleration time for each pulse output destination device.

| Pulse output destination device | Acceleration Time | Initial value | Setting range |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|
| Y000 | D8348 | 100ms | 50 to 5,000 ms: If the value is set to 49 ms or less, the acceleration time will be automatically set to 50 ms. If the value is set to 5,001 ms or more, the acceleration time will be automatically set to 5,000 ms. |
| Y001 | D8358 | | |
| Y002 | D8368 | | |
| Y003*1 | D8378 | | |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

4.2.8 Setting of Deceleration Time

Set the time required for deceleration from the maximum speed to the bias speed.

If the output pulse frequency is less than the maximum speed, the actual deceleration time will be shorter than the set deceleration time.

If the variable speed pulse output (PLSV) instruction is used, the set deceleration time will be valid during acceleration/deceleration (M8338 = ON) only.

Use the devices shown in the following table to determine the deceleration time for each pulse output destination device.

| Pulse output destination device | Acceleration Time | Initial value | Setting range |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|
| Y000 | D8349 | 100ms | 50 to 5,000 ms: If the value is set to 49 ms or less, the deceleration time will be automatically set to 50 ms. If the value is set to 5,001 ms or more, the deceleration time will be automatically set to 5,000 ms. |
| Y001 | D8359 | | |
| Y002 | D8369 | | |
| Y003*1 | D8379 | | |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

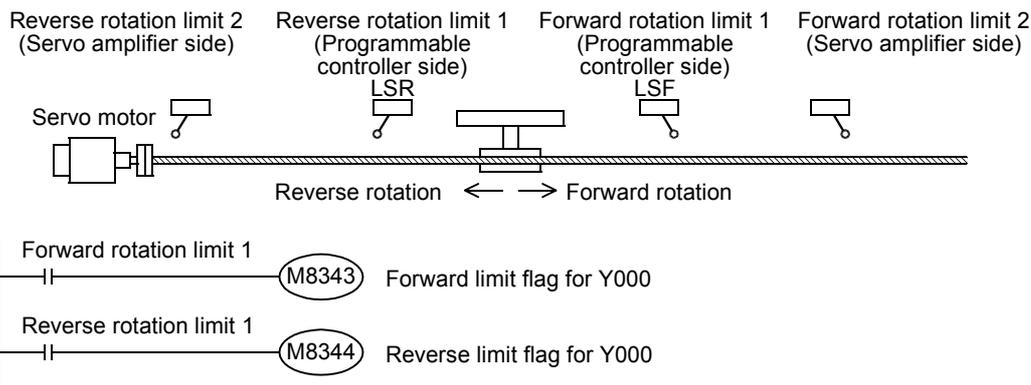
4.3 Various Flags for Operation Commands

4.3.1 Forward Rotation Limit and Reverse Rotation Limit

When using the servo motor, the forward rotation limit and the reverse rotation limit can be set for the servo amplifier.

To use the DOG search function for zero return, or to set the forward rotation limit or the reverse rotation limit for operation other than zero return using the PLC, set forward rotation limit 1 (LSF) and reverse rotation limit 1 (LSR) for the PLC so that these limit switches can be activated before forward rotation limit 2 or reverse rotation limit 2 of the servo amplifier.

As shown in the following figure, interlock forward rotation limit 1 (LSF) with the forward limit flag, and reverse rotation limit 1 (LSR) with the reverse limit flag. If the forward limit flag or the reverse limit flag turns ON, the motor will perform operation depending on the output instruction as shown in the following table.



Use the flag shown in the following table to determine the forward rotation limit and the reverse rotation limit for each pulse output destination device (Y000, Y001, Y002, Y003).

| Pulse output destination device | Forward limit flag | Reverse limit flag | Corresponding instruction and stop | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|---|
| | | | PLSV instruction (M8338 ^{*2} = OFF) | DSZR, DVIT, ZRN, PLSV(M8338 ^{*2} = ON), DRVI, and DRVA instructions |
| Y000 | M8343 | M8344 | If the corresponding rotation limit flag is turned on, pulse output (operation) will be immediately stopped. | If the corresponding rotation limit flag is turned on, the speed will be reduced, and then operation will be stopped. |
| Y001 | M8353 | M8354 | | |
| Y002 | M8363 | M8364 | | |
| Y003 ^{*1} | M8373 | M8374 | | |

- *1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.
- *2. The M8338 is compatible with Ver.2.20 or later. If the FX3UC PLC is used and its version is below Ver.2.20, PLSV instruction will perform operation in the M8338 = OFF mode (will perform operation without acceleration/deceleration).

Note:

If the forward rotation limit (LSF) and the reverse rotation limit (LSR) cannot be set, observe the following items:

- Even if forward rotation limit 2 or reverse rotation limit 2 turns ON and the servo motor is automatically stopped, the positioning instruction currently activated cannot recognize the stop of the motor. So the pulse will be continuously output until the instruction is deactivated.
- The DOG search function of DSZR instruction (zero return instruction with DOG search function) cannot be used.

4.3.2 Immediate Stop of Pulse Output (Pulse Output Stop Command Flag)

During execution of positioning instruction, if the pulse output stop command flag is turned on, the pulse outputting operation will be immediately stopped.

To output the pulse again, turn off the pulse output stop command flag. After that, deactivate (turn off) the positioning instruction, and then activate it again (turn it on again).

The following table shows the pulse output stop command flag of each pulse output destination device.

| Pulse output destination device | Pulse output stop command flag | Operation |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Y000 | M8349 | During pulse outputting operation, if the pulse output stop command flag of the corresponding pulse output destination device is turned on, the pulse outputting operation will be immediately stopped. |
| Y001 | M8359 | |
| Y002 | M8369 | |
| Y003*1 | M8379 | |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

Note:

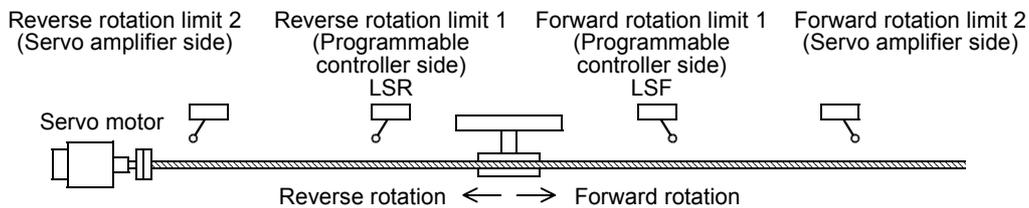
Use this flag only if immediate stop is absolutely needed to avoid dangers. Since the motor is immediately stopped, use of this flag may damage the system. For normal STOP operation (decelerated to stop), use "instruction OFF" function or "forward/reverse limit flag."

However, note that if PLSV instruction is used together with "instruction OFF" function or "forward/reverse limit flag" in the M8338 = OFF mode (operation without acceleration/deceleration), operation can be immediately stopped.

4.3.3 Designation of Zero Return Direction (DSZR/ZRN Instruction)

Use DSZR instruction (zero return instruction with DOG search function) or ZRN instruction (zero return instruction) to specify the zero return direction*1. The zero return direction depends on the instruction.

- For operation of DSZR instruction, refer to Section 6.2.
- For operation of ZRN instruction, refer to Section 6.3.



*1. If DSZR instruction (zero return instruction with DOG search function) is used, zero return will be performed in the direction of the first operation.

1. Zero return instruction with DOG search function (DSZR instruction)

Turn on or off the zero return direction designation flag shown in the following table to specify the zero return direction.

| Pulse output destination device | Zero return direction designation flag | Description of setting |
|---------------------------------|--|---|
| Y000 | M8342 | To perform zero return in the normal rotation direction: Turn on the flag. |
| Y001 | M8352 | |
| Y002 | M8362 | To perform zero return in the reversed rotation direction: Turn off the flag. |
| Y003*1 | M8372 | |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

2. Zero return instruction (ZRN instruction)

Zero return will be performed in the reverse rotation direction only.
 (During zero return, the value indicated by the current value register will be reduced.)

To perform zero return in the forward rotation direction using ZRN instruction (zero return instruction):

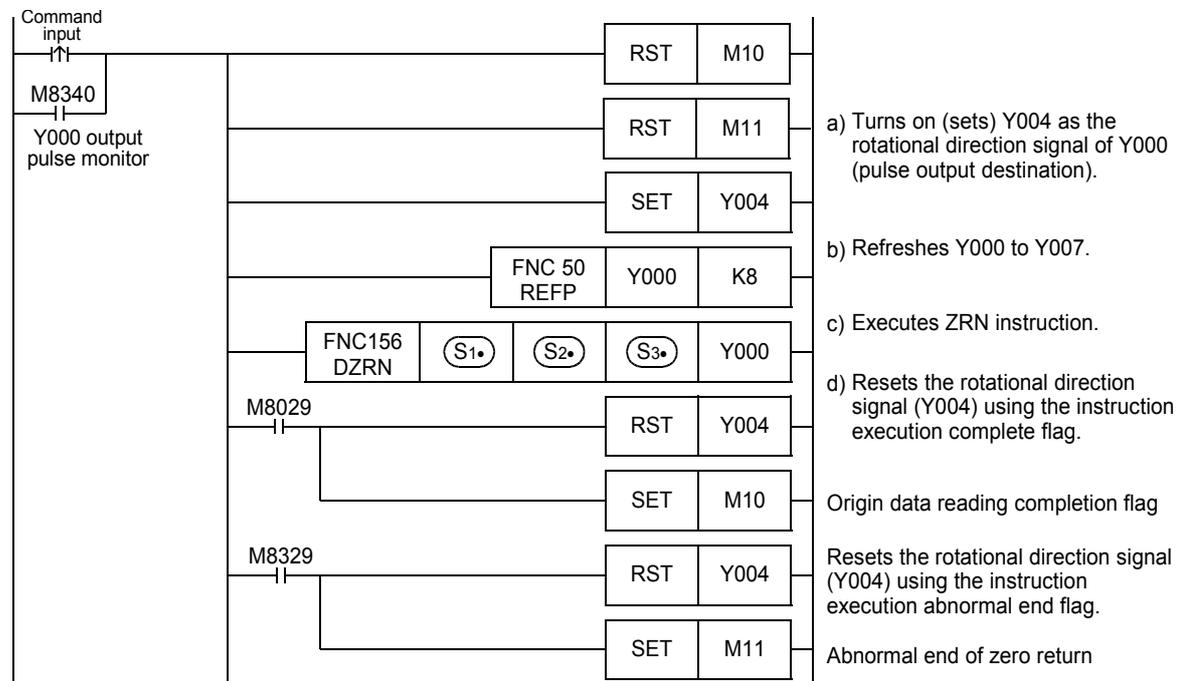
To perform zero return in the forward rotation direction, create a program to control the output (Y) relay set as a "rotational direction signal" as follows:

- For details on programming, refer to Section 4.7.
- To use main unit (transistor output), refer to Section 4.8.
- To use high-speed output special adapter, refer to Section 4.9.

- 1) Turn on Y□□□ (rotational direction signal).
- 2) Refresh Y□□□ output using REF (FNC50) instruction.
- 3) Execute ZRN instruction (zero return instruction).
- 4) Using the execution completion flag (M8029) of ZRN instruction (zero return instruction), reset Y□□□ (rotational direction signal).

Example of program:

The following program uses Y004 as the rotational direction signal for Y000.



4.3.4 CLEAR Signal Output (DSZR/ZRN Instruction)

DSZR instruction (zero return instruction with DOG search function) and ZRN instruction (zero return instruction) can stop the workpiece at the origin, and can output the CLEAR signal.

If it is necessary to output the CLEAR signal to perform zero return, turn on "CLEAR signal output function enable" flag. The following table shows "CLEAR signal output function enable" flag of each pulse output destination device (Y000, Y001, Y002, Y003).

Use the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver. 2.20 or later to specify the device that outputs the CLEAR signal.

→ For operation of DSZR instruction, refer to Section 6.2.

→ For operation of ZRN instruction, refer to Section 6.3.

1. If it is not necessary to use the clear signal device specification function, or if the FX3UC PLC of below Ver. 2.20 is used:

| Pulse output destination device | Status of "CLEAR signal output function enable" flag | Status of "Clear signal device specification function enable" flag*1 | CLEAR signal device number |
|---------------------------------|--|--|----------------------------|
| Y000 | M8341=ON | M8464=OFF | Y004 |
| Y001 | M8351=ON | M8465=OFF | Y005 |
| Y002 | M8361=ON | M8466=OFF | Y006 |
| Y003*2 | M8371=ON | M8467=OFF | Y007 |

*1. Use the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver. 2.20 or later to use "Clear signal device specification function enable" flag.

*2. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

2. If it is necessary to use the Clear signal device specification function:



Turn on "Clear signal device specification function enable" flag to specify the CLEAR signal (output Y) for the pulse output destination device using the Clear signal device specification device.

| Pulse output destination device | Status of "CLEAR signal output function enable" flag | Status of "Clear signal device specification function enable" flag | CLEAR signal device number | |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| | | | Clear signal device specification device | Initial value (CLEAR signal device) |
| Y000 | M8341=ON | M8464=ON | D8464 | - |
| Y001 | M8351=ON | M8465=ON | D8465 | - |
| Y002 | M8361=ON | M8466=ON | D8466 | - |
| Y003*1 | M8371=ON | M8467=ON | D8467 | - |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

→ For the Clear signal device specification method, refer to the next page.

If it is necessary to use the high-speed output special adapter:

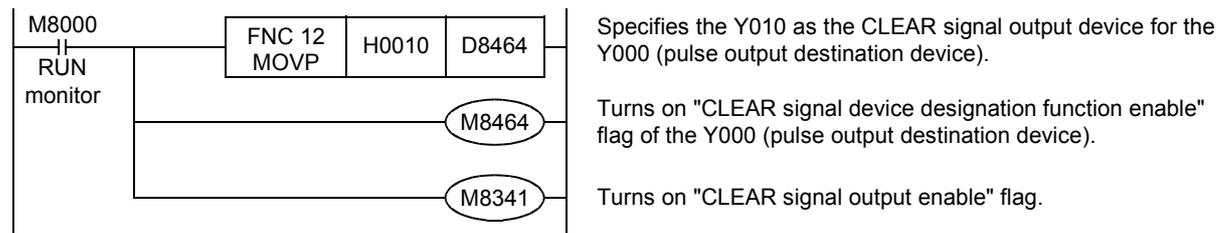
The output device initially set for CLEAR signal of DSZR/ZRN instruction is the same output device as "direction signal / reverse pulse train (rotation direction signal)" of high-speed output special adapter. Be sure to specify the output number of the other transistor output using the CLEAR signal designation function.

Clear signal device specification method:

- 1) Write the CLEAR signal output (Y) device number in "Clear signal device specification" device by a hexadecimal number (expressed octal numbers).
 e.g. setting H0010 means Y010. When setting H0008, an operation error occurs because Y008 does not exist.
- 2) Turn on "CLEAR signal output enable" flag and "Clear signal device specification function enable" flag of the pulse output designation device to specify the CLEAR signal device.
- 3) Execute DSZR instruction (zero return instruction with DOG search function) or ZRN instruction (zero return instruction).

Example of program:

The following figure shows a program that can specify Y010 as the CLEAR signal output device for Y000 (pulse output destination device):



4.3.5 Change in Logic of Near-Point (DOG) Signal (DSZR Instruction)

Turn on or off "DOG signal logic reverse" flag to specify the logic of the near-point (DOG) signal of DSZR instruction (zero return instruction with DOG search function). Use the operand (S1) of the instruction to specify the near-point (DOG) signal.

→ For operation of DSZR instruction, refer to Section 6.2.

| Pulse output destination device | "DOG signal logic reverse" flag | Description of setting |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Y000 | M8345 | OFF: Positive logic (Turning on the input will turn on the near-point signal.) ON: Negative logic (Turning off the input will turn on the near-point signal.) |
| Y001 | M8355 | |
| Y002 | M8365 | |
| Y003*1 | M8375 | |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

4.3.6 Change in Logic of Zero-Phase Signal (DSZR Instruction)

Turn on or off "Zero point signal logic reverse" flag to specify the logic of the zero-phase signal of DSZR instruction (zero return instruction with dog search function). Use the operand (S2) of the instruction to specify the zero-phase signal.

→ For operation of DSZR instruction, refer to Section 6.2.

| Pulse output destination device | "Zero point signal logic reverse" flag | Description of setting |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Y000 | M8346 | OFF: Positive logic (Turning on the input will turn on the zero-phase signal.) ON: Negative logic (Turning off the input will turn on the zero-phase signal.) |
| Y001 | M8356 | |
| Y002 | M8366 | |
| Y003*1 | M8376 | |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

4.3.7 Designation of interrupt input Signal for DVIT Instruction

The interrupt input signal of the interrupt positioning (DVIT) instruction depends on the pulse output destination device as shown in the following table.

Use the FX3UC PLC of Ver. 1.30 or later to specify the interrupt input signal.

Use the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver. 2.20 or later to set the user interruption command device.

→ For operation of DVIT instruction, refer to Chapter 9.

| Pulse output destination device | Interrupt input signal | |
|---------------------------------|--|---|
| | If it is not necessary to use the interrupt input designation function (M8336 = OFF), or if the FX3UC PLC of below Ver. 1.30 is used | If it is necessary to use the interrupt input designation function (M8336 = ON) |
| Y000 | X000 | D8336=H |
| Y001 | X001 | |
| Y002 | X002 | |
| Y003*1 | X003 | |

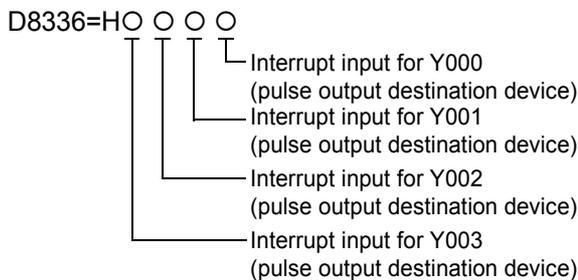
*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

Designation of interrupt input using M8336:

- 1) Turn on the M8336.
- 2) Set the interrupt input number (X000 to X007) in the D8336, or specify the user interruption command device*1.



→ For example of specifying program, refer to the following description.



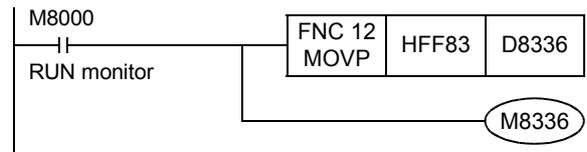
| Setting value | Description of setting | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|--------|-------|
| 0 | Specifies X000 for the interrupt input signal. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Specifies X001 for the interrupt input signal. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Specifies X007 for the interrupt input signal. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8*1 | Specifies the user interruption command device*1 for the interrupt input signal. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Pulse output destination device</th> <th>User interruption command device</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Y000</td> <td>M8460</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y001</td> <td>M8461</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y002</td> <td>M8462</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y003*2</td> <td>M8463</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Pulse output destination device | User interruption command device | Y000 | M8460 | Y001 | M8461 | Y002 | M8462 | Y003*2 | M8463 |
| | Pulse output destination device | User interruption command device | | | | | | | | | |
| | Y000 | M8460 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Y001 | M8461 | | | | | | | | | |
| Y002 | M8462 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y003*2 | M8463 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 to E*3 | Do not specify these values. | | | | | | | | | | |
| F*3 | Set "F" for a pulse output destination device if the device is not used for the interrupt positioning (DVIT) instruction. | | | | | | | | | | |

- *1. The device can be specified if the FX_{3U}/FX_{3UC} PLC of Ver. 2.20 or later is used. Using the FX_{3UC} PLC of below Ver. 2.20, if "8" is set and then the specified interrupt positioning (DVIT) instruction turns ON, an operation error (error code: K6763) will occur, and the instruction will not cause any operation.
- *2. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX_{3U}-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX_{3U} PLC.
- *3. After setting a number in the range of 9 to F for the interrupt input signal, if the corresponding interrupt positioning (DVIT) instruction turns ON, an operation error (error code: K6763) will occur, and the instruction will not cause any operation.

Example of program:

The following program Specification of interrupt input signal for each pulse output destination device as shown in the following table.

| Pulse output destination device | Interrupt input signal | Setting value |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|
| Y000 | X003 | 3 |
| Y001 | M8461 | 8 |
| Y002 | Unused | F |
| Y003*1 | Unused | F |



- *1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX_{3U}-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX_{3U} PLC.

4.3.8 Change in Logic of interrupt input Signal (DVIT Instruction)

Turn "Interrupt signal logic reverse" flag ON or OFF to specify the logic of the interrupt input signal of each interrupt positioning (DVIT) instruction.

→ For operation of DVIT instruction, refer to Chapter 9.
 → For details on the interrupt input signal designation method, refer to Subsection 4.3.7.

| Pulse output destination device | "Interrupt signal logic reverse" flag | Description |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Y000 | M8347 | OFF: Positive logic (Turning on the input will turn on the interrupt input signal.) ON: Negative logic (Turning off the input will turn on the interrupt input signal.) |
| Y001 | M8357 | |
| Y002 | M8367 | |
| Y003*1 | M8377 | |

- *1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX_{3U}-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX_{3U} PLC.

Caution:



If a user interruption command device (M8360 to M8463) is specified in the interrupt input signal, the logic of the user interruption command device cannot be specified. This is because turning on the user interruption command device will turn on the interrupt input signal.

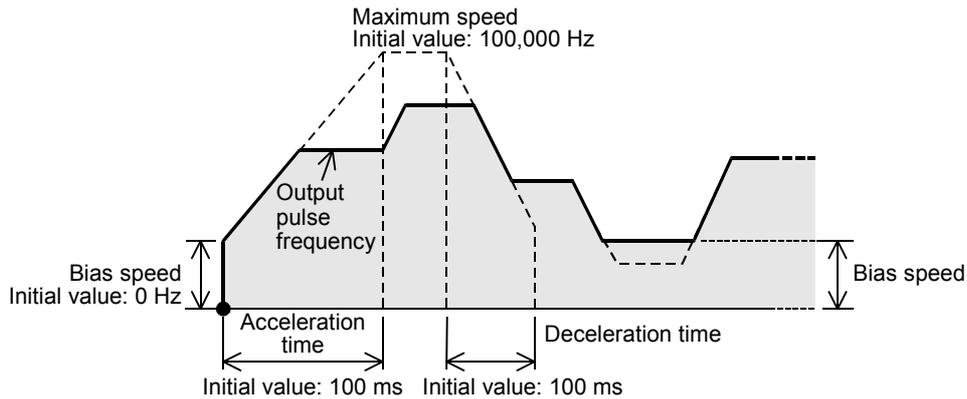
4.3.9 Acceleration/Deceleration by PLSV Instruction



Using the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver. 2.20 or later, if the M8338 (acceleration/deceleration operation) is turned on, the variable speed pulse output (PLSV) instruction will be activated to accelerate/decelerate the operation.

This means that if the command value of the output pulse frequency is changed, the operation will be accelerated or decelerated to the changed output pulse frequency depending on the specified acceleration/deceleration time.

→ For operation of PLSV instruction, refer to Chapter 10.



Caution:

- To enable acceleration/deceleration, turn on the M8338 first, and then activate the variable speed pulse output (PLSV) instruction.
- If acceleration/deceleration is enabled, the variable speed pulse output (PLSV) instructions of all the pulse output destination devices will accelerate/decelerate the operation. This means that acceleration/deceleration cannot be specified for each pulse output destination device.

4.4 Current Value and Flag for Monitoring of Operation

4.4.1 Current Value

During positioning operation, use the current value register to check the current value. The current value will be increased or decreased depending on the rotation direction. The following table shows the current value register (32-bit) of each pulse output destination device.

| Pulse output destination device | Current value register (32-bit) |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Y000 | D8341,D8340 |
| Y001 | D8351,D8350 |
| Y002 | D8361,D8360 |
| Y003*1 | D8371,D8370 |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

Caution:

The current value changes between -2,147,483,648 and 2,147,483,647. However, if an overflow or underflow occurs, the value changes as shown below. Check the value carefully.

- If the current value is increased past the maximum value, the minimum value will be indicated.
- If the current value is decreased below the minimum value, the maximum value will be indicated.

Necessity of zero return:

If the specified forward rotation pulse or the reverse rotation pulse is output, the current value register will increase or reduce the current value. Upon turning off the power of the PLC, however, the current value stored in the current value register will be erased. For this reason, after turning the power on again, be sure to adjust the current value of the current value register to the current position of the machine. For this adjustment, use the zero return instruction or the Absolute Current Value Read instruction (absolute position detection system) shown below:

- For details on DSZR instruction, refer to Section 6.2.
- For details on ZRN instruction, refer to Section 6.3.
- For details on ABS instruction, refer to Chapter 7.

| Instruction | Description |
|---------------|---|
| DSZR(FNC150) | Zero return instruction with DOG search function |
| ZRN(FNC156) | Zero return instruction (without DOG search function) |
| ABS(FNC155)*2 | Absolute Current Value Read instruction |

*2. The absolute position detection function is adopted for the MR-H□A, MR-J2□A MR-J2S□A, or MR-J3□A servo amplifiers. If one of these servo amplifiers is adopted and mechanical zero return is performed only once just before turning off the power, the current value will not be erased even after power-off.

After turning on the power again, read out the stored current value using ABS (FNC155) instruction of the PLC. This means that the current value can be obtained without performing zero return just after turning on the power again.

4.4.2 Completion of Execution of Instruction ("Instruction execution complete" Flag, "Instruction execution abnormal end" Flag)

Use "Instruction execution complete" flag or "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag to check whether execution of the positioning instruction is completed properly.

"Instruction execution complete" flag and "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag can be turned on or off for each instruction. Use these flags just after execution of each instruction.

→ For details on programming, refer to Subsection 4.7.4.

- "Instruction execution complete" flag: Will be turned on if the instruction is executed properly.
- "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag: Will be turned on if the instruction is not executed properly.

Caution:

If "Instruction execution complete" flag or "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag is turned on, then the execution of the instruction (pulse outputting operation, etc.) is completed. However, it is not certain whether the servo motor is stopped. Check "positioning completion" signal or "servo ready" signal of the servo amplifier (drive unit) to check whether the servo motor is stopped.

4.4.3 "Pulse Output Monitor" (BUSY/READY) Flag

Use "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag to check whether the pulse is being output to the pulse output destination device. The following table shows "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag of each pulse output destination device.

| Pulse output destination device | "Pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag | Statuses of flag and pulse |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Y000 | M8340 | Outputting pulse (BUSY):Flag = ON Pulse outputting stopped (READY):Flag = OFF |
| Y001 | M8350 | |
| Y002 | M8360 | |
| Y003*1 | M8370 | |

- *1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

4.4.4 "Positioning Instruction Activation" Flag

Use "positioning instruction activation" flag of each pulse output destination device to check whether or not the positioning instruction is being executed for the pulse output destination. Use this flag to prevent simultaneous activation of two or more positioning instructions in the same pulse output destination device.

| Pulse output destination device | "Positioning instruction Activation" flag | Statuses of flag and pulse |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Y000 | M8348 | ON: The positioning instruction is being activated for the corresponding pulse output destination. (Even after completing execution of the instruction, if the instruction is still activated, the flag will not be turned off.) OFF: The positioning instruction is not being activated for the corresponding pulse output destination. |
| Y001 | M8358 | |
| Y002 | M8368 | |
| Y003*1 | M8378 | |

- *1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

4.5 Setting of Various Items on PLC Side

4.5.1 Setting of Common Items Using Program

For each pulse output destination device (Y000, Y001, Y002, Y003*¹), set the items shown in the following table without using the operand of the instruction.

| Setting item | Setting device | | | | Instruction | | | | | | | | Refer to |
|--|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|-----|-----------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------------------|
| | Y000 | Y001 | Y002 | Y003* ¹ | DSZR | ZRN | ABS | TBL | PLSV | DVIT | DRVI | DRVA | |
| Items related to speed | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Maximum speed* ² | D8344, D8343 | D8354, D8353 | D8364, D8363 | D8374, D8373 | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓* ³ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | Subsection 4.2.5 |
| Bias speed | D8342 | D8352 | D8362 | D8372 | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓* ³ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | Subsection 4.2.6 |
| Acceleration time | D8348 | D8358 | D8368 | D8378 | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓* ³ | ✓* ⁴ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | Subsection 4.2.7 |
| Deceleration time | D8349 | D8359 | D8369 | D8379 | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓* ³ | ✓* ⁴ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | Subsection 4.2.8 |
| Zero return speed* ² | D8347, D8346 | D8357, D8356 | D8367, D8366 | D8377, D8376 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Subsection 4.2.3 |
| Creep speed | D8345 | D8355 | D8365 | D8375 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Subsection 4.2.4 |
| Items specially needed for (DSZR) zero return instruction with DOG search function and (ZRN) zero return instruction) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Zero return direction | M8342 | M8352 | M8362 | M8372 | ✓ | ✓* ⁵ | - | - | - | - | - | - | Subsection 4.3.3 |
| CLEAR signal output | M8341 | M8351 | M8361 | M8371 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | Subsection 4.3.4 |
| CLEAR signal device change* ⁶ | M8464 D8464 | M8465 D8465 | M8466 D8466 | M8467 D8467 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | Subsection 4.3.4 |
| Logic of near-point signal | M8345 | M8355 | M8365 | M8375 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | Subsection 4.3.5 |
| Logic of zero-phase signal | M8346 | M8356 | M8366 | M8376 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Subsection 4.3.6 |
| Items specially needed for variable speed pulse output (PLSV) instruction | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Acceleration/ deceleration Operation* ⁴ | M8338 | | | | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | Subsection 4.3.9 |
| Items specially needed for interrupt positioning (DVIT) instruction | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interrupt input signal device change* ⁷ | M8336 D8336 | | | | - | - | - | ✓* ³ | - | ✓ | - | - | Subsection 4.3.7 |

A
Common Items

B
Built-in Positioning Function

Apx.
Example Connection

| Setting item | Setting device | | | | Instruction | | | | | | | | Refer to |
|---|----------------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------------------|
| | Y000 | Y001 | Y002 | Y003*1 | DSZR | ZRN | ABS | TBL | PLSV | DVIT | DRVI | DRVA | |
| User interrupt input command device*7 | M8460 | M8461 | M8462 | M8463 | - | - | - | ✓*3 | - | ✓ | - | - | Subsection 4.3.7 |
| Logic of interrupt input signal | M8347 | M8357 | M8367 | M8377 | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | Subsection 4.3.8 |
| Forward limit, reverse limit, and immediate stop of pulse output | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Forward limit | M8343 | M8353 | M8363 | M8373 | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | Subsection 4.3.1 |
| Reverse limit | M8344 | M8354 | M8364 | M8374 | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | Subsection 4.3.1 |
| Immediate stop of pulse output*8 | M8349 | M8359 | M8369 | M8379 | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | Subsection 4.3.2 |

- *1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.
- *2. 32 bits are adopted for the maximum speed setting device and the zero return speed setting device.
- *3. Set this item using the PC parameter (positioning) of GX Developer (Ver.8.23Z or later) and the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver.2.20 or later. The data set by the parameter will be stored in the corresponding device.
- *4. To accelerate or decelerate the operation using the variable speed pulse output (PLSV) instruction of the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver.2.20 or later, it is necessary to set this item.
If the operation is not accelerated or decelerated, or if the FX3UC PLC of below Ver.2.20 is used, this instruction will not use this item even if this item is set.
- *5. ZRN instruction will not use any zero return direction setting devices. Using the program, adjust the rotation direction output to the zero return direction.
- *6. This item can be set using the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver.2.20 or later.
- *7. This item can be set using the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver.1.30 or later.
The user interrupt input command device, however, can be set using the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver.2.20 or later.
- *8. Use this function only if immediate stop is absolutely needed to avoid danger.

Example of program:

In the following program, the zero return instruction with DOG search function (DSZR), variable speed pulse output (PLSV) instruction, and interrupt positioning (DVIT) instruction are used for the pulse output destination (Y000) under the conditions shown in the following table.

1) Set conditions

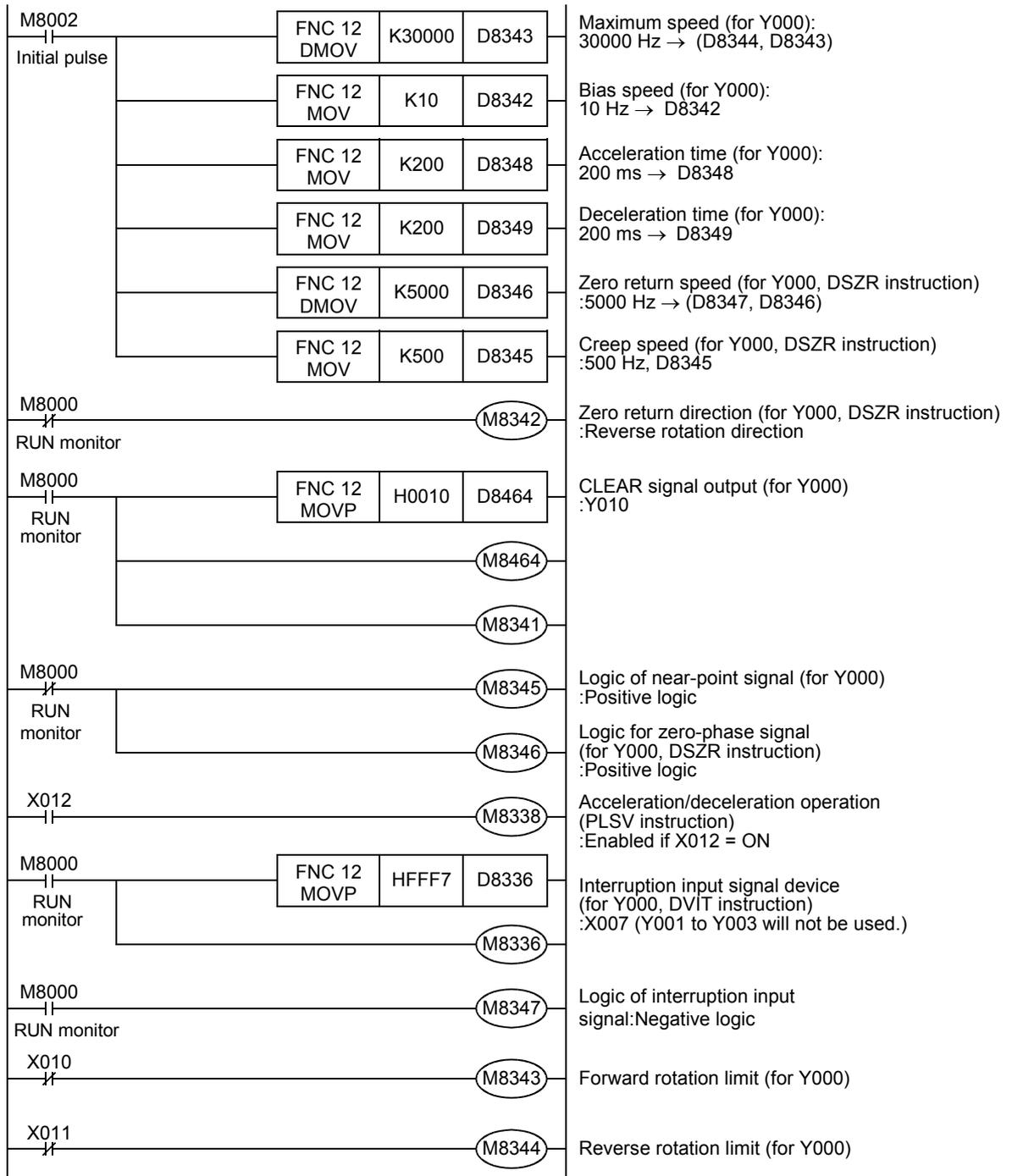
| Setting item | Description of setting | Related device | Setting value or condition |
|---|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Items related to speed | | | |
| Maximum speed | 30000Hz | D8344, D8343 (32-bit) | K30000 |
| Bias speed | 10Hz | D8342 | K10 |
| Acceleration time | 200ms | D8348 | K200 |
| Deceleration time | 200ms | D8349 | K200 |
| Zero return speed | 5000Hz | D8347, D8346 (32-bit) | K5000 |
| Creep speed | 500Hz | D8345 | K500 |
| Items specially needed for DSZR instruction (zero return instruction with DOG search function) and ZRN instruction (zero return instruction) | | | |
| Zero return direction | Reverse rotation direction | M8342 | OFF |
| CLEAR signal output | Output to Y010 | M8341 | ON |
| CLEAR signal device change*6 | | M8464 | ON |
| | | D8464 | H0010 |
| Logic of near-point signal | Sets the positive logic (turning on the input will turn on the near-point signal). | M8345 | OFF |
| Logic of zero-phase signal | Sets the positive logic (turning on the input will turn on the zero-phase signal). | M8346 | OFF |
| Items specially needed for variable speed pulse output (PLSV) instruction | | | |
| Acceleration/deceleration Operation | If X012 is turned on, the variable speed pulse output (PLSV) instruction will be activated to accelerate or decelerate the operation. | M8338 | ON: If X012 = ON |
| Items specially needed for interrupt positioning (DVIT) instruction | | | |
| Interrupt input signal device change | Sets X007 for interrupt inputs. Interrupt positioning (DVIT) instruction will not be used for the pulse output destinations Y001, Y002, and Y003. | M8336 | ON |
| | | D8336 | HFFF7 |
| User interrupt input command device | Do not use. | M8460 | - |
| Logic of interrupt input signal | Sets the negative logic (turning off the input will turn on the interruption signal). | M8347 | ON |
| Forward limit, reverse limit, and immediate stop of pulse output | | | |
| Forward limit | If X010 is turned off (if the NC contact is turned on), the limit switch will be activated. | M8343 | ON: If X010 = OFF |
| Reverse limit | If X011 is turned off (if the NC contact is turned on), the limit switch will be activated. | M8344 | ON: If X011 = OFF |
| Immediate stop of pulse output | Do not use. | M8349 | - |

A
Common Items

B
Built-in Positioning Function

Apx.
Example Connection

2) Set program



4.5.2 Setting of High-Speed Output Special Adapter

If high-speed output special adapter (FX3U-2HSY-ADP) is used, the pulse output method can be selected from "pulse train + direction" method and "forward/reverse rotation pulse train" method.

1. Setting of pulse output method

Using the pulse output method setting switch of the high-speed output special adapter (FX3U-2HSY-ADP), set the pulse output method as shown in the following table.

The set pulse output method should conform to the command pulse input method set for the servo amplifier (drive unit).

→ For details on the servo amplifier (drive unit), refer to the manual of the product used in your system.

| Position of pulse output method setting switch | Pulse output method | | Logic of command pulse |
|--|--|--|------------------------|
| FP-RP side | Forward rotation pulse train (FP) Reverse rotation pulse train (RP) | | Negative logic |
| PLS-DIR side | Pulse train + direction | | Negative logic |

*1. "ON" and "OFF" represent the statuses of the PLC output. "H" and "L" respectively represent the HIGH status and the LOW status of the waveform.

→ For details on the relation between the PLC output and the waveform, refer to Subsection 4.6.1.

Caution:

Operate Output Form Setting Switch while PLC is STOP or the power is OFF. Do not operate Output Form Setting Switch while pulse is being generated.

2. Setting of rotation direction signal for positioning instruction

If high-speed output special adapter (FX3U-2HSY-ADP) is used, the rotation direction signal will be assigned to each pulse output destination device as shown in the following table. Set the rotation direction signal of the positioning instruction as shown in the following table:

| Position of pulse output method setting switch of high-speed output special adapter | Signal | Name of positioning instruction | Output number | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| | | | The 1st adapter | | The 2nd adapter | |
| | | | 1st axis | 2nd axis | 3rd axis | 4th axis |
| FP-RP side | Forward rotation pulse train (FP) | Pulse output destination: | Y000 | Y001 | Y002 | Y003 |
| | Reverse rotation pulse train (RP) | Rotation direction signal | Y004 | Y005 | Y006 | Y007 |
| PLS-DIR side | Pulse train | Pulse output destination: | Y000 | Y001 | Y002 | Y003 |
| | Direction | Rotation direction signal | Y004 | Y005 | Y006 | Y007 |

3. CLEAR signal and rotation direction signal

If high-speed output special adapter (FX3U-2HSY-ADP) is used, the same output will be used for both the CLEAR signal and the rotation direction signal of DSZR (FNC150) or ZRN (FNC156) instruction. For this reason, to output the CLEAR signal, change the CLEAR signal device.

→ For details on the CLEAR signal device change method, refer to Subsection 4.3.4.

| Pulse output destination device | CLEAR signal device initially set | Rotation direction signal (reverse rotation pulse train / direction) | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|----------|-----------------|----------|
| | | The 1st adapter | | The 2nd adapter | |
| | | 1st axis | 2nd axis | 3rd axis | 4th axis |
| Y000 | Y004 | Y004 | - | - | - |
| Y001 | Y005 | - | Y005 | - | - |
| Y002 | Y006 | - | - | Y006 | - |
| Y003 | Y007 | - | - | - | Y007 |

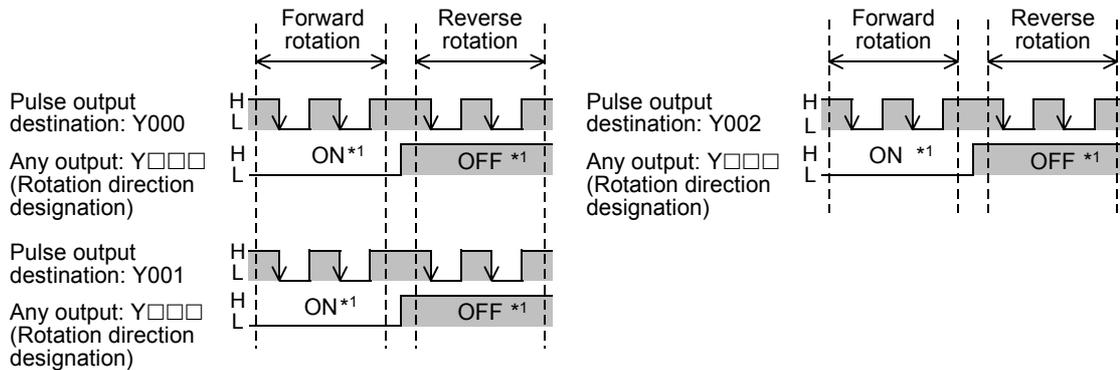
4.6 Setting of Various Items on Servo Amplifier (Drive Unit) Side

→ For details on the servo amplifier (drive unit), refer to the manual of the product used in your system.

4.6.1 Setting of Command Pulse Input Method

1. Pulse output method on PLC side

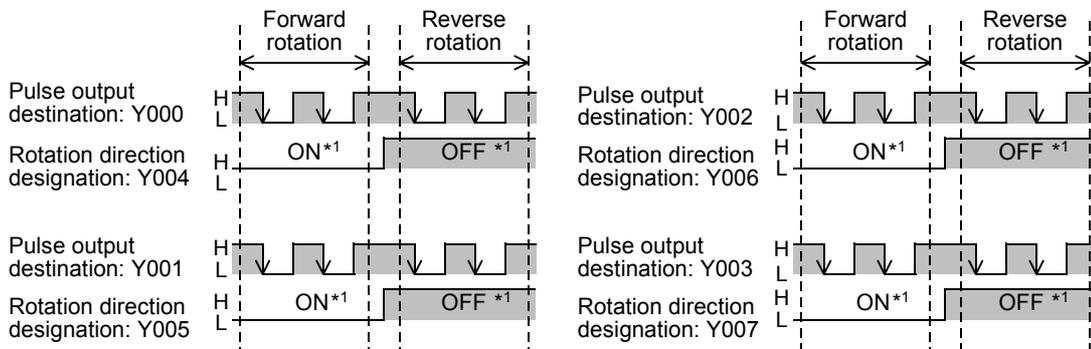
- 1) If the main unit (transistor output (sink output)) is used, the pulse output signals (pulse output destination and rotation direction) will be as shown in the following figure:



- *1. "ON" and "OFF" represent the statuses of the PLC output. "H" and "L" respectively represent the HIGH status and the LOW status of the waveform.

→ For details on the relation between the PLC output and the waveform, refer to the next page.

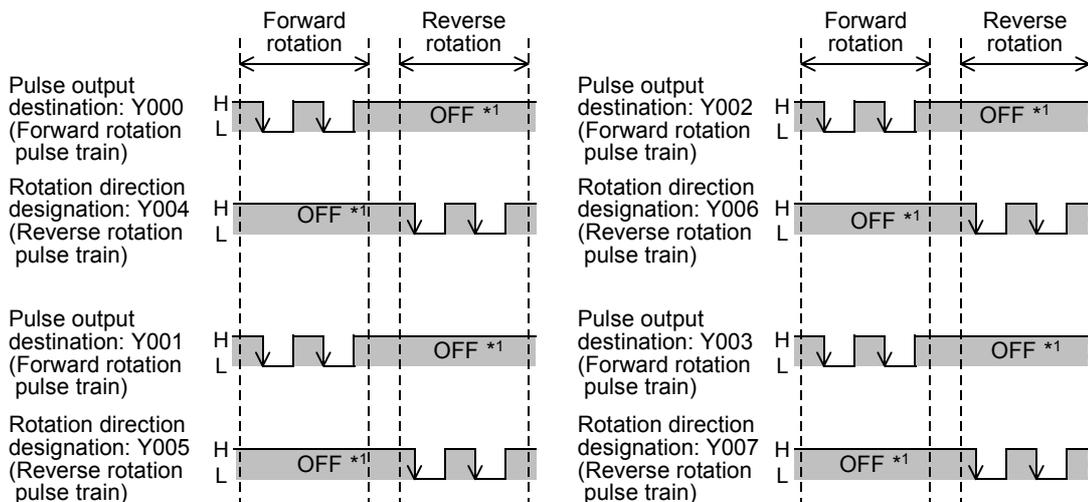
- 2) If the pulse output method setting switch of the high-speed output special adapter is set to "PLS-DIR" position, the pulse output signals (pulse output destination signal and rotation direction signal) will be as shown in the following figure:



- *1. "ON" and "OFF" represent the statuses of the PLC output. "H" and "L" respectively represent the HIGH status and the LOW status of the waveform.

→ For details on the relation between high-speed output special adapter output and the waveform, refer to the next page.

- 3) High-speed output special adapter (Forward/Reverse Pulse Train setting)
 When setting Operate Output Form Setting Switch of the high speed output special adapter to "FP·RP" side, the pulse output signals will be as shown in the following figure.

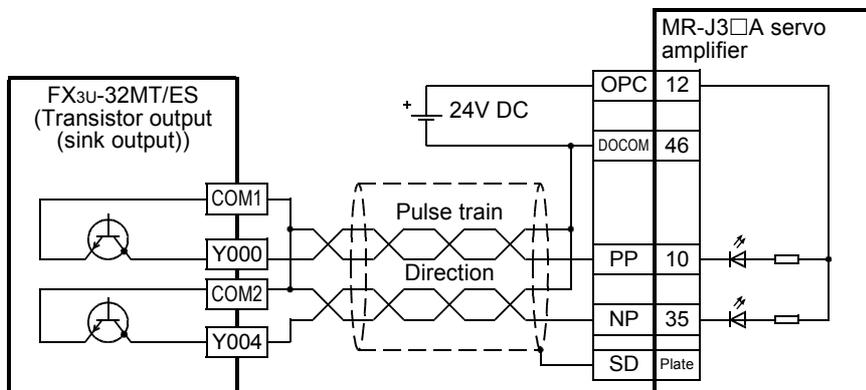


*1. "ON" and "OFF" represent the statuses of the PLC output. "H" and "L" respectively represent the HIGH status and the LOW status of the waveform.

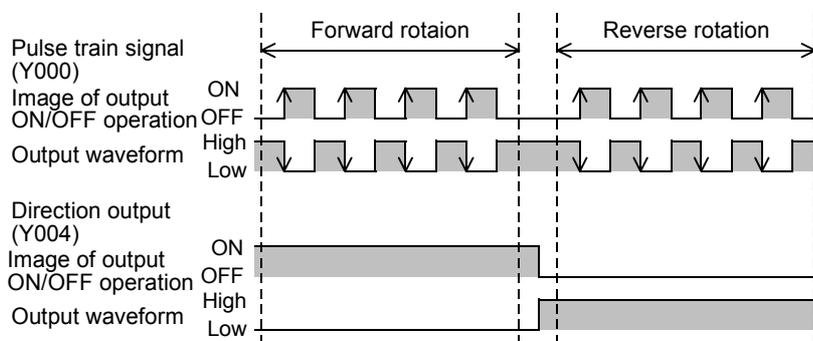
→ For details on the relation between high-speed output special adapter output and the waveform, refer to the next page.

Reference: Image of PLC output and waveform (for MELSERVO-J3 Series servo amplifier)

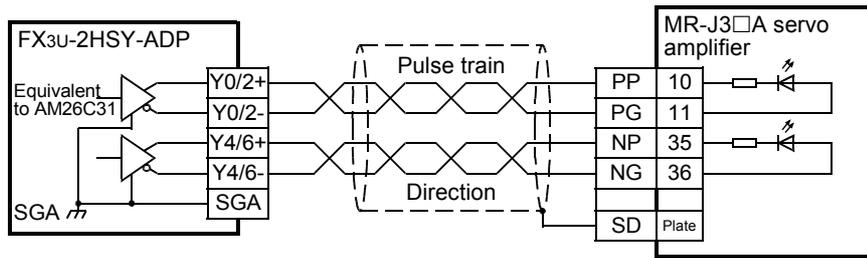
- 1) Base unit (transistor output (sink output))
 - a) Connection of PLC to servo amplifier
 When a FX3U Series PLC (sink output) is used, it is connected as shown below.



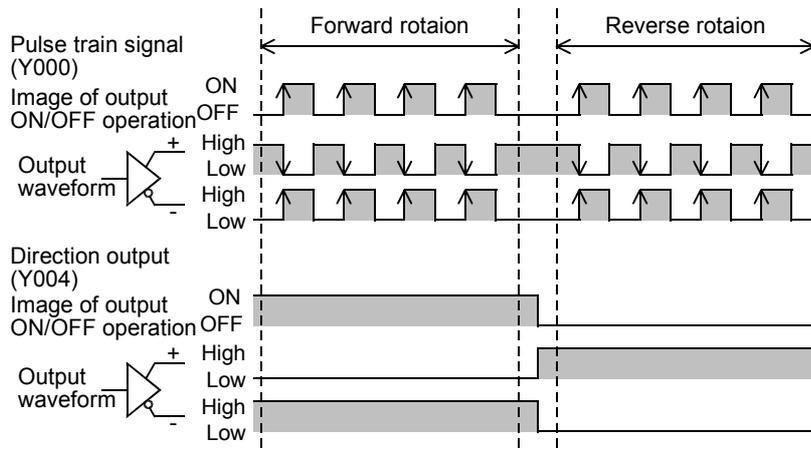
- b) Image of PLC output and output waveform



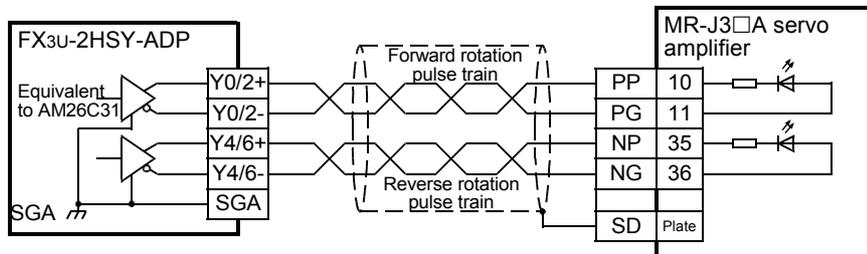
- 2) High-speed output special adapter (set to "pulse train + direction")
 - a) Connection of PLC to servo amplifier



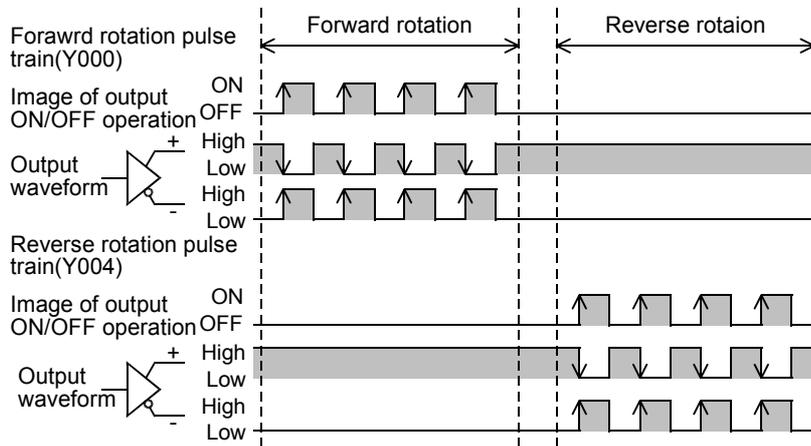
- b) Image of PLC output and output waveform
 The output waveform shown below is based on the SGA terminal of high-speed output special adapter. If the SGB side of high-speed output special adapter is used, the output waveform will be that of the SGB terminal.



- 3) High-speed output special adapter (set to "forward/reverse rotation pulse TRAIN")
 - a) Connection of PLC to servo amplifier



- b) Image of PLC output and output waveform
 The output waveform shown below is based on the SGA terminal of high-speed output special adapter. If the SGB side of the high-speed output special adapter is used, the output waveform will be that of the SGB terminal.



2. Setting of command pulse input method for servo amplifier (drive unit)

Set the following parameter of the servo amplifier (drive unit) so that the pulse train input method of the servo amplifier (drive unit) can be adjusted to the pulse output method of the PLC as shown in the following tables.

| Servo amplifier (drive unit) | Pulse output method of main unit | Pulse output method of high-speed output special adapter | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| | Transistor output (sink output) | Differential line driver | |
| | Pulse train + direction | Pulse train + direction | Forward rotation pulse train, reverse rotation pulse train |
| Command pulse input method | "Pulse train + sign" | "Pulse train + sign" | Forward rotation pulse train, reverse rotation pulse train |
| Logic of command pulse | "Negative logic" | "Negative logic" | "Negative logic" |

Parameter setting for each series of MELSERVO servo amplifier:

| Series | Parameter No. | Set value | |
|--------------|---------------|---|--|
| | | Pulse train + direction Negative logic | forward/reverse rotation pulse train Negative logic |
| MR-J3 | 13 | 0011 | 0010 |
| MR-J2,MR-J2S | 21 | 0011 | 0010 |
| MR-C | 7 | 011 | 010 |
| MR-H | 21 | 011□*1 | 010□*1 |
| MR-J | 7 | □□□1*1 | □□□0*1 |

*1. □ is for the setting except command pulse output form.

→ For details, refer to Servo amplifier manual.

4.6.2 Setting of Electronic Gear (For MELSERVO Series)

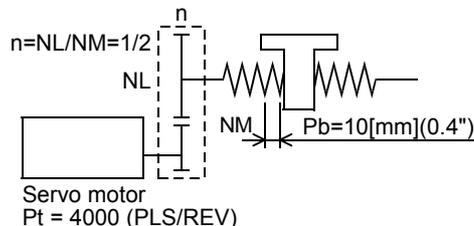
Use the electronic gear of the servo motor to set the transfer distance per pulse.
 For details on electronic gear setting, refer to the manual of your servo motor or servo amplifier, and set the optimum value considering the application.

Setting example 1:

To set the transfer distance per pulse to 10 μm (if the machine uses a ball screw):

Machine specifications

| | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| Servo amplifier | MR-C Series |
| Rated rotational speed of servo motor | 3000r/min |
| Lead of ball screw (Pb) | 10mm (0.4") |
| Reduction ratio (mechanical gear) (n) | 1/2 |
| Resolution of servo motor (Pt) | 4000PLS/REV |



$$\frac{CMX}{CDV} = \Delta l_0 \times \frac{Pt}{n \times Pb} = 10 \times 10^{-3} \times \frac{4000}{1/2 \times 10} = \frac{8}{1}$$

Set the electronic gear as follows:

CMX = 8, CDV = 1

In this case, when the main unit outputs the maximum output pulse frequency (100 kHz), the servo motor rotational speed will be as follows:

$$N_0 = \frac{CMX}{CDV} \times \frac{60}{Pt} \times f_0$$

$$= \frac{8}{1} \times \frac{60}{4000} \times 100000$$

= 12000r/min > 3000r/min (Rated rotational speed of servo motor)

- f₀ : Command pulse frequency [Hz]
(Open collector system)
- CMX: Electronic gear
(numerator of command pulse multiplying factor)
- CDV: Electronic gear
(denominator of command pulse multiplying factor)
- N₀ : Servo motor rotational speed [r/min]
- Δ l₀ : Transfer distance per pulse [mm]

It is not necessary to restrict the maximum speed on the PLC side because the servo motor rotational speed is less than the rated rotational speed.

| Pulse output destination device | Maximum speed setting device |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Y000 | D8344, D8343 |
| Y001 | D8354, D8353 |
| Y002 | D8364, D8363 |
| Y003*1 | D8374, D8373 |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

Setting example 2:

To set the transfer distance per pulse to 0.01° (if a turntable is used):

Machine specifications

| | |
|--|---------------|
| Servo amplifier | MR-J2S Series |
| Rated rotational speed of servo motor | 3000r/min |
| Turntable | 360°/REV |
| Reduction ratio (mechanical gear) (n) (Timing belt) | 8/64 |
| Resolution of servo motor (Pt) | 131072PLS/REV |

$$\frac{CMX}{CDV} = \Delta l_0 \times \frac{Pt}{n \times 360} = 1 \times 10^{-2} \times \frac{131072}{8/64 \times 360} = \frac{32768}{1125}$$

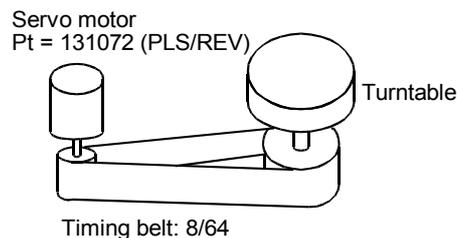
Set the electronic gear as follows:

$$CMX = 32768, CDV = 1125$$

In this case, when the main unit outputs the maximum output pulse frequency (100 kHz), the servo motor rotational speed will be as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} N_0 &= \frac{CMX}{CDV} \times \frac{60}{Pt} \times f_0 \\ &= \frac{32768}{1125} \times \frac{60}{131072} \times 100000 \\ &\approx 1333.33 \dots r/min < 3000r/min \text{ (Rated rotational speed)} \end{aligned}$$

It is not necessary to restrict the maximum speed on the PLC side because the servo motor rotational speed is less than the rated rotational speed.



- f₀ : Command pulse frequency [Hz] (open collector system)
- CMX: Electronic gear (numerator of command pulse multiplying factor)
- CDV : Electronic gear (denominator of command pulse multiplying factor)
- N₀ : Servo motor rotational speed [r/min]
- Δl₀ : Transfer distance per pulse [°]

4.6.3 Setting of "Servo Ready" Signal (MELSERVO MR-C Series)

If the following parameter is set as shown in the following table for the MELSERVO MR-C Series, pin 3 of the CN1 connector of the servo amplifier will be changed to "servo ready" (RD). Note that the following parameter should be set for the examples of programs shown in Chapter 12.

| Series | Parameter No. | Setting value |
|--------|---------------|---------------|
| MR-C | 21 | 020 |

4.7 Items To Be Observed in Programming

This section describes various programming items that will not be affected by any pulse output destination devices (hardware).

In other sections, the programming items that will be affected by the pulse output destination devices are described. Also refer to these sections.

- To use the transistor output of the main unit, also refer to Section 4.8.
- To use the high-speed output special adapter, also refer to Section 4.9.

4.7.1 Positioning Instruction Activation Timing

The following positioning instruction can be programmed as much as needed. However, observe the items shown in the following table to determine the instruction activation timing.

| | Description | Instruction to be used | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------|--|------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|---|
| | | DSZR | DVIT | TBL | ABS | ZRN | PLSV | DRVI | DRVA | |
| Instruction to be used | DSZR(FNC150) | Zero return instruction with DOG search function | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | △ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | DVIT(FNC151) | Interrupt Positioning (interruption fixed-feed) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | △ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | TBL(FNC152) | Positioning by batch setting method | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | △ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | ABS(FNC155) | Current ABS value read-out from servo amplifier*1 | △ | △ | △ | △ | △ | △ | △ | △ |
| | ZRN(FNC156) | Zero returnzero return (without DOG search function) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | △ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | PLSV(FNC157) | Variable speed Pulse Output | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | △ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | DRVI(FNC158) | Drive to Increment | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | △ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | DRVA(FNC159) | Drive to Absolute | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | △ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

✓: If the pulse output destination device is now outputting pulses, the instruction cannot be activated. Refer to "Note" below.

△: For absolute position detection system, activate ABS (FNC155) instruction at turning-on the servo amplifier at power-on. After execution of this instruction, the current value will be read out from the servo amplifier*1 only once.

Turning off this instruction will turn off the servo amplifier*1.

- *1. ABS (FNC155) instruction can be used for absolute position detection system of the MELSERVO-J3, -J2(S), and -H Series.

Caution:

If "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag is on, and if the positioning instruction (excluding the ABS instruction) or the pulse output instruction (PLSR, PLSY) uses the same pulse output destination device, the instruction cannot be executed.

Even after turning off of the instruction activation contact, if "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag is still on, do not execute the positioning instruction (including PLSR and PLSY instructions) for the same output number.

Before activating such an instruction, check that "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag is off, and then wait until 1 cycle or more of operation has been completed.

→ For examples of programs, refer to Chapter 12.

| Pulse output destination device | "Pulse output monitor" flag |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Y000 | M8340 |
| Y001 | M8350 |
| Y002 | M8360 |
| Y003*1 | M8370 |

- *1. Y003 can be specified as the pulse output destination only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

Use with PLSY (FNC57) and PLSR (FNC59) instructions:

In addition to the later-described positioning instructions, there are other instructions that need outputting of pulses. They are pulse output instructions FNC57 (PLSY) and FNC59 (PLSR).

- Do not use the same output number for both the positioning instruction (FNC150 - FNC159) and the pulse output instruction (FNC57 or FNC59).
- Use of a positioning instruction together with PLSY or PLSR instruction will complicate the operation of the register that controls the number of output pulses (see the following table). For this reason, it is recommended that a positioning instruction should be used in place of PLSY or PLSR instruction.

→ For details on the related devices, refer to Section 4.1 to Section 4.4.

| Pulse output destination device | Current value register | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | For FNC150 - FNC159 instructions | For FNC57 and FNC59 instructions |
| Y000 | D8341,D8340 | D8141,D8140 |
| Y001 | D8351,D8350 | D8143,D8142 |
| Y002 | D8361,D8360 | - |
| Y003*1 | D8371,D8370 | - |

- *1. Y003 can be specified as the pulse output destination only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.
- If it is necessary to use a positioning instruction (FNC150 to FNC159) together with a pulse output instruction (FNC57 or FNC59), use the following positioning instruction in place of the pulse output instruction:
 - FNC57(PLSY), FNC59(PLSR)→FNC158(DRVI)

4.7.2 STOP instruction

For the normal stop of operation (stop after speed reduction), use "instruction OFF" function or "forward/reverse limit flag".

If immediate stop is absolutely needed to avoid danger, use the pulse output stop command flag.

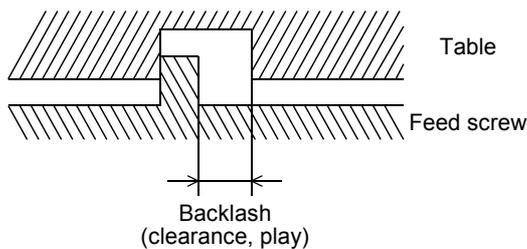
During execution of positioning instruction, however, if the pulse output stop command flag is turned on, the pulse outputting operation will be immediately stopped. This means that the motor will be immediately stopped, which may damage the system. For this reason, carefully use the pulse output stop command flag.

| Pulse output destination device | Pulse stop instruction | Operation |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|---|
| Y000 | M8349 | During pulse outputting operation, if the pulse output stop command flag of the corresponding pulse output destination device is turned on, the pulse outputting operation will be immediately stopped. |
| Y001 | M8359 | |
| Y002 | M8369 | |
| Y003*1 | M8379 | |

*1. Y003 can be specified as the pulse output destination only if 2 high-speed output special adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

4.7.3 Correction of Backlash

The built-in positioning function cannot correct the mechanical backlash (clearance, play). If it is necessary to correct the backlash, preliminarily set the number of output pulses considering the backlash that may be caused while reversing the transfer direction.



4.7.4 "Instruction execution complete" Flag of Positioning Instruction and Completion of Positioning

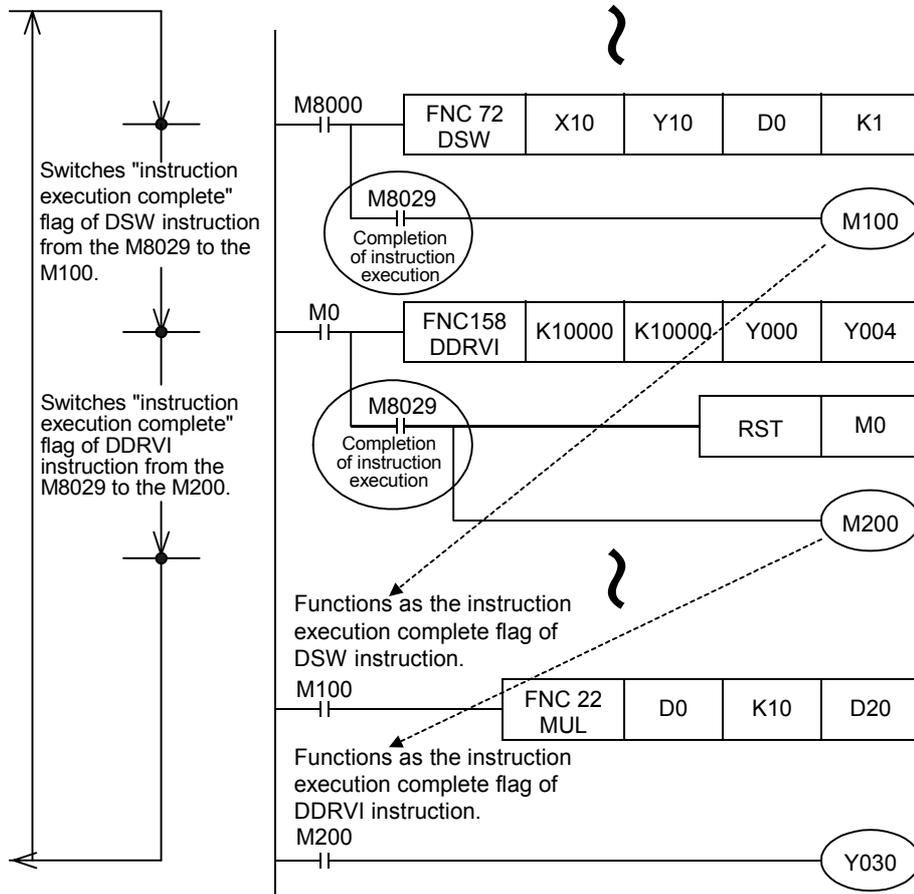
If the Instruction execution complete flag (M8029) or the Instruction execution abnormal end flag (M8329) is turned on, judge that execution of the instruction (pulse outputting operation, etc.) is completed. In this case, however, it is not certain whether the servo motor is stopped. Check "positioning completion" signal or "servo ready" signal of the servo amplifier (drive unit) to check whether the servo motor is stopped.

→ For details on "Instruction execution complete" flag and "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag, refer to Subsection 4.4.2.

2) To use at a position other than just below the positioning instruction:

If two or more positioning instructions are used in a program, "Instruction execution complete" flag (M8029) or "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag (M8329) will be turned on or off after execution of each instruction.

If it is necessary to use "Instruction execution complete" flag or "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag at a point other than just below the instruction, turn on or off the other bit device just below the instruction, and use the contact as the command contact.



4.7.5 Operation Error Flag

If an applied instruction (including positioning instructions) of the FX3U/FX3UC PLC has an error (construction error, device designation error, numbering range error, etc.), an operation error may occur during operation. If an operation error occurs, the following flag will be turned on, and the error data will be stored.

1. Operation error

| Error flag | Error code storage device | Error detected step number storage device (32-bit) |
|------------|---------------------------|--|
| M8067 | D8067 | D8315,D8314 |

- If an operation error occurs, the M8067 will be turned on, and the operation error code will be stored in the D8067, and the error detected step number*¹ will be stored in the D8315 and D8314 (32-bit).

*1.If the error detected step number is 32767 or less, the error step number can be also checked using the D8069 (16-bit).

- If an operation error occurs at the other step, the error code and the error step number of the instruction will be sequentially updated. (If the error status is canceled, the error flag will be turned off.)
- If the PLC once stopped is restarted without canceling the error status, the error status will be automatically canceled, but immediately after that, the error flag will be turned on again.

2. Operation error latch

| Error flag | Error code storage device | Error detected step number storage device (32-bit) |
|------------|---------------------------|--|
| M8068 | - | D8313,D8312 |

- If an operation error occurs, the M8068 will be turned on, and the error detected step number*¹ will be stored in the D8313 and D8312.

*1.If the operation error detected step number is 32767 or less, the error step number can be also checked using the D8068 (16-bit).

- If a new error is caused by the other instruction, the error data will not be updated, and the operation will be continued until "forced reset" command is input or the power is turned off.

4.7.6 Write during RUN

Do not change program if a positioning instruction (FNC150, FNC151, FNC156 to FNC159) is being executed (pulses are being output) in the RUN mode. Operations will be performed as shown in the following table if program changes during execution of instruction in RUN mode.

| Instruction | If program is change in circuit block including currently-activated instruction | |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| DSZR(FNC150) | Decelerates and stops pulse output. | |
| DVIT(FNC151) | | |
| TBL(FNC152) | Program cannot be change in the RUN mode. | |
| ZRN(FNC156) | Decelerates and stops pulse output. | |
| PLSV (FNC157) | During operation with acceleration/deceleration* ¹ | Decelerates and stops pulse output. |
| | During operation without acceleration/deceleration | Immediately stops pulse output. |
| DRVI(FNC158) | Decelerates and stops pulse output. | |
| DRVA(FNC159) | | |

- *1. This instruction is compatible with Ver.2.20 or later.
 If the FX3UC PLC is used and its version is below Ver.2.20, operation will be performed without acceleration/deceleration.

4.8 Items To Be Observed in Use of Main Unit (Transistor Output)

1. Pulse output destination devices

Use Y000, Y001, and Y002 transistor outputs of the main unit as the pulse output destination devices. Do not use Y003 transistor output of the main unit for the positioning instructions. If Y003 is used for a positioning instruction, PLC failure may occur.

2. Pulse output method

Adjust the pulse output method of the transistor output of the main unit so that the pulse output method can conform to the command pulse input method of the servo amplifier (drive unit). If the pulse output method is not properly adjusted, the servo amplifier (drive unit) may not perform the intended operation.

→ For details on the servo amplifier (drive unit), refer to the manual of the product used in your system.

→ For details on the pulse output method of the main unit, refer to Subsection 4.6.1.

3. Output pulse frequency (including zero return speed)

If more than 100,000 Hz pulse is output from the transistor output terminal of the main unit to perform operation, it may cause PLC failure.

The output pulse frequency and the zero return speed should be equal to or less than the maximum frequency of the servo amplifier (drive unit).

4. Load current

To use a positioning instruction for Y000, Y001, or Y002 transistor output of the main unit, adjust the load current of the open collector transistor output to 10 to 100 mA (5 to 24V DC).

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Operation voltage range | 5 to 24V DC |
| Operation current range | 10 to 100mA |
| Output pulse frequency | 100 kHz or less |

4.9 Caution for Using the High-Speed Output Special Adapter (FX3U-2HSY-ADP)

1. Output terminals to be used

If the high-speed output special adapter is connected, output numbers will be assigned in the same way as the main unit as shown in the following table. Use the output terminals of one side (main unit side or high-speed output special adapter side), and do not connect lines to the output terminals of unused side. The outputs of high-speed output special adapter and the main unit will operate as follows.

Assignment of output numbers

| Position of pulse output method setting switch of high-speed output special adapter | Signal | Name of positioning instruction | Output number | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| | | | The 1st adapter | | The 2nd adapter | |
| | | | 1st axis | 2nd axis | 3rd axis | 4th axis |
| FP-RP side | Forward rotation pulse train (FP) | Pulse output destination | Y000 | Y001 | Y002 | Y003 |
| | Reverse rotation pulse train (RP) | Rotation direction signal | Y004 | Y005 | Y006 | Y007 |
| PLS-DIR side | Pulse train | Pulse output destination | Y000 | Y001 | Y002 | Y003 |
| | Direction | Rotation direction signal | Y004 | Y005 | Y006 | Y007 |

Operation of output

| | Operation of output | |
|--|--|--------------------|
| | Instruction for outputting pulse train at high speed | Other instructions |
| Main unit of relay output type | If the instruction turns ON, the corresponding output will be turned on (the corresponding LED will be turned on). | Can be activated. |
| FX3U PLC main unit of transistor output type | Can be activated.* ¹ | Can be activated. |
| High-speed output special adapter | Can be activated. | Can be activated. |

- If an output number of the high-speed output special adapter is used (if an output of high-speed output special adapter is connected), do not use (connect) the corresponding output terminal of the main unit.
 - If an output number of the main unit is used (if an output of the main unit is connected), do not use (connect) the corresponding output terminal of the high-speed output special adapter.
- *1. The output frequency of limit the main unit transistor output is 100 kHz. When operating a load with a pulse frequency exceeding 100 kHz, PLC failure may occur.

2. Rotation direction signal of positioning instruction

If FX3U-2HSY-ADP high-speed output special adapter is used, the rotational direction signal will be assigned to each pulse output destination device as shown in the following table. Do not assign any other outputs to these devices using positioning instructions, etc.

→ For details, refer to Subsection 4.5.2.

| Pulse output destination device | Rotation direction signal (reverse rotation pulse train / direction) | | | | Initial setting of CLEAR signal |
|---------------------------------|--|----------|-----------------|----------|---------------------------------|
| | The 1st adapter | | The 2nd adapter | | |
| | 1st axis | 2nd axis | 3rd axis | 4th axis | |
| Y000 | Y004 | - | - | - | Y004 |
| Y001 | - | Y005 | - | - | Y005 |
| Y002 | - | - | Y006 | - | Y006 |
| Y003 | - | - | - | Y007 | Y007 |

3. CLEAR signal and rotation direction signal

If FX3U-2HSY-ADP high-speed output special adapter is used, the same outputs will be used for both the CLEAR signal and rotation direction signal of DSZR (FNC150) or ZRN (FNC156) instruction as shown in the table above.

For this reason, to output the CLEAR signal, change the CLEAR signal device.

→ For details on the CLEAR signal device change method, refer to Subsection 4.3.4.

4. Pulse output method for high-speed output special adapter

Adjust the pulse output method of the high-speed output special adapter (FX3U-2HSY-ADP) so that the pulse output method can conform to the command pulse input method of the servo amplifier (drive unit).

If the pulse output method is not properly adjusted, the servo amplifier (drive unit) may not perform the intended operation.

→ For details on the servo amplifier (drive unit), refer to the manual of the product to be used for your system.

→ For details on the pulse output method, refer to Subsection 4.6.1 or Subsection 4.5.2.

5. Output pulse frequency (including zero return speed)

Set the output pulse frequency and the zero return speed so that these values can be less than the maximum frequency value of the servo amplifier (driver unit).

4.10 Format and Execution of Applied Instruction

Instruction and operand:

- Function numbers (FNC00 - FNC□□□) and symbols (mnemonic codes) are assigned to the applied instructions of this PLC. For example, a symbol of "SMOV" (shift) is assigned to the FNC13.
- Some applied instructions consist of the instruction area only, but many applied instructions consist of the instruction area and the operand.



- (S)** : An operand that will not be affected by execution of the instruction is referred to as a source. This symbol represents a source.
 If the device number is modified by the index register, "•" will be added, and S will be modified into **(S•)**. If there are two or more sources, the modified sources will be **(S1•)**, **(S2•)**, and so on.
- (D)** : An operand that will be affected by execution of the instruction is referred to as a destination. This symbol represents a destination.
 If the device numbers can be indexed by index registers, and if there are two or more destinations, the modified destinations will be **(D1•)**, **(D2•)**, and so on.
- m, n : The operands not corresponding to source and destination are indicated as "m" and "n".
 If the device number can be indexed by index registers, and if there are two or more operands, the modified operands will be m1•, m2•, n1•, n2•, and so on.

- Regarding the program steps, the instruction area of each applied instruction has 1 step. The operand of each applied instruction, however, has 2 or 4 steps depending on the number of bits (16 or 32 bits).

Devices for operands:

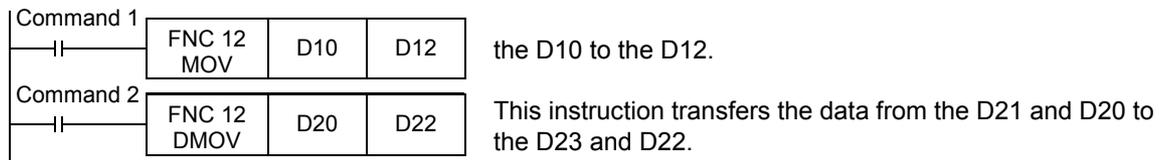
- Bit devices X, Y, M, and S can be used for the operands.
- Combination of these bit devices, such as KnX, KnY, KnM, and KnS, can be used for numeric data.
 → **Refer to the programming manual.**
- Current value registers, such as data register D, timer T, and counter C, can be used.
- Data register D consists of 16 bit. Consecutive 2 data registers (2 points), therefore, should be used for the 32-bit data.
 For example, if data register D0 is specified for the operand of a 32-bit instruction, the D1 and D0 will be used for the 32-bit data (D1 for 16 high-order bits, and D0 for 16 low-order bits).
 If current value registers T and C are used as the general data registers, they will be used in the same way.
 Each 32-bit counter (C200 to C255), however, can use the 32-bit data without combining two counters.
 These counters, however, cannot be specified for the operands of 16-bit instructions.

Format and execution of instruction:

Depending on the sizes of the numeric values to be processed, applied instructions can be classified into two types: 16-bit instructions and 32-bit instructions. In addition, depending on the execution type, these instructions can be also classified into two types: continuous execution type and the pulse execution type. Regarding applied instructions, some of them have all the combinations and others do not.

1. 16-bit instructions and 32-bit instructions

- Depending on the bit length of the numeric data to be processed, applied instructions can be classified into two types: 16-bit type and the 32-bit type.

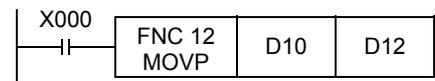


- For the 32-bit instruction, the instruction name will be DMOV ("D" will be added to "MOV").
- Either the even number devices or the odd number devices can be specified. If a device is specified, the specified device will be combined with the device having the next number (for the word devices, such as devices T, C, and D).
 To prevent confusion, it is recommended that the operand of a 32-bit instruction should use even numbers to specify the low-order devices.
- Each 32-bit counter (C200 to C255) needs only one device to set 32 bits. For this reason, the operand of a 16-bit instruction cannot specify any 32-bit counters.

2. Pulse execution type instructions and continuous execution type instructions

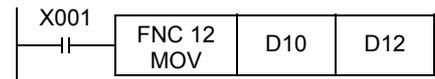
Pulse execution type instructions:

The program shown in the right figure shows that when X000 is turned on, the instruction will be executed only once. If X000 is off, the instruction will not be executed. If it is not necessary to frequently execute the instruction, use of the pulse execution type instructions is recommended. Note that "P" means that the instruction is the pulse execution type. This means that DMOVP is also the pulse execution type.



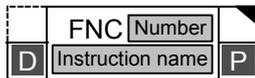
Continuous execution type instructions:

The program shown in the right figure shows that if X001 is on, the continuous execution type instruction will be executed at the start of each operation cycle.



Note that if the FNC24 (INC) or FNC25 (DEC) is used as the continuous execution type instruction, the destination will be changed at the start of each operation cycle.

To indicate such continuous execution type instructions, the symbol " " will be added to the title of each instruction as shown in the following figure. Carefully use these instructions.



Note that if activation input X000 or X001 is off, instructions will not be executed. Also note that if the later symbol is not added to the title of an instruction, the destination of the instruction will not be changed.

5. Operation Test

This chapter describes the operation test of positioning instructions. During forward rotation (JOG+) operation and reverse rotation (JOG-) operation, the test checks whether positioning instructions are properly activated.

DESIGN PRECAUTIONS



DANGER

- Provide a safety circuit on the outside of the PLC so that the whole system operates to ensure the safety even when external power supply trouble or PLC failure occurs.
Otherwise, malfunctions or output failures may result in an accident.
 - 1) An emergency stop circuit, a protection circuit, an interlock circuit for opposite movements, such as normal and reverse rotations, and an interlock circuit for preventing damage to the machine at the upper and lower positioning limits should be configured on the outside of the PLC.
 - 2) When the PLC CPU detects an error, such as a watch dog timer error, during self-diagnosis, all outputs are turned off. When an error that cannot be detected by the PLC CPU occurs in an input/output control block, output control may be disabled.
Design external circuits and mechanisms to ensure safe operations of the machine in such a case.
 - 3) When some sort of error occurs in a relay, triac or transistor of the output unit, output may be kept on or off.
For output signals that may lead to serious accidents, design external circuits and mechanisms to ensure safe operations of the machine in such cases.

DESIGN PRECAUTIONS



CAUTION

- Do not bundle the control line together with the main circuit or power line. Do not lay the control line near them. As a rule, lay the control line at least 100mm(3.94") or more away from the main circuit or power line.
Noise may cause malfunctions.
- Install in a manner which prevents excessive force from being applied to the built-in connectors dedicated to programming, power connectors and I/O connectors.
Failure to do so may result in wire breakage or failure of the PLC.

WIRING PRECAUTIONS



DANGER

- Cut off all phases of the power source externally before installation or wiring work in order to avoid electric shock or damage of product.
- Make sure to attach the terminal cover offered as an accessory to the product before turning on the power or starting the operation after installation or wiring work.
Failure to do so may cause electric shock.

WIRING PRECAUTIONS



CAUTION

- Connect the AC power supply wiring to the dedicated terminals described in this manual.
If an AC power supply is connected to a DC input/output terminal or DC power supply terminal, the PLC will be burnt out.
- Connect the DC power supply wiring to the dedicated terminals described in this manual.
If an AC power supply is connected to a DC input/output terminal or DC power supply terminal, the PLC will be burnt out.
- Do not wire vacant terminals externally.
Doing so may damage the product.
- Perform class D grounding (grounding resistance: 100Ω or less) to the grounding terminal in the FX3U Series main unit with a 2mm² or thicker wire.
Do not connect the grounding terminal at the same point as a heavy electrical system (refer to the manual of the PLC main unit).

WIRING PRECAUTIONS



- Perform class D grounding (grounding resistance: 100Ω or less) to the grounding terminal in the FX3UC Series main unit with a wire as thick as possible.
Do not connect the grounding terminal at the same point as a heavy electrical system (refer to the manual of the PLC main unit).
- When drilling screw holes or wiring, cutting chips or wire chips should not enter ventilation slits. Such an accident may cause fire, failures or malfunctions.
- Use the product in such a status that excessive force is not applied on I/O connectors.
Failure to do so may result in wire breakage or failure of the PLC.
- Fit the I/O cables securely to the designated connectors.
Contact failures may cause malfunctions.
- Perform wiring properly to the FX3U Series main unit and FX0N/FX2N Series extension equipment of the terminal block type in accordance with the following precautions.
Failure to do so may cause electric shock, short-circuit, wire breakage, or damages to the product.
 - The disposal size of the cable end should follow the dimensions described in this manual.
 - Tightening torque should be between 0.5 to 0.8 N•m.
- Observe the following items to wire the lines to the European terminal board. Ignorance of the following items may cause electric shock, short circuit, disconnection, or damage of the product.
 - The disposal size of the cable end should follow the dimensions described in this manual.
 - Tightening torque should be between 0.22 to 0.25 N•m.
 - Twist the end of strand wire and make sure there is no loose wires.
 - Do not solder-plate the electric wire ends.
 - Do not connect electric wires of unspecified size or beyond the specified number of electric wires.
 - Fix the electric wires so that the terminal block and connected parts of electric wires are not directly stressed.
- Properly perform wiring to the FX Series terminal blocks following the precautions below in order to prevent electrical shock, short-circuit, breakage of wire, or damage to the product:
 - The disposal size of the cable end should follow the dimensions described in this manual.
 - Tightening torque should be between 0.5 to 0.8 N•m.

STARTUP AND MAINTENANCE PRECAUTIONS



- Do not touch any terminal while the PLC's power is on.
Doing so may cause electrical shock or malfunctions.
- Before cleaning or retightening terminals, externally cut off all phases of the power supply.
Failure to do so may expose you to shock hazard.
- Before modifying the program under operation or performing operation for forcible output, running or stopping, carefully read the manual, and sufficiently ensure the safety.
An operation error may damage the machine or cause accidents.

STARTUP AND MAINTENANCE PRECAUTIONS



- Do not disassemble or modify the PLC.
Doing so may cause failures, malfunctions or fire.
For repair, contact your local Mitsubishi Electric distributor.
- Before connecting or disconnecting any extension cable, turn off power.
Failure to do so may cause unit failure or malfunctions.
- Before attaching or detaching the following devices, turn off power.
Failure to do so may cause device failure or malfunctions.
 - Peripheral devices, expansion boards and special adapters
 - I/O extension units/blocks and terminal blocks

5.1 Test Procedure

- 1 Turn off the power to the PLC.**
- 2 Temporarily connect the limit switches (forward rotation limit 1, reversed rotation limit 1) and the manual switches (forward rotation, reverse rotation).**

Connect the limit switches and the manual switches to the following input terminals of the PLC.
 Do not connect the servo amplifier (drive unit).

- For details on connection, refer to Chapter 3 of the Hardware Edition of the PLC.
- For details on the forward rotation limit and the reverse rotation limit, refer to Subsection 4.3.1.

| Signal | | | Input number |
|---------------|--------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Limit switch | Forward rotation limit 1 | NC contact | X010 |
| | Reverse rotation limit 1 | NC contact | X011 |
| Manual switch | Forward rotation (JOG+) | NO contact | X012 |
| | Reverse rotation (JOG-) | NO contact | X013 |

- 3 Create the test program.**
 → For details on the test program, refer to Section 5.2.
- 4 Turn on the power to the PLC.**
- 5 Transfer the test program to the main unit.**
 → For details, refer to the manual of the programming tool.
- 6 Check the input indicator lamp (LED lamp).**

When the programming controller is stopped, activate the temporarily connected input terminals, and check the status of each input indicator lamp (LED lamp).

If the FX3UC PLC is used, check the input statuses using the display module.

| Signal | Input signal | Status of LED indicator lamp |
|--------------------------|--------------|---|
| Forward rotation limit 1 | X010 | Activation of the forward rotation limit switch 1 will turn off the LED indicator lamp of X010 (turn off X010). |
| Reverse rotation limit 1 | X011 | Activation of the reverse rotation limit switch 1 will turn off the LED indicator lamp of X011 (turn off X011). |
| Forward rotation (JOG+) | X012 | Turning on the forward rotation (JOG+) switch will turn on the LED indicator lamp of X012. |
| Reverse rotation (JOG-) | X013 | Turning on the reverse rotation (JOG-) switch will turn on the LED indicator lamp of X013. |

- 7 Switch the PLC into RUN mode.**

8 Check the operation in the forward rotation direction.

Check the output indicator lamp (LED lamp) and the current value register to check the operation. The status of the LED indicator lamp and the value indicated on the current value register depend on the pulse output destination or rotation direction set in the positioning instruction. However, if the pulse output destination or the rotation direction is changed in the test program, carefully read the status of the output indicator lamp (LED lamp) and the value indicated on the current value register marking the change in the test program.

1. Operation in forward rotation direction

Turn on the forward rotation (JOG+) switch (X012), and check that operation is performed in the forward rotation direction. For this check, set the other inputs in the following statuses:

| Input signal | Status |
|--------------|--------|
| X010 | ON |
| X011 | ON |
| X013 | OFF |

1) LED indicator lamp check

Check the LED indicator lamps of the PLC or the display module to see whether or not the outputs are turned on. The status of each output should be as shown in the following table:

| | Pulse output method | LED lamp of output | Status of LED lamp (output) |
|--|--|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| If transistor outputs of main unit are used | "Pulse train + direction" method | Y000 | Turned on and off at a high speed. |
| | | Y004 | Kept at the ON status. |
| If high-speed output special adapter is used | "Pulse train + direction" method | Y0/2 | Turned on and off at a high speed. |
| | | Y4/6 | Kept at the ON status. |
| | Forward rotation pulse train (FP) Reverse rotation pulse train (RP) | Y0/2 | Turned on and off at a high speed. |
| | | Y4/6 | Kept at the OFF status. |

2) Current value register (D8340, D8341) check

Monitor the current value register (D8340, D8341) of the FX3U/FX3UC PLC using the programming tool, and confirm that the value is being increased.

→ For details on the current value register, refer to Subsection 4.4.1.

2. Stop of operation

Turn off the forward rotation (JOG+) switch (X012) to stop the operation in the forward rotation direction.

1) LED indicator lamp check

Check the LED indicator lamps of the PLC or the display module to check whether the outputs are turned on. The status of each output should be as shown in the following table:

| | Pulse output method | LED lamp of output | Status of LED lamp (output) |
|--|--|--------------------|--|
| If transistor outputs of main unit are used | "Pulse train + direction" method | Y000 | The LED indicator lamp turned on and off at a high speed will be turned off. |
| | | Y004 | Kept at the ON status. |
| If high-speed output special adapter is used | "Pulse train + direction" method | Y0/2 | The LED indicator lamp turned on and off at a high speed will be turned off. |
| | | Y4/6 | Kept at the ON status. |
| | Forward rotation pulse train (FP) Reverse rotation pulse train (RP) | Y0/2 | The LED indicator lamp turned on and off at a high speed will be turned off. |
| | | Y4/6 | Kept at the OFF status. |

2) Current value register (D8340, D8341) check

Monitor the current value register (D8340, D8341) of the FX3U/FX3UC PLC using the programming tool, and confirm that increase in the value is stopped.

→ For details on the current value register, refer to Subsection 4.4.1.

9 Check the operation of the forward rotation limit switch.

During operation in the forward rotation direction (at step 8), turn off the forward rotation limit switch 1 (X010), and confirm that the operation in the forward rotation direction is stopped.

The LED indicator lamps and the current value register (D8340, D8341) will enter the same statuses as the stop statuses described in step 8.

In addition, "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag (M8329) will be turned on.

→ For details on the current value register, refer to Subsection 4.4.1.

10 Check the operation in the reverse rotation direction.

Check the output indicator lamp (LED lamp) and the current value register to check the operation. The status of the LED indicator lamp and the value indicated on the current value register depend on the pulse output destination or rotation direction set on the positioning instruction. However, if the pulse output destination or the rotation direction is changed in the test program, carefully read the status of the output indicator lamp (LED lamp) and the value indicated on the current value register considering on the change in the test program.

1. Operation in reverse rotation direction

Turn on the reverse rotation (JOG-) switch (X013), and check that the operation is performed in the reverse rotation direction.

| Input signal | Status |
|--------------|--------|
| X010 | ON |
| X011 | ON |
| X012 | OFF |

1) LED indicator lamp check

Check the LED indicator lamps of the PLC or the display module to check whether the outputs are turned on. The status of each output should be as shown in the following table:

| | Pulse output method | LED lamp of output | Status of LED lamp (output) |
|--|--|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| If transistor outputs of main unit are used | "Pulse train + direction" method | Y000 | Turned on and off at a high speed. |
| | | Y004 | Kept at the OFF status. |
| If high-speed output special adapter is used | "Pulse train + direction" method | Y0/2 | Turned on and off at a high speed. |
| | | Y4/6 | Kept at the OFF status. |
| | Forward rotation pulse train (FP) Reverse rotation pulse train (RP) | Y0/2 | Kept at the OFF status. |
| | | Y4/6 | Turned on and off at a high speed. |

2) Current value register (D8340, D8341) check

Monitor the current value register (D8340, D8341) of the FX3U/FX3UC PLC using the programming tool, and confirm that the value is being reduced.

→ For details on the current value register, refer to Subsection 4.4.1.

2. Stop of operation

Turn off the reverse rotation (JOG-) switch (X013) to stop the operation in the reverse rotation direction.

1) LED indicator lamp check

Check the LED indicator lamps of the PLC or the display module to see whether or not the outputs are turned on. The status of each output should be as shown in the following table:

| | Pulse output method | LED lamp of output | Status of LED lamp (output) |
|--|--|--------------------|--|
| If transistor outputs of main unit are used | "Pulse train + direction" method | Y000 | The LED indicator lamp turned on and off at a high speed will be turned off. |
| | | Y004 | Kept at the OFF status. |
| If high-speed output special adapter is used | "Pulse train + direction" method | Y0/2 | The LED indicator lamp turned on and off at a high speed will be turned off. |
| | | Y4/6 | Kept at the OFF status. |
| | Forward rotation pulse train (FP) Reverse rotation pulse train (RP) | Y0/2 | Kept at the OFF status. |
| | | Y4/6 | The LED indicator lamp turned on and off at a high speed will be turned off. |

2) Current value register (D8340, D8341) check

Monitor the current value register (D8340, D8341) of the FX3U/FX3UC PLC using the programming tool, and confirm that decrease in the value is stopped.

→ For details on the current value register, refer to Subsection 4.4.1.

11 Check the operation of the reverse rotation limit switch.

During operation in the reverse rotation direction (at step 10), turn off the reverse rotation limit switch 1 (X011), and confirm that the operation in the reverse rotation direction is stopped.

The LED indicator lamps and the current value register (D8340, D8341) will enter the same statuses as the stop statuses described in step 10.

In addition, "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag (M8329) will be turned on.

→ For details on the current value register, refer to Subsection 4.4.1.

5.2 Creation of Test Program

1. Input/output assignment

Inputs/outputs are assigned as shown in the following table:

| Signal | | | Input/output number |
|---|--------------------------|------------|---------------------|
| Limit switch | Forward rotation limit 1 | NC contact | X010 |
| | Reverse rotation limit 1 | NC contact | X011 |
| Manual switch | Forward rotation (JOG+) | NO contact | X012 |
| | Reverse rotation (JOG-) | NO contact | X013 |
| "Pulse train" signal or "forward rotation pulse train" signal (output specified for pulse output destination) | | | Y000 |
| "Direction" signal or "reverse rotation pulse train" signal (output specified for rotation direction signal) | | | Y004 |

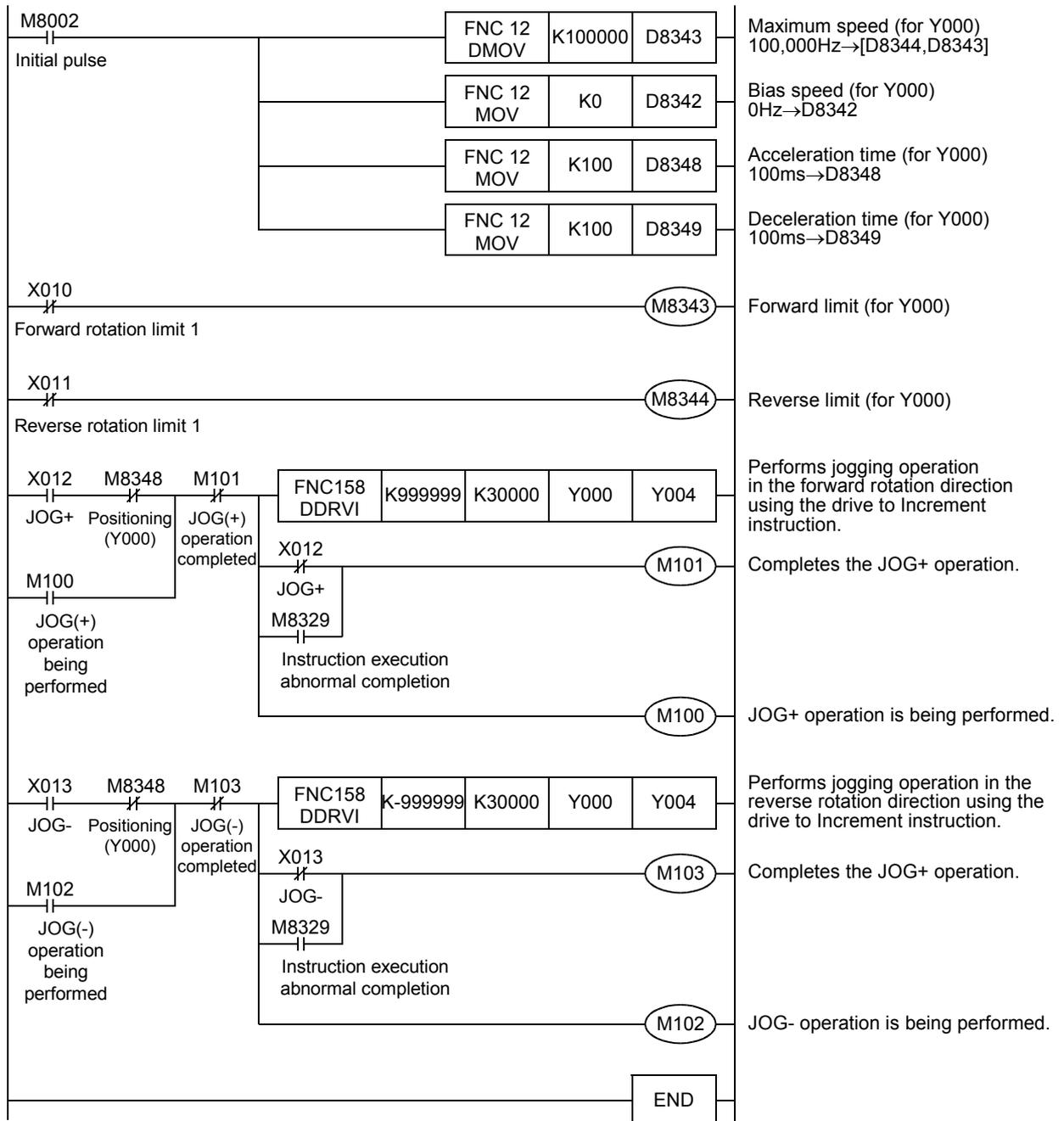
2. Setting of related devices

The related devices depend on the pulse output destination device set for the positioning instruction. If the pulse output destination device set for the positioning instruction is changed, it is necessary to change the related devices.

→ For setting items of the related devices, refer to Subsection 4.5.1.

| Setting item | Description of setting | Related device | Setting value or condition | |
|---|---|----------------------|---|---------------|
| Items related to speed | | | | |
| Maximum speed | 100,000Hz | D8344,D8343 (32-bit) | K100000 | Initial value |
| Bias speed | 0Hz | D8342 | K0 | Initial value |
| Acceleration time | 100ms | D8348 | K100 | Initial value |
| Deceleration time | 100ms | D8349 | K100 | Initial value |
| Forward/reverse rotation speed | 30,000Hz | - | K30000 | - |
| Forward limit, reverse limit, and immediate stop of pulse output | | | | |
| Forward limit | If X010 is turned off (if the NC contact is turned on), the limit switch will be activated. | M8343 | ON: If X010 = OFF | |
| Reverse limit | If X011 is turned off (if the NC contact is turned on), the limit switch will be activated. | M8344 | ON: If X011 = OFF | |
| Status check items | | | | |
| Positioning (Y000) | Use this device to check whether the positioning instruction is being activated. | M8348 | Turns on when positioning instruction is activated. | |
| "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag | Use this device to check whether or not the forward/reverse rotation limit switch turns ON. | M8329 | Turns on when the limit switch is activated during positioning operation. | |
| Current value register (Y000) | Stores the current value of the positioning operation in Y000. | D8340,D8241 (32-bit) | Varies when positioning instruction turns ON. | |

3. Example of program



A
Common Items

B
Built-in Positioning Function

Apx.
Example Connection

6. Mechanical Zero Return (DSZR/ZRN Instruction)

6.1 Types of Mechanical Zero Return Instructions

If the specified forward rotation pulse or the reverse rotation pulse is output, the positioning instruction of the PLC will increase or reduce the current value of the current value register.

When turning off the power of the PLC, however, the current value stored in the current value register will be erased. For this reason, after turning on the power again, be sure to adjust the current value of the current value register to the current position of the machine.

The built-in positioning function will use DSZR/ZRN instruction (zero return instruction) to adjust the value of the current value register to the current mechanical position.

Compared with ZRN instruction, DSZR instruction has some more functions.

| | DSZR instruction | ZRN instruction |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| DOG search function | ✓ | - |
| DOG signal logical NOT | ✓ | - |
| Zero return using zero-phase signal | ✓ | - |
| Zero point signal logic reverse | ✓ | - |

Absolute position detection system:

If the MR-H, MR-J2, MR-J2S, or MR-J3 servo amplifier (with absolute position detection function) manufactured by Mitsubishi is used, the current position value will be retained even after power-off.

If the PLC reads out the current position value of the servo motor by FNC 155 (DABS) instruction and then zero return is performed once, it is not necessary to perform zero return every time after power-on.

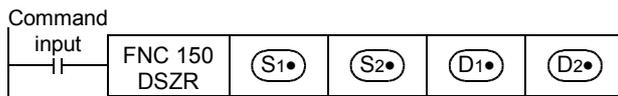
6.2 DOG Search Zero Return (DSZR Instruction)

Using the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver.2.20 or later, use this instruction to change the CLEAR signal output destination.

6.2.1 Instruction Format

1. Instruction format

| <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> FNC 150 DSZR </div> <p>ZERO RETURN WITH DOG SEARCH</p> | <table border="1"> <tr> <th>16-bit instruction</th> <th>Instruction symbol</th> <th>Execution condition</th> </tr> <tr> <td>9 steps</td> <td>DSZR</td> <td> Continuous execution type</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> | 16-bit instruction | Instruction symbol | Execution condition | 9 steps | DSZR | Continuous execution type | | - | | <table border="1"> <tr> <th>32-bit instruction</th> <th>Instruction symbol</th> <th>Execution condition</th> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> </table> | 32-bit instruction | Instruction symbol | Execution condition | | - | - |
|--|---|---------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------|------|---------------------------|--|---|--|--|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|---|---|
| 16-bit instruction | Instruction symbol | Execution condition | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 steps | DSZR | Continuous execution type | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 32-bit instruction | Instruction symbol | Execution condition | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | - | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |



2. Data setting

| Operand type | Description | Data type |
|--------------|--|-----------|
| (S1) | Specifies the near-point signal (DOG) input device number. | bit |
| (S2) | Specifies the zero-phase signal input number. | |
| (D1) | Specifies the pulse output number. | |
| (D2) | Specifies the rotation direction signal output destination number. | |

3. Devices

| Operand type | Bit device | | | | | | | Word device | | | | | | | | | | Others | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|----|---|---|---|---|------|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------|---|---|---|-------------------|-------|--------|---------------|---|---------------------|--------------------------|---------|---|
| | System user | | | | | | | Digit designation | | | | System user | | | | Spe- cial unit | Index | | Con- stant | | Real num- ber | Char- acter string | Pointer | |
| | X | Y | M | T | C | S | D□.b | KnX | KnY | KnM | KnS | T | C | D | R | U□\G□ | V | Z | Modify | K | H | E | "□" | P |
| (S1) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | ▲1 | | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ | | | | | |
| (S2) | ▲2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ | | | | | |
| (D1) | | ▲3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ | | | | | |
| (D2) | | ▲4 | ✓ | ✓ | | | ▲1 | | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ | | | | | |

▲1 : The D□.b cannot be indexed by index registers (V and Z).

▲2 : Specify a device in the range of X000 to X007.

▲3 : Specify Y000, Y001, or Y002 transistor output of main unit, or specify Y000, Y001, Y002*2, or Y003*2 of high-speed output special adapter*1.

*1. High-speed input/output special adapter cannot be connected to FX3UC-32MT-LT.

*2. To use Y002 and Y003 of high-speed output special adapter, connect the second high-speed output special adapter.

Note:

- To use the FX3U Series main unit of relay output type, be sure to connect high-speed output special adapter. The differential line drive will be used for the outputs of the high-speed output special adapter.
- ▲4 : When a high-speed output special adapter is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U PLC, use the output shown in the following table for rotation direction signals.
When a built-in transistor output is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U/FX3UC PLC, use transistor output for signals rotation direction.
→ For the outputs applicable with High-speed output special adapter, refer to Section 4.9.

| High-speed output special adapter connection position | Pulse output | Rotation direction output |
|---|--------------|---------------------------|
| The 1st adapter | (D1) = Y000 | (D2) = Y004 |
| | (D1) = Y001 | (D2) = Y005 |
| The 2nd adapter | (D1) = Y002 | (D2) = Y006 |
| | (D1) = Y003 | (D2) = Y007 |

6.2.2 List of Related devices

1. Special auxiliary relays

The following table shows the related special auxiliary relays. Note that Y000, Y001, Y002, and Y003 are devices that determine the pulse output destinations.

| Device number | | | | Function | Attribute | Refer to |
|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---|-----------|------------------|
| Y000 | Y001 | Y002 | Y003*1 | | | |
| M8029 | | | | "Instruction execution complete" flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.2 |
| M8329 | | | | "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.2 |
| M8340 | M8350 | M8360 | M8370 | "Pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.3 |
| M8341 | M8351 | M8361 | M8371 | Clear signal OUTPUT function enable.*2 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.4 |
| M8342 | M8352 | M8362 | M8372 | Zero return direction specification.*2 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.3 |
| M8343 | M8353 | M8363 | M8373 | Forward limit | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.1 |
| M8344 | M8354 | M8364 | M8374 | Reverse limit | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.1 |
| M8345 | M8355 | M8365 | M8375 | DOG signal logic reverse*2 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.5 |
| M8346 | M8356 | M8366 | M8376 | Zero point signal logic reverse*2 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.6 |
| M8348 | M8358 | M8368 | M8378 | Positioning instruction activation | Read only | Subsection 4.4.4 |
| M8349 | M8359 | M8369 | M8379 | Pulse output stop command.*2 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.2 |
| M8464*3 | M8465*3 | M8466*3 | M8467*3 | Clear signal device specification function enabled.*2 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.4 |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

*2. Cleared when PLC switches from RUN to STOP.

*3. This function will be valid if Ver.2.20 or later is used.

2. Special data registers

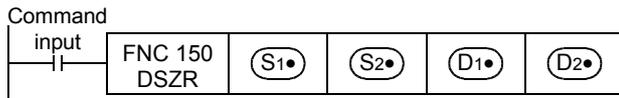
The following table shows the related special data registers. Note that Y000, Y001, Y002, and Y003 are devices that determine the pulse output destinations.

| Device number | | | | | | | | Function | Data length | Initial value | Refer to |
|---------------------|------------|---------------------|------------|---------------------|------------|---------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|
| Y000 | | Y001 | | Y002 | | Y003 ^{*1} | | | | | |
| D8340 | Low-order | D8350 | Low-order | D8360 | Low-order | D8370 | Low-order | Current value register (PLS) | 32-bit | 0 | Subsection 4.4.1 |
| D8341 | High-order | D8351 | High-order | D8361 | High-order | D8371 | High-order | | | | |
| D8342 | | D8352 | | D8362 | | D8372 | | Bias speed (Hz) | 16-bit | 0 | Subsection 4.2.6 |
| D8343 | Low-order | D8353 | Low-order | D8363 | Low-order | D8373 | Low-order | Maximum speed (Hz) | 32-bit | 100,000 | Subsection 4.2.5 |
| D8344 | High-order | D8354 | High-order | D8364 | High-order | D8374 | High-order | | | | |
| D8345 | | D8355 | | D8365 | | D8375 | | Creep speed (Hz) | 16-bit | 1000 | Subsection 4.2.4 |
| D8346 | Low-order | D8356 | Low-order | D8366 | Low-order | D8376 | Low-order | Zero return speed (Hz) | 32-bit | 50,000 | Subsection 4.2.3 |
| D8347 | High-order | D8357 | High-order | D8367 | High-order | D8377 | High-order | | | | |
| D8348 | | D8358 | | D8368 | | D8378 | | Acceleration time (ms) | 16-bit | 100 | Subsection 4.2.7 |
| D8349 | | D8359 | | D8369 | | D8379 | | Deceleration time (ms) | 16-bit | 100 | Subsection 4.2.8 |
| D8464 ^{*2} | | D8465 ^{*2} | | D8466 ^{*2} | | D8467 ^{*2} | | Clear signal device specification | 16-bit | - | Subsection 4.3.4 |

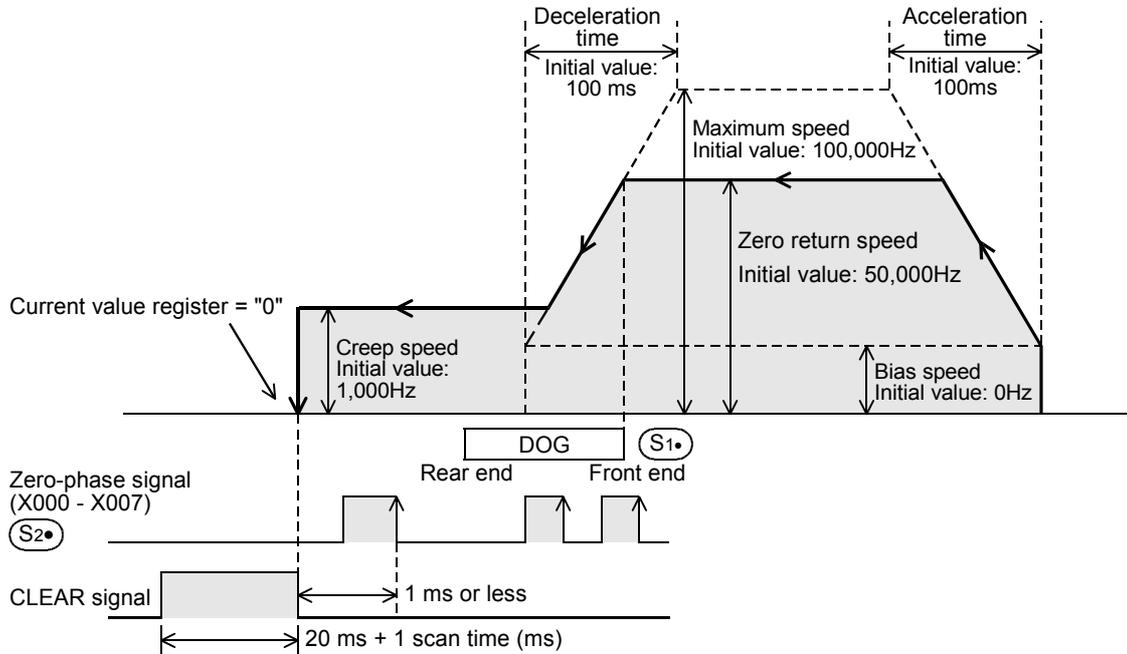
*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

*2. This function will be valid if Ver.2.20 or later is used.

6.2.3 Function and Operation



→ For details on the maximum speed, bias speed, acceleration time, and deceleration time, refer to Subsection 4.2.5 to Subsection 4.2.8.



1) For (S1), specify the near-point signal (DOG) input device number. To specify the logic of this near-point signal (DOG), turn on or off "DOG signal logic reverse" flag as shown in the following table.

| Pulse output destination device | "DOG signal logic reverse" flag | Description |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| (D1) = Y000 | M8345 | OFF: Positive logic (Turning on the input will turn on the near-point signal.) ON: Negative logic (Turning off the input will turn on the near-point signal.) |
| (D1) = Y001 | M8355 | |
| (D1) = Y002 | M8365 | |
| (D1) = Y003 | M8375 | |

- When an input (X000 to X017)*1 of the main unit is specified for the near-point signal (DOG) specified by (S1), the rear end of the near-point signal (DOG) will be monitored (detected) at the 1-ms intervals (interruption).

Under the following condition, however, monitoring (detection) of the near-point signal (DOG) rear end will be affected by the input constant or the scan time of the sequence program:

- An input number of X020 or below or the other device (auxiliary relay, etc.) is specified.

*1. Specify X000 to X007 for FX3U-16M□.

- 2) For (S_2) , specify the zero-phase signal input number in the range of X000 to X007. To specify the logic of this zero-phase signal, turn on or off "Zero point signal logic reverse" flag as shown in the following table.

If the same input is specified for both the near-point signal and the zero-phase signal, the logic of the zero-phase signal will be specified by the device of the near-point signal (DOG), not the following device. In this case, in the same way as ZRN instruction, operation will be performed at the front and rear ends of the near-point signal (DOG) without using the zero-phase signal.

| Pulse output destination device | "Zero point signal logic reverse" flag | Description |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| (D_1) = Y000 | M8346 | OFF: Positive logic (Turning on the input will turn on the near-point signal.) ON: Negative logic (Turning off the input will turn on the near-point signal.) |
| (D_1) = Y001 | M8356 | |
| (D_1) = Y002 | M8366 | |
| (D_1) = Y003 | M8376 | |

- 3) For (D_1) , specify the pulse output number in the range of Y000 to Y003.
- 4) For (D_2) , specify the rotation direction signal output device number.
When a high-speed output special adapter is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U PLC, use the output shown in the following table for rotation direction signals.
When a built-in transistor output is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U/FX3UC PLC, use transistor output for signals rotation direction.

| High-speed output special adapter connection position | Pulse output | Rotation direction output |
|---|----------------|---------------------------|
| The 1st adapter | (D_1) = Y000 | (D_2) = Y004 |
| | (D_1) = Y001 | (D_2) = Y005 |
| The 2nd adapter | (D_1) = Y002 | (D_2) = Y006 |
| | (D_1) = Y003 | (D_2) = Y007 |

The rotation direction depends on the ON/OFF status of the specified device as shown in the following table.

During execution of this instruction, however, do not use the output specified by (D_2) .

| ON/OFF status of device specified by (D_2) | Rotation direction (increase/reduction of current value) |
|--|--|
| ON | Forward rotation (Outputting the (D_1) pulse will increase the current value.) |
| OFF | Reverse rotation (Outputting the (D_1) pulse will reduce the current value.) |

- 5) Zero return direction
To specify the zero return direction, turn on or off "zero return direction designation" flag as shown in the following table.

| Pulse output destination device | "Zero return direction designation" flag | Description |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| (D_1) = Y000 | M8342 | To perform zero return in the forward rotation direction: Turn on the flag. |
| (D_1) = Y001 | M8352 | |
| (D_1) = Y002 | M8362 | To perform zero return in the reverse rotation direction: Turn off the flag. |
| (D_1) = Y003 | M8372 | |

6) CLEAR signal output

This instruction can output the CLEAR signal after stop at the origin.

If it is necessary to output the CLEAR signal at the completion of zero return, turn on "CLEAR signal output function enable" flag (see the following table).

Use the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver.2.20 or later to specify the CLEAR signal output device.

- a) If it is not necessary to use the Clear signal device specification function, or if the FX3UC PLC of below Ver.2.20 is used.

| Pulse output destination device | Status of "CLEAR signal output function enable" flag | Status of "Clear signal device specification function enable" flag*1 | CLEAR signal device number |
|---------------------------------|--|--|----------------------------|
| (D1) = Y000 | M8341=ON | M8464=OFF | Y004 |
| (D1) = Y001 | M8351=ON | M8465=OFF | Y005 |
| (D1) = Y002 | M8361=ON | M8466=OFF | Y006 |
| (D1) = Y003 | M8371=ON | M8467=OFF | Y007 |

*1. Use the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver.2.20 or later to use "Clear signal device specification function enable" flag.

- b) If it is necessary to use the Clear signal device specification function:

Turn on "Clear signal device specification function enable" flag to specify the CLEAR signal (output Y) for the pulse output destination device using the Clear signal device specification device.



→ For the example on a program, refer to Subsection 4.3.4 or Subsection 4.5.1.

| Pulse output destination device | Status of "CLEAR signal output function enable" flag | Status of "Clear signal device specification function enable" flag*1 | Clear signal device specification device |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| (D1) = Y000 | M8341=ON | M8464=ON | D 8464 |
| (D1) = Y001 | M8351=ON | M8465=ON | D 8465 |
| (D1) = Y002 | M8361=ON | M8466=ON | D 8466 |
| (D1) = Y003 | M8371=ON | M8467=ON | D 8467 |

7) Zero return speed

Use the devices shown in the following table to set the zero return speed. Be sure to set the zero return speed so that the relation with the other speeds can be "bias speed ≤ zero return speed ≤ maximum speed".

- If "zero return speed > maximum speed", operation will be performed at the maximum speed.

| Pulse output destination device | Bias speed | Zero return speed | Maximum speed | Initial value |
|---------------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|
| (D1) = Y000 | D8342 | D8347,D8346 | D8344,D8343 | 50,000(Hz) |
| (D1) = Y001 | D8352 | D8357,D8356 | D8354,D8353 | |
| (D1) = Y002 | D8362 | D8367,D8366 | D8364,D8363 | |
| (D1) = Y003 | D8372 | D8377,D8376 | D8374,D8373 | |

8) Creep speed

Use the devices shown in the following table to set the creep speed. Be sure to set the creep speed so that the relation with the other speeds can be "bias speed ≤ creep speed ≤ maximum speed".

| Pulse output destination device | Bias speed | Creep speed | Maximum speed | Initial value |
|---------------------------------|------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| (D1) = Y000 | D8342 | D8345 | D8344,D8343 | 1,000(Hz) |
| (D1) = Y001 | D8352 | D8355 | D8354,D8353 | |
| (D1) = Y002 | D8362 | D8365 | D8364,D8363 | |
| (D1) = Y003 | D8372 | D8375 | D8374,D8373 | |

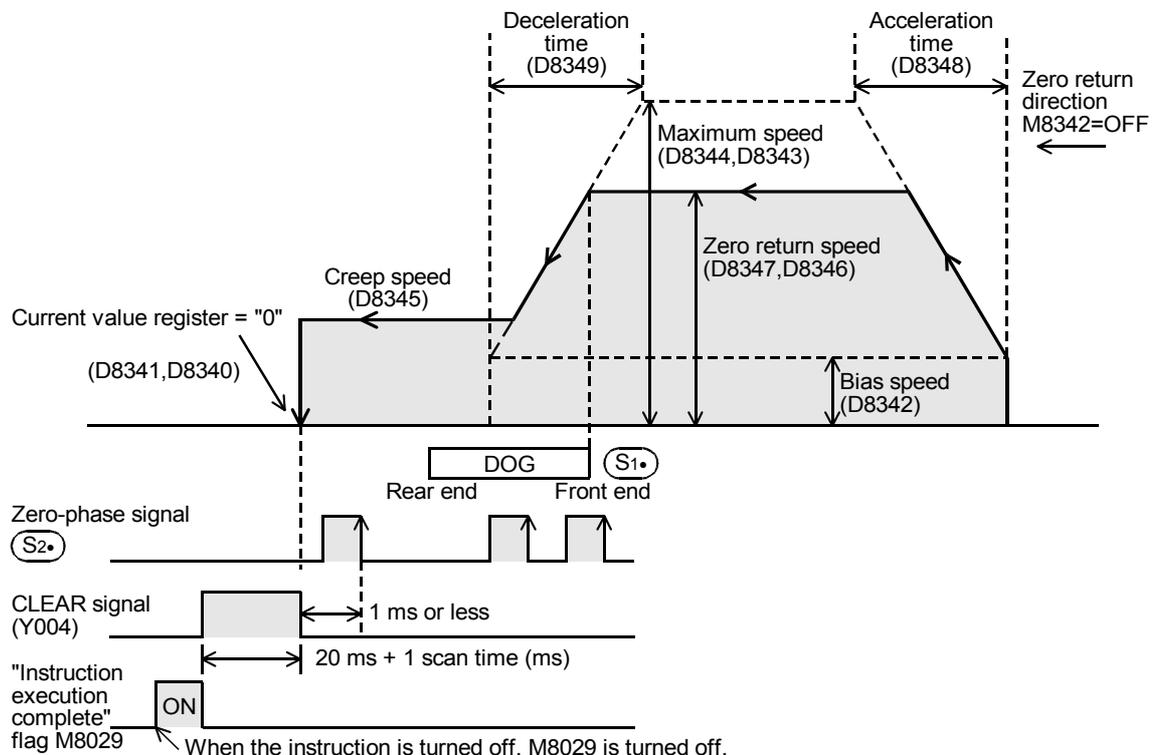
1. Zero return operation

Zero return operation is described below assuming that Y000 is specified as the pulse output destination device by (D1). For this reason, if Y001, Y002, or Y003 is specified, it is necessary to change the output number of each related flag.

→ For details of related flags, refer to Section 4.1 to Section 4.4, or Subsection 6.2.2.

- 1) Specify the zero return direction.
Turn on or off "zero return direction designation" flag (M8342) to specify the zero return direction.
- 2) Execute DSZR instruction to carry out zero return.
- 3) Transfer operation will be performed in the direction specified by "zero return direction designation" flag (M8342) at the speed specified by "zero return speed designation" device (D8347, D8346).
- 4) If the near-point signal (DOG) specified by (S1) is turned on*1, the speed will be reduced to the creep speed (D8345).
- 5) After turning off*1 the near-point signal (DOG) specified by (S1), if the zero-phase signal specified by (S2) is turned on*2, the pulse outputting operation will be immediately stopped.
If the same input is specified for both the near-point signal and the zero-phase signal, turning off*1 the near-point signal (DOG) will immediately stop the pulse outputting operation (just like ZRN instruction, the zero-phase signal will not be used).
- 6) If the CLEAR signal output function (M8341) is enabled (set to ON), the CLEAR signal (Y004) will be turned on within 1 ms after stopping the pulse outputting operation, and will be kept at the ON status for "20 ms + 1 scan time (ms)".
- 7) The current value register (D8341, D8340) will be reset to "0" (will be cleared).
- 8) "Instruction execution complete" flag (M8029) will be turned on, and the zero return operation will be completed.

→ For details on "Instruction execution complete" flag, refer to Subsection 4.7.4.

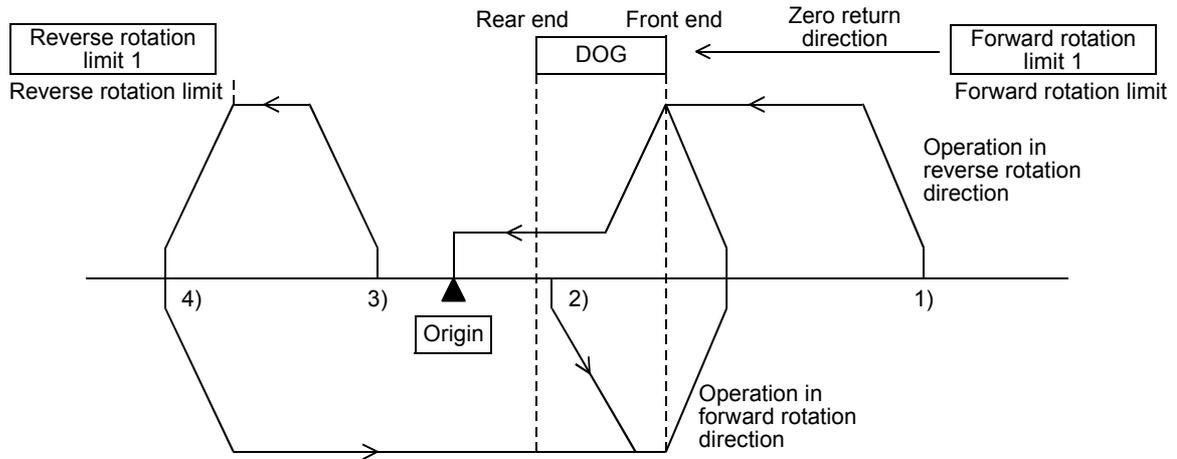


*1. This step is described assuming that "DOG signal logic reverse" flag (M8345) is off. If this flag is on, it is necessary to change the expression "on" to "off", and "off" to "on".

*2. This step is described assuming that "Zero point signal logic reverse" flag (M8346) is off. If this flag is on, it is necessary to change the expression "on" to "off", and "off" to "on".

2. DOG search function

If the forward rotation limit and the reverse rotation limit are set, the DOG search function can be used for zero return. The zero return operation depends on the zero return start position.



- 1) If the start position is before the DOG:
 - a) When the zero return instruction is executed, zero return will be started.
 - b) Transfer operation will be started in the zero return direction at the zero return speed.
 - c) If the front end of the DOG is detected, the speed will be reduced to the creep speed.
 - d) After detecting the rear end of the DOG, if the first zero-phase signal is detected, the operation will be stopped.
- 2) If the start position is in the DOG area:
 - a) When the zero return instruction is executed, zero return will be started.
 - b) Transfer operation will be started in the opposite direction of the zero return direction at the zero return speed.
 - c) If the front end of the DOG is detected, the speed will be reduced and then the operation will be stopped. (The workpiece will come out of the DOG area.)
 - d) Transfer operation will be restarted in the zero return direction at the zero return speed (and the workpiece will enter the DOG area again).
 - e) If the front end of the DOG is detected, the speed will be reduced to the creep speed.
 - f) After detecting the rear end of the DOG, if the first zero-phase signal is detected, the operation will be stopped.
- 3) If the start position is in the near-point signal OFF area (after the DOG):
 - a) When the zero return instruction is executed, zero return will be started.
 - b) Transfer operation will be started in the zero return direction at the zero return speed.
 - c) If the reverse rotation limit 1 (reverse rotation limit) is detected, the speed will be reduced, and then the operation will be stopped.
 - d) Transfer operation will be started in the opposite direction of the zero return direction at the zero return speed.
 - e) If the front end of the DOG is detected, the speed will be reduced and the operation will be stopped. (The workpiece will detect the DOG and then come out of the DOG area.)
 - f) Transfer operation will be restarted in the zero return direction at the zero return speed. (The workpiece will enter the DOG area again.)
 - g) If the front end of the DOG is detected, the speed will be reduced to the creep speed.
 - h) After detecting the rear end of the DOG, if the first zero-phase signal is detected, the operation will be stopped.

- 4) If the limit switch in the zero return direction turns ON (if the start position is at forward rotation limit 1 or reverse rotation limit 1):
 - a) When the zero return instruction is executed, zero return will be started.
 - b) Transfer operation will be started in the opposite direction of the zero return direction at the zero return speed.
 - c) If the front end of the DOG is detected, the speed will be reduced and then the operation will be stopped. (The workpiece will detect the DOG and then come out of the DOG area.)
 - d) Transfer operation will be restarted in the zero return direction at the zero return speed (and the workpiece will enter the DOG area again).
 - e) If the front end of the DOG is detected, the speed will be reduced to the creep speed.
 - f) After detecting the rear end of the DOG, if the first zero-phase signal is detected, the operation will be stopped.

A

Common Items

B

Built-in
Positioning
Function

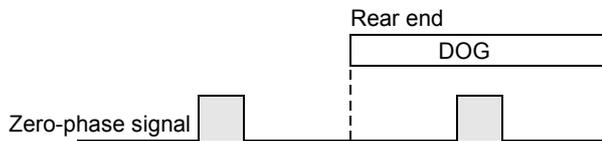
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Example
Connection

6.2.4 Important Points

→ For the important points for programming, refer to Section 4.7.

- If an input (X000 to X017)^{*1} of the main unit is specified for the near-point signal (DOG) specified by (S1), the rear end of the near-point signal (DOG) will be monitored (detected) at the 1ms intervals (interruption). Under the following condition, however, monitoring (detection) of the near-point signal (DOG) rear end will be affected by the input time constant or the scan time of the sequence program:
 - An input number of X020 or below or the other device (auxiliary relay, etc.) is specified.
- *1. Specify X000 to X007 for FX3U-16M□.
- Properly set the DOG so that the near-point signal (DOG) can be kept at the ON status until the speed is reduced to the creep speed.
 This instruction will start speed reduction at the front end of the DOG, and will stop the operation at the rear end of the DOG or at detection of the first zero-phase signal after through the rear end of the DOG. After that, the current value register will be cleared (reset to "0").
 If the speed is not reduced to the creep speed before detecting the rear end of the DOG, the operation may not be stopped at the specified position.
- The input device specified for the near-point signal (S1) or the zero-phase signal (S2) cannot be used for the following items:
 - High-speed counter
 - Input interruption
 - Pulse catch
 - SPD instruction
 - DVIT instruction
 - ZRN instruction
- Since the zero-phase signal of the servo motor is used, adjust the relation between the rear end of the DOG and the zero-phase signal as shown in the following figure. If fine adjustment of the origin position is needed, adjust the position of the near-point signal (DOG).



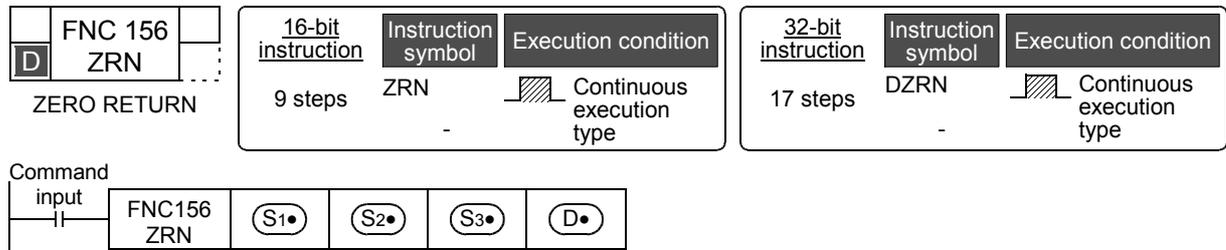
- The creep speed should be slow enough.
 The zero return instruction will not reduce the speed before stop. For this reason, if the creep speed is not low enough, the operation may not be stopped at the specified position due to inertia.
- Even if the operand is subject to change during execution of the instruction, the operation will be continued while ignoring the change. To reflect the change on the operation, turn off the command contact of the instruction, and then turn it on again.
- If the instruction activation contact is turned off during zero return operation, the speed will be reduced and then the operation will be stopped. In this case, "Instruction execution complete" flag (M8029) will not be turned on.
- If "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag is on, the positioning instruction (including PLSR and PLSY) that uses the same output cannot be executed.
 After the instruction activation contact is turned off, if "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag is still on, do not execute the positioning instruction (including PLSR and PLSY instructions) having the same output number.
- In the following case, "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag (M8329) will be turned on, and execution of the instruction will be completed.
 - For details on "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag, refer to Subsection 4.7.4.
 - If the DOG search function cannot detect the near-point signal (DOG), the speed will be reduced and then the operation will be stopped.
 In this case, "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag (M8329) will be turned on, and execution of the instruction will be completed.

6.3 Zero Return (ZRN Instruction)

Using the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver.2.20 or later, use this instruction to change the CLEAR signal output destination.

6.3.1 Instruction Format

1. Instruction Format



2. Data setting

| Operand type | Description | Data type |
|--------------|---|--------------|
| (S1•) | Specifies zero return start speed.* ¹ | BIN16/32-bit |
| (S2•) | Specifies creep speed. (Setting range: 10 to 32,767 Hz) | |
| (S3•) | Specifies an input numbers for near-point signal(DOG). | bit |
| (D•) | Specifies pulse output number. | |

*1. Setting range : 10 to 32,767 Hz for 16-bit operation
For the 32-bit operation, however, the setting range should be as shown in the following table.

| Pulse output destination | | Setting range |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| FX3U PLC | High-speed output special adapter | 10 to 200,000(Hz) |
| FX3U/FX3UC PLC | Main unit (transistor output) | 10 to 100,000(Hz) |

3. Devices

| Operand type | Bit device | | | | | | | | Word device | | | | | | | | | | Others | | | | | | |
|--------------|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|----------------|---|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------|---|---|---|--------------|-------|--------|----------|-------------|------------------|---------|-----|---|
| | System user | | | | | | | | Digit designation | | | | System user | | | | Special unit | Index | | Constant | Real number | Character string | Pointer | | |
| | X | Y | M | T | C | S | D□.b | | KnX | KnY | KnM | KnS | T | C | D | R | U□\G□ | V | Z | Modify | K | H | E | "□" | P |
| (S1•) | | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | |
| (S2•) | | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | |
| (S3•) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | ▲ ¹ | | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ | | | | | | |
| (D•) | ▲ ² | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ | | | | | | |

▲¹ : The D□.b cannot be indexed by index registers (V and Z).

▲² : Specify Y000, Y001, or Y002 transistor output of main unit, or specify Y000, Y001, Y002*², or Y003*² of high-speed output special adapter*¹.

*1. High-speed input/output special adapter cannot be connected to FX3UC-32MT-LT.

*2. To use Y002 and Y003 of high-speed output special adapter, connect the second high-speed output special adapter.

Note:

- To use the FX3UC Series main unit of relay output type, be sure to connect the high-speed output special adapter. The differential line drive will be used for the outputs of the high-speed output special adapter.

6.3.2 List of Related devices

1. Special auxiliary relays

The following table shows the related special auxiliary relays. Note that Y000, Y001, Y002, and Y003 are devices that determine the pulse output destinations.

| Device number | | | | Function | Attribute | Refer to |
|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---|-----------|------------------|
| Y000 | Y001 | Y002 | Y003*1 | | | |
| M8029 | | | | "Instruction execution complete" flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.2 |
| M8329 | | | | "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.2 |
| M8340 | M8350 | M8360 | M8370 | "Pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.3 |
| M8341 | M8351 | M8361 | M8371 | Clear signal OUTPUT function enable.*2 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.4 |
| M8343 | M8353 | M8363 | M8373 | Forward limit | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.1 |
| M8344 | M8354 | M8364 | M8374 | Reverse limit | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.1 |
| M8348 | M8358 | M8368 | M8378 | Positioning instruction activation. | Read only | Subsection 4.4.4 |
| M8349 | M8359 | M8369 | M8379 | Pulse output stop command.*2 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.2 |
| M8464*3 | M8465*3 | M8466*3 | M8467*3 | Clear signal device specification function enabled.*2 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.4 |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

*2. Cleared when PLC switches from RUN to STOP.

*3. This function will be valid if Ver.2.20 or later is used.

2. Special data registers

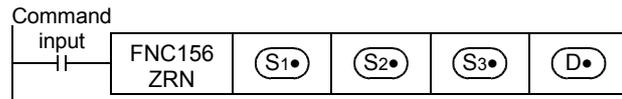
The following table shows the related special data registers. Note that Y000, Y001, Y002, and Y003 are devices that determine the pulse output destinations.

| Device number | | | | | | | | Device number | Data length | Initial value | Refer to |
|---------------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|
| Y000 | | Y001 | | Y002 | | Y003*1 | | | | | |
| D8340 | Low-order | D8350 | Low-order | D8360 | Low-order | D8370 | Low-order | Current value register (PLS) | 32-bit | 0 | Subsection 4.4.1 |
| D8341 | High-order | D8351 | High-order | D8361 | High-order | D8371 | High-order | | | | |
| D8342 | | D8352 | | D8362 | | D8372 | | Bias speed (Hz) | 16-bit | 0 | Subsection 4.2.6 |
| D8343 | Low-order | D8353 | Low-order | D8363 | Low-order | D8373 | Low-order | Maximum speed (Hz) | 32-bit | 100,000 | Subsection 4.2.5 |
| D8344 | High-order | D8354 | High-order | D8364 | High-order | D8374 | High-order | | | | |
| D8348 | | D8358 | | D8368 | | D8378 | | Acceleration time (ms) | 16-bit | 100 | Subsection 4.2.7 |
| D8349 | | D8359 | | D8369 | | D8379 | | Deceleration time (ms) | 16-bit | 100 | Subsection 4.2.8 |
| D8464*2 | | D8465*2 | | D8466*2 | | D8467*2 | | Clear signal device specification | 16-bit | - | Subsection 4.3.4 |

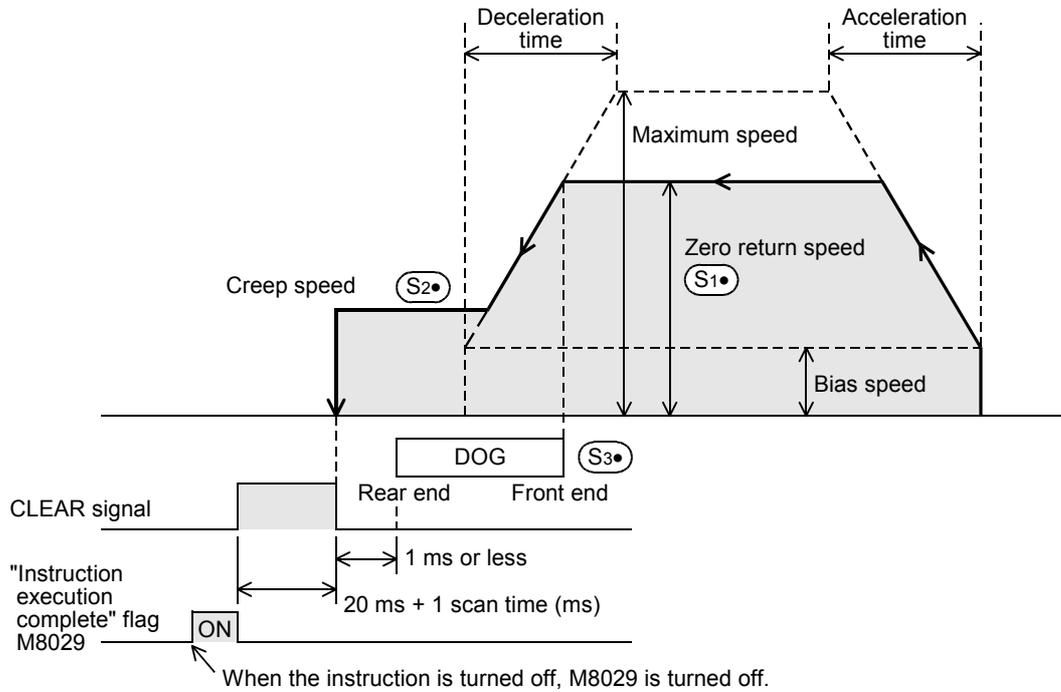
*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

*2. This function will be valid if Ver.2.20 or later is used.

6.3.3 Function and operation



→ For details on the maximum speed, bias speed, acceleration time and deceleration time, refer to Subsection 4.2.5 to Subsection 4.2.8.



- For (S1), specify the zero return speed.
 If the set zero return speed value is more than the maximum speed value, the operation will be performed at the maximum speed.

| | | Setting range |
|------------------|--|-------------------|
| 16-bit operation | | 10 to 32,767(Hz) |
| 32-bit operation | When high-speed output special adapter is used | 10 to 200,000(Hz) |
| | When transistor output of main unit is used | 10 to 100,000(Hz) |

Note that the zero return speeds shown in the following table will not be adopted.

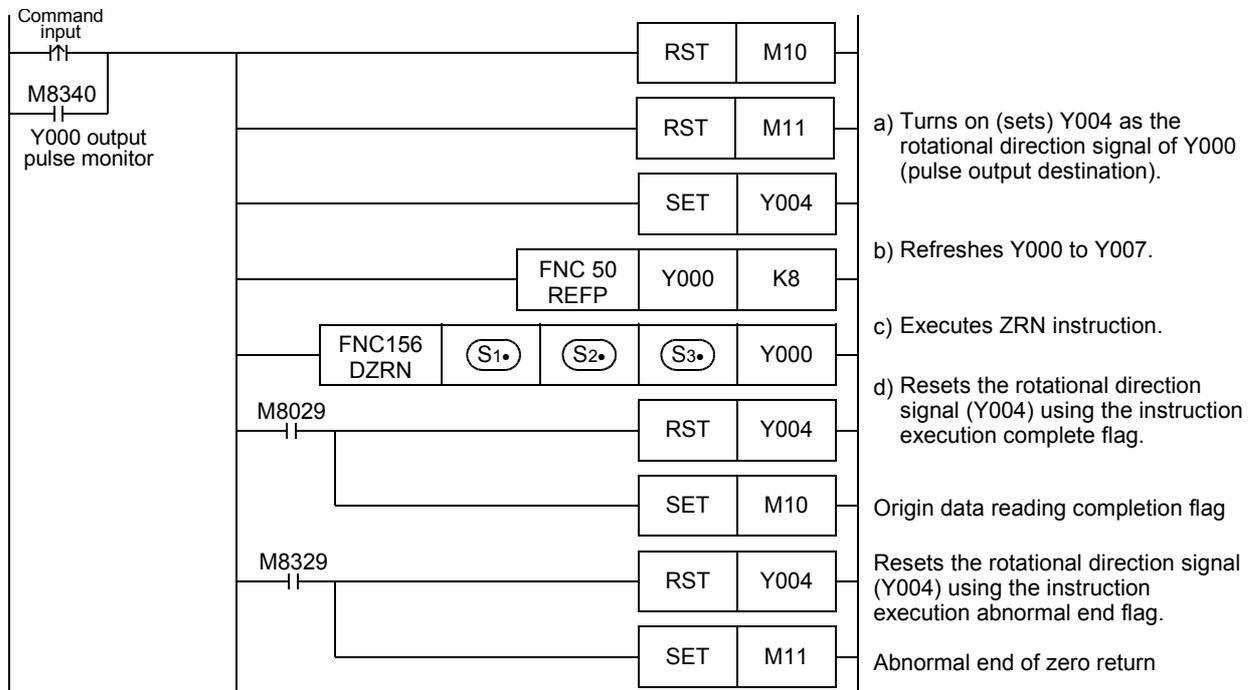
| Pulse output destination device | Zero return speed |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| (D1) = Y000 | D8347,D8346 |
| (D1) = Y001 | D8357,D8356 |
| (D1) = Y002 | D8367,D8366 |
| (D1) = Y003 | D8377,D8376 |

- For (S2), specify the creep speed.
 Setting range: 10 to 32,767 Hz

- 3) For (S3), specify the near-point signal (DOG) input device number (NO contact).
 Turning on the near-point signal will reduce the speed to the creep speed. Turning off the near-point signal will complete the zero return operation.
 → For details, refer to "1. Zero return operation".
 - If an input (X000 to X007) of the main unit is specified for the input signal, the interruption function will be adopted to stop the operation. (To output the CLEAR signal, turn on "CLEAR signal output function enable" flag.)
 Under the following condition, however, operation may be affected by the input constant or the scan time of the sequence program, and the operation, therefore, may not be stopped exactly at the origin.
 -An input number of X010 or below or the other device (auxiliary relay, etc.) is specified.
 - If input relay X010 or below is specified for the near-point signal, the input filter (10 ms) will be adopted.
- 4) For (D), specify the pulse output number in the range of Y000 to Y003.
- 5) Zero return direction
 For this instruction, the zero return direction is set to the reverse rotation direction.
 (During zero return operation, the value indicated on the current value register will be reduced.)
 → For details on programming, refer to Section 4.7.
 → To use main unit (transistor output), refer to Section 4.8.
 → To use high-speed output special adapter, refer to Section 4.9.
 - a) To perform zero return in the forward rotation direction, follow the procedure shown below and control
 Turn on Y□□□ (rotational direction signal).
 - b) Refresh Y□□□ output using REF (FNC50) instruction.
 - c) Execute ZRN instruction (zero return instruction).
 - d) By execution completion flag (M8029) of ZRN instruction (zero return instruction), reset Y□□□ (rotational direction signal).

Example of program:

Regarding the program shown below, Y004 is specified as the rotation direction signal output device for Y000.



6) CLEAR signal output

This instruction can output the CLEAR signal after stop at the origin. If it is necessary to output the CLEAR signal at the completion of zero return, turn on "CLEAR signal output function enable" flag (see the following table). Use the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver.2.20 or later to specify the CLEAR signal output device.

- a) If it is not necessary to use the Clear signal device specification function, or if the FX3UC PLC of below Ver.2.20 is used:

| Pulse output destination device | Status of "CLEAR signal output function enable" flag | Status of "Clear signal device specification function enable" flag ^{*1} | CLEAR signal device number |
|---------------------------------|--|--|----------------------------|
| (D1) = Y000 | M8341=ON | M8464=OFF | Y004 |
| (D1) = Y001 | M8351=ON | M8465=OFF | Y005 |
| (D1) = Y002 | M8361=ON | M8466=OFF | Y006 |
| (D1) = Y003 | M8371=ON | M8467=OFF | Y007 |

*1. Use the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver.2.20 or later to use "Clear signal device specification function enable" flag.

- b) If it is necessary to use the Clear signal device specification function:

Turn on "Clear signal device specification function enable" flag to specify the CLEAR signal (output Y) for the pulse output destination device using the Clear signal device specification device.



→ For the example of a program, refer to Subsection 4.3.4 or Subsection 4.5.1.

| Pulse output destination device | Status of "CLEAR signal output function enable" flag | Status of "Clear signal device specification function enable" flag | Clear signal device specification device |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| (D1) = Y000 | M8341=ON | M8464=ON | D 8464 |
| (D1) = Y001 | M8351=ON | M8465=ON | D 8465 |
| (D1) = Y002 | M8361=ON | M8466=ON | D 8466 |
| (D1) = Y003 | M8371=ON | M8467=ON | D 8467 |

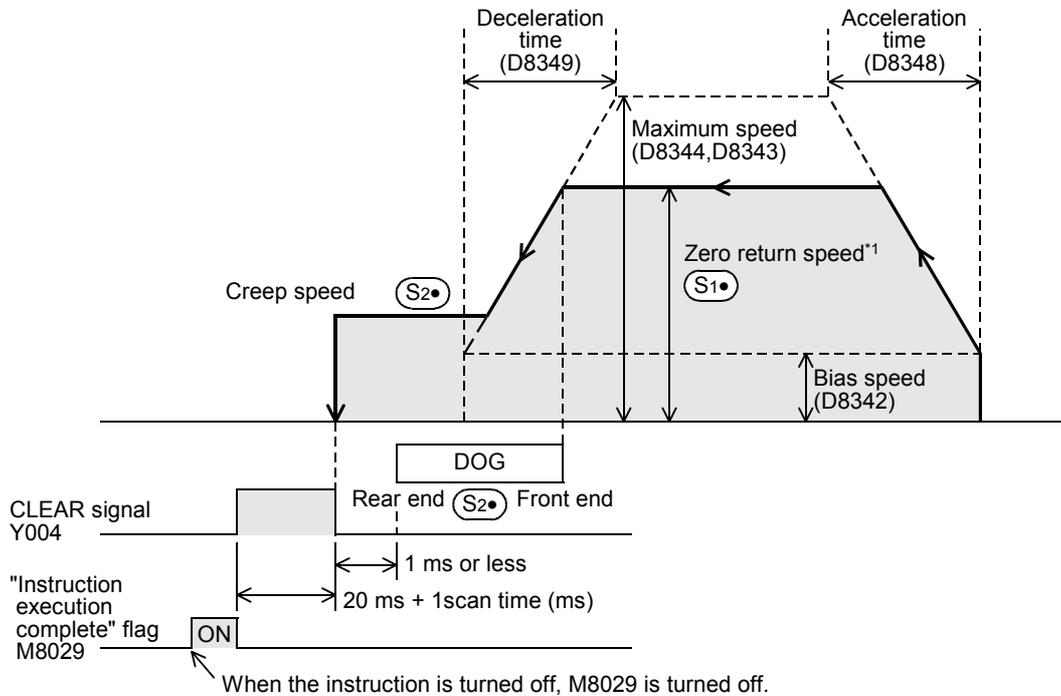
1. Zero return operation

Zero return operation is described below assuming that Y000 is specified as the pulse output destination device by (D₁). For this reason, if Y001, Y002, and Y003 are specified, it is necessary to change the output number of each related flag (special auxiliary relay, special data register).

→ For details on related flags, refer to Section 4.1 to Section 4.4, or Subsection 6.2.2.

- 1) Execute ZRN instruction to carry out zero return.
- 2) Transfer operation will be performed at the zero return speed specified by (S₁).
- 3) If the near-point signal (DOG) specified by (S₃) is turned on, the speed will be reduced to the creep speed specified by (S₂).
- 4) If the near-point signal (DOG) specified by (S₃) is turned off, the pulse outputting operation will be immediately stopped.
- 5) If the CLEAR signal output function (M8341) is enabled (set to ON), the CLEAR signal (Y004) will be turned on within 1 ms after stopping the pulse outputting operation, and will be kept at the ON status for "20 ms + 1 scan time (ms)".
- 6) The current value register (D8341, D8340) will be reset to "0" (will be cleared).
- 7) "Instruction execution complete" flag will be turned on, and the zero return operation will be completed.

→ For details on "Instruction execution complete" flag, refer to Subsection 4.7.4.



*1. Note that the zero return speeds shown in the following table will not be adopted.

| Pulse output destination device | Zero return speed |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| (D ₁) = Y000 | D8347, D8346 |
| (D ₁) = Y001 | D8357, D8356 |
| (D ₁) = Y002 | D8367, D8366 |
| (D ₁) = Y003 | D8377, D8376 |

6.3.4 Important Points

→ For the important points of programming, refer to Section 4.7.

- If an input (X000 to X007) of the main unit is specified for the near-point input signal specified by (S3*), the interruption function will be adopted to stop the operation.
 Under the following condition, however, operation may be affected by the input constant or the scan time of the sequence program.
 - An input number of X010 or below or the other device (auxiliary relay, etc.) is specified.
 If input relay X010 or below is specified for the near-point signal, the input filter (10 ms) will be adopted.
- If an input (X000 to X007) is specified for the near-point signal (S3*), the input cannot be used for the following items:
 - High-speed counter
 - Input interruption
 - Pulse catch
 - SPD instruction
 - DSZR instruction
 - DVIT instruction
- Properly set the DOG so that the near-point signal (DOG) can be kept at the ON status until the speed is reduced to the creep speed.
 This instruction will start speed reduction to the creep speed at the front end of the DOG, and will stop the operation at the rear end of the DOG. After that, the current value register will be cleared (reset to "0").
 If the speed is not reduced to the creep speed before detecting the rear end of the DOG, the operation may not be stopped at the specified position.
- The creep speed should be low enough.
 The zero return instruction will not reduce the speed before stop. For this reason, if the creep speed is not low enough, the operation may not be stopped at the specified position due to inertia.
- The DOG search function is not adopted for this instruction. For this reason, start the zero return operation on the front side of the near-point signal. If it is necessary to use the DOG search function, use the DSZR instruction.
- The zero-phase signal of servo motor cannot be used. For this reason, if fine adjustment of the origin position is needed, adjust the position of the near-point signal (DOG).
- If the instruction activation contact is turned off during zero return operation, the speed will be reduced and then the operation will be stopped. In this case, "Instruction execution complete" flag (M8029) will not be turned on.
- While "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag is on, the positioning instruction (including PLSR and PLSY) that uses the same output cannot be executed.
 After the instruction activation contact is turned off, if "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag is still on, do not execute the positioning instruction (including PLSR and PLSY instructions) having the same output number.
- In the following case, "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag (M8329) will be turned on, and execution of the instruction will be completed.
 - For details on "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag, refer to Subsection 4.7.4.
 - If the forward limit flag or the reverse limit flag is turned on, the speed will be reduced and then the operation will be stopped. In this case, "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag (M8329) will be turned on when completing execution of the instruction.
 - If the limit flag (forward limit flag or reverse limit flag) on the opposite side of the operation direction is turned on, the speed will be reduced and then the operation will be stopped.
 In this case, "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag (M8329) will be turned on when completing execution of the instruction.

7. Absolute Position Detection System (Absolute Current Value Read)-ABS Instruction

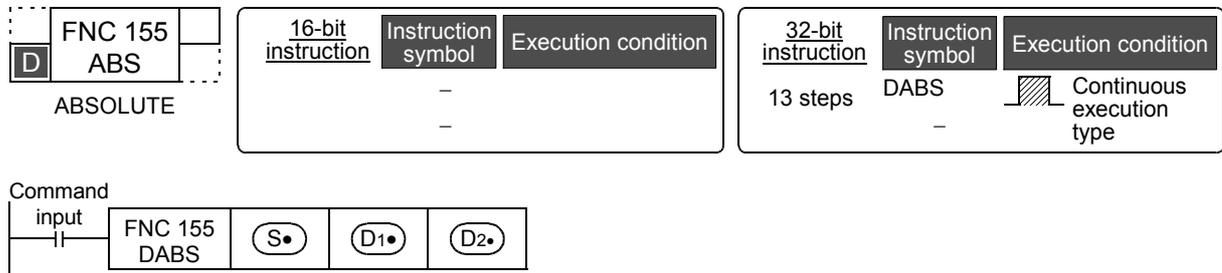
Since the absolute position detection system is adopted, the built-in positioning function uses the current ABS value read-out (ABS) instruction to read out the current value (absolute position (ABS) data) from the MELSERVO-H, -J2(S), or -J3 servo amplifier.

→ For the items to be observed in programming, refer to Section 4.7.

→ For the servo amplifier and connection of the MELSERVO Series, refer to the Appendix and the examples of connection.

7.1 Instruction Format

1. Instruction Format



2. Data setting

| Operand type | Description | Data type |
|--------------|--|-----------|
| (S•) | Specifies the first number of the device that inputs the absolute position (ABS) data from the servo amplifier. Number of occupied points: 3 (first point for (S•)) | BIN16-bit |
| (D1•) | Specifies the first number of the device that outputs the absolute position (ABS) data control signal to the servo amplifier. Number of occupied points: 3 (first point for (D1•)) | |
| (D2•) | Specifies the absolute position (ABS) data (32-bit value) storage device number. | BIN32-bit |

3. Devices

| Operand type | Bit device | | | | | | | Word device | | | | | | | | | | Others | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|------|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------|---|---|---|--------------|-------|--------|----------|-------------|------------------|---------|-----|---|
| | System user | | | | | | | Digit designation | | | | System user | | | | Special unit | Index | | Constant | Real number | Character string | Pointer | | |
| | X | Y | M | T | C | S | D□.b | KnX | KnY | KnM | KnS | T | C | D | R | U□/G□ | V | Z | Modify | K | H | E | "□" | P |
| (S•) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | ▲ | | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ | | | | | |
| (D1•) | | | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | ▲ | | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ | | | | | |
| (D2•) | | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | | |

▲ : The D□.b cannot be indexed by index registers (V and Z).

7.2 List of Related Devices

→ For details on the related devices, refer to Section 4.1 to Section 4.4.

1. Special auxiliary relays

The following table shows the related special auxiliary relays.

Note that Y000, Y001, Y002, and Y003 are devices that determine the pulse output destinations.

→ For details on PLSY (FNC57), PWM (FNC58), and PLSR (FNC59) instructions, refer to the programming manual.

| Device number | | | | Function | Attribute | Refer to |
|---------------|------|------|--------|---|-----------|------------------|
| Y000 | Y001 | Y002 | Y003*1 | | | |
| M8029 | | | | "Instruction execution complete" flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.2 |
| M8329 | | | | "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.2 |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

2. Special data registers

The following table shows the related special data registers. Note that Y000, Y001, Y002, and Y003 are devices that determine the pulse output destinations.

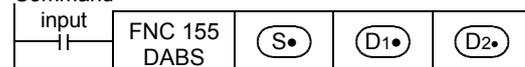
| Device number | | | | | | | | Function | Data length | Initial value | Refer to |
|---------------|------------|-------|------------|-------|------------|--------|------------|------------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|
| Y000 | | Y001 | | Y002 | | Y003*1 | | | | | |
| D8340 | Low-order | D8350 | Low-order | D8360 | Low-order | D8370 | Low-order | Current value register (PLS) | 32-bit | 0 | Subsection 4.4.1 |
| D8341 | High-order | D8351 | High-order | D8361 | High-order | D8371 | High-order | | | | |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

7.3 Function and Operation

Connect the MR-H, MR-J2, or MR-J3 servo motor (with absolute position detection function) manufactured by Mitsubishi to your system, and use this instruction to read out the absolute position (ABS) data. The data will be converted into the pulse value before being read out.

Command



- For (S), specify the first number of the device that inputs the absolute position (ABS) data from the servo amplifier. Number of occupied points: 3 ((S), (S)+1, (S)+2)
- For (D1), specify the first number of the device that outputs the absolute position (ABS) data control signal to the servo amplifier. Be sure to use the transistor outputs as the outputs of the PLC. Number of occupied points: 3 ((D1), (D1)+1, (D1)+2)
- For (D2), specify the absolute position (ABS) data (32-bit value) storage device number to store the data read out from the servo amplifier. Handle the absolute position (ABS) data as follows:
 - To use the built-in pulse output function, be sure to specify the following current value registers for the read-out ABS data:

| Y000 | Y001 | Y002 | Y003*1 |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| D8341,D8340 | D8351,D8350 | D8361,D8360 | D8371, D8370 |

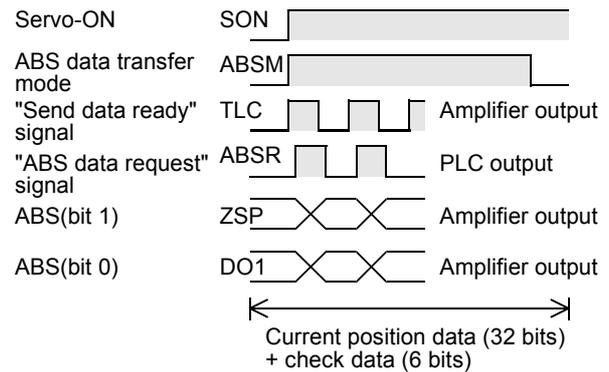
*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

- When using FX2N-1PG(-E) or FX2N-10PG, read out the ABS data from the data register first, and then write the read-out ABS data into the current value register of FX2N-1PG(-E) or FX2N-10PG using DTO instruction. Or directly specify buffer memory (U□\G□) in (D).

1. Detection of absolute position

- 1) If DABS (FNC155) instruction turns ON, the PLC will activate the servo-ON output and the ABS transfer mode output.
- 2) 32+6-bit data communication will be performed while mutually checking the data sending/receiving condition using "send data ready" signal and "ABS data request" signal.
- 3) The 2-bit line (line for ABS bit 0 and bit 1) will be used for data transmission.
- 4) At the completion on ABS data reading, "Instruction execution complete" flag (M8029) will be turned on.

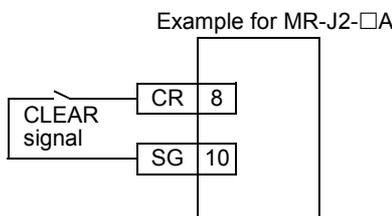
→ For details of "Instruction execution complete" flag, refer to Subsection 4.7.4.



7.4 Initial Zero Return

When your system is established, even if your servo motor is equipped with the absolute position detection function, it is necessary to perform zero return at least once to send the CLEAR signal to the servo motor. Use one of the following methods for the initial zero return:

- 1) Execute DSZR (FNC150) with DOG search zero return instruction or ZRN (FNC156) zero return instruction using the CLEAR signal function to complete zero return.
- 2) Carry out zero return of the machine using the position adjustment method in the jogging operation mode or manual operation mode, and then input the CLEAR signal. To input the CLEAR signal, use the output of the PLC or the external switch shown in the following figure.



7.5 Important Points

- Set the timing for your system so that the power of the servo amplifier is turned on first, and then the power of the PLC, or that these powers are turned on at the same time.
- Leave the drive contact of the DABS (FNC155) instruction ON after reading the ABS value. If the instruction activation contact is turned off at the completion of ABS data reading, the servo-ON (SON) signal will be turned off, and the operation will not be performed.
- If the instruction activation contact is turned off during data reading, data reading will be stopped.
- This instruction is for the 32-bit data only. Be sure to input this instruction as DABS instruction.
- Observe the following items to use FX2N-1PG(-E) or FX2N-10PG:
 - The ABS data will be converted into the pulse value before being read out. For this reason, be sure to specify "motor system" when setting parameters (BFM #3) for FX2N-1PG(-E).
 - When writing the ABS data into FX2N-10PG, be sure to use the current value register (BFM #40, BFM #39) to store the converted pulse data.
- Even if data-communication with the servo amplifier is not performed properly, no error will be detected. For this reason, it is necessary to monitor the handshaking operation using the time-out error detection timer to detect a handshake error.

→ For the example programs, refer to Section 12.5.

8. 1-Speed Positioning - DRVI/DRVA Instruction

The built-in positioning function uses the drive to increment (DRVI) instruction or the drive to absolute (DRVA) instruction to perform 1-speed positioning. Note that these two instructions use different target position setting methods.

| Instruction | Target position setting method |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Drive to Increment (DRVI) instruction | Incremental method: Uses a relative address to specify the target position. |
| Drive to Absolute (DRVA) instrument | Absolute method: Uses an absolute address to specify the target position. |

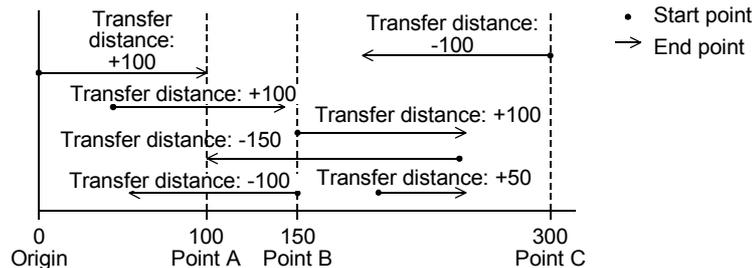
→ For the important items common to all the positioning instructions, refer to Section 4.7.
 → For example programs, refer to Chapter 12.

8.1 Incremental Method and Absolute Method

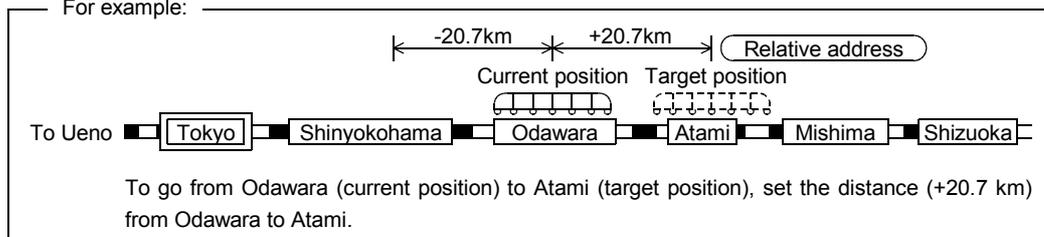
There are two target position setting methods for positioning operation as described below:

1. Incremental method (relative address setting method)

While regarding the current position as the start point, specify the transfer direction and the transfer distance (relative address) to determine the target position.

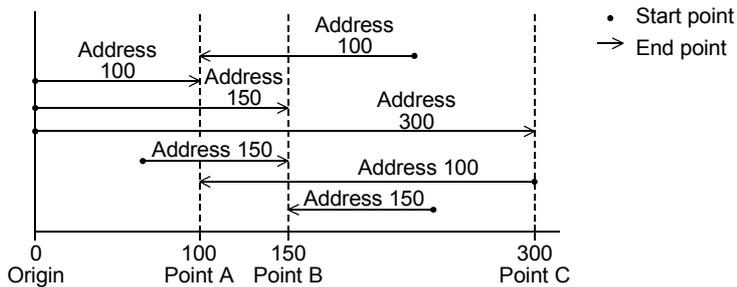


For example:

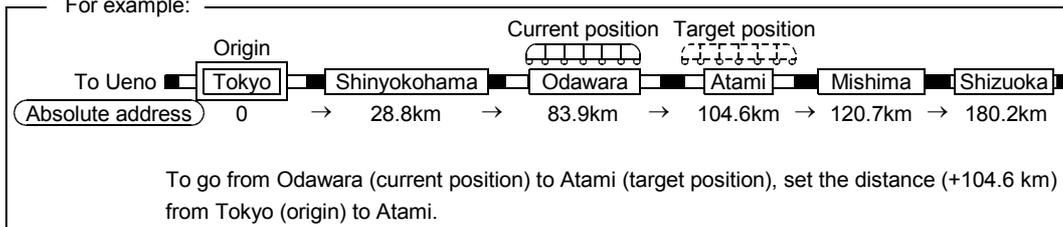


2. Absolute method (absolute address setting method)

Specify the distance (absolute address) from the origin to the target position. In this case, any position can be the start point (current position).



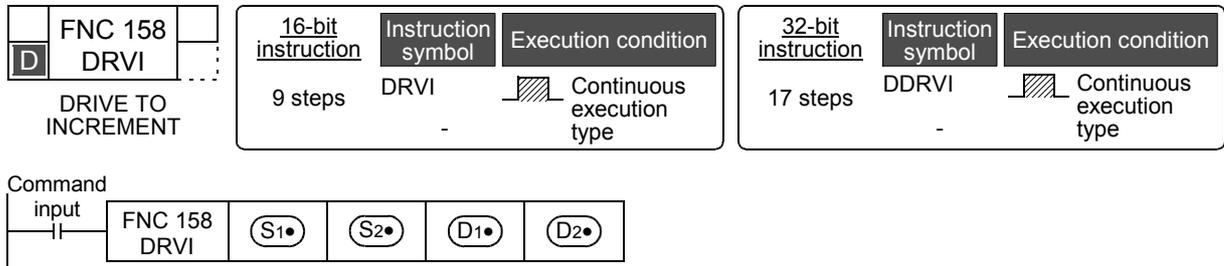
For example:



8.2 Drive to Increment - DRVI Instruction

8.2.1 Instruction Format

1. Instruction Format



2. Data setting

| Operand type | Description | Data type |
|--------------|---|--------------|
| (S1) | Specifies the number of output pulses (relative address). ^{*1} | BIN16/32-bit |
| (S2) | Specifies the output pulse frequency. ^{*2} | |
| (D1) | Specifies the pulse output number. | bit |
| (D2) | Specifies the rotation direction signal output destination device number. | |

*1. Setting range : -32,768 to +32,767 (excluding 0) for 16-bit operation
: -999,999 to +999,999 (excluding 0) for 32-bit operation

*2. Setting range : 10 to 32,767 Hz for 16-bit operation
For the 32-bit operation, however, the setting range should be as shown in the following table.

| Pulse output destination | | Setting range |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| FX3U PLC | High-speed output special adapter | 10 to 200,000(Hz) |
| FX3U/FX3UC PLC | Main unit (transistor output) | 10 to 100,000(Hz) |

3. Devices

| Operand type | Bit device | | | | | | | Word device | | | | | | | | | | Others | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|----|---|---|---|---|------|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------|---|---|---|--------------|---|--------|-------|---|---|-----------|-------------|-------------------|---------|
| | System user | | | | | | | Digit designation | | | | System user | | | | Special unit | | Index | | | | Con-stant | Real number | Char-acter string | Pointer |
| | X | Y | M | T | C | S | D□.b | KnX | KnY | KnM | KnS | T | C | D | R | U□\G□ | V | Z | Modfy | K | H | E | "□" | P | |
| (S1) | | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | |
| (S2) | | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | |
| (D1) | | ▲1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (D2) | | ▲2 | ✓ | | | | ▲3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

▲1 : Specify Y000, Y001, or Y002 transistor output of main unit, or specify Y000, Y001, Y002^{*2}, or Y003^{*2} of high-speed output special adapter^{*1}.

*1. High-speed input/output special adapter cannot be connected to FX3UC-32MT-LT.

*2. To use Y002 and Y003 of the high-speed output special adapter, connect the second high-speed output special adapter.

Note:

- To use the FX3U Series main unit of relay output type, be sure to connect the high-speed output special adapter. The differential line drive will be used for the outputs of the high-speed output special adapter.

▲2 : When a high-speed output special adapter is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U PLC, use the output shown in the following table for rotation direction signals.
 When a built-in transistor output is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U/FX3UC PLC, use transistor output for signals rotation direction.

→ For the outputs applicable with High-speed output special adapter, refer to section 4.9.

| High-speed output special adapter connection position | Pulse output | Rotation direction output |
|---|--------------|---------------------------|
| The 1st adapter | (D1*) = Y000 | (D2*) = Y004 |
| | (D1*) = Y001 | (D2*) = Y005 |
| The 2nd adapter | (D1*) = Y002 | (D2*) = Y006 |
| | (D1*) = Y003 | (D2*) = Y007 |

▲3 : The D□.b cannot be indexed by index registers (V and Z).

8.2.2 List of Related Devices

1. Special auxiliary relays

The following table shows the related special auxiliary relays. Note that Y000, Y001, Y002, and Y003 are devices that determine the pulse output destinations.

| Device number | | | | Function | Attribute | Refer to |
|---------------|-------|-------|--------|---|-----------|------------------|
| Y000 | Y001 | Y002 | Y003*1 | | | |
| M8029 | | | | "Instruction execution complete" flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.2 |
| M8329 | | | | "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.2 |
| M8340 | M8350 | M8360 | M8370 | "Pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.3 |
| M8343 | M8353 | M8363 | M8373 | Forward limit | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.1 |
| M8344 | M8354 | M8364 | M8374 | Reverse limit | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.1 |
| M8348 | M8358 | M8368 | M8378 | Positioning instruction activation. | Read only | Subsection 4.4.4 |
| M8349 | M8359 | M8369 | M8379 | Pulse output stop command*2 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.2 |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

*2. Cleaned when PLC switches from RUN to STOP.

2. Special data registers

The following table shows the related special data registers. Note that Y000, Y001, Y002, and Y003 are devices that determine the pulse output destinations.

| Device number | | | | | | | | Function | Data length | Initial value | Refer to |
|---------------|------------|-------|------------|-------|------------|--------|------------|------------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|
| Y000 | | Y001 | | Y002 | | Y003*1 | | | | | |
| D8340 | Low-order | D8350 | Low-order | D8360 | Low-order | D8370 | Low-order | Current value register (PLS) | 32-bit | 0 | Subsection 4.4.1 |
| D8341 | High-order | D8351 | High-order | D8361 | High-order | D8371 | High-order | | | | |
| D8342 | | D8352 | | D8362 | | D8372 | | Bias speed (Hz) | 16-bit | 0 | Subsection 4.2.6 |
| D8343 | Low-order | D8353 | Low-order | D8363 | Low-order | D8373 | Low-order | Maximum speed (Hz) | 32-bit | 100,000 | Subsection 4.2.5 |
| D8344 | High-order | D8354 | High-order | D8364 | High-order | D8374 | High-order | | | | |
| D8345 | | D8355 | | D8365 | | D8375 | | Creep speed (Hz) | 16-bit | 1000 | Subsection 4.2.4 |
| D8346 | Low-order | D8356 | Low-order | D8366 | Low-order | D8376 | Low-order | Zero return speed (Hz) | 32-bit | 50,000 | Subsection 4.2.3 |
| D8347 | High-order | D8357 | High-order | D8367 | High-order | D8377 | High-order | | | | |
| D8348 | | D8358 | | D8368 | | D8378 | | Acceleration time (ms) | 16-bit | 100 | Subsection 4.2.7 |
| D8349 | | D8359 | | D8369 | | D8379 | | Deceleration time (ms) | 16-bit | 100 | Subsection 4.2.8 |

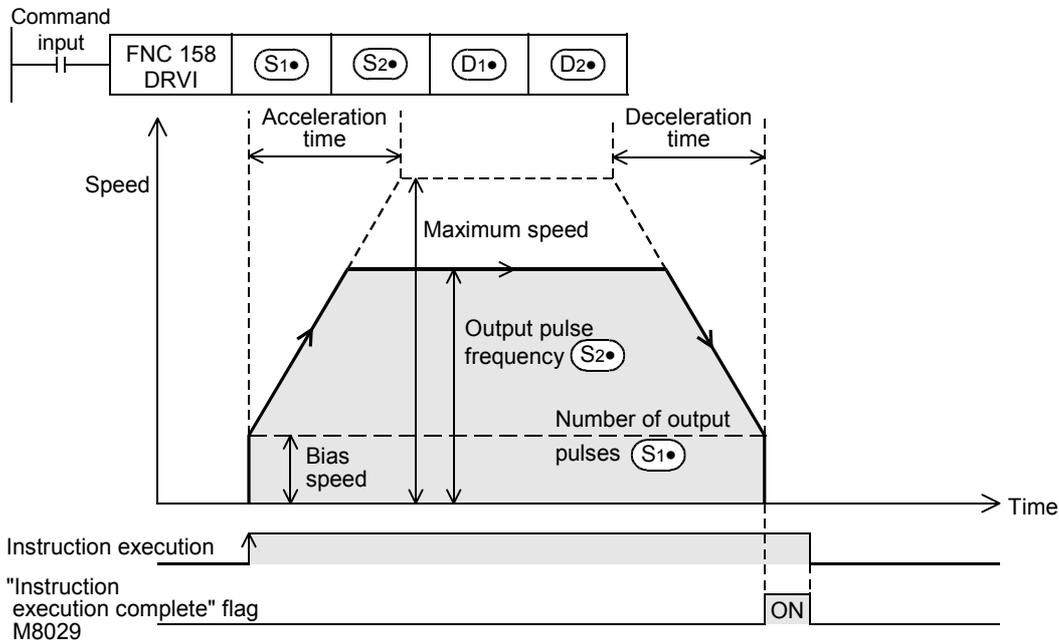
*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

8.2.3 Function and Operation

This instruction is a 1-speed positioning instruction and uses the relative drive method. For this instruction, the transfer distance from the current position to the target position should be specified together with a plus or minus sign. This method is also referred to as the incremental (relative) drive method.

→ For details on "Instruction execution complete" flag, refer to Subsection 4.7.4.

→ For details on the maximum speed, bias speed, acceleration time, and deceleration time, refer to Section 4.2.



- 1) For (S1), specify the number of output pulses (relative address value).

| | Setting range |
|------------------|----------------------|
| 16-bit operation | -32,768 to +32,767 |
| 32-bit operation | -999,999 to +999,999 |

- 2) For (S2), specify the output pulse frequency.

| | | Setting range |
|------------------|--|-------------------|
| 16-bit operation | | 10 to 32,767(Hz) |
| 32-bit operation | When high-speed output special adapter is used | 10 to 200,000(Hz) |
| | When transistor output of main unit is used | 10 to 100,000(Hz) |

- 3) For (D1), specify the pulse output number in the range of Y000 to Y003.

- 4) For (D2), specify the rotation direction signal output device number.

When a high-speed output special adapter is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U PLC, use the output shown in the following table for rotation direction signals.

When a built-in transistor output is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U/FX3UC PLC, use transistor output for signals rotation direction.

| High-speed output special adapter connection position | Pulse output destination device | Rotation direction output |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| The 1st adapter | (D1) = for Y000 | (D2) = Y004 |
| | (D1) = for Y001 | (D2) = Y005 |
| The 2nd adapter | (D1) = for Y002 | (D2) = Y006 |
| | (D1) = for Y003 | (D2) = Y007 |

The rotation direction depends on the ON/OFF status of the specified device as shown in the following table.

During execution of this instruction, however, do not use the output specified by (D2).

| ON/OFF status of device specified by (D2) | Rotation direction (increase/reduction of current value) |
|---|--|
| ON | If the number of output pulses specified by (S1) is a positive number, the operation will be performed in the forward rotation direction. Forward rotation (Outputting the (D1) pulse will increase the current value.) |
| OFF | If the number of output pulses specified by (S1) is a negative number, the operation will be performed in the reverse rotation direction. Reverse rotation (Outputting the (D1) pulse will reduce the current value.) |

8.2.4 Important Points

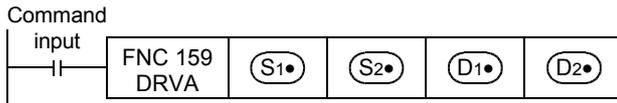
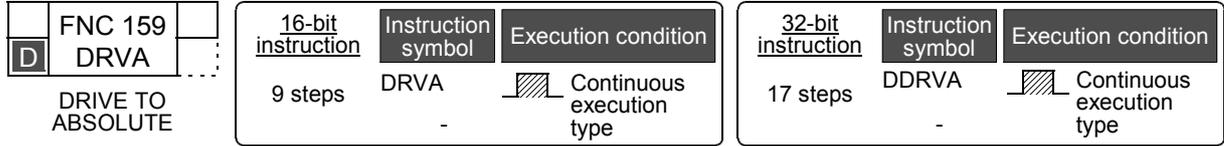
→ For the important points of programming, refer to Section 4.7.

- Even if the operand is subject to change during execution of the instruction, the operation will be continued while ignoring the change.
 Note that the changed operand will be enabled at next activation of the instruction.
- If the instruction activation contact is turned off during execution of the instruction, the speed will be reduced and then the operation will be stopped.
 In this case, "Instruction execution complete" flag (M8029) will not be turned on.
- If the limit flag (forward limit flag or reverse limit flag) in the operation direction is turned on, the speed will be reduced and then the operation will be stopped.
 In this case, "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag (M8329) will be turned on when completing execution of the instruction.
 → For details on "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag, refer to Subsection 4.7.4.
- While "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag is on, the positioning instruction (including PLSR and PLSY) that uses the same output cannot be executed.
 After the instruction activation contact is turned off, if "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag is still on, do not execute the positioning instruction (including PLSR and PLSY instructions) having the same output number.

8.3 Drive To Absolute (DRVA Instruction)

8.3.1 Instruction Format

1. Instruction format



2. Data setting

| Operand type | Description | Data type |
|--------------|---|--------------|
| (S1•) | Specifies the number of output pulses (absolute address). ^{*1} | BIN16/32-bit |
| (S2•) | Specifies the output pulse frequency. ^{*2} | |
| (D1•) | Specifies the pulse output number. | bit |
| (D2•) | Specifies the rotation direction signal output destination device number. | |

*1. Setting range : -32,768 to +32,767 for 16-bit operation
 : -999,999 to +999,999 for 32-bit operation

*2. Setting range : 10 to 32,767 Hz for 16-bit operation
 For the 32-bit operation, however, the setting range should be as shown in the following table.

| Pulse output destination | | Setting range |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| FX3U PLC | High-speed output special adapter | 10 to 200,000(Hz) |
| FX3U/FX3UC PLC | Main unit (transistor output) | 10 to 100,000(Hz) |

3. Devices

| Operand type | Bit device | | | | | | | | Word device | | | | | | | | | | Others | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|----|---|---|---|---|------|---|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------|---|---|---|--------------|-------|--------|-----------|-------------|-------------------|---------|-----|---|
| | System user | | | | | | | | Digit designation | | | | System user | | | | Special unit | Index | | Con-stant | Real number | Char-acter string | Pointer | | |
| | X | Y | M | T | C | S | D□.b | | KnX | KnY | KnM | KnS | T | C | D | R | U□\G□ | V | Z | Modify | K | H | E | "□" | P |
| (S1•) | | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | |
| (S2•) | | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | |
| (D1•) | | ▲1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ | | | | | |
| (D2•) | | ▲2 | ✓ | | | | ▲3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ | | | | | |

▲1 : Specify Y000, Y001, or Y002 transistor output of main unit, or specify Y000, Y001, Y002^{*2}, or Y003^{*2} of the high-speed output special adapter^{*1}.

*1. High-speed input/output special adapter cannot be connected to FX3UC-32MT-LT.

*2. To use Y002 and Y003 of the high-speed output special adapter, connect the second high-speed output special adapter.

Caution:

- To use the FX3U Series main unit of relay output type, be sure to connect the high-speed output special adapter. The differential line drive will be used for the outputs of the high-speed output special adapter.

- ▲2 : When a high-speed output special adapter is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U PLC, use the output shown in the following table for rotation direction signals.
 When a built-in transistor output is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U/FX3UC PLC, use transistor output for signals rotation direction.

| High-speed output special adapter connection position | Pulse output | Rotation direction output |
|---|--------------|---------------------------|
| The 1st adapter | (D1*) = Y000 | (D2*) = Y004 |
| | (D1*) = Y001 | (D2*) = Y005 |
| The 2nd adapter | (D1*) = Y002 | (D2*) = Y006 |
| | (D1*) = Y003 | (D2*) = Y007 |

- ▲3 : The D□.b cannot be indexed by index registers (V and Z).

8.3.2 List of Related Devices

1. Special auxiliary relaysx

The following table shows the related special auxiliary relays. Note that Y000, Y001, Y002, and Y003 are devices that determine the pulse output destinations.

| Device number | | | | Function | Attribute | Refer to |
|---------------|-------|-------|--------|---|-----------|------------------|
| Y000 | Y001 | Y002 | Y003*1 | | | |
| M8029 | | | | "Instruction execution complete" flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.2 |
| M8329 | | | | "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.2 |
| M8340 | M8350 | M8360 | M8370 | "Pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.3 |
| M8343 | M8353 | M8363 | M8373 | Forward limit | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.1 |
| M8344 | M8354 | M8364 | M8374 | Reverse limit | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.1 |
| M8348 | M8358 | M8368 | M8378 | Positioning instruction activation. | Read only | Subsection 4.4.4 |
| M8349 | M8359 | M8369 | M8379 | Pulse output stop command*2 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.2 |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

*2. Cleaned when PLC switches from RUN to STOP.

2. Special data registers

The following table shows the related special data registers. Note that Y000, Y001, Y002, and Y003 are devices that determine the pulse output destinations.

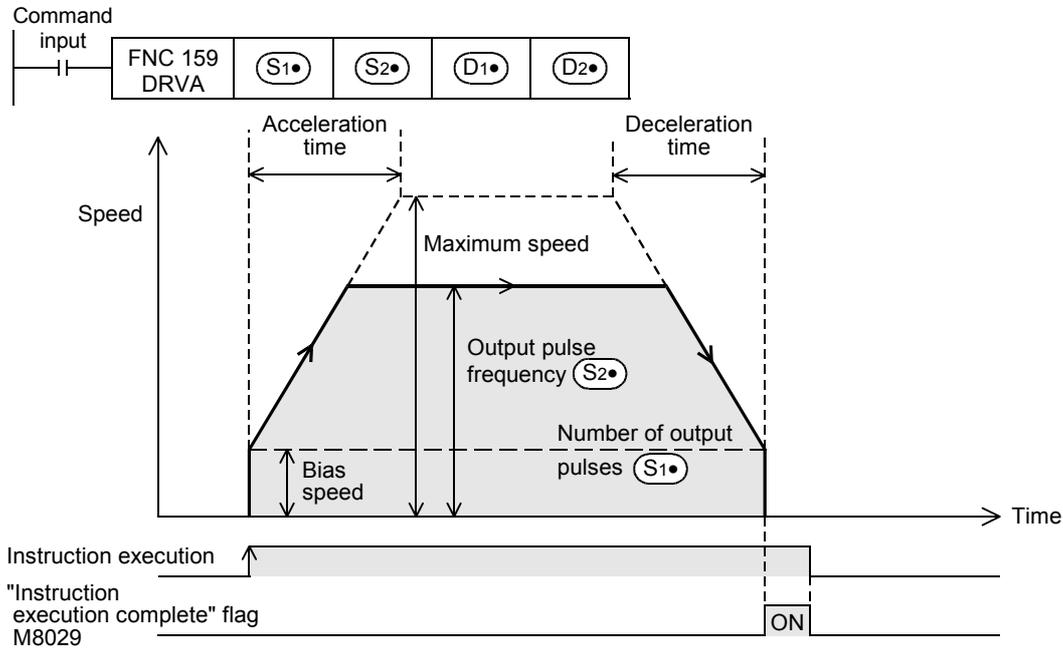
| Device number | | | | | | | | Function | Data length | Default value | Refer to |
|---------------|------------|-------|------------|-------|------------|--------|------------|------------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|
| Y000 | | Y001 | | Y002 | | Y003*1 | | | | | |
| D8340 | Low-order | D8350 | Low-order | D8360 | Low-order | D8370 | Low-order | Current value register (PLS) | 32-bit | 0 | Subsection 4.4.1 |
| D8341 | High-order | D8351 | High-order | D8361 | High-order | D8371 | High-order | | | | |
| D8342 | | D8352 | | D8362 | | D8372 | | Bias speed (Hz) | 16-bit | 0 | Subsection 4.2.6 |
| D8343 | Low-order | D8353 | Low-order | D8363 | Low-order | D8373 | Low-order | Maximum speed (Hz) | 32-bit | 100,000 | Subsection 4.2.5 |
| D8344 | High-order | D8354 | High-order | D8364 | High-order | D8374 | High-order | | | | |
| D8345 | | D8355 | | D8365 | | D8375 | | Creep speed (Hz) | 16-bit | 1000 | Subsection 4.2.4 |
| D8346 | Low-order | D8356 | Low-order | D8366 | Low-order | D8376 | Low-order | Zero return speed (Hz) | 32-bit | 50,000 | Subsection 4.2.3 |
| D8347 | High-order | D8357 | High-order | D8367 | High-order | D8377 | High-order | | | | |
| D8348 | | D8358 | | D8368 | | D8378 | | Acceleration time (ms) | 16-bit | 100 | Subsection 4.2.7 |
| D8349 | | D8359 | | D8369 | | D8379 | | Deceleration time (ms) | 16-bit | 100 | Subsection 4.2.8 |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

8.3.3 Function and Operation

This instruction is a 1-speed positioning instruction and uses the absolute drive method. For this instruction, the distance from the origin (zero point) to the target position should be specified.

- For details on "Instruction execution complete" flag, refer to Subsection 4.7.4.
- For details on the maximum speed, bias speed, acceleration time, and deceleration time, refer to Section 4.2.



- 1) For (S1), specify the number of output pulses (absolute address value).

| | Setting range |
|------------------|----------------------|
| 16-bit operation | -32,768 to +32,767 |
| 32-bit operation | -999,999 to +999,999 |

- 2) For (S2), specify the output pulse frequency.

| | | Setting range |
|------------------|--|-------------------|
| 16-bit operation | | 10 to 32,767(Hz) |
| 32-bit operation | When high-speed output special adapter is used | 10 to 200,000(Hz) |
| | When transistor output of main unit is used | 10 to 100,000(Hz) |

- 3) For (D1), specify the pulse output number in the range of Y000 to Y003.
- 4) For (D2), specify the rotation direction signal output device number.
 When a high-speed output special adapter is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U PLC, use the output shown in the following table for rotation direction signals.
 When a built-in transistor output is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U/FX3UC PLC, use transistor output for signals rotation direction.

| High-speed output special adapter connection position | Pulse output destination device | Rotation direction output |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| The 1st adapter | (D1) = for Y000 | (D2) = Y004 |
| | (D1) = for Y001 | (D2) = Y005 |
| The 2nd adapter | (D1) = for Y002 | (D2) = Y006 |
| | (D1) = for Y003 | (D2) = Y007 |

The rotation direction depends on the ON/OFF status of the specified device as shown in the following table.

During execution of this instruction, however, do not use the output specified by (D2).

| ON/OFF status of device specified by (D2) | Rotation direction (increase/reduction of current value) | |
|---|---|---|
| ON | Forward rotation (Outputting the (D1) pulse will increase the current value.) | The rotation direction (normal or reverse rotation) depends on which value is larger; the number of output pulses specified by (S) (absolute address) or the value indicated on the current value register. |
| OFF | Reverse rotation (Outputting the (D1) pulse will reduce the current value.) | |

8.3.4 Important Points

→ For the important points of programming, refer to Section 4.7.

- Even if the operand is subject to change during execution of the instruction, the operation will be continued while ignoring the change.
 Note that the changed operand will be enabled at next activation of the instruction.
- If the instruction activation contact is turned off during execution of the instruction, the speed will be reduced and then the operation will be stopped.
 In this case, "Instruction execution complete" flag (M8029) will not be turned on.
- If the limit flag (forward limit flag or reverse limit flag) in the operation direction is turned on, the speed will be reduced and then the operation will be stopped. In this case, "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag (M8329) will be turned on when completing execution of the instruction.
 → For details on "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag, refer to Subsection 4.7.4.
- If "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag is on, the positioning instruction (including PLSR and PLSY) that uses the same output cannot be executed.
 After the instruction activation contact is turned off, if "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag is still on, do not execute the positioning instruction (including PLSR and PLSY instructions) having the same output number.

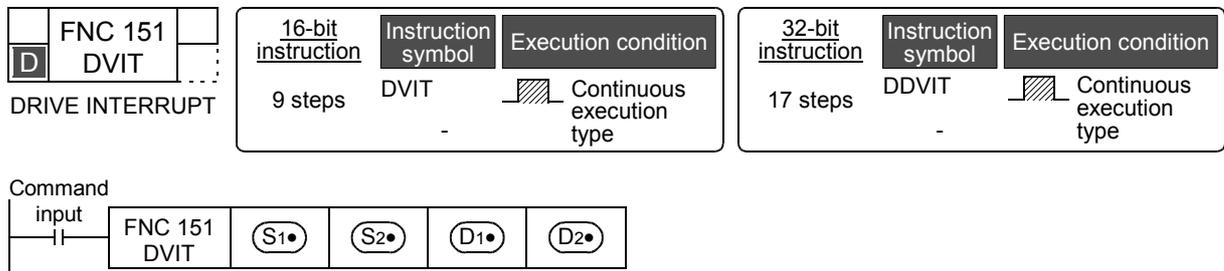
9. One-speed Interrupt constant quantity feed -DVIT Instruction

The built-in positioning function uses the Interrupt Positioning (DVIT) instruction to perform one-speed interrupt constant quantity feed. If the FX3UC PLC of Ver.1.20 or later is used, this instruction can change the interruption signal input destination.
 If the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver.2.20 or later is used, the interruption signal can be controlled using the user program.

→ For the items to be observed in programming, refer to Section 4.7.

9.1 Instruction Format

1. Instruction Format



2. Data setting

| Operand type | Description | Data type |
|--------------|--|--------------|
| (S1) | Specifies the number of pulses (relative address) to be output after interruption.*1 | BIN16/32-bit |
| (S2) | Specifies the output pulse frequency.*2 | |
| (D1) | Specifies the pulse output number. | bit |
| (D2) | Specifies the rotation direction signal output destination device number. | |

*1. Setting range : -32,768 to +32,767 (excluding 0) for 16-bit operation
 : -999,999 to +999,999 (excluding 0) for 32-bit operation

*2. Setting range : 10 to 32,767 Hz for 16-bit operation
 For the 32-bit operation, however, the setting range should be as shown in the following table.

| Pulse output destination | | Setting range |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| FX3U PLC | High-speed output special adapter | 10 to 200,000(Hz) |
| FX3U/FX3UC PLC | Main unit (transistor output) | 10 to 100,000(Hz) |

3. Devices

| Operand type | Bit device | | | | | | | Word device | | | | | | | | | | | Others | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|----|---|---|---|------|------|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------|---|---|---|--------------|-------|---|--------|----------|---|-------------|------------------|---------|
| | System user | | | | | | | Digit designation | | | | System user | | | | Special unit | Index | | | Constant | | Real number | Character string | Pointer |
| | X | Y | M | T | C | S | D□.b | KnX | KnY | KnM | KnS | T | C | D | R | U□G□ | V | Z | Modify | K | H | E | "□" | P |
| (S1) | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | |
| (S2) | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | |
| (D1) | | ▲1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ | | | | | | |
| (D2) | | ▲2 | ✓ | | | ✓ ▲3 | | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ | | | | | | |

▲1 : Specify Y000, Y001, or Y002 transistor output of the main unit, or specify Y000, Y001, Y002*2, or Y003*2 of the high-speed output special adapter*1.

*1. High-speed input/output special adapter cannot be connected to FX3UC-32MT-LT.

*2. To use Y002 and Y003 of the high-speed output special adapter, connect the second high-speed output special adapter.

Point:

- To use the FX3U Series main unit of relay output type, be sure to connect high-speed output special adapter. The differential line drive will be used for the outputs of the high-speed output special adapter.
- ▲2 : When a high-speed output special adapter is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U PLC, use the output shown in the following table for rotation direction signals. When a built-in transistor output is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U/FX3UC PLC, use transistor output for signals rotation direction.

→ For the outputs applicable with High-speed output special adapter, refer to section 4.9.

| High-speed output special adapter connection position | Pulse output | Rotation direction output |
|---|--------------|---------------------------|
| The 1st adapter | (D1) = Y000 | (D2) = Y004 |
| | (D1) = Y001 | (D2) = Y005 |
| The 2nd adapter | (D1) = Y002 | (D2) = Y006 |
| | (D1) = Y003 | (D2) = Y007 |

▲3 : The D□.b cannot be indexed by index registers (V and Z).

9.2 List of Related Devices

1. Special auxiliary relays

The following table shows the related special auxiliary relays. Note that Y000, Y001, Y002, and Y003 are devices that determine the pulse output destinations.

| Device number | | | | Function | Attribute | Refer to |
|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---|-----------|------------------|
| Y000 | Y001 | Y002 | Y003*1 | | | |
| M8029 | | | | "Instruction execution complete" flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.2 |
| M8329 | | | | "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.2 |
| M8336*2 | | | | Interrupt input specification function enabled.*3 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.7 |
| M8340 | M8350 | M8360 | M8370 | "Pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.3 |
| M8343 | M8353 | M8363 | M8373 | Forward limit | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.1 |
| M8344 | M8354 | M8364 | M8374 | Reverse limit | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.1 |
| M8347 | M8357 | M8367 | M8377 | Interrupt signal logic reverse.*3*4 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.8 |
| M8348 | M8358 | M8368 | M8378 | Positioning instruction activation | Read only | Subsection 4.4.4 |
| M8349 | M8359 | M8369 | M8379 | Pulse output stop command.*3 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.2 |
| M8460*5 | M8461*5 | M8462*5 | M8463*5 | User interrupt input command.*3 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.7 |
| M8464*5 | M8465*5 | M8466*5 | M8467*5 | Clear signal device specification function enabled.*3 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.4 |

- *1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.
- *2. This function will be valid if Ver.1.30 or later is used.
- *3. Cleared when PLC switches from RUN to STOP.
- *4. The logical NOT function will not be valid for the user interrupt input command device.
- *5. This function will be valid if Ver.2.20 or later is used.

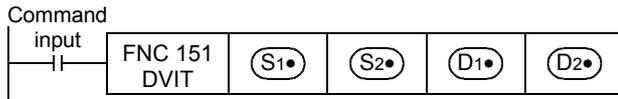
2. Special data registers

The following table shows the related special data registers. Note that Y000, Y001, Y002, and Y003 are devices that determine the pulse output destinations.

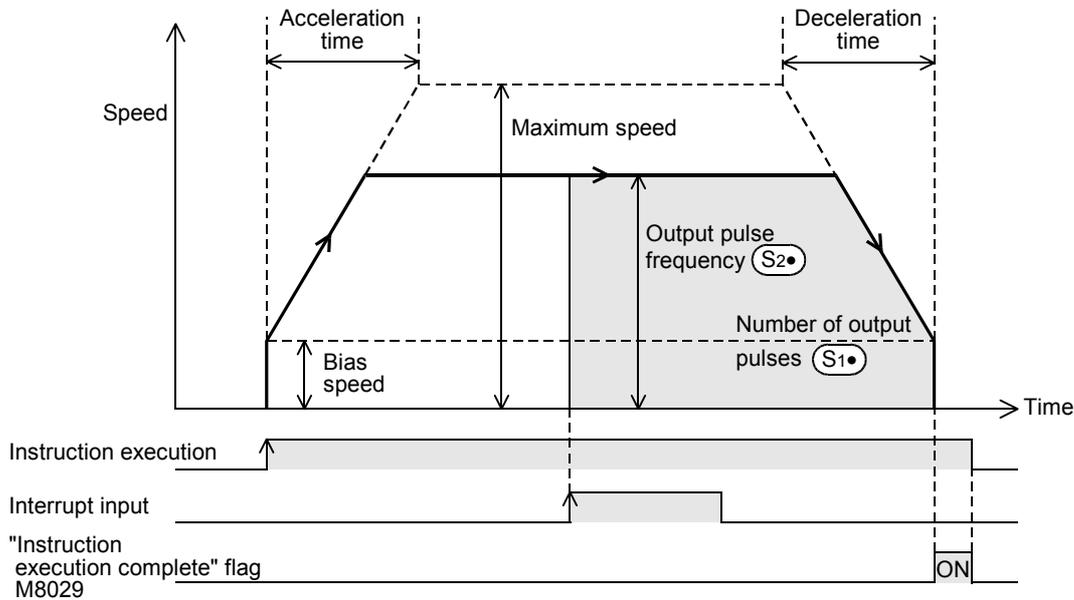
| Device number | | | | | | | | Function | Data length | Initial value | Refer to |
|---------------------|------------|---------------------|------------|---------------------|------------|---------------------|------------|------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|
| Y000 | | Y001 | | Y002 | | Y003 ^{*1} | | | | | |
| D8336 ^{*2} | | | | | | | | Specification of interrupt input. | 16-bit | - | Subsection 4.3.7 |
| D8340 | Low-order | D8350 | Low-order | D8360 | Low-order | D8370 | Low-order | Current value register (PLS) | 32-bit | 0 | Subsection 4.4.1 |
| D8341 | High-order | D8351 | High-order | D8361 | High-order | D8371 | High-order | | | | |
| D8342 | | D8352 | | D8362 | | D8372 | | Bias speed (Hz) | 16-bit | 0 | Subsection 4.2.6 |
| D8343 | Low-order | D8353 | Low-order | D8363 | Low-order | D8373 | Low-order | Maximum speed (Hz) | 32-bit | 100,000 | Subsection 4.2.5 |
| D8344 | High-order | D8354 | High-order | D8364 | High-order | D8374 | High-order | | | | |
| D8348 | | D8358 | | D8368 | | D8378 | | Acceleration time (ms) | 16-bit | 100 | Subsection 4.2.7 |
| D8349 | | D8359 | | D8369 | | D8379 | | Deceleration time (ms) | 16-bit | 100 | Subsection 4.2.8 |
| D8464 ^{*3} | | D8465 ^{*3} | | D8466 ^{*3} | | D8467 ^{*3} | | Specifies the CLEAR signal device. | 16-bit | - | Subsection 4.3.4 |

- *1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.
- *2. This function will be valid if Ver. 1.30 or later is used. However, to specify the user interruption command device, Ver. 2.20 or later should be used.
- *3. This function will be valid if Ver. 2.20 or later is used.

9.3 Function and Operation



→ For details on the maximum speed, bias speed, acceleration time, and deceleration time, refer to Subsection 4.2.5 to Subsection 4.2.8.



- 1) For (S1), specify the number of output pulses (relative address value).

| | Setting range |
|------------------|------------------------------------|
| 16-bit operation | -32,768 to +32,767 (excluding 0) |
| 32-bit operation | -999,999 to +999,999 (excluding 0) |

- 2) For (S2), specify the output pulse frequency.

| | | Setting range |
|------------------|--|-------------------|
| 16-bit operation | | 10 to 32,767(Hz) |
| 32-bit operation | When high-speed output special adapter is used | 10 to 200,000(Hz) |
| | When transistor output of main unit is used | 10 to 100,000(Hz) |

- 3) For (D1), specify the pulse output number in the range of Y000 to Y003.

- 4) For (D2), specify the rotation direction signal output device number.

When a high-speed output special adapter is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U PLC, use the output shown in the following table for rotation direction signals.

When a built-in transistor output is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U/FX3UC PLC, use transistor output for signals rotation direction.

| High-speed output special adapter number | Pulse output destination device | Rotation direction output |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| The 1st adapter | (D1) = Y000 | (D2) = Y004 |
| | (D1) = Y001 | (D2) = Y005 |
| The 2nd adapter | (D1) = Y002 | (D2) = Y006 |
| | (D1) = Y003 | (D2) = Y007 |

The rotation direction depends on the ON/OFF status of the specified device as shown in the following table.

During execution of this instruction, however, do not use the output specified by (D2).

| ON/OFF status of device specified by (D2) | Rotation direction (increase/reduction of current value) |
|---|--|
| ON | If the number of pulses to be output after interruption (specified by (S1)) is set to a positive number, the operation will be performed in the forward rotation direction. Forward rotation (Outputting the (D1) pulse will increase the current value.) |
| OFF | If the number of pulses to be output after interruption (specified by (S1)) is set to a negative number, the operation will be performed in the reverse rotation direction. Reverse rotation (Outputting the (D1) pulse will reduce the current value.) |

- 5) The interrupt input signal depends on the pulse output of (D1) as shown in the following table. Use the FX3uc PLC of Ver.1.30 or later to specify the interrupt input signal. Use the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver.2.20 or later to set the user interruption command device.

| Pulse output destination device | Interrupt input signal | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| | If it is not necessary to use the interrupt input designation function (M8336 = OFF), or if the FX3uc PLC of below Ver.1.30 is used | If it is necessary to use the interrupt input designation function (M8336 = ON) |
| (D1) = Y000 | X000 | D8336=HO ○ ○ ○ Interrupt input for Y000 (pulse output destination device) Interrupt input for Y001 (pulse output destination device) Interrupt input for Y002 (pulse output destination device) Interrupt input for Y003 (pulse output destination device) |
| (D1) = Y001 | X001 | |
| (D1) = Y002 | X002 | |
| (D1) = Y003*1 | X003 | |

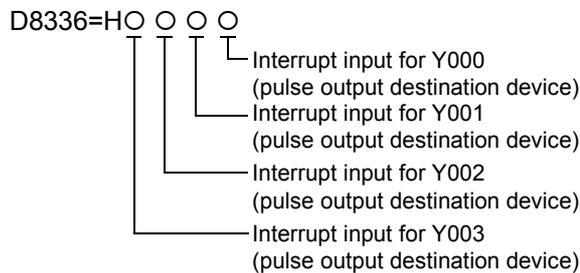
*1. Y003 can be specified as the pulse output destination only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

Designation of interrupt input using M8336:



- 1) Turn on the M8336.
- 2) Set the interrupt input number (X000 to X007) in the D8336, or specify the user interruption command device *1.

→ For details on the designation method, refer to Subsection 4.3.7 or Subsection 4.5.1.



| Setting value | Description of setting |
|---------------|--|
| 0 | Specifies X000 for the interrupt input signal. |
| 1 | Specifies X001 for the interrupt input signal. |
| ⋮ | ⋮ |
| 7 | Specifies X007 for the interrupt input signal. |

| Setting value | Description of setting | |
|---------------|--|---------------------------------|
| 8*1 | Specifies a user interruption command device*1 for the interrupt input signal.   | |
| | Pulse output destination device | Pulse output destination device |
| | Y000 | M8460 |
| | Y001 | M8461 |
| | Y002 | M8462 |
| | Y003*2 | M8463 |
| 9 ~ E*3 | Do not specify these values. | |
| F*3 | Set "F" for a pulse output destination device if the device is not used for the Interrupt Positioning (DVIT) instruction. | |

- *1. The device can be specified if the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver.2.20 or later is used. Using the FX3UC PLC of below Ver.2.20, if "8" is set and then the specified Interrupt Positioning (DVIT) instruction turns ON, an operation error (error code: K6763) will occur, and the instruction will not cause any operation.
- *2. Y003 can be specified as the pulse output destination only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.
- *3. After setting a number in the range of 9 to F for the interrupt input signal, if the corresponding Interrupt Positioning (DVIT) instruction turns ON, an operation error (error code: K6763) will occur, and the instruction will not cause any operation.

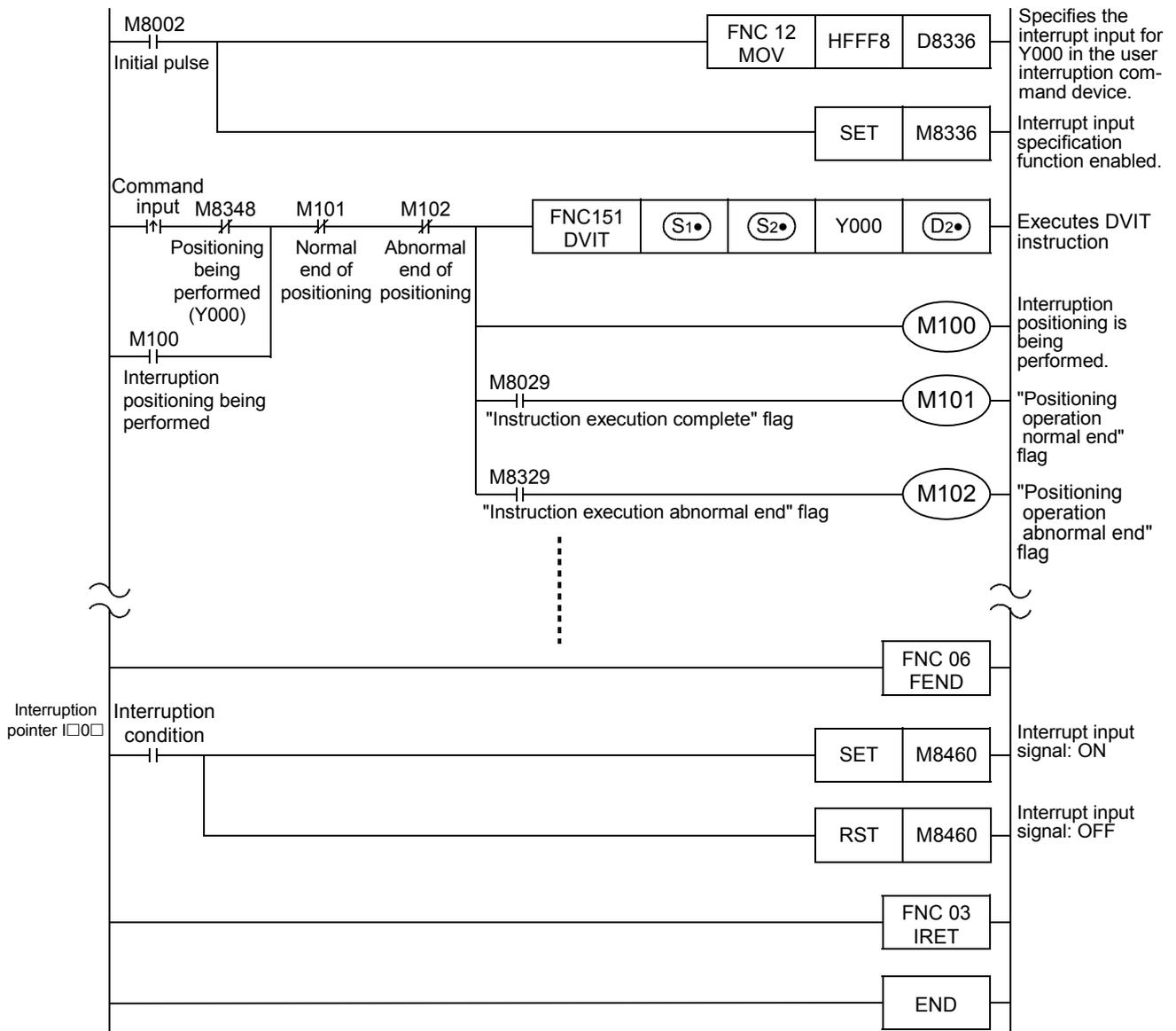
A
Common Items

B
Built-in Positioning Function

Apx.
Example Connection

Example of program:

The following program shows that the interrupt input for Y000 is set in the user interruption command device (M8460).



After specifying a user interruption command device for the interrupt input signal, if the specified device is turned on, the number of pulses specified by (S1) will be output and then the operation will be stopped. Before activating the Interrupt Positioning instruction again, be sure to turn off the user interruption command device.

6) Interrupt input signal logical NOT

Turn on or off "Interrupt signal logic reverse" flag (see the following table) to specify the logic of this interrupt input signal. However, if the user interruption command device is set for the pulse output destination device, the interrupt input signal logical NOT function cannot be used.

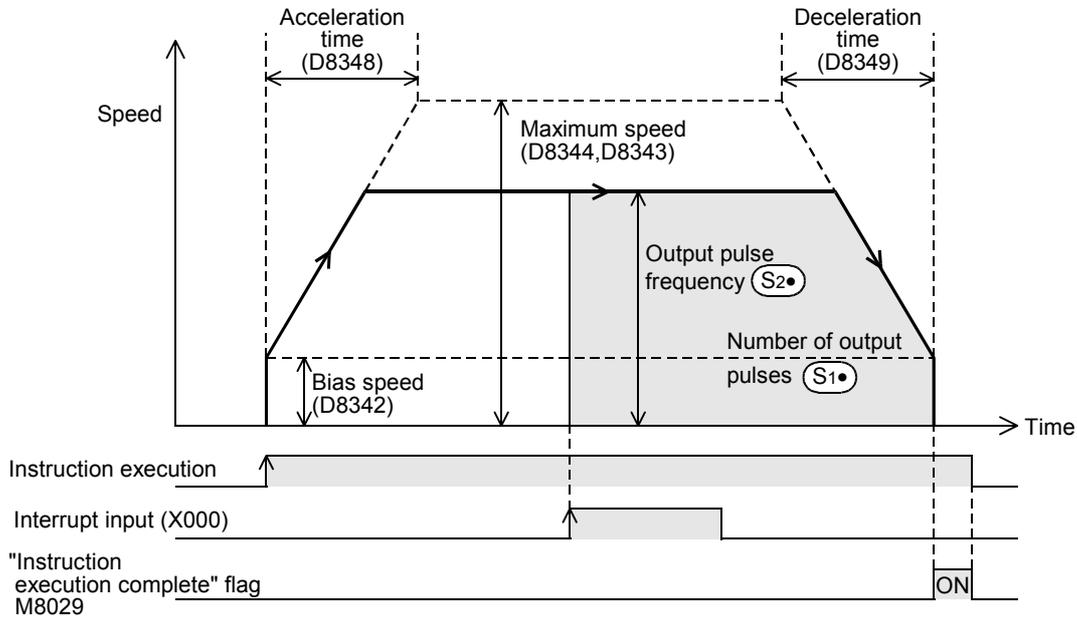
| Pulse output destination device | "Interrupt signal logic reverse" flag | Description |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| (D1) = Y000 | M8347 | OFF: Positive logic (Turning on the input will turn on the interrupt input signal.) ON: Negative logic (Turning off the input will turn on the interrupt input signal.) |
| (D1) = Y001 | M8357 | |
| (D1) = Y002 | M8367 | |
| (D1) = Y003*1 | M8377 | |

*1. Y003 can be specified as the pulse output destination only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

1. Interruption positioning operation

Interruption positioning operation is described below assuming that Y000 is specified as the pulse output destination device by (D1).
 For this reason, if Y001, Y002, or Y003 is specified, it is necessary to change the output number of each related flag.

→ For details on related flags, refer to Section 4.1 to Section 4.4, or Section 9.2.



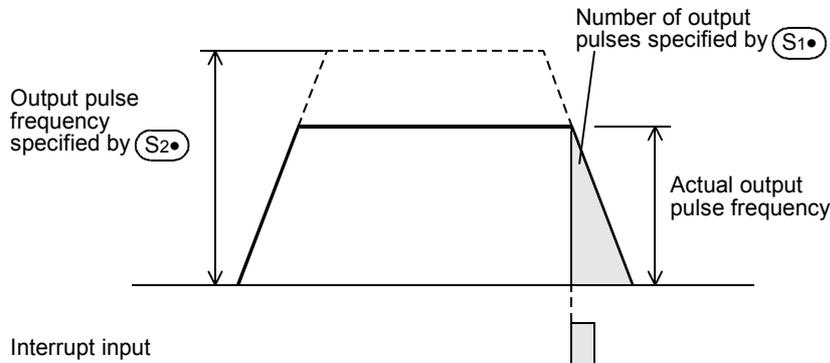
- 1) Execute the Interruption Positioning (DVIT) instruction.
- 2) Transfer operation will be performed in the direction specified by the sign attached to the number of output pulses (specified by (S1)) at the speed specified by the output pulse frequency (specified by (S2)).
- 3) If interrupt input X000 is turned on, pulses will be output until the number of output pulses is increased to the number specified by (S1), and then the operation will be stopped.
- 4) "Instruction execution complete" flag (M8029) will be turned on, and the interruption positioning operation will be completed.

→ For details on "Instruction execution complete" flag, refer to Subsection 4.7.4.

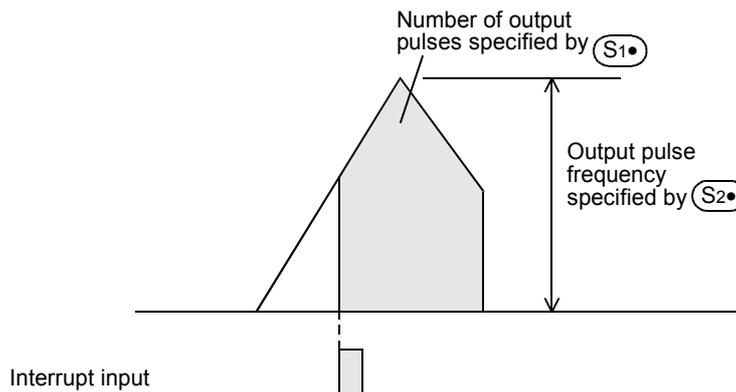
9.4 Important Points

→ For details on the instruction activation timing, refer to Section 4.7.

- If the number of pulses specified by (S1•) is not large enough to reduce the speed, the frequency will be reduced so that the speed can be reduced within the specified number of output pulses.



- If there is possibility that the interrupt input instruction is turned on during acceleration, specify the number of pulses so that the relation can be set to "number of output pulses \geq number of pulses needed for acceleration + number of pulses needed for deceleration".
 If the relation is set to "number of output pulses $<$ number of pulses needed for acceleration + number of pulses needed for deceleration", the operation will be as shown in the following figure:



- If interrupt input turns ON before execution of the instruction, the operation will be performed in the same way as DRVI instruction.
- Even if the operand is subject to change during execution of the instruction, the operation will be continued while ignoring the change. To reflect the change on the operation, turn off the command contact of the instruction, and then turn it on again.
- If the instruction activation contact is turned off during operation, the speed will be reduced and then the operation will be stopped. In this case, "Instruction execution complete" flag (M8029) will not be turned on.
- Input the interruption signal before the number of output pulses is increased to 4,294,967,296. Only if the number of pulses is increased to 4,294,967,296 before inputting the interruption signal, will the operation be stopped, and "Instruction execution complete" flag (M8029) will be turned on.

→ For details on "Instruction execution complete" flag, refer to Subsection 4.7.4.

- If "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag is on, the positioning instruction (including PLSR and PLSY) that uses the same output cannot be executed.
 After the instruction activation contact is turned off, if "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag is still on, do not execute the positioning instruction (including PLSR and PLSY instructions) having the same output number.

- If the forward limit flag or the reverse limit flag in the operation direction is turned on, the speed will be reduced and then the operation will be stopped. In this case, "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag (M8329) will be turned on when completing execution of the instruction.

→ For details on "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag, refer to Subsection 4.7.4.

- The interrupt input cannot be used for the following items:
Interrupt inputs can be specified in Ver.1.30 or later.
 - High-speed counter
 - Input interruption
 - Pulse catch
 - SPD instruction
 - DSZR instruction
 - ZRN instruction

A

Common Items

B

Built-in
Positioning
Function

Apx.

Example
Connection

10. Variable Speed Operation (Variable Speed Pulse Output)-PLSV Instruction

The built-in positioning function uses the variable speed pulse output (PLSV) instruction to perform variable speed operation. If the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver.2.20 or later is used, this instruction can change the speed using the acceleration/deceleration speed.

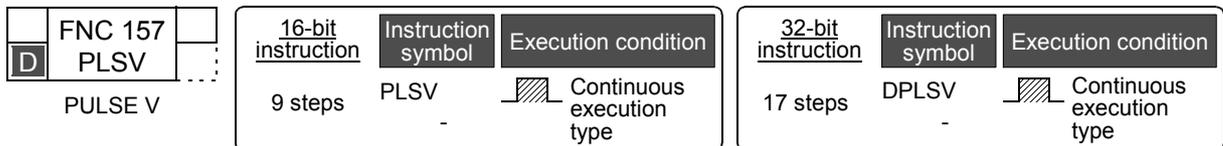
10.1 Instruction Format

Outline:

This instruction is the variable speed pulse output instruction equipped with the rotation direction designation function.

→ For the items to be observed in programming, refer to Section 4.7.

1. Instruction Format



2. Data setting

| Operand type | Description | Data type |
|--------------|---|---------------|
| (S) | Specifies the output pulse frequency designation device number.*1 | BIN 16/32-bit |
| (D1) | Specifies the pulse output device number. | bit |
| (D2) | Specifies the rotation direction signal output destination device number. | |

*1. Setting range : -32,768 Hz to -1 Hz and +1 Hz to 32,767 Hz for 16-bit operation. For the 32-bit operation, however, the setting range should be as shown in the following table.

| Pulse output destination | | Setting range |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| FX3U PLC | High-speed output special adapter | -200,000 to -1 to +1 to 200,000(Hz) |
| FX3U/FX3UC PLC | Main unit (transistor output) | -100,000 to -1 to +1 to 100,000(Hz) |

3. Devices

| Operand type | Bit device | | | | | | | Word device | | | | | | | | | | Others | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|----|---|---|---|---|------|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------|---|---|---|--------------|---|--------|-------|---|---|-------------|-----|-------------|-------------------|---------|
| | System user | | | | | | | Digit designation | | | | System user | | | | Special unit | | Index | | | | Con-strantr | | Real number | Char-acter string | Pointer |
| | X | Y | M | T | C | S | D□.b | KnX | KnY | KnM | KnS | T | C | D | R | U□\G□ | V | Z | Modfy | K | H | E | "□" | P | | |
| (S) | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | | |
| (D1) | | ▲1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ | | | | | | | | |
| (D2) | | ▲2 | ✓ | | | ✓ | ▲3 | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ | | | | | | | | |

▲1 : Specify Y000, Y001, or Y002 transistor output of the main unit, or specify Y000, Y001, Y002*2, or Y003*2 of the high-speed output special adapter*1.

*1. High-speed input/output special adapter cannot be connected to FX3UC-32MT-LT.

*2. To use Y002 and Y003 of the high-speed output special adapter, connect the second high-speed output special adapter.

Point:

- To use the FX3U Series main unit of relay output type, be sure to connect the high-speed output special adapter. The differential line drive will be used for the outputs of the high-speed output special adapter.
- ▲2 : When a high-speed output special adapter is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U PLC, use the output shown in the following table for rotation direction signals.
 When a built-in transistor output is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U/FX3UC PLC, use transistor output for signals rotation direction.

| High-speed output special adapter connection position | Pulse output | Rotation direction output |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| The 1st adapter | D1^{\bullet} = Y000 | D2^{\bullet} = Y004 |
| | D1^{\bullet} = Y001 | D2^{\bullet} = Y005 |
| The 2nd adapter | D1^{\bullet} = Y002 | D2^{\bullet} = Y006 |
| | D1^{\bullet} = Y003 | D2^{\bullet} = Y007 |

- ▲3 : The $\text{D}\square.b$ cannot be indexed by index registers (V and Z).

10.2 List of Related Devices

1. Special auxiliary relays

The following table shows the related special auxiliary relays. Note that Y000, Y001, Y002, and Y003 are devices that determine the pulse output destinations.

| Device number | | | | Function | Attribute | Refer to |
|---------------|-------|-------|--------|---|-----------|------------------|
| Y000 | Y001 | Y002 | Y003*1 | | | |
| M8029 | | | | "Instruction execution complete" flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.2 |
| M8329 | | | | "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.2 |
| M8338*2 | | | | Acceleration/deceleration*3 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.9 |
| M8340 | M8350 | M8360 | M8370 | "Pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.3 |
| M8342 | M8352 | M8362 | M8372 | Zero return direction specification.*3 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.3 |
| M8343 | M8353 | M8363 | M8373 | Forward limit | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.1 |
| M8344 | M8354 | M8364 | M8374 | Reverse limit | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.1 |
| M8348 | M8358 | M8368 | M8378 | Positioning instruction activation. | Read only | Subsection 4.4.4 |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

*2. This function will be valid if Ver.2.20 or later is used.

*3. Cleared when PLC switches from RUN to STOP.

2. Special data registers

The following table shows the related special data registers. Note that Y000, Y001, Y002, and Y003 are devices that determine the pulse output destinations.

| Device number | | | | | | | | Function | Data length | Initial value | Refer to |
|---------------|------------|-------|------------|-------|------------|--------|------------|------------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|
| Y000 | | Y001 | | Y002 | | Y003*1 | | | | | |
| D8340 | Low-order | D8350 | Low-order | D8360 | Low-order | D8370 | Low-order | Current value register (pls) | 32-bit | 0 | Subsection 4.4.1 |
| D8341 | High-order | D8351 | High-order | D8361 | High-order | D8371 | High-order | | | | |
| D8342 | | D8352 | | D8362 | | D8372 | | Bias speed (Hz) | 16-bit | 0 | Subsection 4.2.6 |
| D8343 | Low-order | D8353 | Low-order | D8363 | Low-order | D8373 | Low-order | Maximum speed (Hz) | 32-bit | 100,000 | Subsection 4.2.5 |
| D8344 | High-order | D8354 | High-order | D8364 | High-order | D8374 | High-order | | | | |
| D8348 | | D8358 | | D8368 | | D8378 | | Acceleration time (ms)*2 | 16-bit | 100 | Subsection 4.2.7 |
| D8349 | | D8359 | | D8369 | | D8379 | | Deceleration time (ms)*2 | 16-bit | 100 | Subsection 4.2.8 |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

*2. This function will be valid if PLSV instruction turns ON during acceleration/deceleration using Ver.2.20 or later.

10.3 Function and Operation

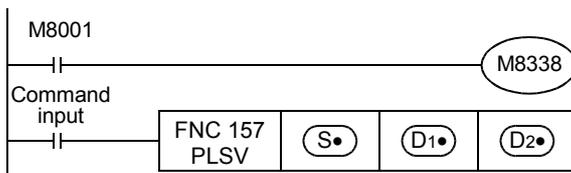
This instruction is the variable speed pulse output instruction equipped with the rotation direction designation function.

The acceleration/deceleration function is adopted for the variable speed pulse output (PLSV) instruction. So it is possible to specify whether acceleration/deceleration should be performed.

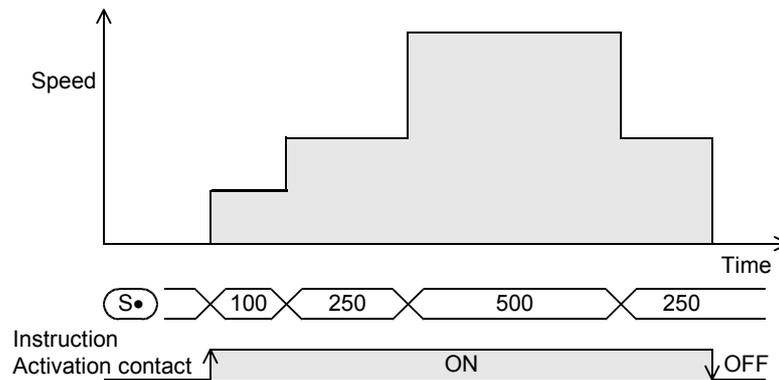
If the FX3UC PLC of below Ver.2.20 is used, operation will be performed without acceleration/deceleration.

10.3.1 Operation without Acceleration/Deceleration (M8338 = OFF)

After turning off the acceleration/deceleration function (M8338), if the output pulse frequency (S•) value is changed, the variable speed pulse output (PLSV) instruction will change the output frequency without acceleration/deceleration.



→ For details on the maximum speed and bias speed, refer to Subsection 4.2.5 and Subsection 4.2.6.



1) For (S•), specify the output pulse frequency.

Even if pulses are being output, the output pulse frequency (S•) can be changed freely. Acceleration/deceleration, however, will not be performed.

| | | Setting range |
|------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| 16-bit operation | | -32,768 to -1 Hz, 1 to 32,767 Hz |
| 32-bit operation | When high-speed output special adapter is used | -200,000 to -1 Hz, 1 to 200,000 Hz |
| | When transistor output of main unit is used | -100,000 to -1 Hz, 1 to 100,000 Hz |

2) For (D1•), specify the pulse output number in the range of Y000 to Y003.

3) For (D2•), specify the rotation direction signal output device number.

When a high-speed output special adapter is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U PLC, use the output shown in the following table for rotation direction signals.

When a built-in transistor output is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U/FX3UC PLC, use transistor output for signals rotation direction.

| High-speed output special adapter number | Pulse output destination device | Rotation direction output |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| The 1st adapter | (D1•) = Y000 | (D2•) = Y004 |
| | (D1•) = Y001 | (D2•) = Y005 |
| The 2nd adapter | (D1•) = Y002 | (D2•) = Y006 |
| | (D1•) = Y003 | (D2•) = Y007 |

The rotation direction depends on the ON/OFF status of the specified device as shown in the following table.

During execution of this instruction, however, do not use the output specified by (D2).

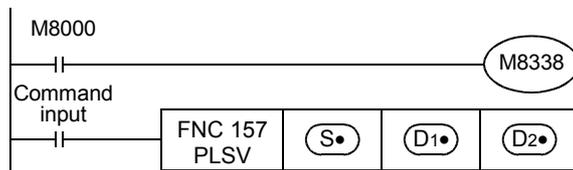
| ON/OFF status of device specified by | Rotation direction (increase/reduction of current value) |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| ON | If the number of output pulses specified by (S) is a positive number, the operation will be performed in the forward rotation direction. Forward rotation (Outputting the (D1) pulse will increase the current value.) |
| OFF | If the number of output pulses specified by (S) is a negative number, the operation will be performed in the reverse rotation direction. Reverse rotation (Outputting the (D1) pulse will reduce the current value.) |

10.3.2 Operation with Acceleration/Deceleration (M8338 = ON)

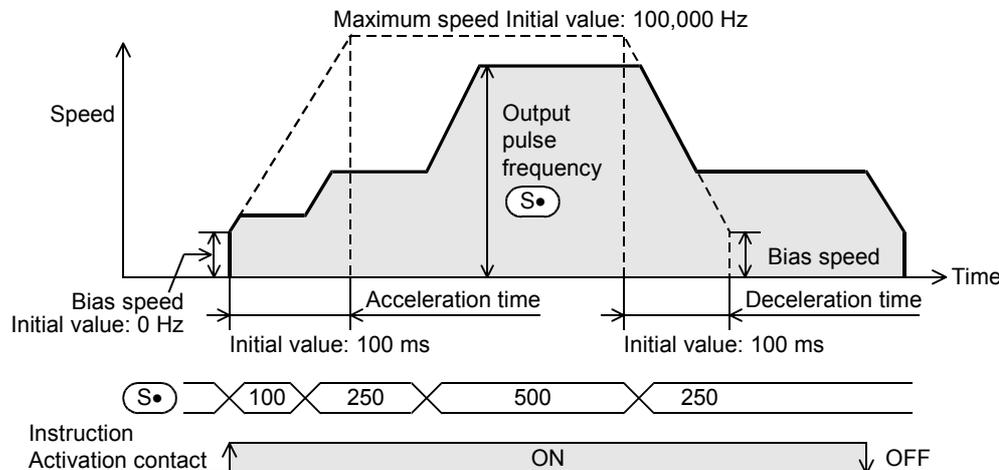
After turning on the acceleration/deceleration function (M8338), if the output pulse frequency (S) value is changed, acceleration or deceleration will be performed first, and then the variable speed pulse output (PLSV) instruction will change the output frequency.



If the FX3UC PLC of below Ver.2.20 is used, operation will be performed without acceleration/deceleration.



→ For details on the maximum speed, bias speed, acceleration time, and deceleration time, refer to Subsection 4.2.5 to Subsection 4.2.8.



1) For (S), specify the output pulse frequency.

Even if pulses are being output, the output pulse frequency (S) can be changed freely. Acceleration/ deceleration, however, will not be performed.

| | | Setting range |
|------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| 16-bit operation | | -32,768 to -1 Hz, 1 to 32,767 Hz |
| 32-bit operation | When high-speed output special adapter is used | -200,000 to -1 Hz, 1 to 200,000 Hz |
| | When transistor output of main unit is used | -100,000 to -1 Hz, 1 to 100,000 Hz |

2) For (D1), specify the pulse output number in the range of Y000 to Y003.

- 3) For (D2*), specify the rotation direction signal output device number.
 When a high-speed output special adapter is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U PLC, use the output shown in the following table for rotation direction signals.
 When a built-in transistor output is used as a destination for pulse output on a FX3U/FX3UC PLC, use transistor output for signals rotation direction.

| High-speed output special adapter number | Pulse output destination device | Rotation direction output |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| The 1st adapter | (D1*) = Y000 | (D2*) = Y004 |
| | (D1*) = Y001 | (D2*) = Y005 |
| The 2nd adapter | (D1*) = Y002 | (D2*) = Y006 |
| | (D1*) = Y003 | (D2*) = Y007 |

The rotation direction depends on the ON/OFF status of the specified device as shown in the following table.

During execution of this instruction, however, do not use the output specified by (D2*).

| ON/OFF status of device specified by (D2*) | Rotation direction (increase/reduction of current value) |
|--|---|
| ON | If the number of output pulses specified by (S*) is a positive number, the operation will be performed in the forward rotation direction. Forward rotation (Outputting the (D1*) pulse will increase the current value.) |
| OFF | If the number of output pulses specified by (S*) is a negative number, the operation will be performed in the reverse rotation direction. Reverse rotation (Outputting the (D1*) pulse will reduce the current value.) |

10.4 Important Points

→ For the important points of programming, refer to Section 4.7.

- During pulse output operation, if the output pulse frequency $(S\cdot)$ is changed to "K0", the PLC will reduce the speed and then stop the pulse outputting operation if the acceleration/deceleration function turns ON. However, if the acceleration/deceleration function is not activated, the PLC will immediately stop the pulse outputting operation.
 Before outputting the pulses again, check that "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag is off, and then wait until 1 or more cycles of operation have been completed. After that, set (change) the output pulse frequency to a value other than "K0".
- During pulse outputting operation, do not change the sign attached to the output pulse frequency value $(S\cdot)$.
 If it is necessary to change the sign, stop the servo motor first by setting the output pulse frequency value $(S\cdot)$ to "K0". After checking stop of the servo motor using the SERVO READY signal, change the sign attached to the output pulse frequency value $(S\cdot)$.
 If the sign attached to the output pulse frequency value $(S\cdot)$ is changed during pulse outputting operation, the operation may be changed as follows, and the machine, therefore, may be damaged:
 - 1) The pulse outputting operation may be stopped.
 - 2) "Pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag may be turned off.
 (The pulse outputting operation may be stopped, but the motor may not be stopped immediately.)
 - 3) Operation may be performed in the specified direction at the frequency specified by the output pulse frequency value $(S\cdot)$.
- If the acceleration/deceleration function turns ON, turning off the instruction activation contact during pulse outputting operation will reduce the speed first and then stop the operation. If the acceleration/deceleration function is not activated, turning off the instruction activation contact during pulse outputting operation will immediately stop the operation. In this case, "Instruction execution complete" flag (M8029) will not be turned on.
- If the limit flag (forward / reverse rotation) in the operation direction is turned on, the operation will be immediately stopped. In this case, "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag (M8329) will be turned on when completing execution of the instruction.
 → For details on "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag, refer to Subsection 4.7.4.
- If "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag is on, the positioning instruction (including PLSR and PLSY) that uses the same output cannot be executed.
 After the instruction activation contact is turned off, if "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag is still on, do not execute the positioning instruction (including PLSR and PLSY instructions) having the same output number.
- After executing the instruction, the output of the rotation direction signal will be turned off.

1. Important items for FX3uc PLC of below Ver.2.20



- Acceleration/deceleration will not be performed at starting or stopping operation. For this reason, if it is necessary to use the cushion start function or the cushion stop function, increase or reduce the output pulse frequency value $(S\cdot)$ using FNC67 (RAMP) instruction, etc.

2. Important items for FX3U/FX3uc PLC of Ver.2.20 or later



- If acceleration/deceleration is enabled, the variable speed pulse output (PLSV) instructions of all the pulse output destination devices will accelerate/decelerate the operation. This means that acceleration/deceleration cannot be specified for each pulse output destination device.

11. Batch Data Positioning Mode (TBL Instruction)

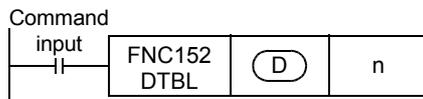
If GX Developer Ver.8.23Z or later is used, the positioning instructions shown below can be preliminarily set in the positioning tables. After that, if a table is specified, the positioning operation of the specified table will be performed.



| Instruction | Description | |
|--------------|--|--------------------|
| DVIT(FNC151) | One-speed interrupt constant quantity feed (Interrupt positioning) | |
| PLSV(FNC157) | Variable speed operation (Variable Speed Pulse Output) | |
| DRVI(FNC158) | 1-speed positioning | Drive to Increment |
| DRVA(FNC159) | | Drive to Absolute |

11.1 Instruction Format

1. Instruction Format



2. Data setting

| Operand type | Description | Data type |
|--------------|---|------------|
| (D) | Specifies the pulse output number. | Bit |
| n | Specifies the table number (1 to 100) to be executed. | BIN 32-bit |

3. Devices

| Operand type | Bit device | | | | | | | Word device | | | | | | | | Others | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|--------|---|---|---|---|------|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------|---|---|---|--------------|-------|---|----------------|----------------|--------------------------|---------|-----|
| | System user | | | | | | | Digit designation | | | | System user | | | | Special unit | Index | | Con- stantr | Real number | Char- acter string | Pointer | |
| | X | Y | M | T | C | S | D□.b | KnX | KnY | KnM | KnS | T | C | D | R | U□\G□ | V | Z | Modify | K | H | E | "□" |
| (D) | | ▲ 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| n | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | | |

▲1 : Specify Y000, Y001, or Y002 transistor output of main unit, or specify Y000, Y001, Y002*2, or Y003*2 of the high-speed output special adapter*1.

*1. High-speed input/output special adapter cannot be connected to FX3UC-32MT-LT.

*2. To use Y002 and Y003 of the high-speed output special adapter, connect the second high-speed output special adapter.

Point:

To use the FX3U Series main unit of relay output type, be sure to connect the high-speed output special adapter. The differential line drive will be used for the outputs of the high-speed output special adapter.

11.2 List of Related Devices

1. Special auxiliary relays

The following table shows the related special auxiliary relays. Note that Y000, Y001, Y002, and Y003 are devices that determine the pulse output destinations.

| Device number | | | | Function | Attribute | Refer to |
|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---|-----------|------------------|
| Y000 | Y001 | Y002 | Y003*1 | | | |
| M8029 | | | | "Instruction execution complete" flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.2 |
| M8329 | | | | "Instruction execution abnormal end" flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.2 |
| M8338*2 | | | | Acceleration/deceleration operation.*3 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.9 |
| M8336*4 | | | | Interrupt input specification function enabled.*3 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.7 |
| M8340 | M8350 | M8360 | M8370 | "Pulse output monitor"(BUSY/READY) flag | Read only | Subsection 4.4.3 |
| M8343 | M8353 | M8363 | M8373 | Forward limit | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.1 |
| M8344 | M8354 | M8364 | M8374 | Reverse limit | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.1 |
| M8347 | M8357 | M8367 | M8377 | Interrupt signal logic reverse.*3, *5 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.8 |
| M8348 | M8358 | M8368 | M8378 | Positioning instruction activation. | Read only | Subsection 4.4.4 |
| M8349 | M8359 | M8369 | M8379 | Pulse output stop command.*3 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.2 |
| M8460*2 | M8461*2 | M8462*2 | M8463*2 | User interrupt input command.*3 | Drivable | Subsection 4.3.7 |

*1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

*2. This function will be valid if Ver.2.20 or later is used.

*3. Cleared when PLC switches from RUN to STOP.

*4. This function will be valid if Ver.1.30 or later is used.

*5. The logical NOT function will not be valid for the user interrupt input command device.

2. Special data registers

The following table shows the related special data registers. Note that Y000, Y001, Y002, and Y003 are devices that determine the pulse output destinations. To set the constants shown in the shaded area, set the positioning parameters.

→ For details on the positioning parameters, refer to Section 11.4.

| Device number | | | | | | | | Function | Data length | Initial value | Refer to |
|---------------|------------|-------|------------|-------|------------|--------|------------|--|-------------|---------------|------------------|
| Y000 | | Y001 | | Y002 | | Y003*1 | | | | | |
| D8336*2 | | | | | | | | Specification of interrupt input. | 16-bit | - | Subsection 4.3.7 |
| D8340 | Low-order | D8350 | Low-order | D8360 | Low-order | D8370 | Low-order | Current value register (PLS) | 32-bit | 0 | Subsection 4.4.1 |
| D8341 | High-order | D8351 | High-order | D8361 | High-order | D8371 | High-order | | | | |
| D8342 | | D8352 | | D8362 | | D8372 | | Bias speed (Hz) | 16-bit | 0 | Subsection 4.2.6 |
| D8343 | Low-order | D8353 | Low-order | D8363 | Low-order | D8373 | Low-order | Maximum speed (Hz) | 32-bit | 100,000 | Subsection 4.2.5 |
| D8344 | High-order | D8354 | High-order | D8364 | High-order | D8374 | High-order | | | | |
| D8345 | | D8355 | | D8365 | | D8375 | | Creep speed (Hz) | 16-bit | 1000 | Subsection 4.2.4 |
| D8346 | Low-order | D8356 | Low-order | D8366 | Low-order | D8376 | Low-order | Zero return speed (Hz) | 32-bit | 50,000 | Subsection 4.2.3 |
| D8347 | High-order | D8357 | High-order | D8367 | High-order | D8377 | High-order | | | | |
| D8348 | | D8358 | | D8368 | | D8378 | | Acceleration time (ms)*2 | 16-bit | 100 | Subsection 4.2.7 |
| D8349 | | D8359 | | D8369 | | D8379 | | Deceleration time (ms)*2 | 16-bit | 100 | Subsection 4.2.8 |

- *1. Devices related to Y003 (pulse output destination) are valid only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.
- *2. This function will be valid if Ver. 1.30 or later is used. However, the user interruption command device can be specified only if Ver. 2.20 or later is used.
- *3. This function will be valid if PLSV instruction turns ON during acceleration/deceleration using Ver. 2.20 or later.

11.3 Function and Operation

Preliminarily set the positioning parameters using GX Developer, and then specify the pulse output destination (D) and the positioning table number (n) for DTBL instruction to carry out positioning. Use GX Developer of Ver.8.23Z or later to set the positioning parameters.

"Number of pulses" and "frequency" set by positioning parameters in each positioning table can be changed using the program, display module, or indicator.

→ For details on positioning parameters, refer to Section 11.4.

Specifies the pulse output destination device for the positioning table to be activated.

Specifies the positioning table number to be activated.

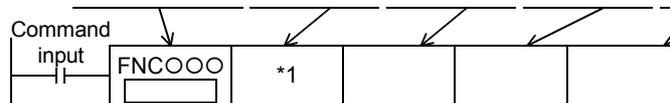
Positioning table setting

Constant setting

As shown in the following table, each positioning instruction consists of the positioning type (4 types in total), number of pulses (PLS), frequency (Hz), etc.

For further information on the operation of each instruction, refer to the description of each instruction.

| Positioning type C | Instruction to be activated and its operand | | | | | Refer to |
|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| | Instruction word | Operand | | | | |
| | | D Number of output pulses | E Output pulse frequency | A Pulse output destination device | B Rotation direction signal | |
| DDVIT(Interrupt Positioning) | DDVIT | (S1•) | (S2•) | (D1•) | (D2•) | Chapter 9 |
| DPLSV(Variable Speed Pulse Output) | DPLSV | — | (S•) | (D1•) | (D2•) | Chapter 10 |
| DDRVI(Drive to Increment) | DDRVI | (S1•) | (S2•) | (D1•) | (D2•) | Section 8.2 |
| DDRVA(Drive to Absolute) | DDRVA | (S1•) | (S2•) | (D1•) | (D2•) | Section 8.3 |



*1 PLSV(FNC157) has only 3 operands. It has no operand of number of output pulses.

11.4 Positioning Parameter Setting

Use GX Developer of Ver.8.23Z or later to set the positioning parameters.
"Number of pulses" and "frequency" set by positioning parameters in a positioning table can be changed using the program, display module, or indicator.

→ To change the set "number of pulses" or "frequency", refer to Subsection 11.4.2.

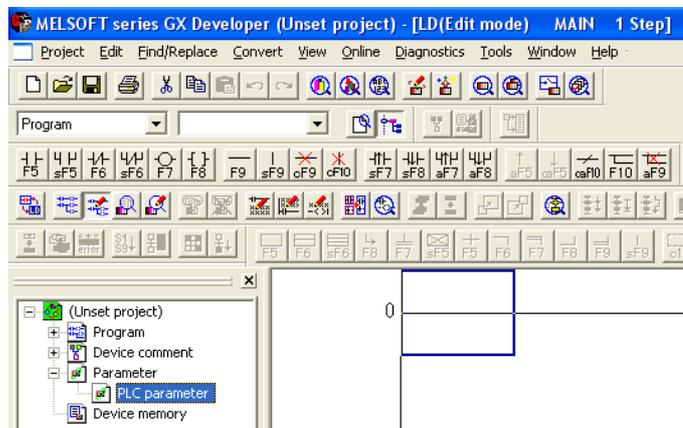
11.4.1 Positioning Parameter Setting Using GX Developer

Assuming that GX Developer of Ver.8.23Z is used, this section describes how to set the positioning parameter.

1 Open "parameter setting" window.

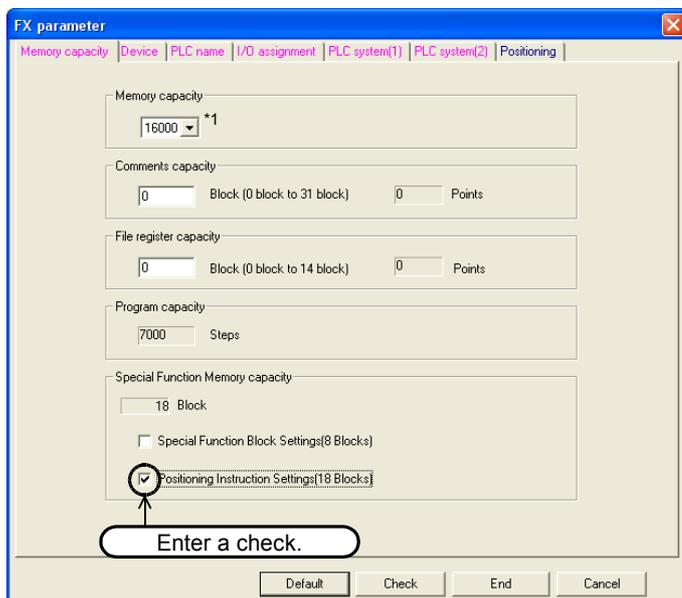
On the project tree displayed on the left side of the screen, double-click "Parameter" and then "PLC Parameter".

If the project tree is not displayed, click "View" on the menu bar, and then click "Project data list"



2 Set the memory capacity.

Click "Memory capacity" tab, and then click "Positioning Instruction Setting" check box to enter a check in the box.



| Setting item | Description of setting | Setting range |
|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Memory capacity | Set the capacity of the program memory. Initial value: 16000 ^{*1} | Refer to the programming manual. |
| Comment capacity | Set the capacity for the comments to be stored in the PLC. Initial value: 0 Device comment: 50 points/block (500 steps) | |
| File register capacity | Set the capacity for the file registers. Initial value: 0 File registers: 500 points/block (500 steps) | |
| Program capacity | Displays the number of steps that can be used for the sequence programs. | |
| Special Function Memory capacity | Set whether the special unit initial data setting function and the positioning data setting function should be enabled. | - |
| Special Function Block Settings | Enter a check in the check box to enable the special function unit/block initial data setting function. Use "I/O Assignment Setting" tab to set the initial value of a special unit. | - |
| Positioning Instruction settings | Enter a check in the check box to enable TBL (FNC152) instruction setting function. Use "Positioning Data Setting" tab to set the positioning data. | - |

*1. The initial value is 8000 steps for GX Developer of below Ver.8.22Y.

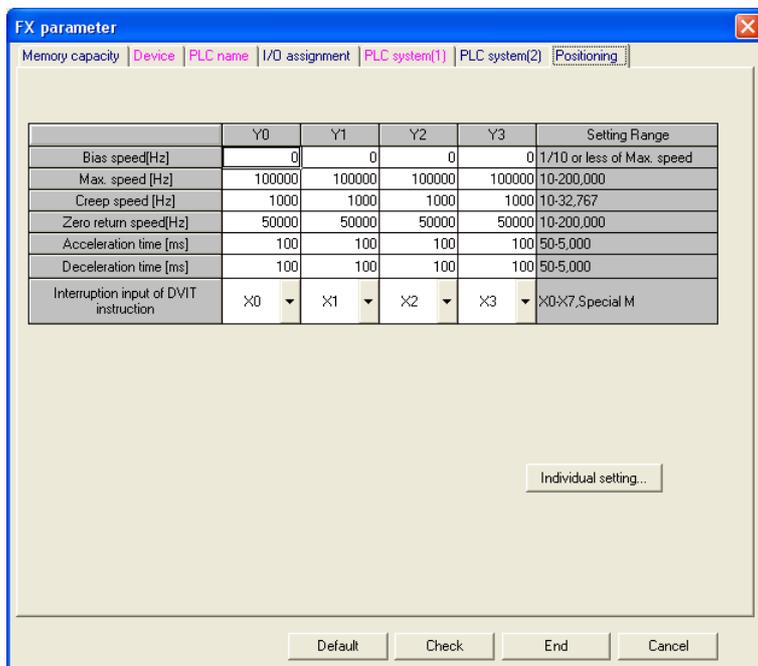
3 Set the positioning data.

Positioning data can be set if the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver.2.20 or later is used.

1. Click "Positioning" tab.

On "Memory Capacity" tab, preliminarily enter a check in "Positioning Instruction Setting" check box to set the positioning data setting table on "Positioning" tab.

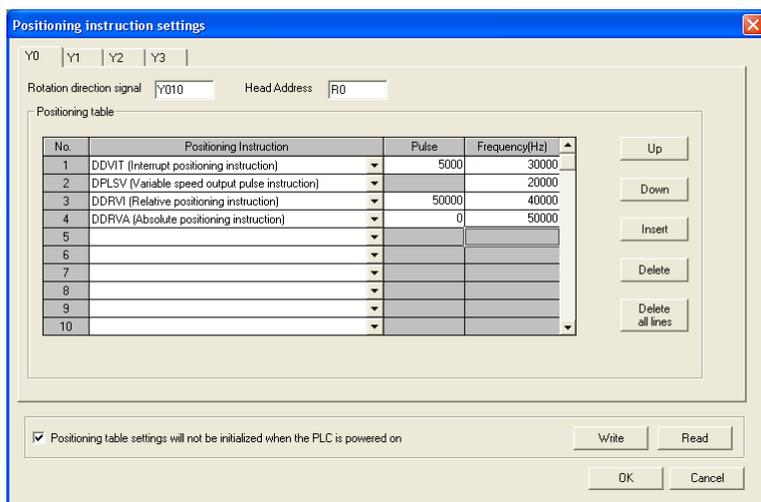
2. Set the positioning constants to be used for TBL (FNC152) instruction.



| Setting item | Description of setting | Setting range |
|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| Bias speed (Hz) | Sets the bias speed for each pulse output number. Initial value: 0 | 1/10 or less of maximum speed |
| Maximum speed (Hz) | Sets the maximum speed for each pulse output number. Initial value: 100000 | *1 |
| Creep speed (Hz) | Sets the creep speed of DSZR (FNC150) instruction for each pulse output number. Initial value: 1000 | 10 to 32767*2 |
| Zero return speed (Hz) | Sets the zero return speed of DSZR (FNC150) instruction for each pulse output number. Initial value: 50000 | *1 |
| Acceleration time (ms) | Sets the acceleration time for each pulse output number. Initial value: 100 | 50 to 5000 |
| Deceleration time (ms) | Sets the deceleration time for each pulse output number. Initial value: 100 | 50 to 5000 |
| Interrupt input of DVIT instruction | Sets the interrupt input*3 for each pulse output number to activate DVIT (FNC151) instruction. If a pulse output destination device does not use DVIT instruction, specify a user interruption command device (M). Initial setting: Y000 (pulse output destination): X000 Y001 (pulse output destination): X001 Y002 (pulse output destination): X002 Y003*4 (pulse output destination): X003 Setting range: X000 to X007, M8460 X000 to X007, M8461 X000 to X007, M8462 X000 to X007, M8463 | Shown on left side |
| Y0 | Sets data in this area if Y000 is specified as the pulse output destination device. | - |
| Y1 | Sets data in this area if Y001 is specified as the pulse output destination device. | - |
| Y2 | Sets data in this area if Y002 is specified as the pulse output destination device. | - |
| Y3*4 | Sets data in this area if Y003 is specified as the pulse output destination device. | - |
| Individual setting | Displays "Individual Setting" window for TBL (FNC152) instruction table setting. →For details on data setting, refer to the next page. | - |

- *1. When the destination for pulse output on a FX3U or FX3UC PLC is a built-in transistor output, the setting range is 10 to 100,000 Hz.
 If the FX3U PLC is used, and if the pulse output destination is FX3U-2HSY-ADP, the setting range will be 10 to 200,000 Hz.
- *2. Set the creep speed so that the relation with the other speeds can be set to "bias speed ≤ creep speed ≤ maximum speed."
- *3. The set interrupt input cannot be commonly used for the high-speed counter, input interruption, pulse catch input, input of SPD (FNC67) instruction, and other interrupt inputs of DVIT (FNC151) instruction.
- *4. If the FX3UC PLC is used, this item cannot be set. Note that this item can be set only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

3. Click "Individual Setting" button to display "Positioning instruction setting" window. In this window, set the positioning table of each pulse output destination device.



| Setting item | Description of setting | Setting range |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| Y0 | Click this tab to set the positioning table for Y000 (pulse output destination). | - |
| Y1 | Click this tab to set the positioning table for Y001 (pulse output destination). | - |
| Y2 | Click this tab to set the positioning table for Y002 (pulse output destination). | - |
| Y3*1 | Click this tab to set the positioning table for Y003 (pulse output destination). | - |
| Rotation direction signal | Set the rotation direction output number.*2 Initial setting: Y010 for Y000 (pulse output destination) Y011 for Y001 (pulse output destination) Y012 for Y002 (pulse output destination) Y013 for Y003 (pulse output destination)*1 | Y000 to Y357 M0 to M7679 S0 to S4095 |
| Head Address | Set the first device number to store the set data (number of pulses, frequency). Starting from the set device, 1600 points will be occupied. Initial setting: R0 | D0 to D6400 R0 to R31168 |
| No. | Table number Data can be set for tables 1 to 100. | - |
| Positioning Instruction | Select a positioning type from the following types: DDVIT (Interrupt positioning), DPLSV (Variable Speed Pulse Output), DDRVI (Drive to Increment), DDRVA (Drive to Absolute) | - |
| Pulse | Set the number of pulses to be output to perform the specified type of positioning operation (instruction). | *3 |
| Frequency (Hz) | Set the speed (output pulse frequency) to perform the specified type of positioning operation (instruction). | |
| "Up" button | Click this button to move up the cursor by 1 line (to select the line just later the cursor-positioned line). | - |
| "Down" button | Click this button to move down the cursor by 1 line (to select the line just below the cursor-positioned line). | - |
| "Insert" button | Click this button to insert a line at the specified position. | - |
| "Delete" button | Click this button to delete the selected line. | - |

| Setting item | Description of setting | Setting range |
|--|---|---------------|
| "Delete All" button | Click this button to delete all the data from the positioning table of the selected pulse output destination device. | - |
| Positioning table setting will not be initialized when the PLC is powered on | If this check box is checked, the positioning data will not be initialized at turning on the power of the PLC. Enter a check in this check box to retain the changed data ("pulses" and "frequency" changed by the program, display module, or indicator) even after power-off and to use the changed data after turning on the power again. To use this function, set an uninterruptible power supply type device as the first device. | - |
| "Write" button | Click this button to write 1600 points of data ("pulses" and "frequency" set on the positioning table using GX Developer) starting from the first device of the PLC. | - |
| "Read" button | Click this button to read out 1600 points of data ("pulses" and "frequency" set on the positioning table currently used) from the PLC starting from the first device. At the completion of data reading, the data numbers will appear only if "Positioning Instruction" is set for the data. | - |

- *1. If the FX3UC PLC is used, this item cannot be set. Note that this item can be set only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.
- *2. To use FX3U-2HSY-ADP, set the rotation direction signal depending on the pulse output destination device as shown in the following table.

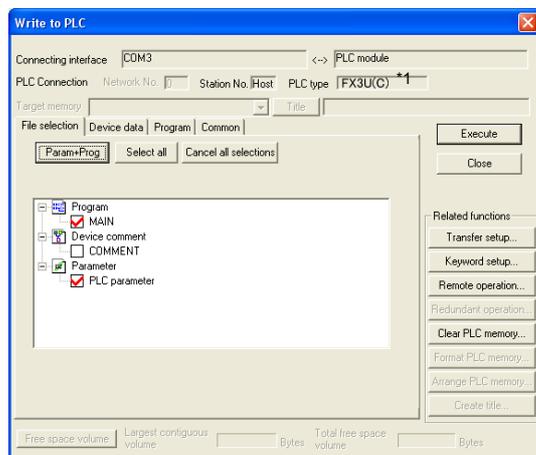
| Pulse output destination device | Rotation direction signal |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Y000 | Y004 |
| Y001 | Y005 |
| Y002 | Y006 |
| Y003 | Y007 |

- *3. Refer to the description of the selected instruction (positioning type).

| Positioning type | Refer to |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| DDVIT (Interrupt positioning) | Chapter 9 |
| DPLSV (Variable Speed Pulse Output) | Chapter 10 |
| DDRVI (Drive to Increment) | Section 8.2 |
| DDRVA (Drive to Absolute) | Section 8.3 |

4 Transfer the parameters (+ sequence program) to the PLC.

1. Select "Online" from the tool menu, and then select "Write to PLC". "Write to PLC" window will appear.



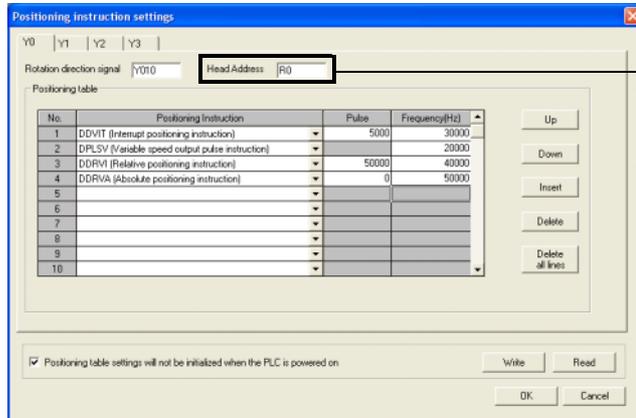
- *1. For Ver. 8.13P to 8.24A of GX Developer, the PLC type is FX3UC.

2. Enter a check in "PLC parameter" check box, and then click "Execute" button.

The selected parameter data will be transferred to the PLC. When the PLC is started (enters the RUN mode), the transferred parameter data will be enabled. If the communication conditions set on "PLC system(2)" screen are changed, be sure to turn off the power of the PLC, and then turn it on again.

11.4.2 Changing of Set Positioning Parameters (Number of Pulses and Frequency)

"Pulses" and "frequency" set by positioning parameters in a positioning table will be stored in the devices starting from the specified first device as shown below. The set "pulses" and "frequency" can be changed using the display module or the indicator.



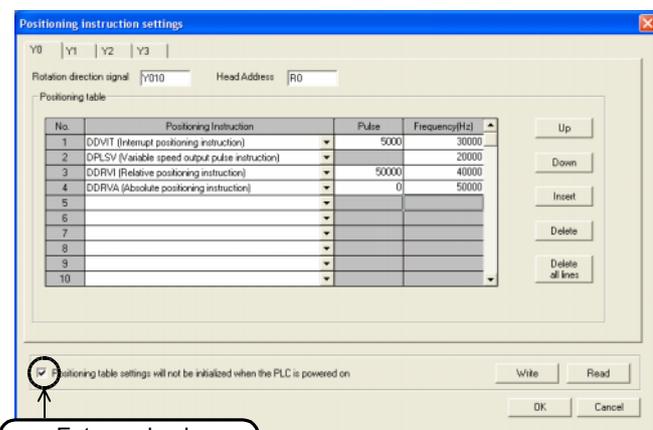
If the Head Address is set to "R0":

| Pulse output destination device | Positioning table No. | Number of pulses | Frequency |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------|
| Y000 | 1 | R1,R0 | R3,R2 |
| | 2 | R5,R4 | R7,R6 |
| | 3 | R9,R8 | R11,R10 |
| | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ |
| Y001 | 100 | R397,R396 | R399,R398 |
| | 1 | R401,R400 | R403,R402 |
| | 2 | R405,R404 | R407,R406 |
| | 3 | R409,R408 | R411,R410 |
| Y002 | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ |
| | 100 | R797,R796 | R799,R798 |
| | 1 | R801,R800 | R803,R802 |
| | 2 | R805,R804 | R807,R806 |
| Y003 | 3 | R809,R808 | R811,R810 |
| | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ |
| | 100 | R1197,R1196 | R1199,R1198 |
| | 1 | R1201,R1200 | R1203,R1202 |
| Y003 | 2 | R1205,R1204 | R1207,R1206 |
| | 3 | R1209,R1208 | R1211,R1210 |
| | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ |
| | 100 | R1597,R1596 | R1599,R1598 |

Caution:

If "positioning type" is set to "DPLSV (Variable Speed Pulse Output)", "frequency (Hz)" value set on the screen will be stored as the set number of pulses, and the device for "frequency" will be "K0".

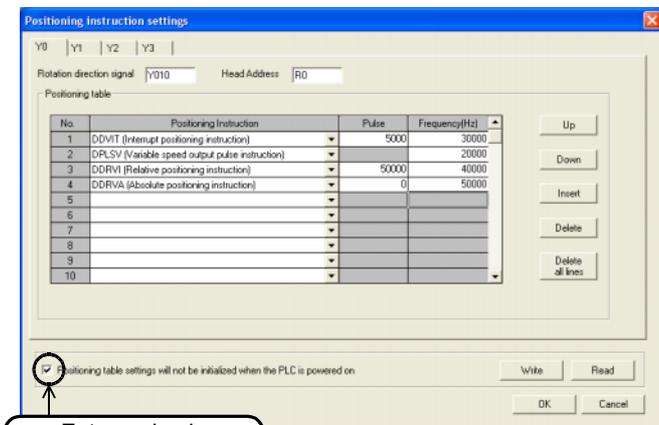
To use "pulses" and "frequency" changed by the display module or the indicator even after turning off and then on the power again:



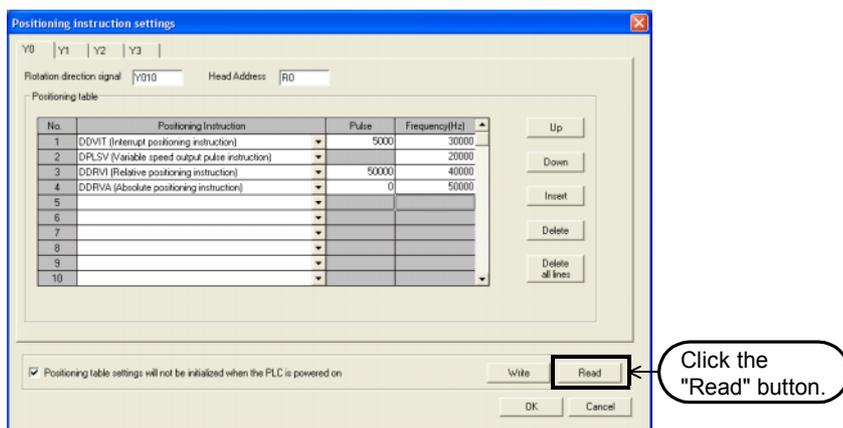
To use "pulses" and "frequency" changed by the display module or the indicator even after turning off and then on the power again, enter a check in "Positioning table settings will not be initialized when the PLC is powered on" check box in "Positioning instruction Setting" window of the positioning parameters. To use this function, use the uninterruptible power supply type devices. If this function is not set, the data set by the positioning parameters will be initialized.

To read out and store "pulse" and "frequency" changed by the display module or the indicator:

- 1) In "Positioning instruction setting" window of positioning parameters, enter a check in "Positioning table settings will not be initialized when the PLC is powered on" check box.



- 2) Click "Read" button to read out the set data ("pulse" and "frequency") from the connected main unit. This is exclusively for the positioning table number with the positioning type specified.



- 3) At the completion of register data reading, the data file will be stored.

12. Examples of Programs

Assuming that the MELSERVO Series 1-axis servo amplifier is used for control, this chapter shows various examples of programs.

For the connection examples of MELSERVO-C, -J2(S), -H, and -J3 Series, refer to the following chapters and manuals.

→ Refer to Chapter 3 and the examples of connection shown in the Appendix.

→ Refer to the FX3U Hardware Edition.

→ Refer to the FX3UC Hardware Edition.

→ Refer to the manual of your servo amplifier.

| Operation | | Instruction | Examples of programs | | Description of instruction |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|
| | | | Relay ladder program | Step ladder program | |
| Mechanical zero return | DOG Search Zero Return | DSZR(FNC150) | Subsection 12.2.1 | Subsection 12.3.1 | Section 6.2 |
| Absolute position detection | Reading of current ABS value | ABS(FNC155) | Section 12.5 | - | Chapter 7 |
| 1-speed positioning | Drive to Increment | DRVI(FNC158) | Subsection 12.2.1 | Subsection 12.3.1 | Section 8.2 |
| | Drive to Absolute | DRVA(FNC159) | Subsection 12.2.1 | Subsection 12.3.1 | Section 8.3 |
| Batch data positioning mode | | TBL(FNC152) | Section 12.4 | - | Chapter 11 |

12.1 Input/Output Assignment

The programs shown in this chapter use 1 axis for Y000 (pulse output destination device). If other pulse output destination device are used, change various device numbers when reading the description. Note that Y003 (pulse output destination device) can be used only if two FX3U-2HSY-ADP adapters are connected to the FX3U PLC.

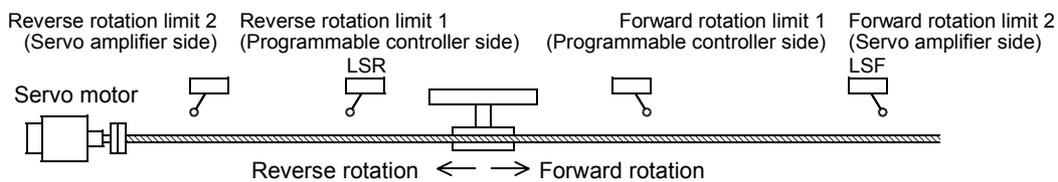
| Signal | Input/output number | | | | Connected to | |
|---|---------------------------------|------|------|------|---|--|
| | Y000 | Y001 | Y002 | Y003 | | |
| Pulse train* ¹ (pulse output destination) | Y000 | Y001 | Y002 | Y003 | Connected to MELSERVO Series servo amplifier. | |
| Direction* ^{2, 3} (rotation direction signal) | Y004 | Y005 | Y006 | Y007 | | |
| CLEAR signal* ^{3, 4} | Y020 | Y024 | Y030 | Y034 | | |
| Zero-phase signal* ^{4, 5} | X004 | X005 | X006 | X007 | | |
| "Servo ready" signal* ⁶ | X014 | X015 | X016 | X017 | Connected to external switches. | |
| Immediate stop command | X020 | X040 | X050 | X070 | | |
| Zero return command | X021 | X041 | X051 | X071 | | |
| Jog (+) command | X022 | X042 | X052 | X072 | | |
| Jog (-) command | X023 | X043 | X053 | X073 | | |
| Forward rotation positioning command | X024 | X044 | X054 | X074 | | |
| Reverse rotation positioning command | X025 | X045 | X055 | X075 | | |
| Stop command | X030 | X034 | X060 | X064 | | |
| Near-point signal (DOG)* ^{4, 5} | X010 | X011 | X012 | X013 | Connected to sensors and limit switches. | |
| Interrupt signal | X000 | X001 | X002 | X003 | | |
| Forward rotation limit (LSF)* ⁷ | X026 | X046 | X056 | X076 | | |
| Reverse rotation limit (LSR)* ⁷ | X027 | X047 | X057 | X077 | | |
| To use absolute position detection system | ABS(bit0) | X031 | X035 | X061 | X065 | Connected to Mitsubishi MELSERVO Series servo amplifier (MR-J2, MR-J2S, MR-J3, MR-H) |
| | ABS(bit1) | X032 | X036 | X062 | X066 | |
| | "Send data ready" signal | X033 | X037 | X063 | X067 | |
| | Servo-ON signal | Y021 | Y025 | Y031 | Y035 | |
| | "ABS data transfer mode" signal | Y022 | Y026 | Y032 | Y036 | |
| | "ABS data request" signal | Y023 | Y027 | Y033 | Y037 | |

- *1. To use "forward rotation pulse train" signal and "reverse rotation pulse train" signal of FX3U-2HSY-ADP, change the name of this signal to "forward rotation pulse train" signal when reading the description.
- *2. To use "forward rotation pulse train" signal and "reverse rotation pulse train" signal of FX3U-2HSY-ADP, change the name of this signal to "reverse rotation pulse train" signal when reading the description.
- *3. If the FX3UC PLC of below Ver.2.20 is used, exchange the direction signal output number with the CLEAR signal output number.
- *4. If the absolute position detection system is used, and if DSZR instruction and ZRN instruction are not used for the first zero return, this signal is not needed. To use the absolute position detection system, refer to the following chapter and manual.
 → Refer to Chapter 7 and the manual of your servo amplifier.
- *5. To use ZRN instruction for zero return, assign the input number of the near-point signal (DOG) to the zero-phase signal. This is because ZRN instruction will not use the zero-phase signal.

- *6. To use pin 3 of the CN1 connector of the MR-C□A servo amplifier for "servo ready" signal, set parameter 21 as follows:

| Series | Parameter number | Setting value |
|--------|------------------|---------------|
| MR-C | 21 | 020 |

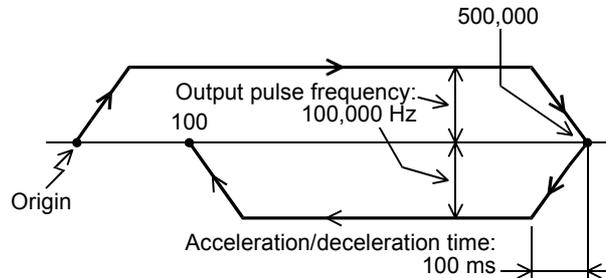
- *7. To ensure safety, use the forward rotation limit switch and the reverse rotation limit switch on both sides: the PLC side and the servo amplifier side.
 Note that the limit switches on the PLC side should be activated slightly earlier than the limit switches on the servo amplifier side.



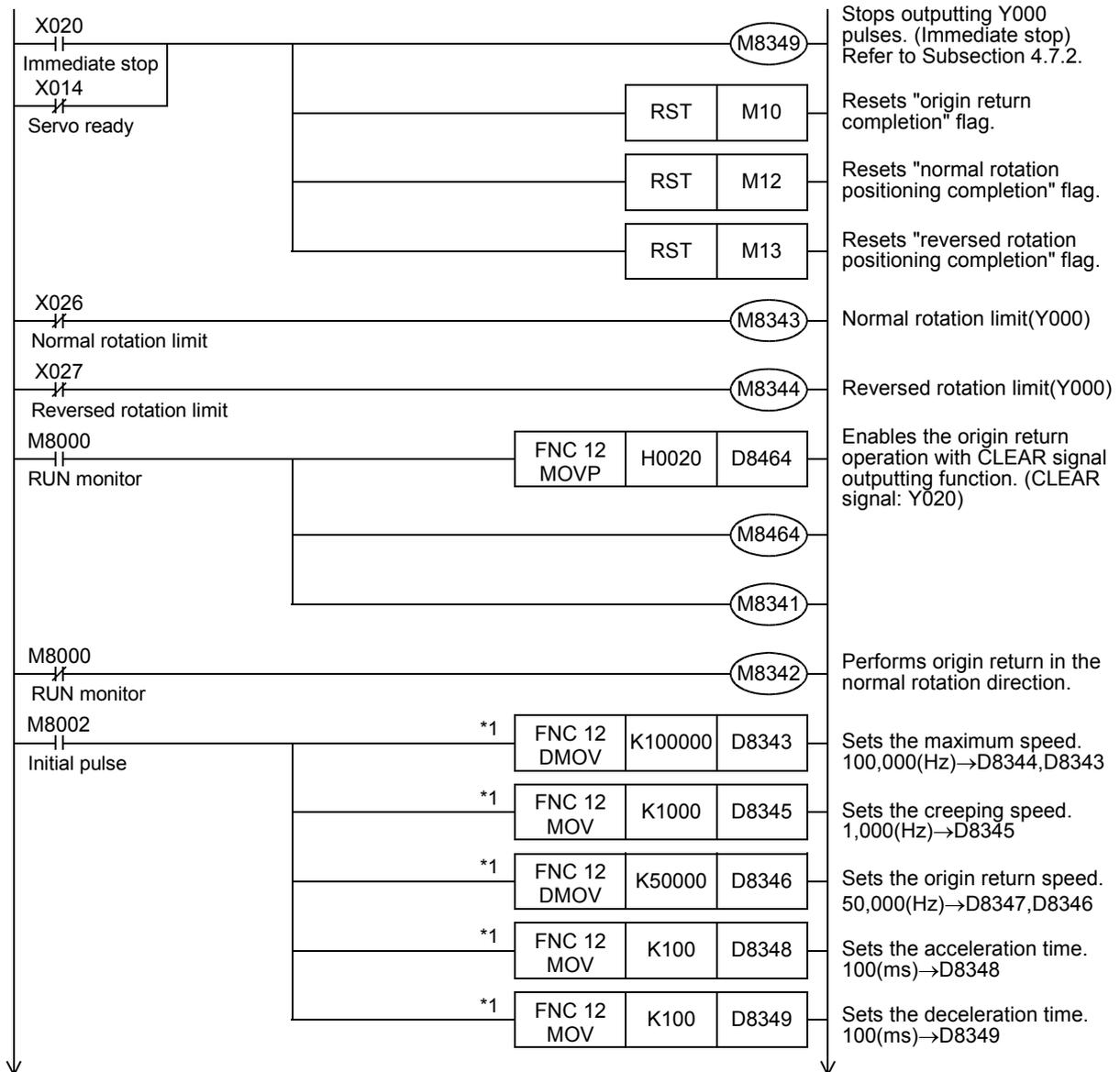
12.2 Programs for Forward/Reverse Rotation (Relay Ladder Program)

12.2.1 Example of Program

Positioning operation will be performed using the absolute positioning method as shown in the following chart:
 → For details on input/output assignment, refer to Section 12.1.

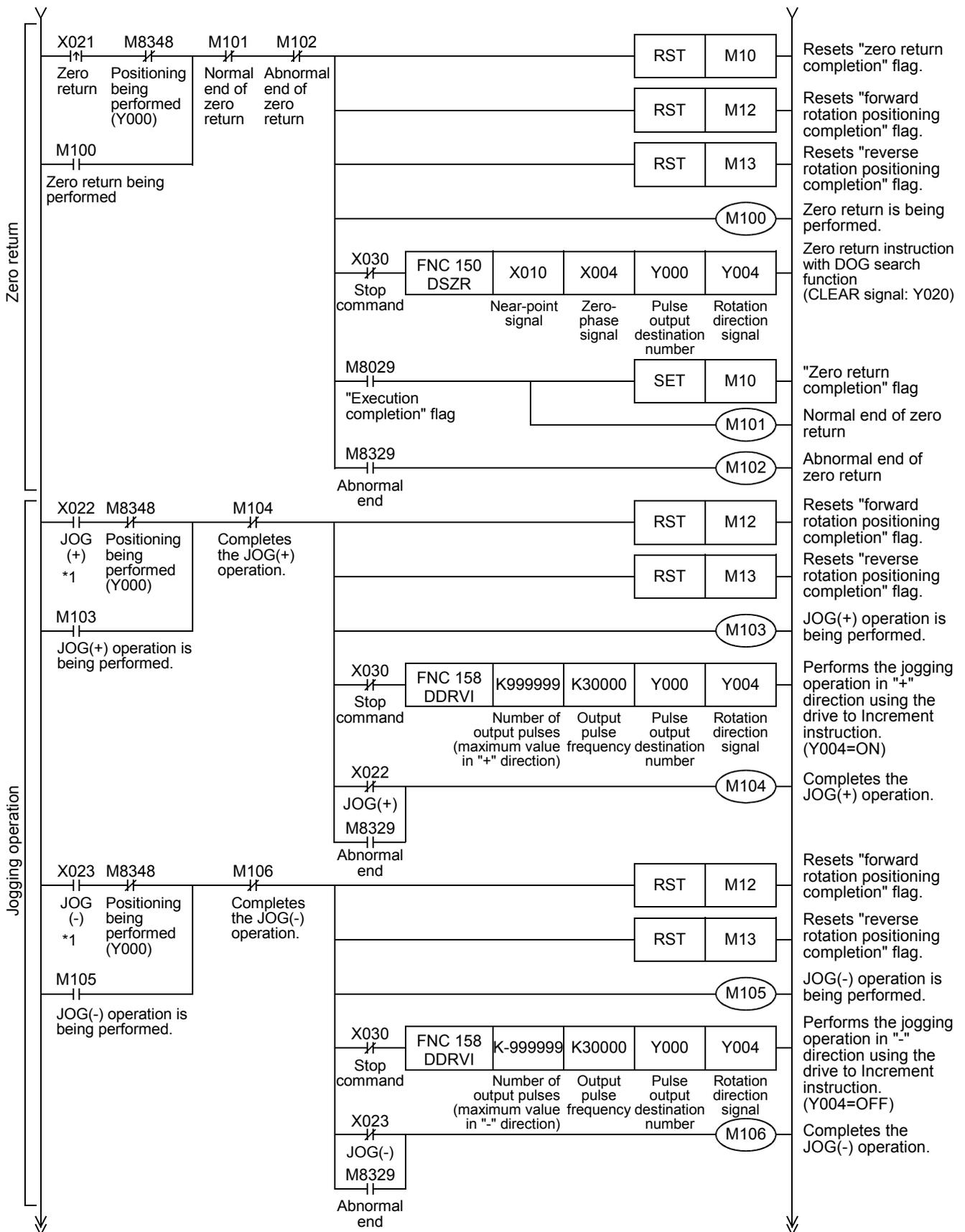


The following program is a relay ladder program.

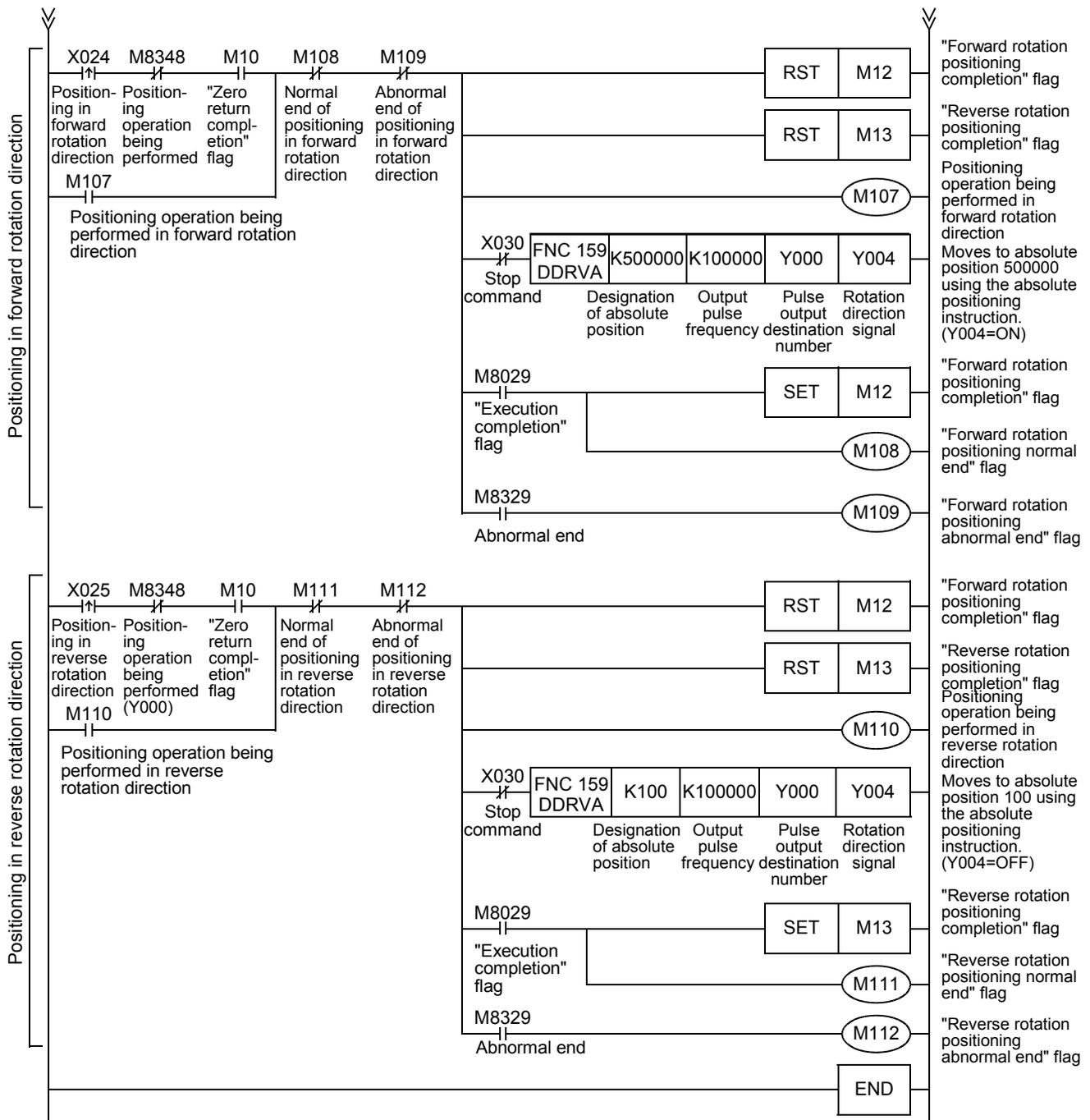


*1. If the initial values (maximum speed, acceleration/deceleration time, zero return speed, creep speed) can be used, it is not necessary to create the program.

→ For the related devices, refer to Section 4.1 to Section 4.4.



*1. The maximum transfer distance for each jogging operation is $\pm 999,999$ pulses (pulse output range of FNC158 (DRVI) instruction). To further move the workpiece, execute the JOG command again.

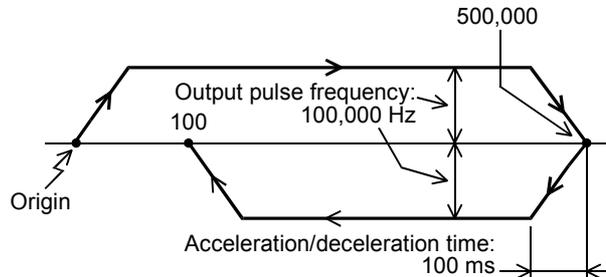


A Common Items
B Built-in Positioning Function
Ap. Example Connection

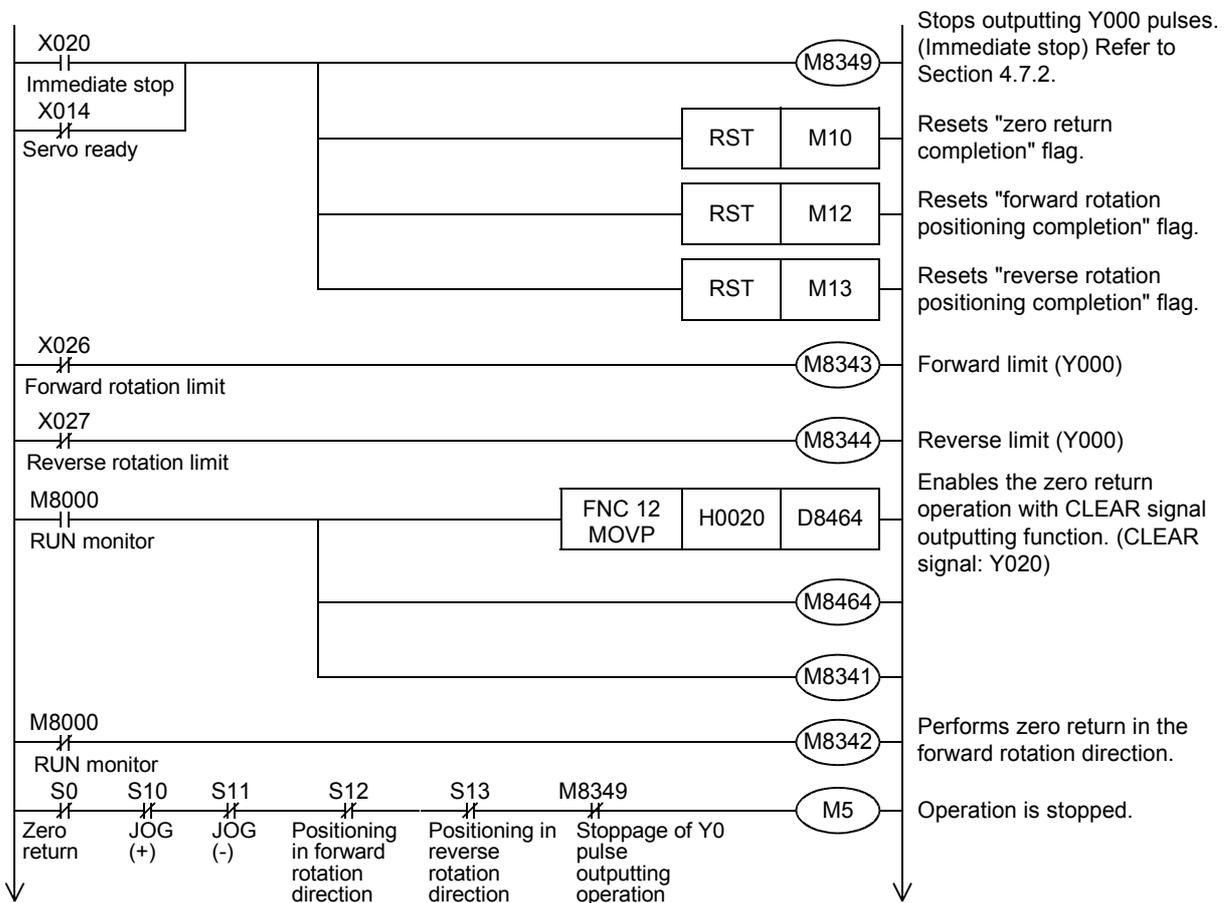
12.3 Programs for Forward/Reverse Rotation (Step Ladder (STL) Program)

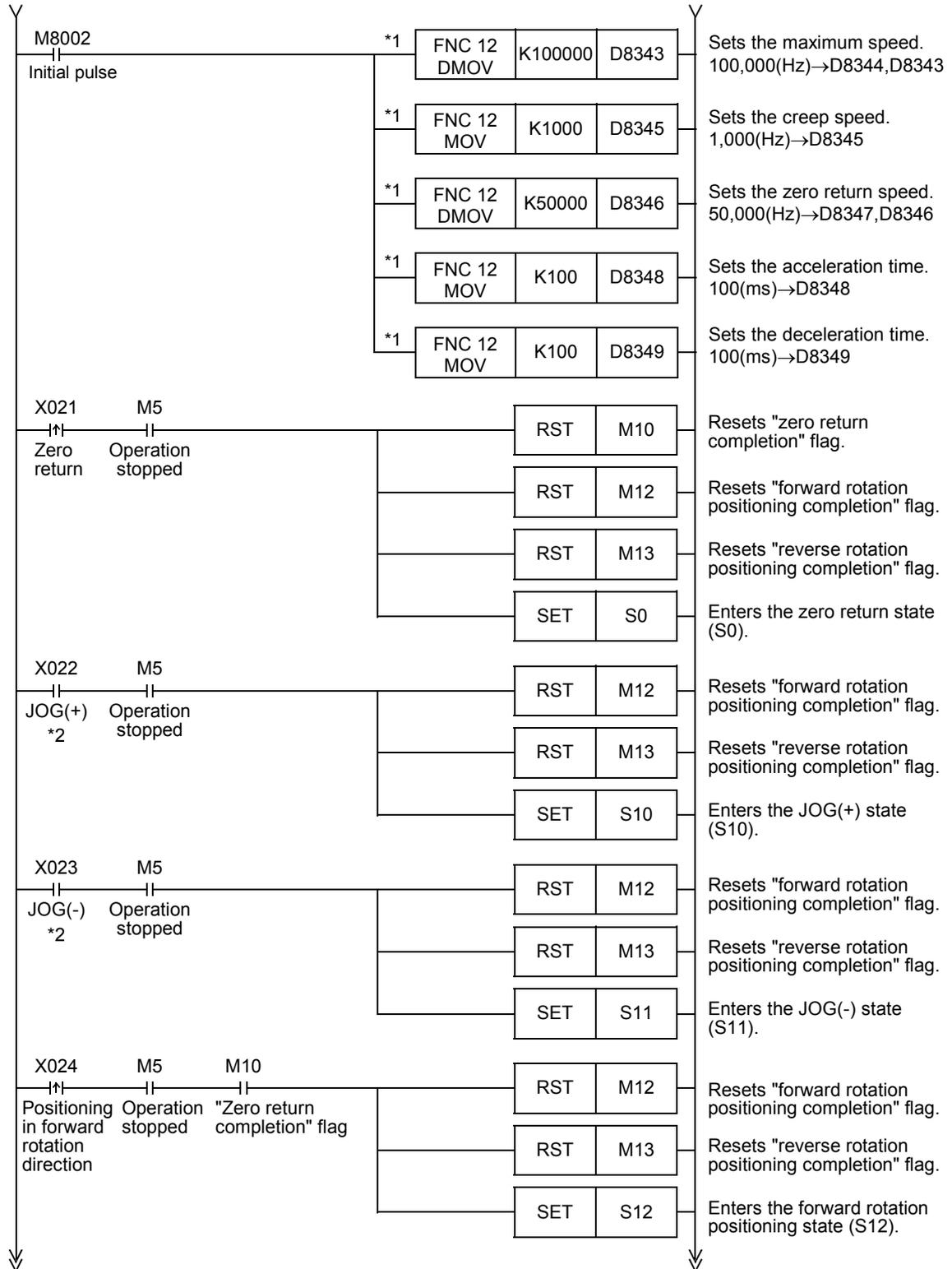
12.3.1 Example of Program

Positioning operation will be performed using the absolute positioning method as shown in the following chart:
 → For details on input/output assignment, refer to Section 12.1.



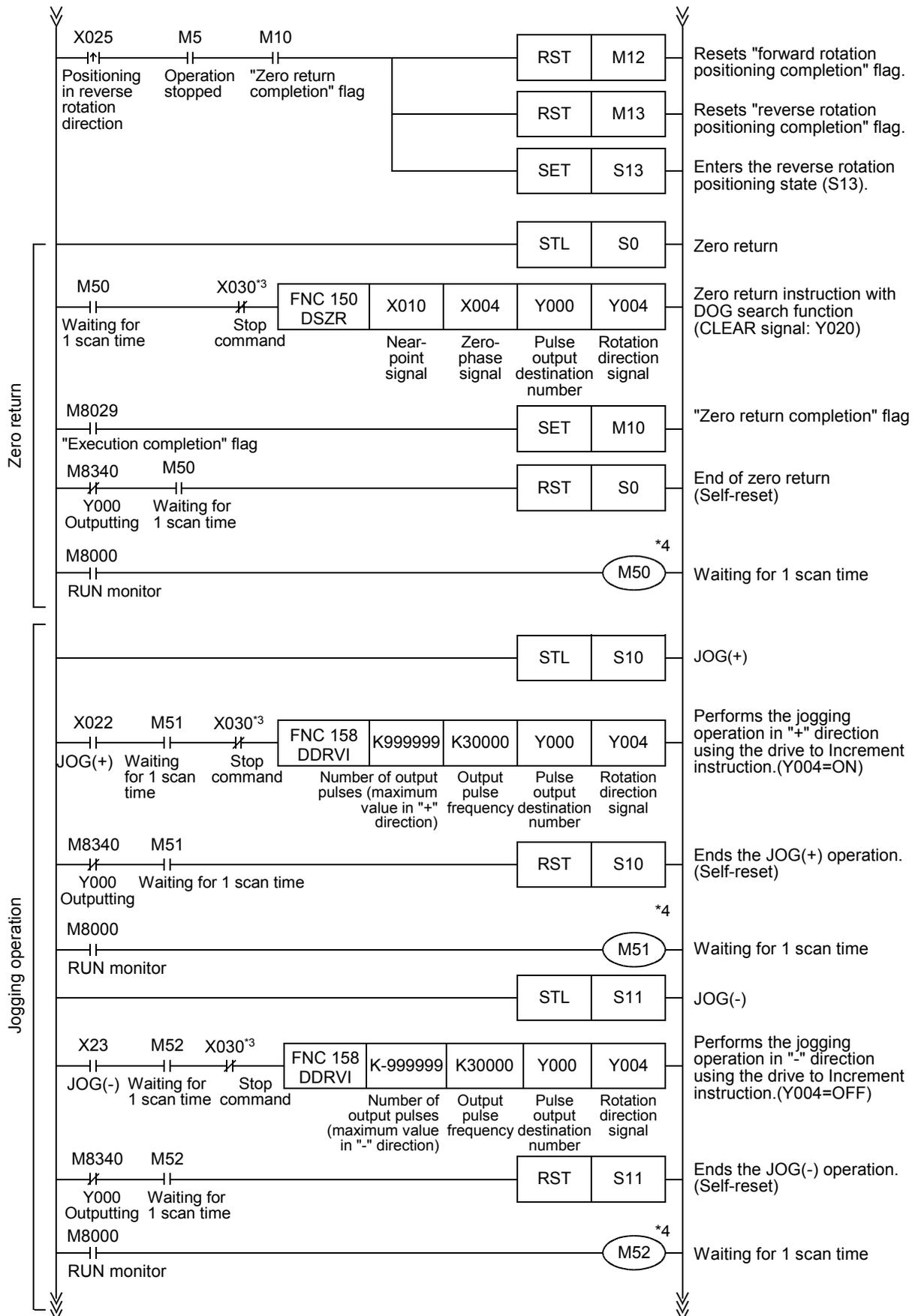
The following program uses the step ladder (STL) instruction.





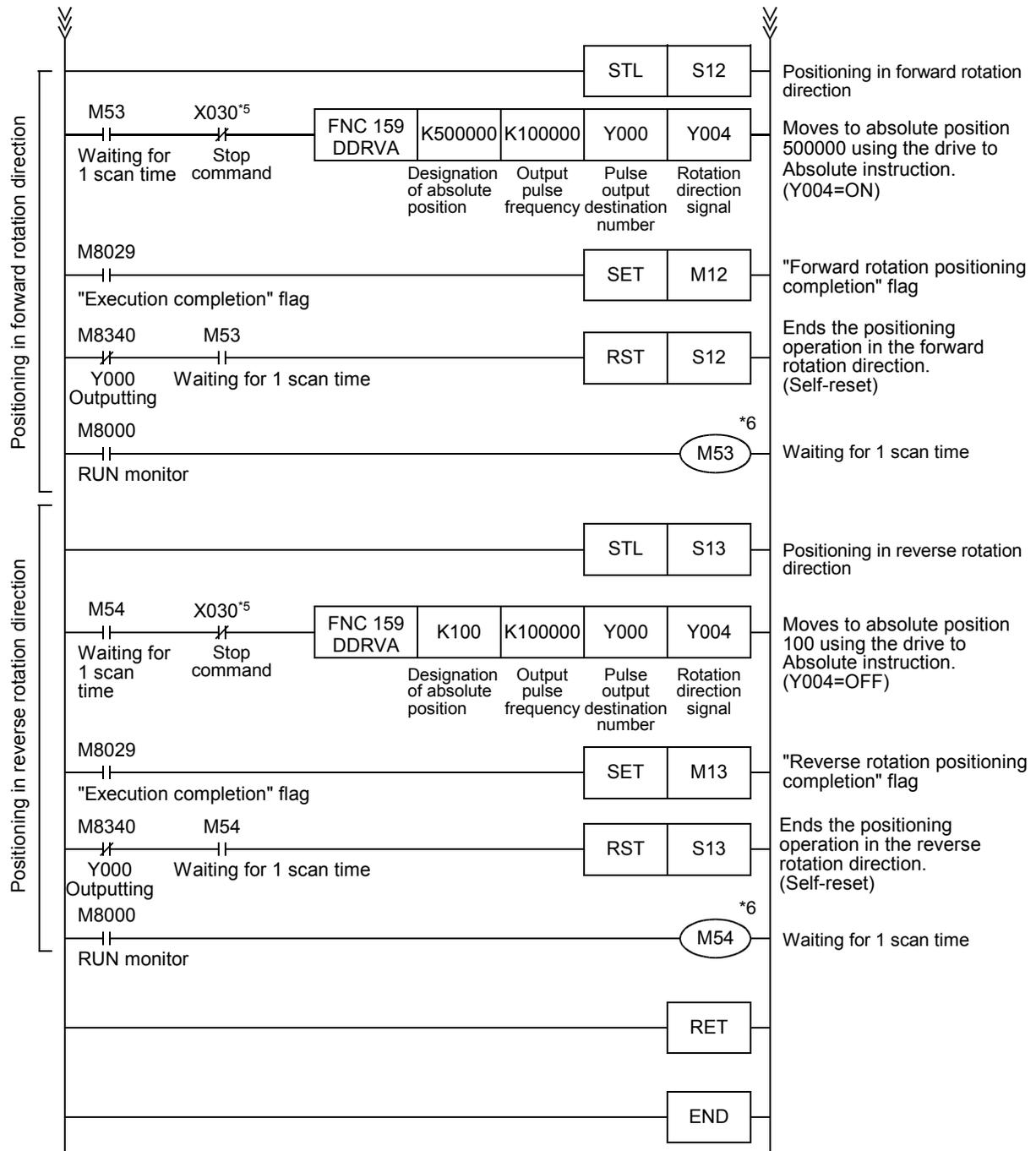
- *1. If the initial values (maximum speed, acceleration/deceleration time, zero return speed, creep speed) can be used, it is not necessary to create the program.
 → **For the related devices, refer to Section 4.1 to Section 4.4.**
- *2. The maximum transfer distance for each jogging operation is ±999,999 pulses (pulse output range of FNC158 (DRVI) instruction). To further move the workpiece, execute the JOG command again.

A Common Items
B Built-in Positioning Function
Apx. Example Connection



*3. To stop the positioning operation, be sure to insert the stop contact before the positioning instruction so that STL instruction cannot be turned off (reset) until "pulse output monitor" flag (M8340 (for Y000)) is turned off.

*4. To prevent simultaneous activation of positioning instructions, the instruction activation timing should be delayed by 1 scan time.



*5. To stop the positioning operation, be sure to insert the stop contact before the positioning instruction so that STL instruction cannot be turned off (reset) until "pulse output monitor" flag (M8340 (for Y000)) is turned off.

*6. To prevent simultaneous activation of positioning instructions, the instruction activation timing should be delayed by 1 scan time.

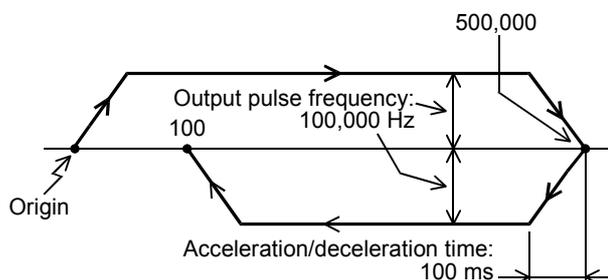
A
Common Items

B
Built-in Positioning Function

Apx.
Example Connection

12.4 Positioning Using Batch Setting Method

Positioning operation will be performed using the absolute positioning method as shown in the following chart:
 → For details on input/output assignment, refer to Section 12.1

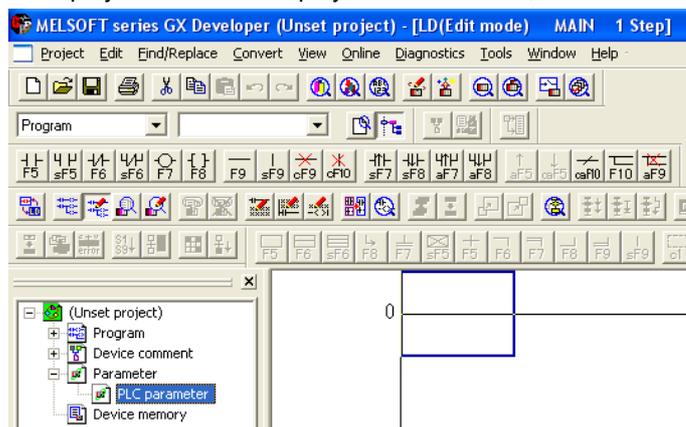


12.4.1 Setting Using GX Developer

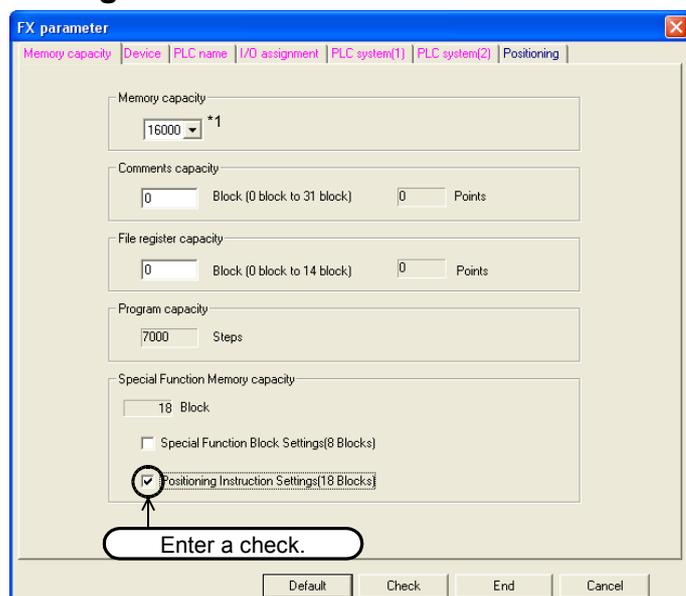
This section describes how to set the positioning parameters using GX Developer of Ver.8.23Z.

- 1 On the project tree displayed on the left side of the screen, double-click "Parameter" and then "PLC parameter".

If the project tree is not displayed on the screen, click "View" on the menu bar, and then click "Project Data List".



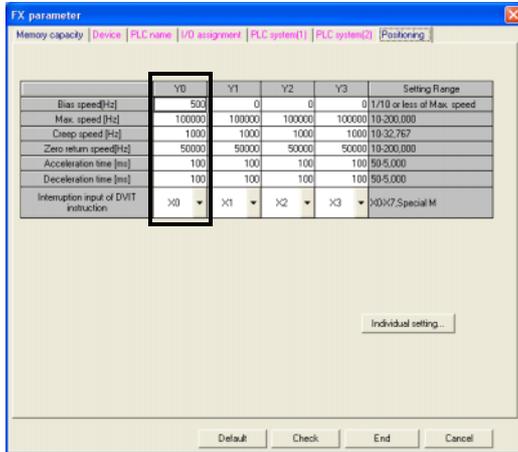
- 2 Click "Memory Capacity", and then enter a check in "Positioning Instruction settings" check box.



*1. 9,000 steps are needed to set the positioning data. If there is not enough capacity for programming, set "memory capacity" to 16,000 steps.

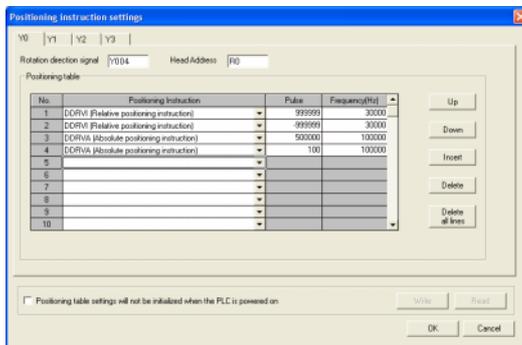
3 Click "Positioning" tab, and then set Y000 (pulse output destination) as follows.

Before clicking "Positioning" tab, click "Memory Capacity" tab, and then enter a check in "Positioning" check box. After entering a check, positioning data can be set. Use the FX3U/FX3UC PLC of Ver. 2.20 or later to use "Positioning".



| Setting item | Setting value |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Bias speed (Hz) | 500 |
| Maximum speed (Hz) | 100,000 |
| Creep speed (Hz) | 1000 |
| Zero return speed (Hz) | 50,000 |
| Acceleration time (ms) | 100 |
| Deceleration time (ms) | 100 |
| Interrupt input for DVIT instruction | X000 |

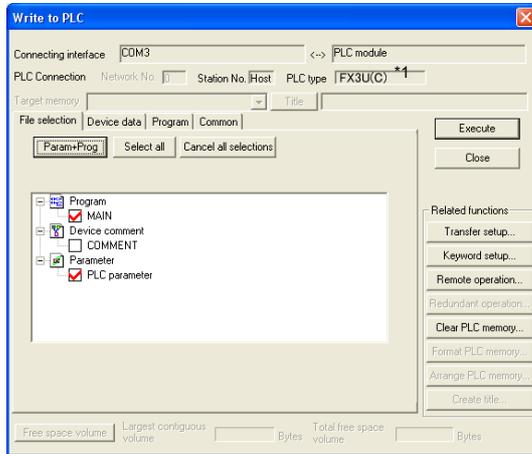
4 Click "Individual setting" button. "Individual setting" setting window will appear. In this window, click "Y000" tab to display the positioning table for Y000 (pulse output destination). Set the data in the potioning table as follows:



| Setting item | Setting value | |
|---------------------------|--|----------|
| Rotation direction signal | Y004 | |
| First device | R0 | |
| No. 1 | Positioning type (drive to increment) | DDRVI |
| | Number of pulses (pls) | 999,999 |
| | Frequency (Hz) | 30,000 |
| No. 2 | Positioning type (drive to increment) | DDRVI |
| | Number of pulses (pls) | -999,999 |
| | Frequency (Hz) | 30,000 |
| No. 3 | Positioning type (drive to absolute) | DDRVA |
| | Number of pulses (pls) | 500,000 |
| | Frequency (Hz) | 100,000 |
| No. 4 | Positioning type (drive to absolute) | DDRVA |
| | Number of pulses (pls) | 100 |
| | Frequency (Hz) | 100,000 |

5 Create a program.

6 On the bar, click "Online" and then "Write to PLC". "Write to PLC" window will appear.



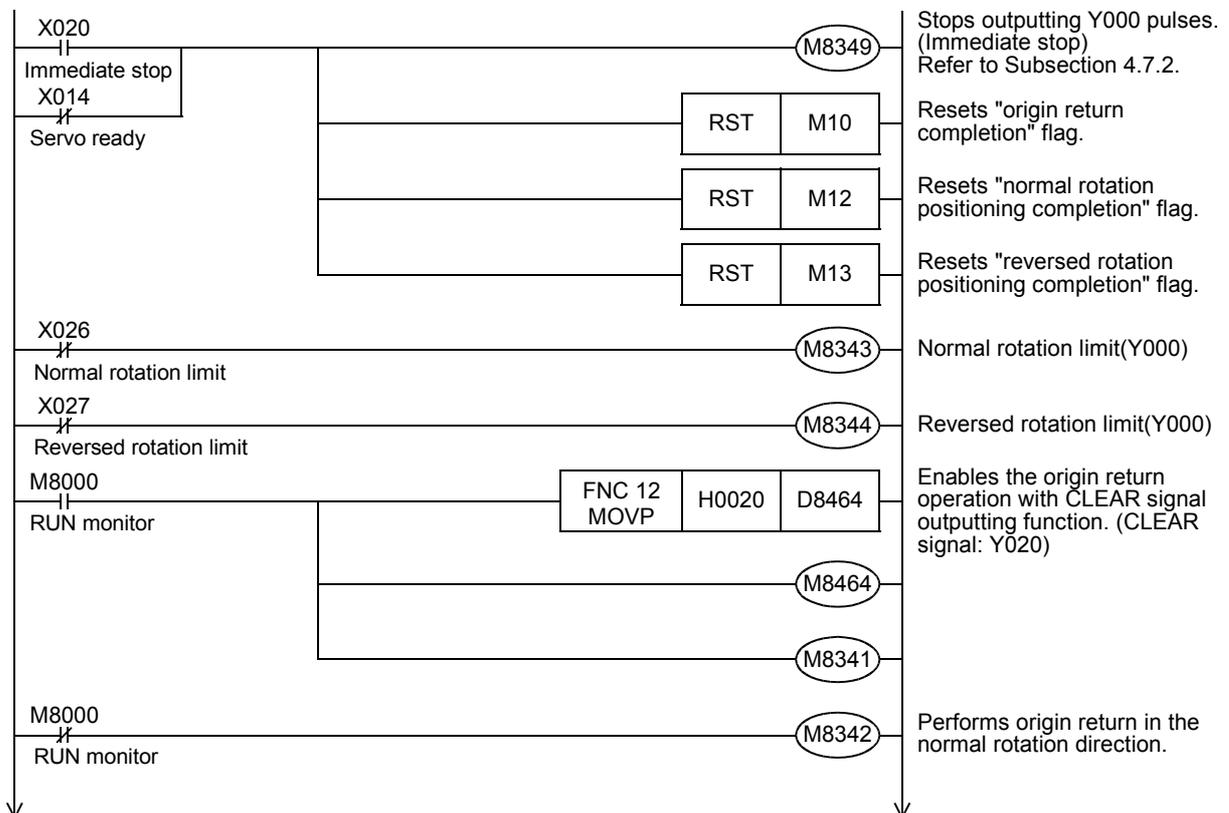
*1. For Ver. 8.13P to 8.24A of GX Developer, the PLC type is FX3UC.

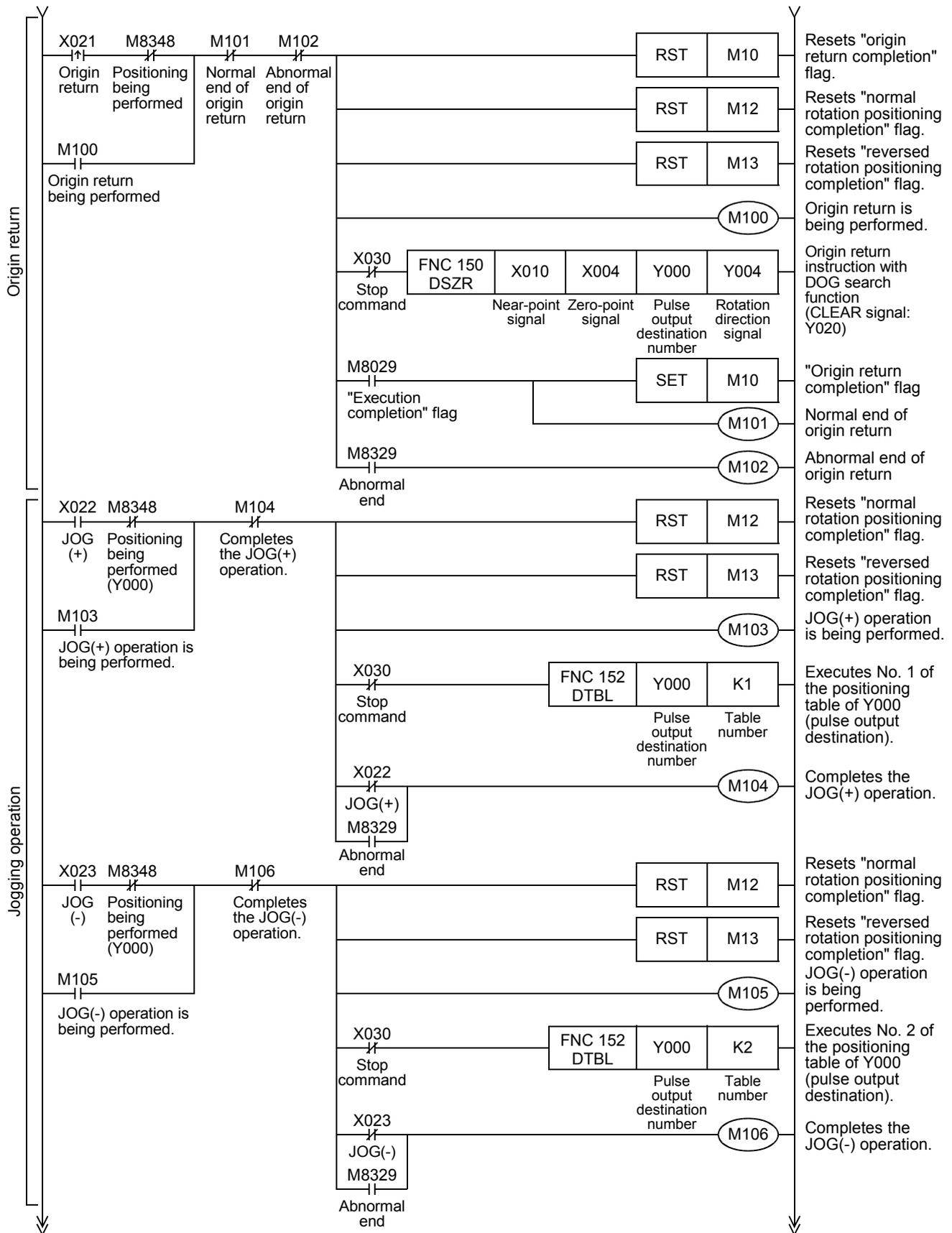
7 Click "Param+Prog" buttons, and then click "Execute" button.

The parameters and the created program will be transferred to the PLC.
 To enable the transferred parameters, stop the PLC, and then restart it.

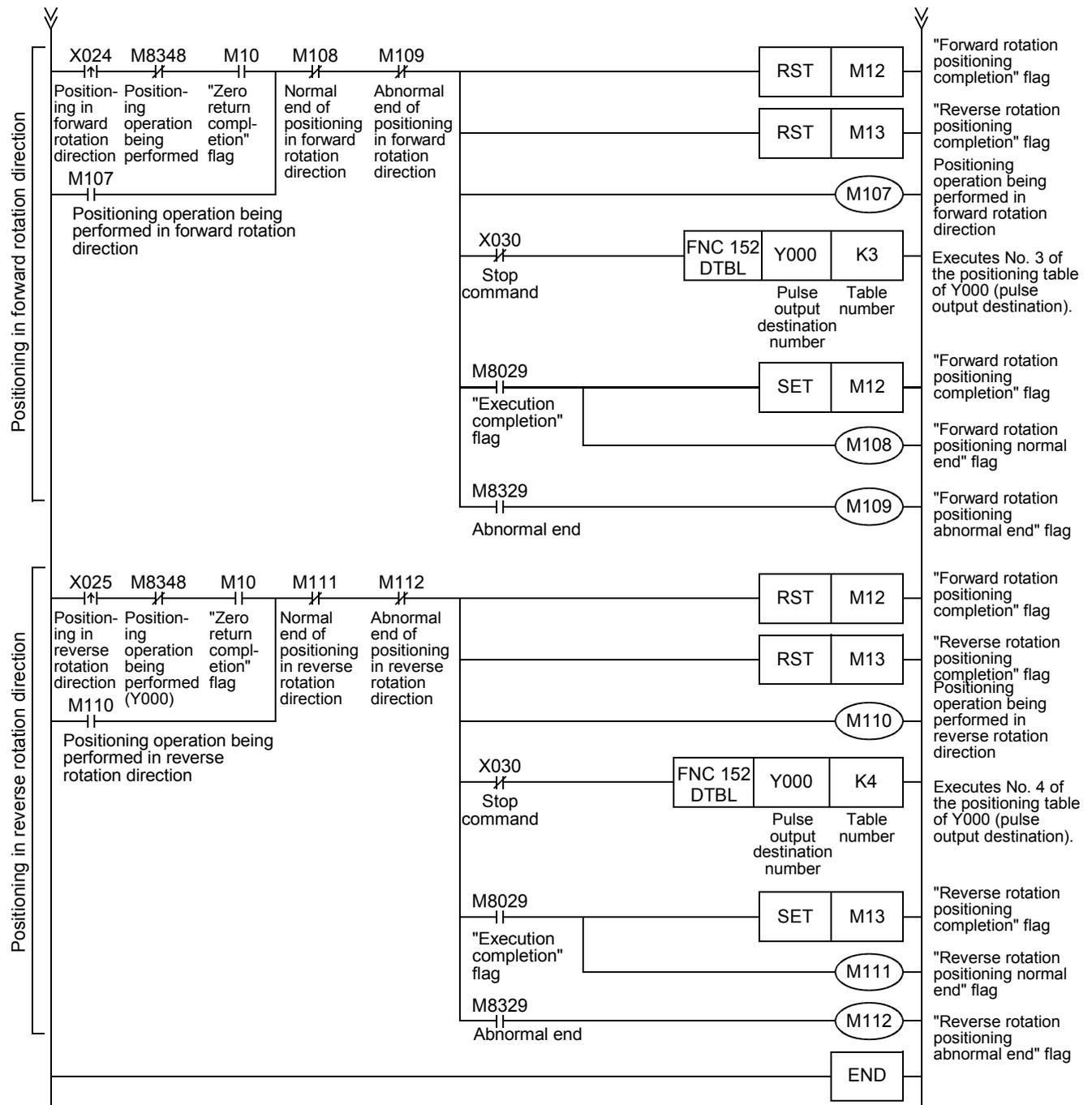
12.4.2 Operation Program

An example of relay ladder program is shown below:



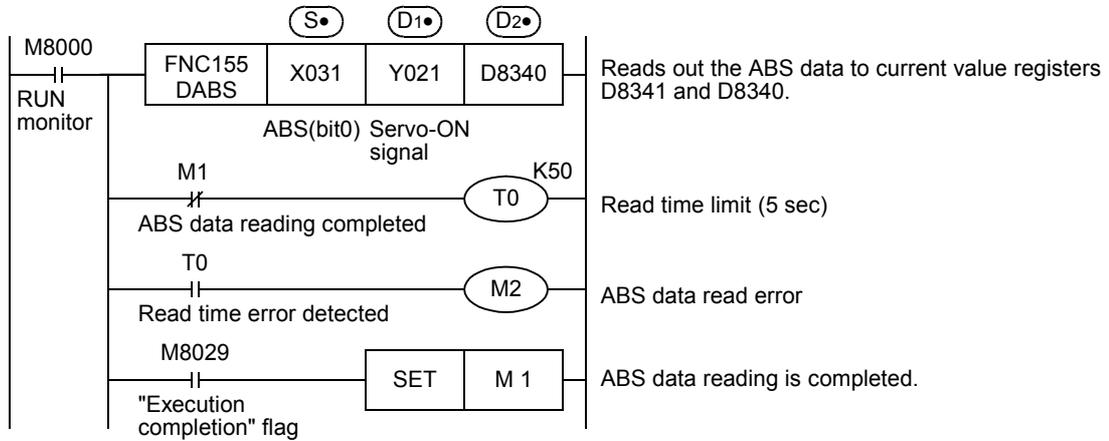


A Common Items
B Built-in Positioning Function
Apx. Example Connection

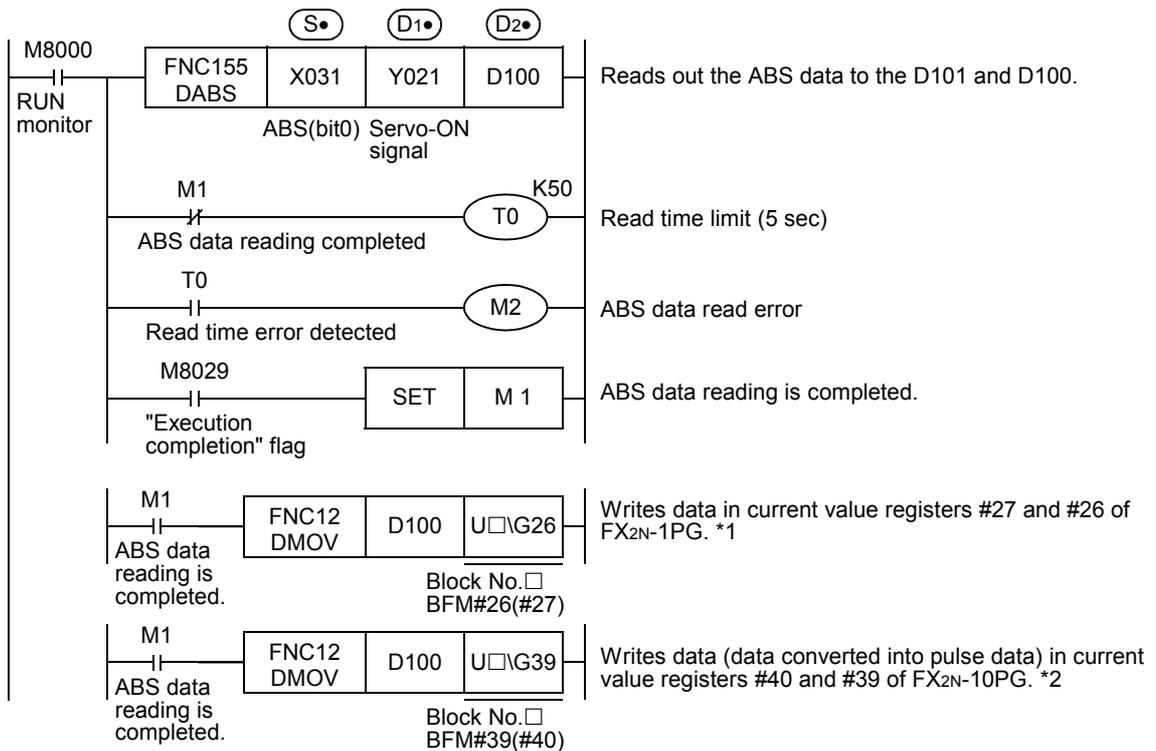


12.5 Program for Reading Current ABS Value Using ABS Instruction

- 1) Program for storing ABS data in current value registers specified by positioning instruction for Y000 (pulse output destination)



- 2) Program for storing ABS data in current value registers of FX2N-1PG(-E) or FX2N-10PG



Caution:

- *1. The ABS data will be read out as a pulse covered value. For this reason, be sure to specify "motor system" when setting parameters (BFM #3) for FX2N-1PG(-E).
- *2. When writing the ABS data into FX2N-10PG, be sure to use the current value registers (BFM #40, BFM #39) to store the converted pulse data.

A
Common Items

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Built-in Positioning Function

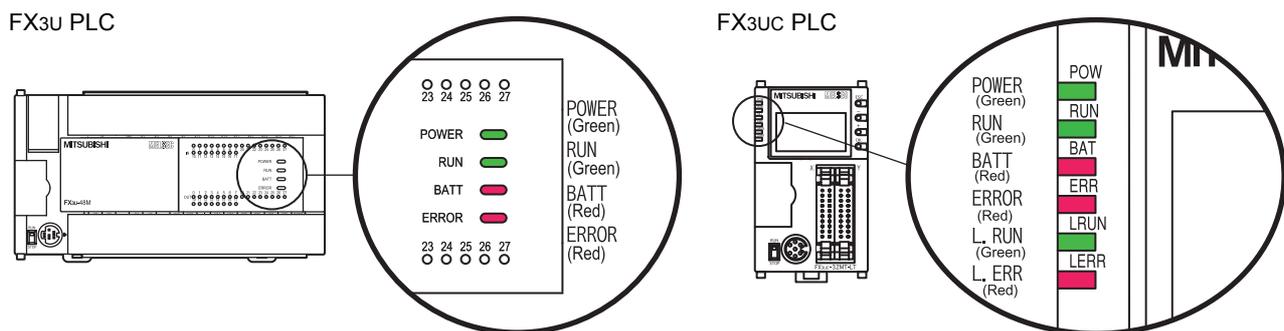
Apx.
Example Connection

13. Troubleshooting

13.1 LED Indicator Lamp Check

If an error occurs, check the ON/OFF status of LED indicator lamps on the PLC to know the outline of the error. This section, however, does not describe all the LED indicator lamps of the main unit. For details of LED indicator lamp, refer to the following manuals of the PLC.

→ Refer to the FX3U Hardware Edition.
 → Refer to the FX3UC Hardware Edition.



13.1.1 POWER Indicator Lamp (Statuses: ON, flashing, OFF)

| Lamp status | Status of PLC | Troubleshooting |
|-------------|---|--|
| ON | The specified voltage is properly supplied to the power supply terminal. | The power is being properly supplied. |
| Flashing | The PLC may be at one of the following statuses: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The specified voltage/current is not supplied to the power supply terminal. An external line is not properly connected. The PLC has a problem. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check the power supply voltage. Excluding the power cable, disconnect all the other cables, and then turn on the power again. Check the lamp status. If the lamp flashes again, please contact the nearest office of Mitsubishi Electric distributor. |
| OFF | The PLC may be at one of the following statuses: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The power is off. The specified voltage is not supplied to the power supply terminal. The power cable is disconnected. | If the power is on, check the power supply unit and the power supply line. If the power is properly supplied, please contact the nearest office of Mitsubishi Electric distributor. |

13.1.2 RUN Indicator Lamp (Statuses: ON, OFF)

| Lamp status | Status of PLC | Troubleshooting |
|-------------|---|--|
| ON | The sequence program is being executed. | The RUN indicator lamp indicates the operation status of the PLC. Note that the RUN indicator lamp will go out depending on the status of the ERROR indicator lamp (refer to Subsection 13.1.4). |
| OFF | Execution of the sequence program is stopped. | |

13.1.3 BATT Indicator Lamp (Statuses: ON, OFF)

| Lamp status | Status of PLC | Troubleshooting |
|-------------|--|---|
| ON | The voltage of the battery is too low. | Immediately replace the battery (refer to the manual of the PLC). |
| OFF | The battery supplies the voltage specified by the D8006 or more. | The PLC has no problems. |

13.1.4 ERROR indicator lamp (Statuses: ON, flashing, OFF)

| Lamp status | Status of PLC | Troubleshooting |
|-------------|---|---|
| ON | The watchdog timer error may be detected, or the hardware of the PLC may be damaged. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Stop the PLC, and then turn on the power again. If the ERROR (ERR) indicator lamp goes out, check if a watchdog timer error has been detected, and take one of the following measures. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Review the program. The maximum value of the scanning time (D8012) should not be larger than the set value of the watchdog timer (D8000). - The interrupt input and the pulse catch input should not be turned on and off too frequently during 1 scan time. - The frequency of the pulse input to the high-speed counter should not exceed the specified range (duty:50%) - Add several WDT instructions. Set several WDT instructions in the program so that the watchdog timer can be reset several times during 1 scan time. - Change the set value of the watchdog timer. Using the program, change the set value of the watchdog timer (D8000) so that the set value of the watchdog timer (D8000) can be larger than the maximum value of the scanning time (D8012). 2) Remove the PLC, and put it on a workbench. Supply another source of power to the PLC. If the ERROR (ERR) indicator lamp does not light, the cause of the problem may be noise. In this case, take the following measures. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Check the grounding line, and change the wiring route and the installation place. - Adopt a noise filter for the power supply line. 3) If taking measures 1) and 2) does not turn off the ERROR indicator lamp, please contact the nearest office of Mitsubishi Electric distributor. |
| Flashing | The PLC has one of the following errors: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Parameter error • Syntax error • Circuit error | Diagnose the PLC (PC), or check the programs using the programming tool. For countermeasures, refer to the following manual of the applied PLC. <p style="text-align: right;">→ Programming manual</p> |
| OFF | Errors that can stop the PLC are not detected. | If an operation error is detected on the PLC, diagnose the PLC (PC), or check the programs using the programming tool. There is a strong possibility that "I/O configuration error", "parallel link/communication error", or "operation error" has been detected. |

13.1.5 Pulse Output Destination Device and Rotation Direction Output Indicator Lamp

1. If transistor outputs of the main unit are used for positioning

| Signal | LED status during execution of positioning instruction | Description |
|--|--|---|
| "Pulse output destination device" (pulse train) signal | Turned on and off at high speed | The pulse outputting operation is controlled by the positioning instruction. |
| | OFF | The PLC may be at the following status: 1) The operation of the positioning instruction is completed. 2) The positioning instruction turns ON, but an operation error is detected. The instruction, therefore, is not being executed. To check the error, refer to the following section: → Refer to Subsection. 13.2.1 "Error code check method". |
| "Rotation direction output" (direction) signal | ON | Operation is being performed in the forward rotation direction. |
| | OFF | The PLC may be at the following status: 1) The positioning instruction turns ON, and operation is being performed in the reverse rotation direction. 2) The positioning instruction turns ON, but an operation error is detected. The instruction, therefore, is not being executed. To check the error, refer to the following section: → Refer to Subsection. 13.2.1 "Error Code Check Method". |

2. If the high-speed output special adapter (FX3U-2HSY-ADP) is used for positioning

| Status of pulse output method setting switch | Signal | LED status during execution of positioning instruction | Description |
|--|---|--|--|
| PLS•DIR side | "Pulse output destination device" (pulse train) | Turned on and off at high speed | The pulse outputting operation is controlled by the positioning instruction. |
| | | OFF | The PLC may be at the following status: 1) The operation of the positioning instruction is completed. 2) An operation error occurred in positioning instruction. The instruction, therefore, is not being executed. To check the error, refer to the following section: → Refer to Subsection. 13.2.1 "Error Code Check Method" . |
| | "Rotation direction output" (direction) | ON | Forward operation is in execution. |
| | | OFF | The PLC may be at the following status: 1) The positioning instruction turns ON, and operation is being performed in the reverse rotation direction. 2) An operation error occurred in positioning instruction. The instruction, therefore, is not being executed. To check the error, refer to the following section: → Refer to Subsection. 13.2.1 "Error Code Check Method" . |
| FP/RP side | "Pulse output destination device" (Forward pulse train) | Turned on and off at high speed | Forward operation is in execution by positioning instructions. Reverse pulse train is OFF. |
| | | OFF | The PLC may be at the following status: 1) The positioning instruction turns ON, and operation is being performed in the reverse rotation direction. 2) An operation error occurred in positioning instruction. The instruction, therefore, is not being executed. To check the error, refer to the following section: → Refer to Subsection. 13.2.1 "Error Code Check Method" . |
| | "Rotation direction output" (Reverse pulse train) | Turned on and off at high speed | Reverse operation is in execution by positioning instructions. Forward pulse train is OFF. |
| | | OFF | The PLC may be at the following status: 1) The positioning instruction turns ON, and operation is being performed in the forward rotation direction. 2) An operation error occurred in positioning instruction. The instruction, therefore, is not being executed. To check the error, refer to the following section: → Refer to Subsection. 13.2.1 "Error Code Check Method" . |

A
Common Items

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Built-in Positioning Function

Apx.
Example Connection

13.2 Error Check

13.2.1 Error Code Check Method

This section describes how to check the error codes using GX Developer.

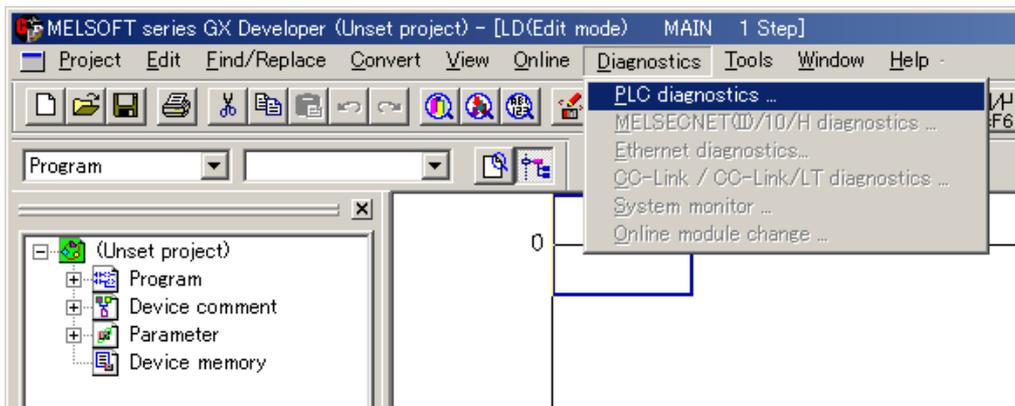
If the display module (FX3U-7DM) is used, use "error check" function of the display module to check the error codes. For details of operation of the display module, refer to the following manuals:

- FX3U Hardware Edition.
- FX3UC Hardware Edition.

1 Connect the personal computer to the PLC.

2 Diagnose the PLC.

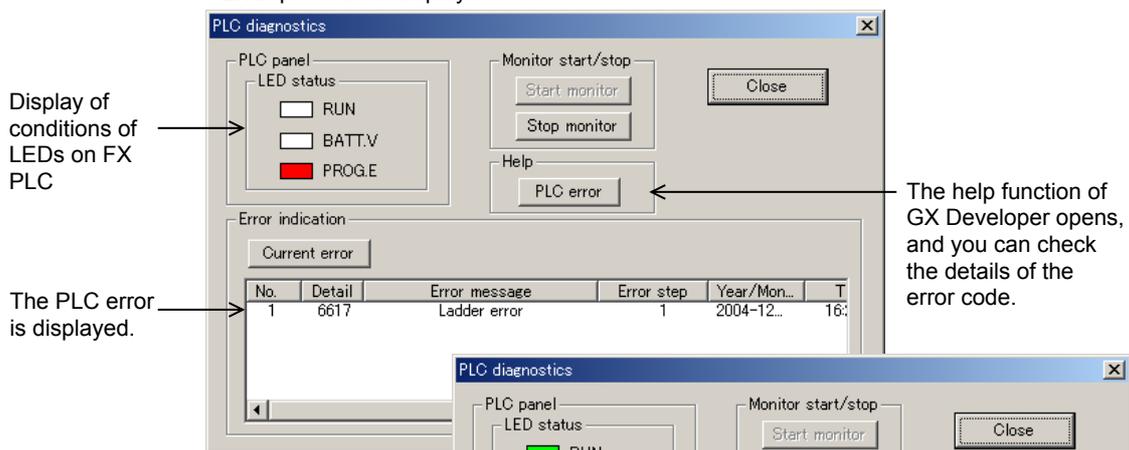
On the tool menu bar, click "Diagnostics", and then click "PLC diagnostics" to diagnose the programmable controller.



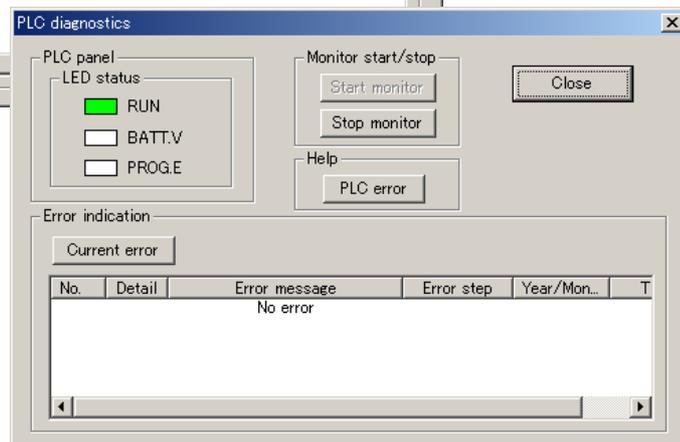
3 Check the diagnosis result.

The following window will appear. Check the details of the error shown on the window.

<Example of error display screen>



<Example of screen displayed in normal state>



13.2.2 Error Codes

This section describes error codes related to the positioning instructions. For details of the error codes, refer to the following manual.

→ Refer to the programming manual.

| Error code | Operation after detecting error | Description of error | Troubleshooting |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Operation error [M8067 (D8067)] | | | |
| 0000 | | No error detected | |
| 6705 | Operation will be continued. | The device specified by the operand of the applied instruction is a wrong device. | This error occurs during operation. Check the program or the operand of the applied instruction. Even if no syntax error or circuit error is detected, an operation error may occur for the following reason: Example: T200Z is not an error. However, if Z = 400, the result of operation will be T600. This means that the device number is out of the specified range, and an operation error will be detected. |
| 6706 | | The device number or the data specified by the operand of the applied instruction is out of the specified range. | |
| 6760 | | Sum error of ABS data sent from servo amplifier | Check the servo amplifier for disconnection. Also check the set data. |
| 6763 | | 1) The input (X) specified by DSZR, DVIT, or ZRN instruction is already used for the other instruction. 2) The interruption signal device number specified by DVIT instruction is out of the setting range. | 1) Check that the input (X) specified by DSZR, DVIT, or ZRN instruction is not used for the following items: - Input interruption (including delay function) - High-speed counter (C235 to C255) - Pulse catch (M8050 to M8057) - SPD instruction 2) Check the data set in the D8336 (interruption signal designation device for DVIT instruction). |
| 6764 | | The pulse output number is already used for a positioning instruction or pulse output instruction (PLSY, PWM, etc.). | Check that the output specified as the pulse output destination is not activated by the other positioning instruction. |

A
Common Items

B
Built-in Positioning Function

Apx.
Example Connection

13.3 If the Servo Motor or the Stepping Motor Does Not Operate

If the servo motor or the stepping motor does not operate, check the following items.

- 1) Check the wiring condition.
 - For output specifications, refer to Section 2.5.
 - To connect the MELSERVO Series, refer to the examples of connection shown in the Appendix.
 - For details on the servo amplifier (drive unit), refer to the manual of your unit.
- 2) Execute the positioning instruction, and then check the statuses of the following LED indicator lamps.
 - For details on lamp statuses, refer to Subsection 13.1.5.
 - LED indicator lamp of the output specified as the pulse output destination
 - LED indicator lamp of the output specified as the rotation direction output device
- 3) Check that the same pulse output method is adopted for both the PLC and the servo amplifier (drive unit).
 - For details on the pulse output method, refer to Subsection 4.6.1.
 - For details on high-speed output special adapter setting method, refer to Subsection 4.5.2.
- 4) Check that the pulse output stop command flag is off.
 - For details on the pulse output stop command flag, refer to Subsection 4.3.2.

The following table shows the pulse output stop command flag of each pulse output destination device (Y000, Y001, Y002, Y003).

| Pulse output destination device | Pulse output stop command flag | Operation |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Y000 | M8349 | During pulse outputting operation, if the pulse output stop command flag of corresponding pulse output destination device is turned on, the pulse outputting operation will be immediately stopped. |
| Y001 | M8359 | |
| Y002 | M8369 | |
| Y003 | M8379 | |

- 5) Check that the limit switch (forward or reverse rotation limit switch) is not activated.
 - For details on the normal and reverse rotation limits, refer to Subsection 4.3.1.

The following table shows the forward and reverse limit flags of each pulse output destination device (Y000, Y001, Y002, Y003).

| Pulse output destination device | Forward limit flag | Reverse limit flag | Corresponding instruction and stop | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|---|
| | | | PLSV instruction (M8338 = OFF) | DSZR, DVIT, ZRN, PLSV(M8338 = ON), DRVI, and DRVA instructions |
| Y000 | M8343 | M8344 | If the corresponding rotation limit flag is turned on, pulse output (operation) will be immediately stopped. | If the corresponding rotation limit flag is turned on, the speed will be reduced, and then operation will be stopped. |
| Y001 | M8353 | M8354 | | |
| Y002 | M8363 | M8364 | | |
| Y003 | M8373 | M8374 | | |

- 6) Check the operation timing of the positioning instruction.

If "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag is on, and if the positioning instruction (excluding the ABS instruction) or the pulse output instruction (PLSR, PLSY) uses the same pulse output destination device, the instruction cannot be executed.

After the instruction activation contact is turned off, if "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag is still on, do not execute the positioning instruction (including PLSR and PLSY instructions) having the same output number.

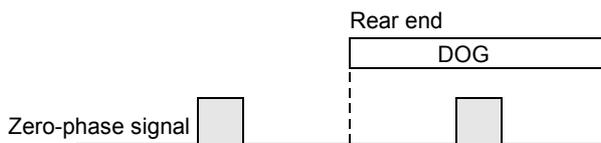
Before activating such an instruction, check that "pulse output monitor" (BUSY/READY) flag is off, and then wait until at least 1 scan time is completed.

| Pulse output destination device | Pulse output monitor flag |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Y000 | M8340 |
| Y001 | M8350 |
| Y002 | M8360 |
| Y003 | M8370 |

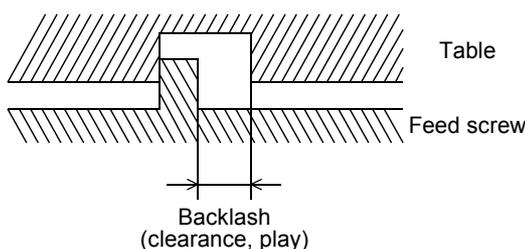
13.4 If Operation Is Stopped at a Wrong Position

If operation is stopped at a wrong position, check the following items.

- 1) Check whether the electronic gear of the servo amplifier (drive unit) is set properly.
 → **For the electronic gear setting method of the MELSERVO Series, refer to Subsection 4.6.2.**
- 2) Check whether the origin is set properly.
 - Properly set the DOG so that the near-point signal (DOG) can be kept at the ON status until the speed is reduced to the creep speed. This instruction will start speed reduction at the front end of the DOG, and will stop the operation at the rear end of the DOG or at detection of the first zero-phase signal after passing the rear end of the DOG. After that, the current value register will be cleared (reset to "0"). If the speed is not reduced to the creep speed before detecting the rear end of the DOG, the operation may not be stopped at the specified position.
 - The creep speed should be low enough. The zero return instruction will not reduce the speed before stop. For this reason, if the creep speed is not low enough, the operation may not be stopped at the specified position due to inertia.
 - Devices for near-point signal (DOG)
 - DSZR instruction
 If an input (X000 to X017)*1 of main unit is specified for the near-point signal (DOG), the rear end of the near-point signal (DOG) will be monitored (detected) at 1-ms intervals (interruption). Under the following condition, however, monitoring (detection) of the near-point signal (DOG) rear end may be affected by the time constant at input or the scan time of the sequence program, and the operation may not be stopped at the specified position.
 - a) An input number of X020 or below or the other device (auxiliary relay, etc.) is specified.
 *1.To use FX3U-16M□, specify an input in the range of X000 to X007.
 - ZRN instruction
 If an input (X000 to X007) of the main unit is specified for the near-point input signal, the interruption function will be adopted to stop the operation. Under the following condition, however, operation may be affected by the scan time of the sequence program, and the operation may not be stopped at the specified position.
 - a) An input number of X010 or below or the other device (auxiliary relay, etc.) is specified. If input relay X010 or below is specified for the near-point signal, the input filter (10 ms) will be adopted.
 - If DSZR instruction is used:
 Since the zero-phase signal of the servo motor is used, adjust the relation between the rear end of the DOG and the zero-phase signal as shown in the following figure. If fine adjustment of the origin position is needed, adjust the position of the near-point signal (DOG).



- 3) If reciprocating operation (operation in the forward rotation direction and then reverse rotation direction) is not stopped at the specified position: The built-in positioning function cannot correct the mechanical backlash (clearance, play) during positioning operation. If it is necessary to correct the backlash, preliminarily set the number of output pulses considering the backlash that may be caused when changing the transfer direction.



MEMO

FX3U/FX3UC Series Programmable Controllers

User's Manual [Positioning Control Edition]

Appendix: Example Connection

Foreword

To use the positioning function of the MELSEC-F FX3U/FX3UC Series PLC described in this manual, the PLC should be connected to a servo amplifier drive unit. The Appendix, therefore, describes how to connect the PLC to a servo amplifier drive unit and should be read and understood before attempting to install or use the unit.

Store this manual in a safe place so that you can take it out and read it whenever necessary. Always forward it to the end user.

This manual confers no industrial property rights or any rights of any other kind, nor does it confer any patent licenses. Mitsubishi Electric Corporation cannot be held responsible for any problems involving industrial property rights which may occur as a result of using the contents noted in this manual.

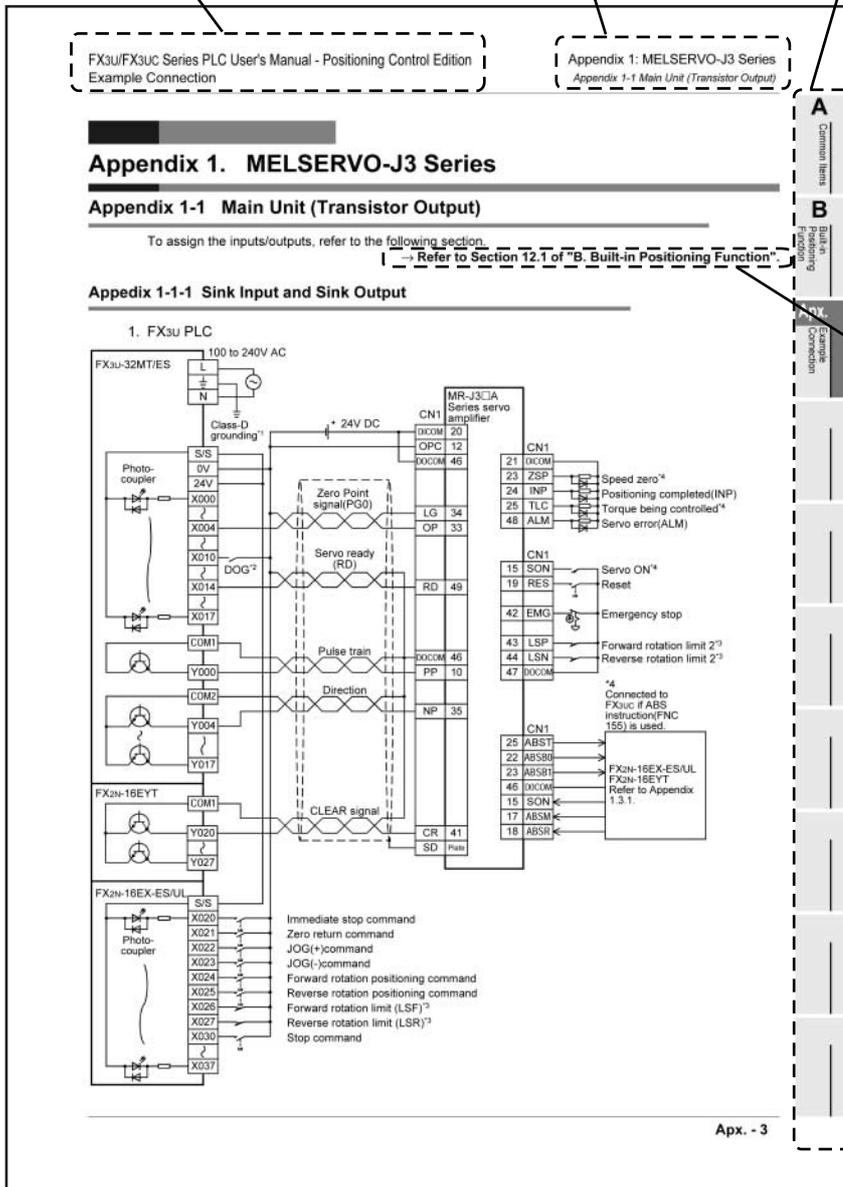
Description of Manual (Example of Connection)

In this manual, the following formats are used for description of the examples of connection:

Shows the title of the manual and the title of the division.
 This area shows the title of the manual and the title of the division for the page currently open.
 1st line: Shows the title of the manual.
 2nd line: Shows the title of the division.

Shows the title of the chapter and the title of the section.
 This area shows the title of the chapter and the title of the section for the page currently opened.

Indexes the division titles.
 The right side of each page indexes the title of the division for the page currently opened.



Shows the reference.
 This area shows the reference document (the reference document is shown next to "→"). If the reference is in "Appendix: Examples of Connection", the chapter, section, or item number only will be shown next to "→".

Appendix 1. MELSERVO-J3 Series

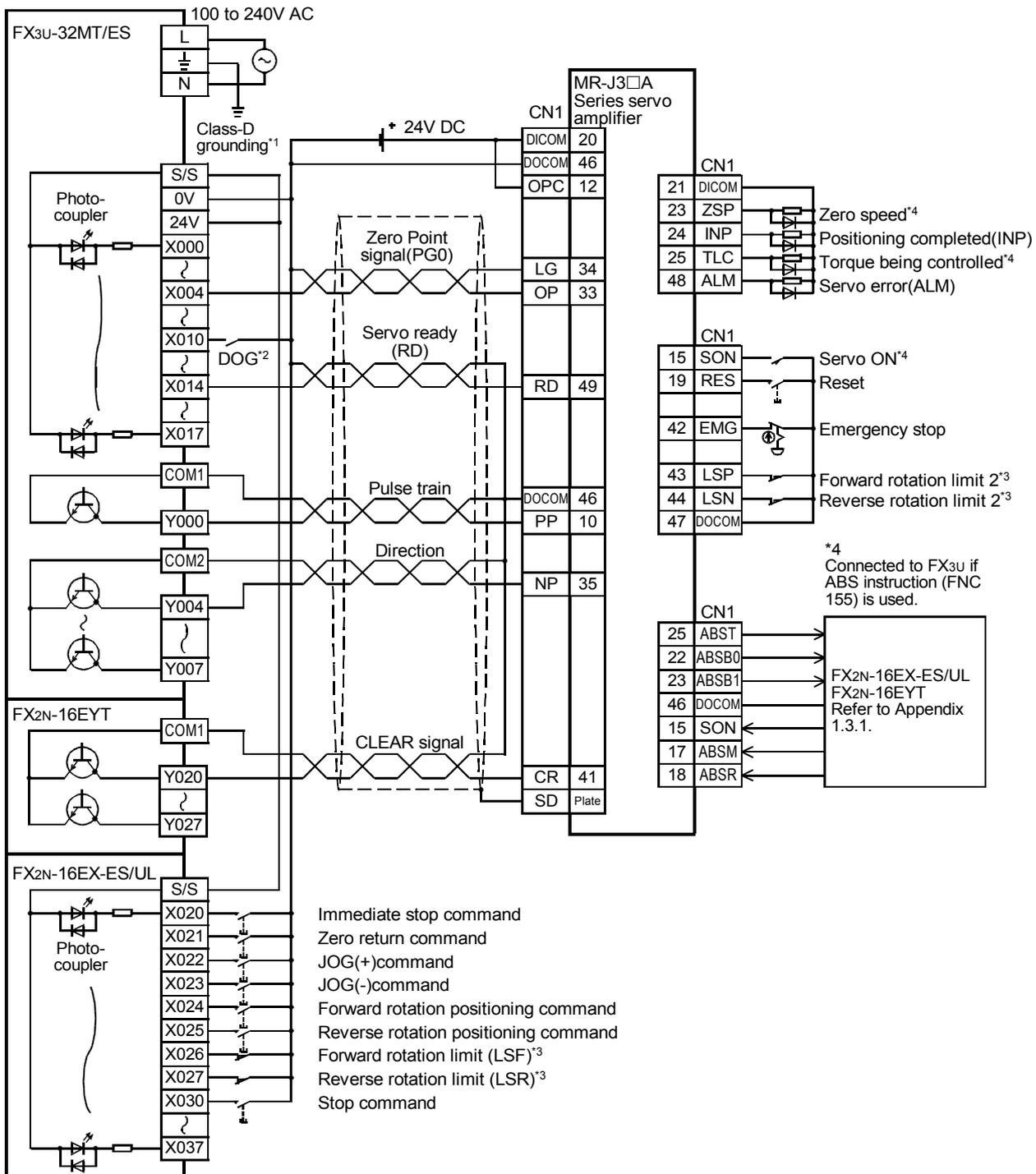
Appendix 1-1 Main Unit (Transistor Output)

To assign the inputs/outputs, refer to the following section.

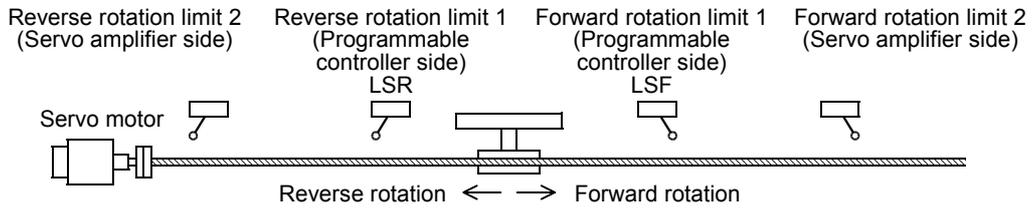
→ Refer to Section 12.1 of "B. Built-in Positioning Function".

Appendix 1-1-1 Sink Input and Sink Output

1. FX3U PLC

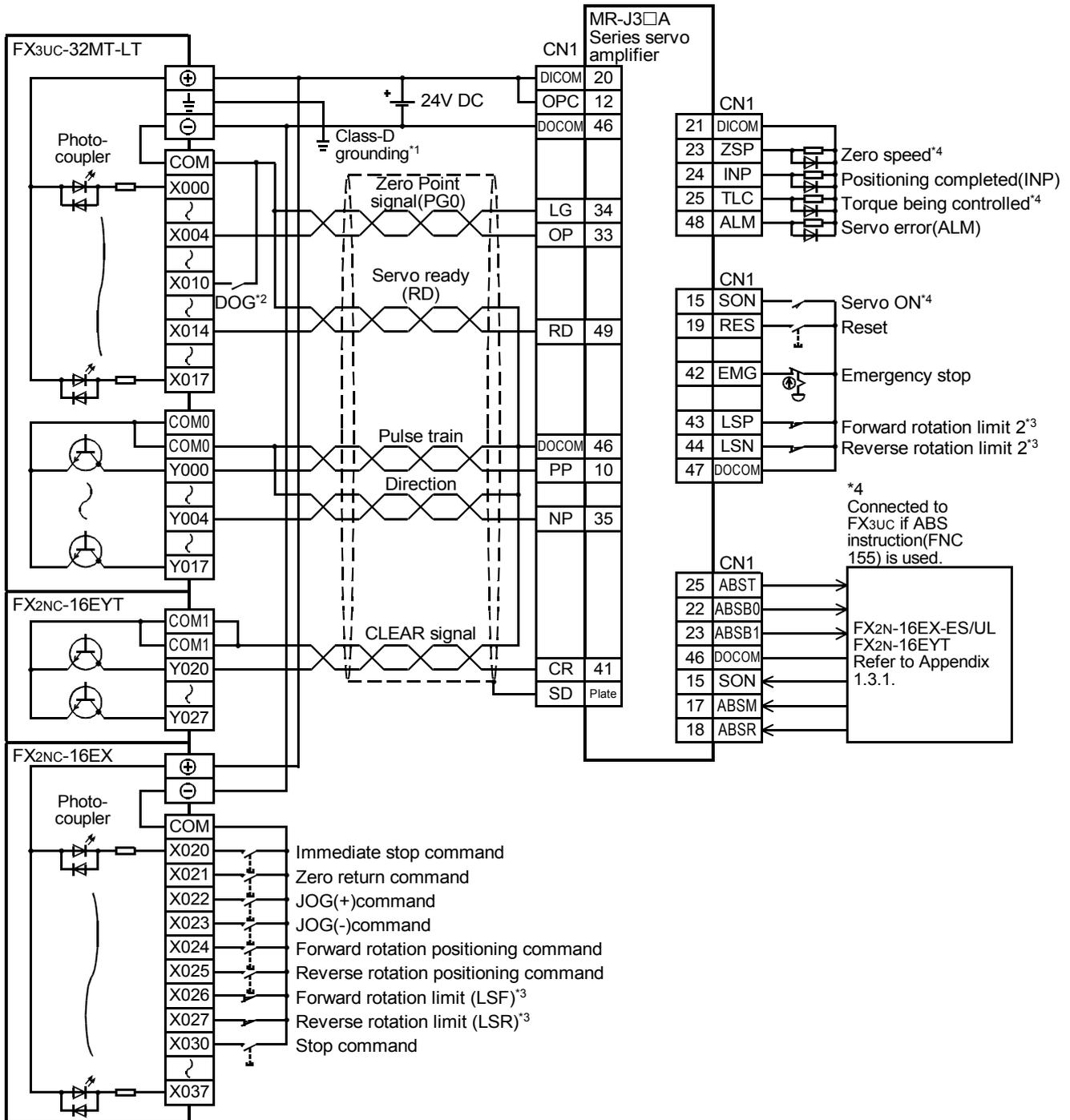


- *1. Be sure to use the class-D grounding method (grounding resistance: 100 Ω or less).
- *2. Near-point signal (DOG)
- *3. To ensure safety, use the forward rotation limit switch and the reverse rotation limit switch on both sides: the PLC side and the servo amplifier side.
Note that the limit switches on the PLC side should be activated slightly earlier than the limit switches on the servo amplifier side.

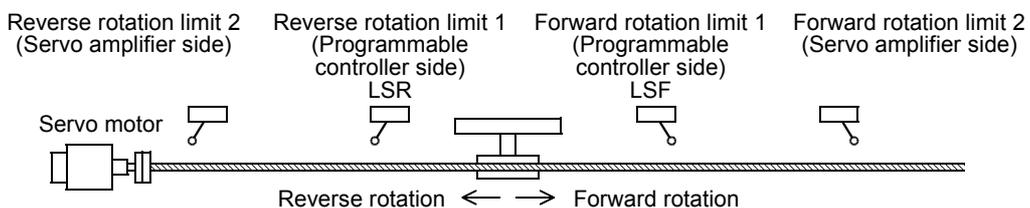


- *4. To detect absolute positions, connect this line to the PLC.

2. FX3UC PLC



- *1. Be sure to use the class-D grounding method (grounding resistance: 100 Ω or less).
- *2. Near-point signal (DOG)
- *3. To ensure safety, use the forward rotation limit switch and the reverse rotation limit switch on both sides: the PLC side and the servo amplifier side. Note that the limit switches on the PLC side should be activated slightly earlier than the limit switches on the servo amplifier side.



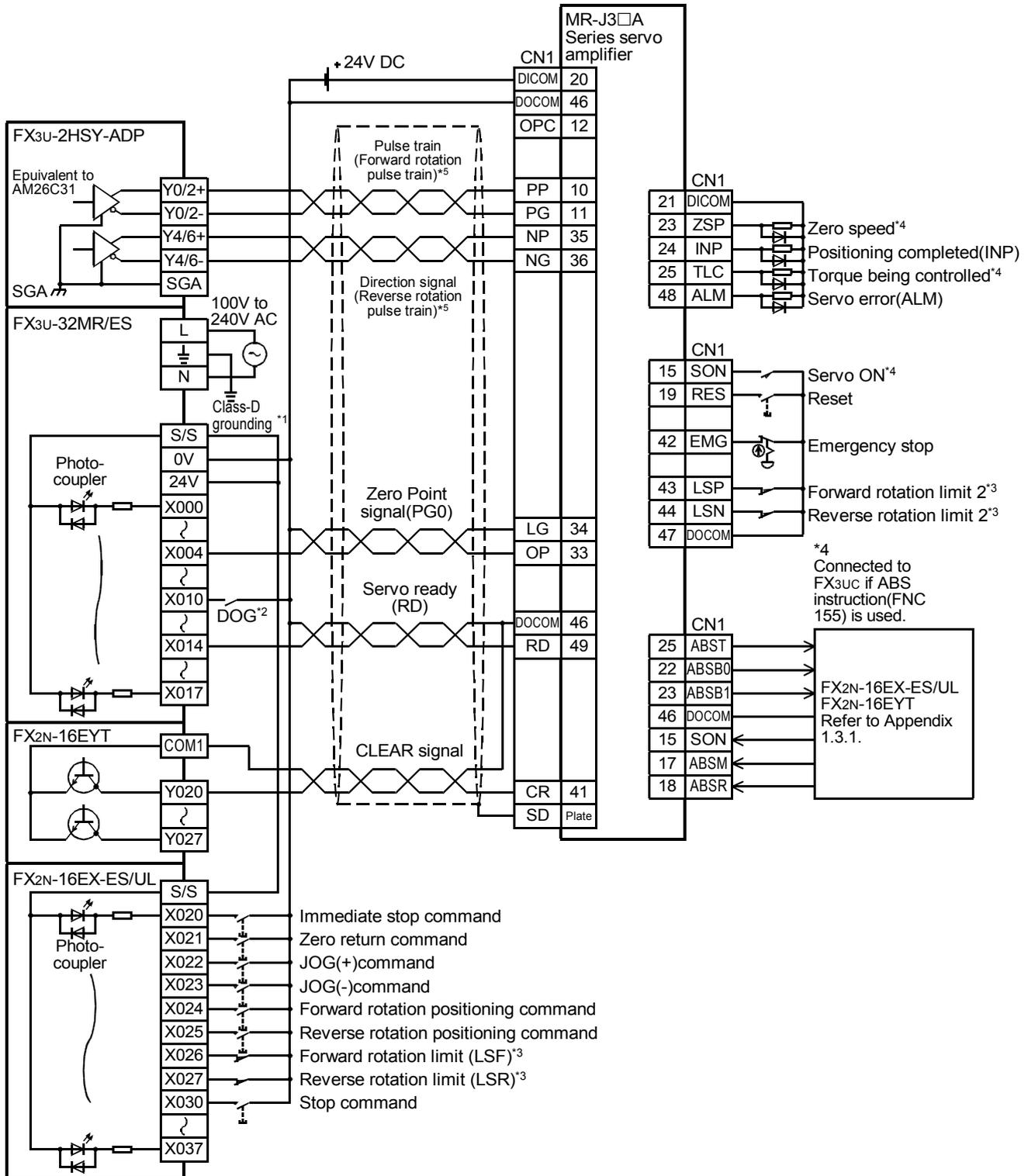
- *4. To detect absolute positions, connect this line to the PLC.

Appendix 1-2 High-Speed Output Special Adapter

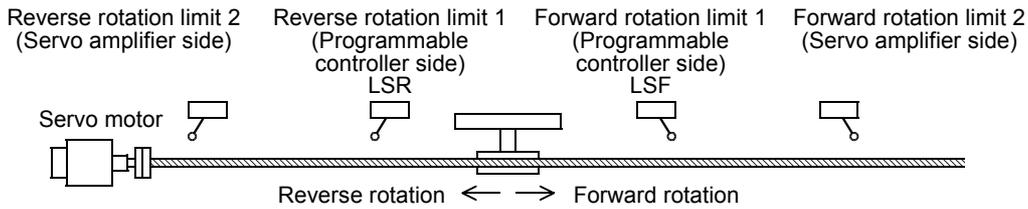
To assign the inputs/outputs, refer to the following section.

→ Refer to Section 12.1 of "B. Built-in Positioning Function".

Appendix 1-2-1 Sink Input, Sink Output (Transistor), and Differential Line Driver Output



- *3. To ensure safety, use the forward rotation limit switch and the reverse rotation limit switch on both sides: the PLC side and the servo amplifier side. Note that the limit switches on the PLC side should be activated slightly earlier than the limit switches on the servo amplifier side.



- *4. To detect absolute positions, connect this line to the PLC.
- *5. Set the pulse output form by pulse output form setting switch.

| Pulse output method setting switch | Pulse output method |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| FP·RP side | Forward/reverse pulse train |
| PLS·DIRside | Pulse train + direction |

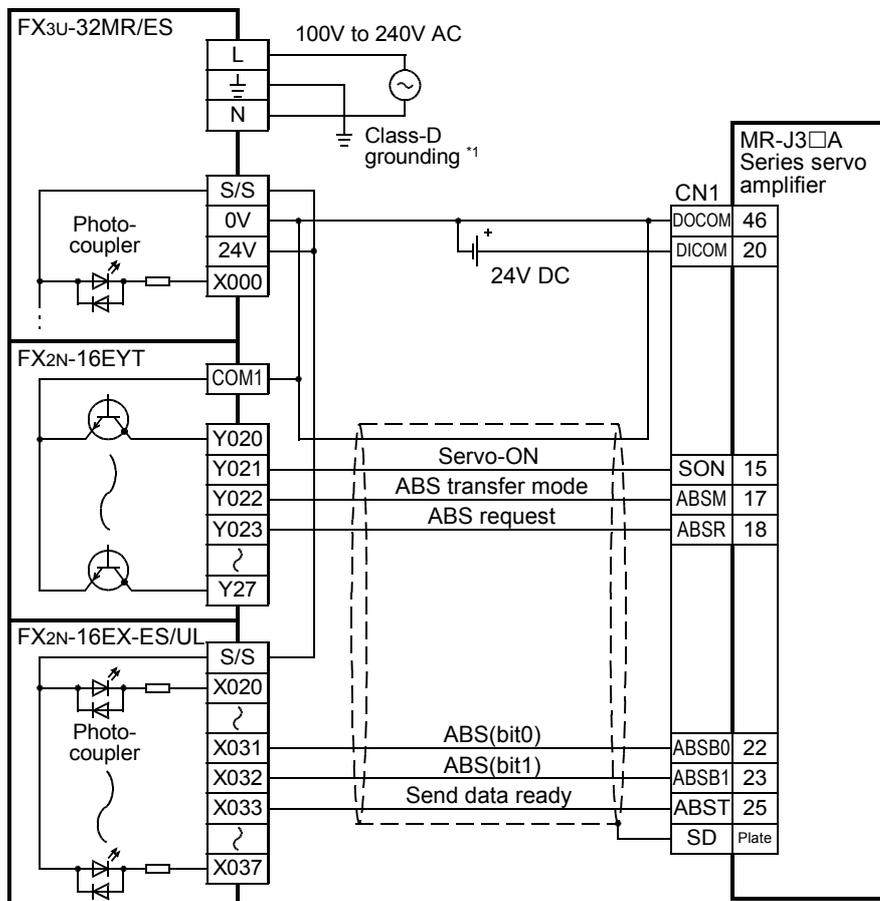
Appendix 1-3 Absolute Position Detection (Transistor Output)

To assign the inputs/outputs, refer to the following section.

→ Refer to Section 12.1 of "B. Built-in Positioning Function"

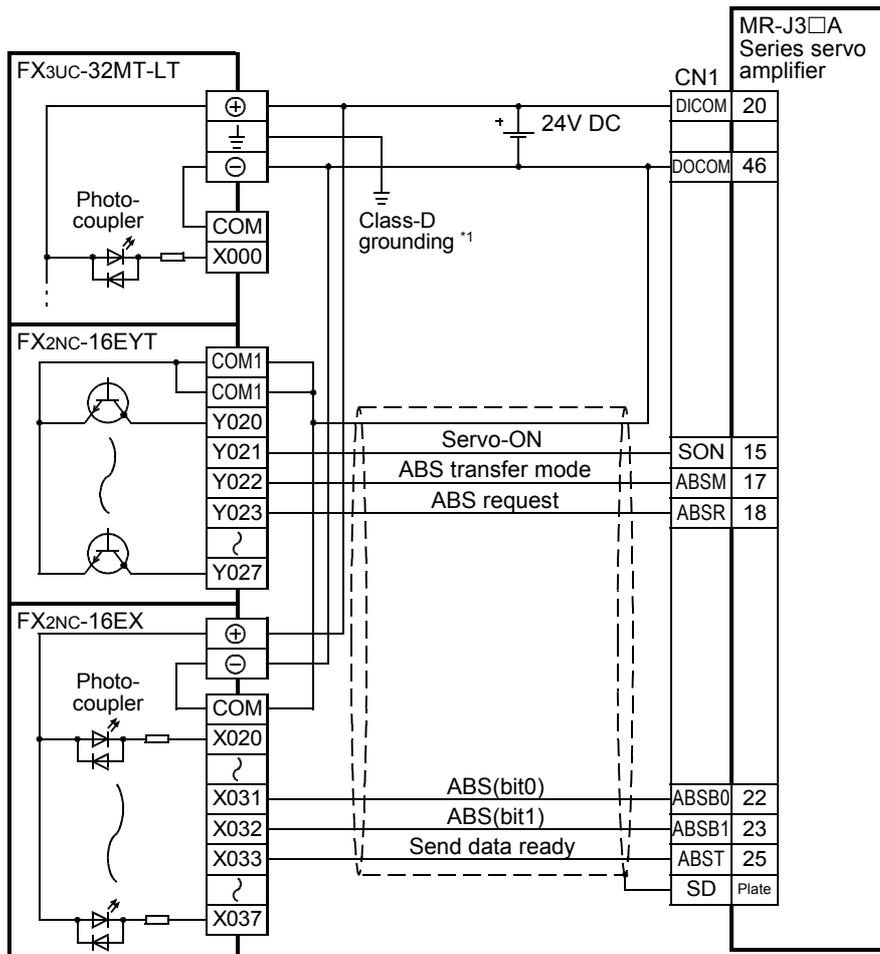
Appendix 1-3-1 Sink Input and Sink Output

1. FX3U PLC



*1. Be sure to use the class-D grounding method (grounding resistance: 100 Ω or less).

2. FX3UC PLC



*1. Be sure to use the class-D grounding method (grounding resistance: 100 Ω or less).

Appendix 2. MELSERVO-J2 (-Super) Series

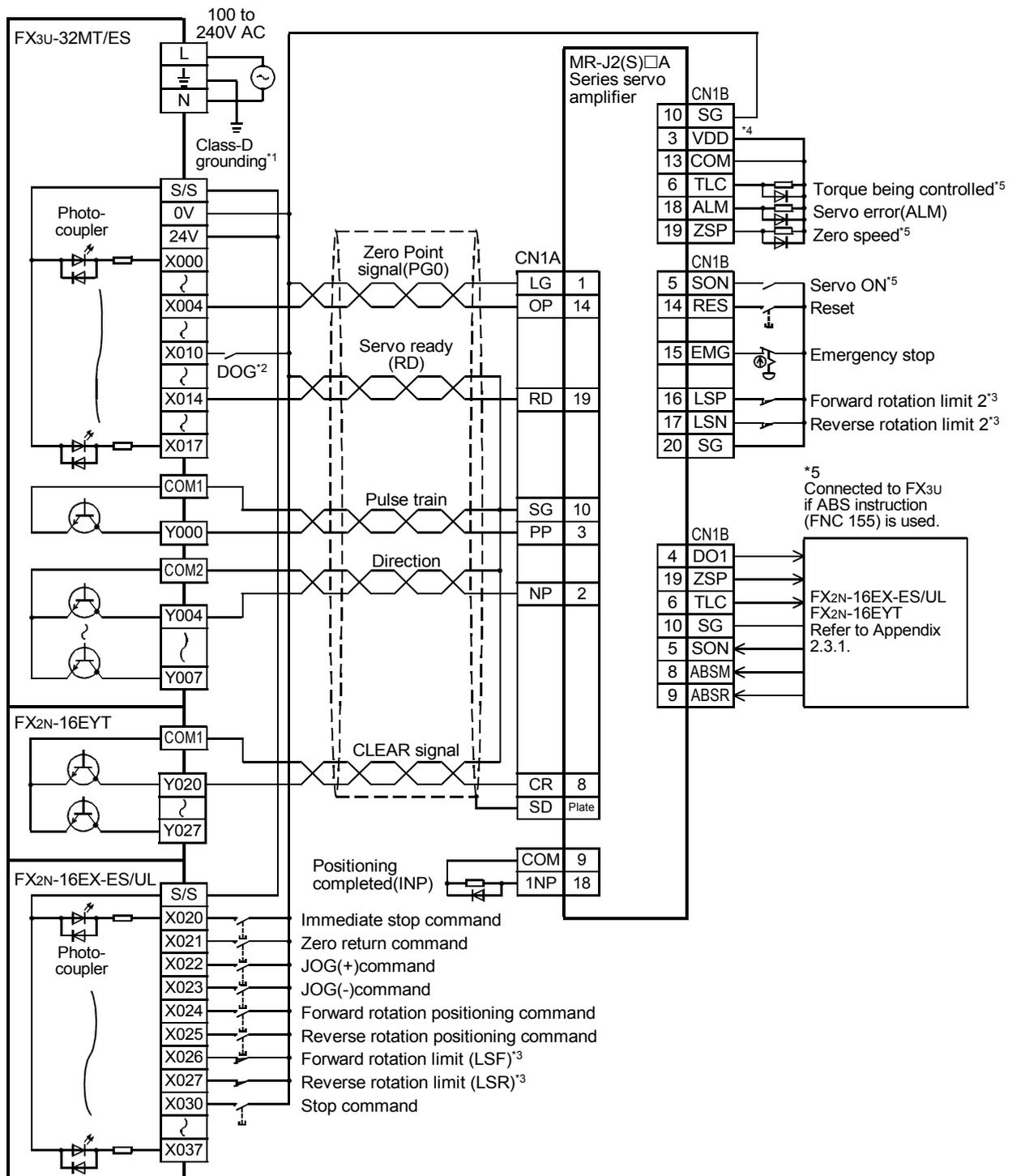
Appendix 2-1 Main Unit (Transistor Output)

To assign the inputs/outputs, refer to the following section.

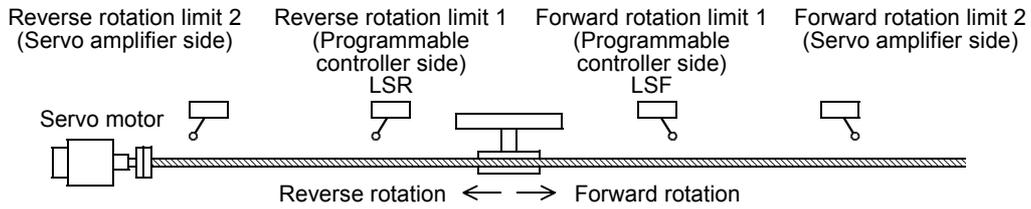
→ Refer to Section 12.1 of "B. Built-in Positioning Function".

Appendix 2-1-1 Sink Input and Sink Output

1. FX3U PLC

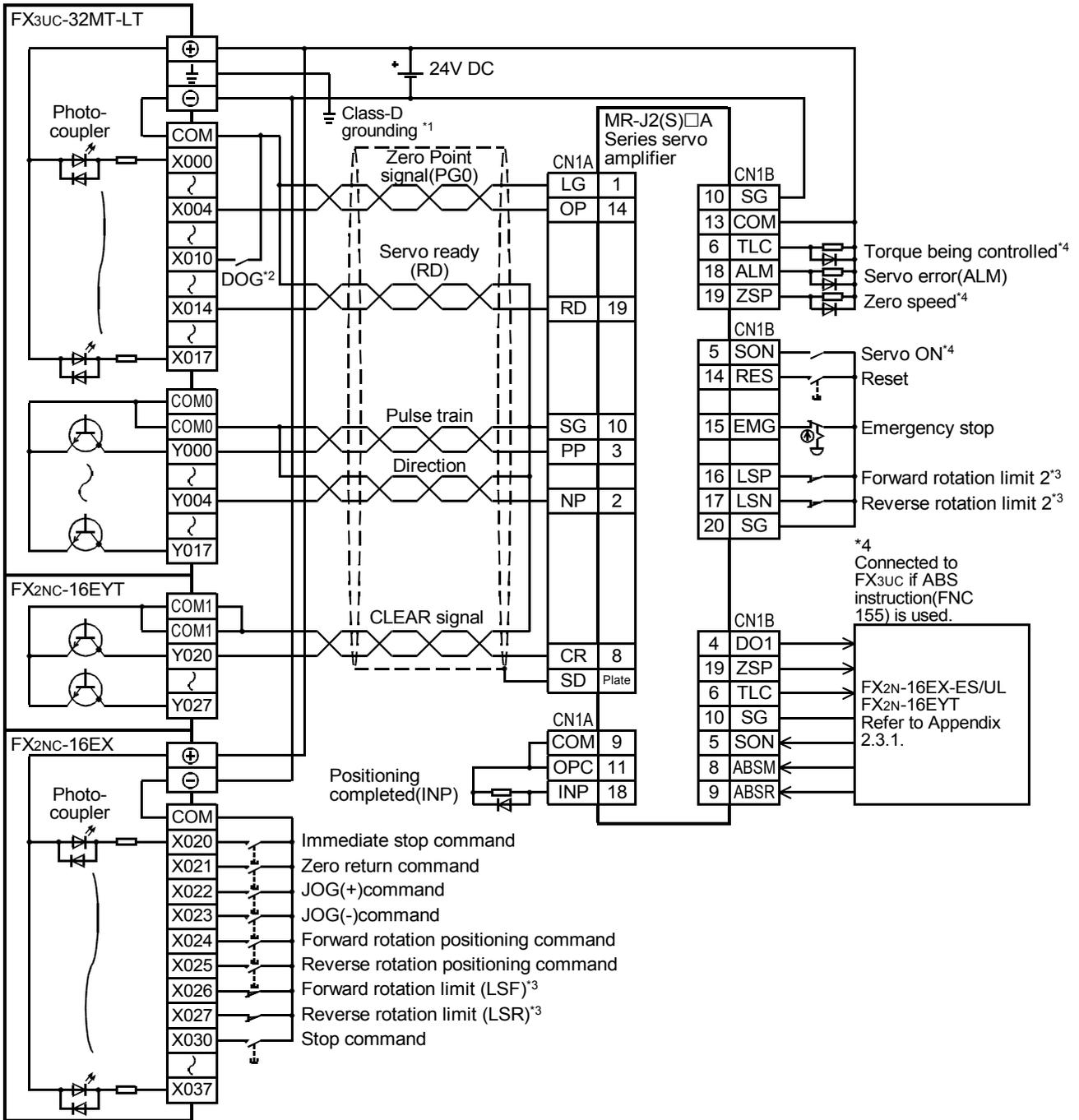


- *1. Be sure to use the class-D grounding method (grounding resistance: 100 Ω or less).
- *2. Near-point signal (DOG)
- *3. To ensure safety, use the forward rotation limit switch and the reverse rotation limit switch on both sides: the PLC side and the servo amplifier side. Note that the limit switches on the PLC side should be activated slightly earlier than the limit switches on the servo amplifier side.

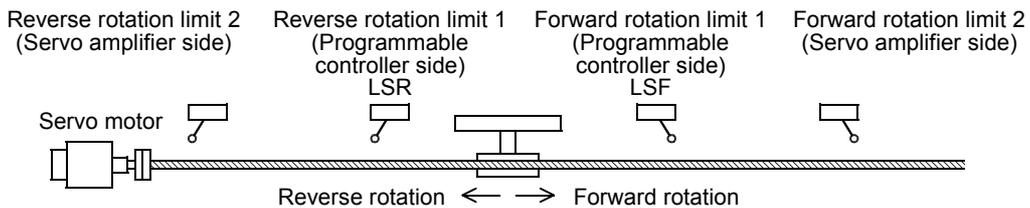


- *4. For details on the internal power supply of MR-J2 (S) servo amplifier, refer to the following manual.
 → **For details, refer to the servo amplifier manual.**
- *5. To detect absolute positions, connect this line to the PLC.

2. FX3uc PLC



- *1. Be sure to use the class-D grounding method (grounding resistance: 100 Ω or less).
- *2. Near-point signal (DOG)
- *3. To ensure safety, use the forward rotation limit switch and the reverse rotation limit switch on both sides: the PLC side and the servo amplifier side. Note that the limit switches on the PLC side should be activated slightly earlier than the limit switches on the servo amplifier side.



- *4. To detect absolute positions, connect this line to the PLC.

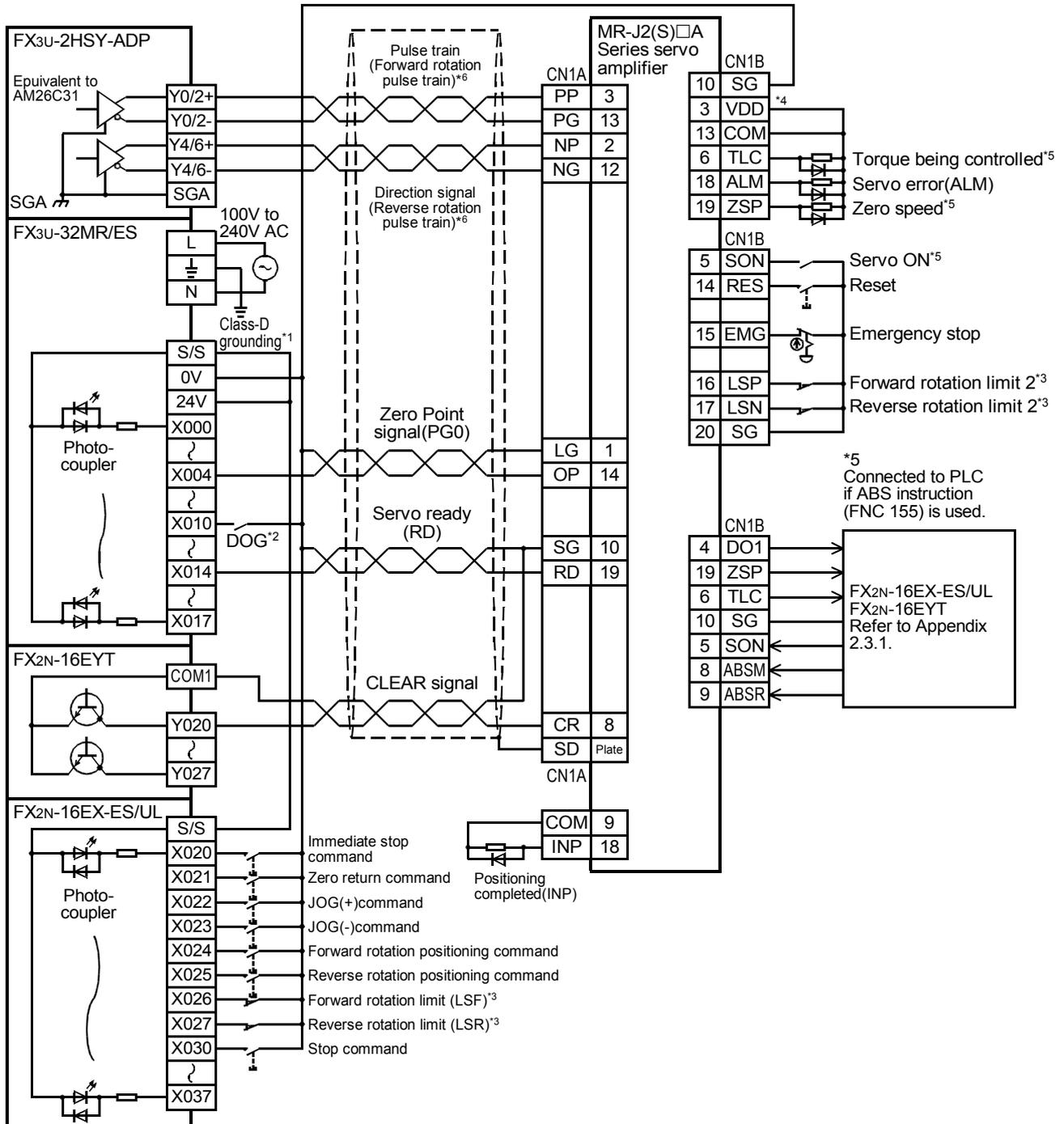
A Common Items
B Built-in Positioning Function
Apx. Example Connection

Appendix 2-2 High-Speed Output Special Adapter

To assign the inputs/outputs, refer to the following section.

→ Refer to Section 12.1 of "B. Built-in Positioning Function".

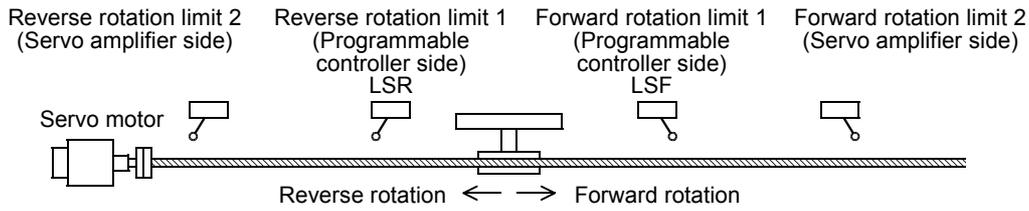
Appendix 2-2-1 Sink Input, Sink Output (Transistor), and Differential Line Driver Output



*1. Be sure to use the class-D grounding method (grounding resistance: 100 Ω or less).

*2. Near-point signal (DOG)

- *3. To ensure safety, use the forward rotation limit switch and the reverse rotation limit switch on both sides: the PLC side and the servo amplifier side. Note that the limit switches on the PLC side should be activated slightly earlier than the limit switches on the servo amplifier side.



- *4. For details of the MR-J2(S) servo amplifier, such as the tolerance for the internal power and operation of the servo amplifier, refer to the following manual.
 → For details, refer to the servo amplifier manual.

- *5. To detect absolute positions, connect this line to the PLC.
- *6. Set the pulse output method using the pulse output method setting switch.

| Pulse output method setting switch | Pulse output method |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| FP·RP side | Forward/reverse pulse train |
| PLS·DIR side | Pulse train + direction |

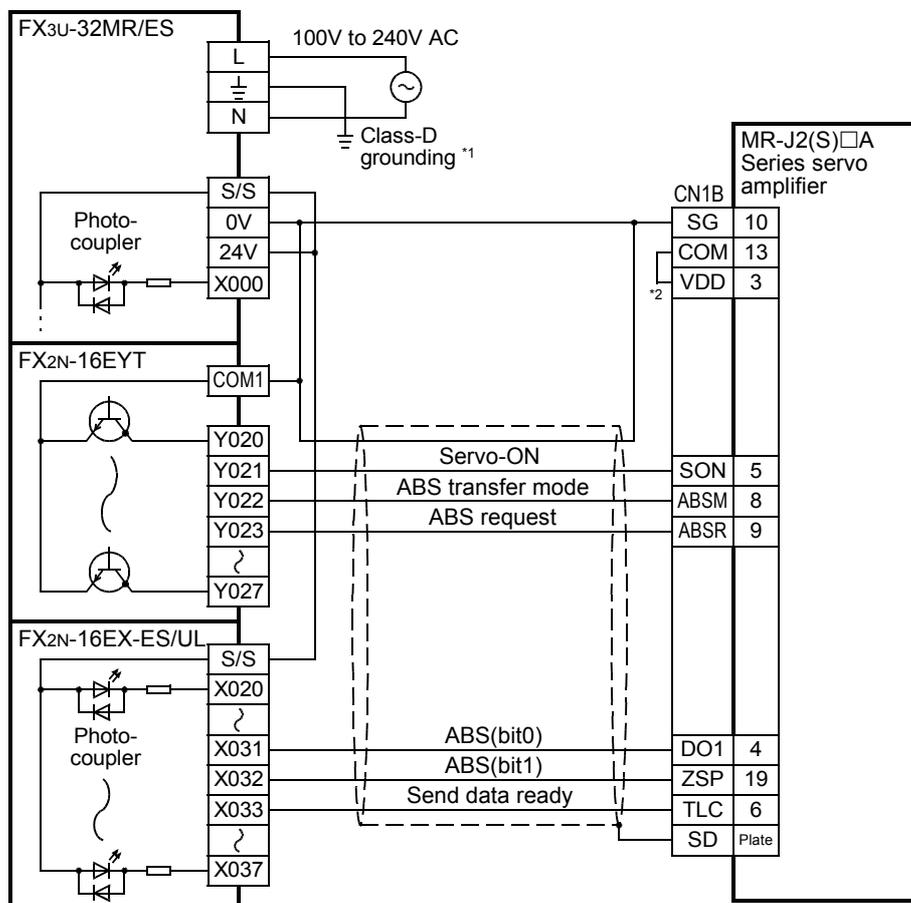
Appendix 2-3 Absolute Position Detection (Transistor Output)

To assign the inputs/outputs, refer to the following section.

→ Refer to Section 12.1 of "B. Built-in Positioning"

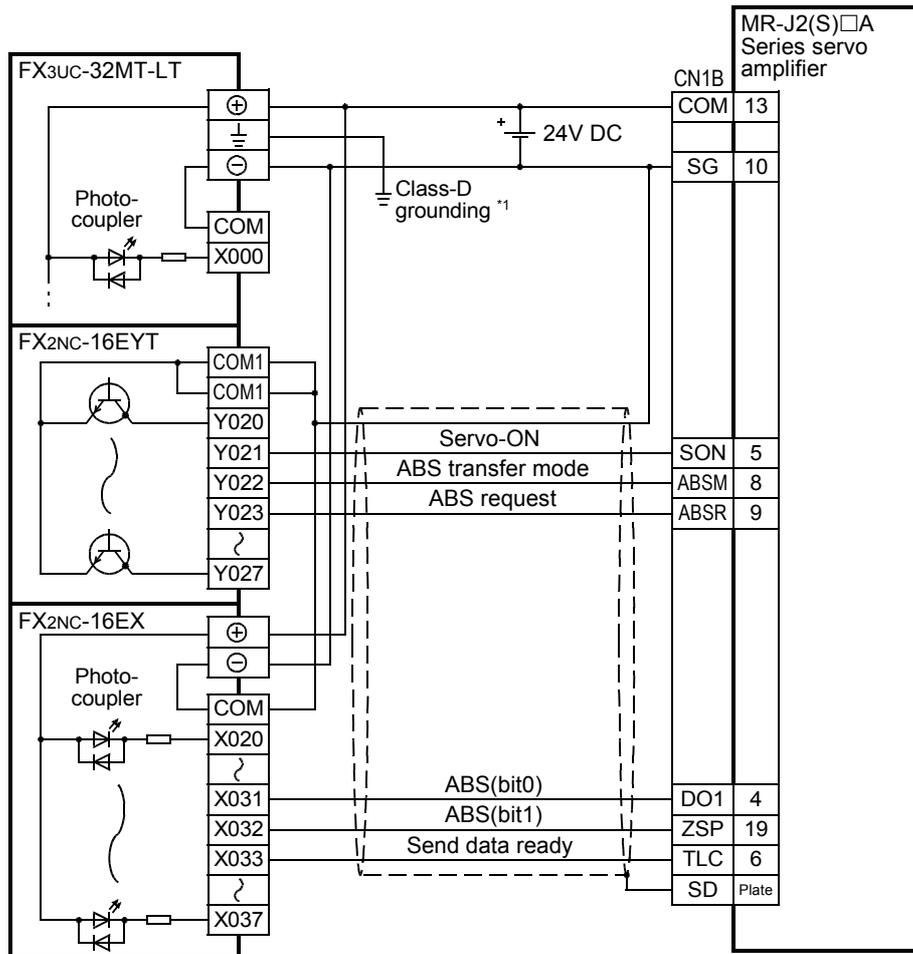
Appendix 2-3-1 Sink Input and Sink Output

1. FX3U PLC



- *1. Be sure to use the class-D grounding method (grounding resistance: 100 Ω or less).
- *2. For details of the MR-J2(S) servo amplifier, such as the tolerance for the internal power and operation of the servo amplifier, refer to the following manual.
 → For details, refer to the servo amplifier manual.

2. FX3UC PLC



*1. Be sure to use the class-D grounding method (grounding resistance: 100 Ω or less).

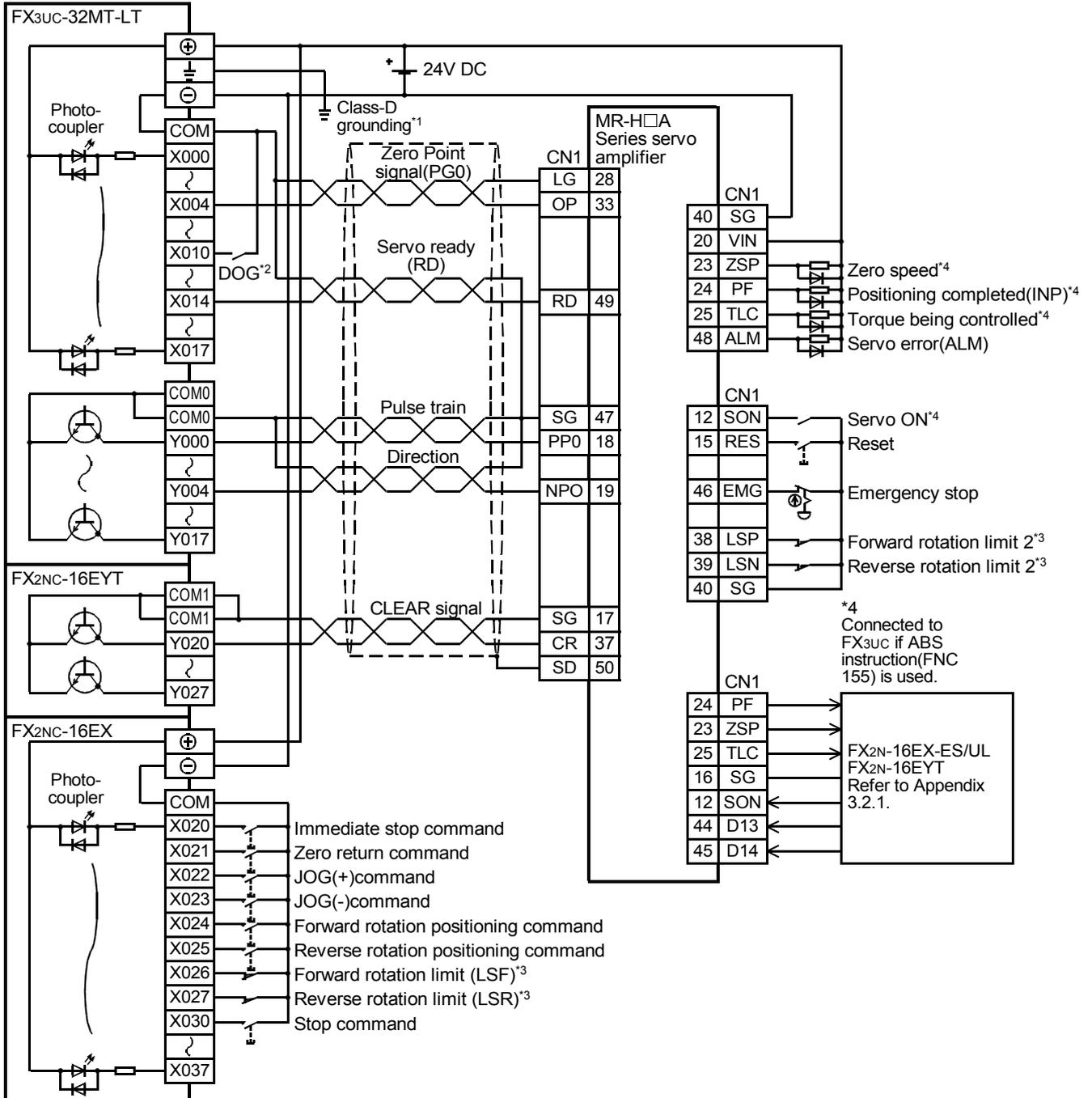
Appendix 3. MELSERVO-H Series

Appendix 3-1 Main Unit (Transistor Output)

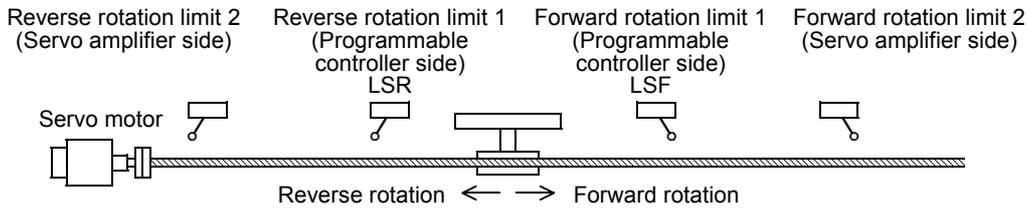
To assign the inputs/outputs, refer to the following section.

→ Refer to Section 12.1 of "B. Built-in Positioning Function".

Appendix 3-1-1 Sink Input and Sink Output



- *1. Be sure to use the class-D grounding method (grounding resistance: 100 Ω or less).
- *2. Near-point signal (DOG)
- *3. To ensure safety, use the forward rotation limit switch and the reverse rotation limit switch on both sides: the PLC side and the servo amplifier side. Note that the limit switches on the PLC side should be activated slightly earlier than the limit switches on the servo amplifier side.



- *4. To detect absolute positions, connect this line to the PLC.

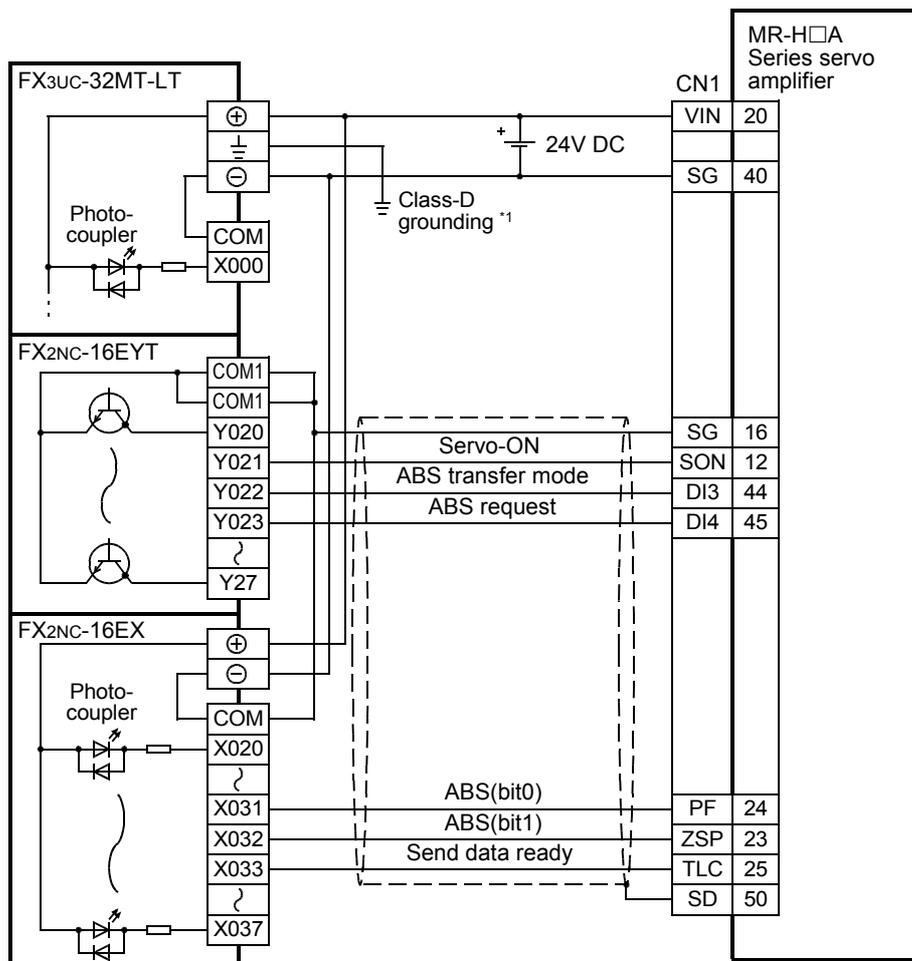
Appendix 3-2 Absolute Position Detection (Transistor Output)

To assign the inputs/outputs, refer to the following section.

→ Refer to Section 12.1 of "B. Incorporated Positioning"

Appendix 3-2-1 Sink Input and Sink Output

1. FX3UC PLC



- *1. Be sure to use the class-D grounding method (grounding resistance: 100 Ω or less).

Appendix 4. MELSERVO-C Series

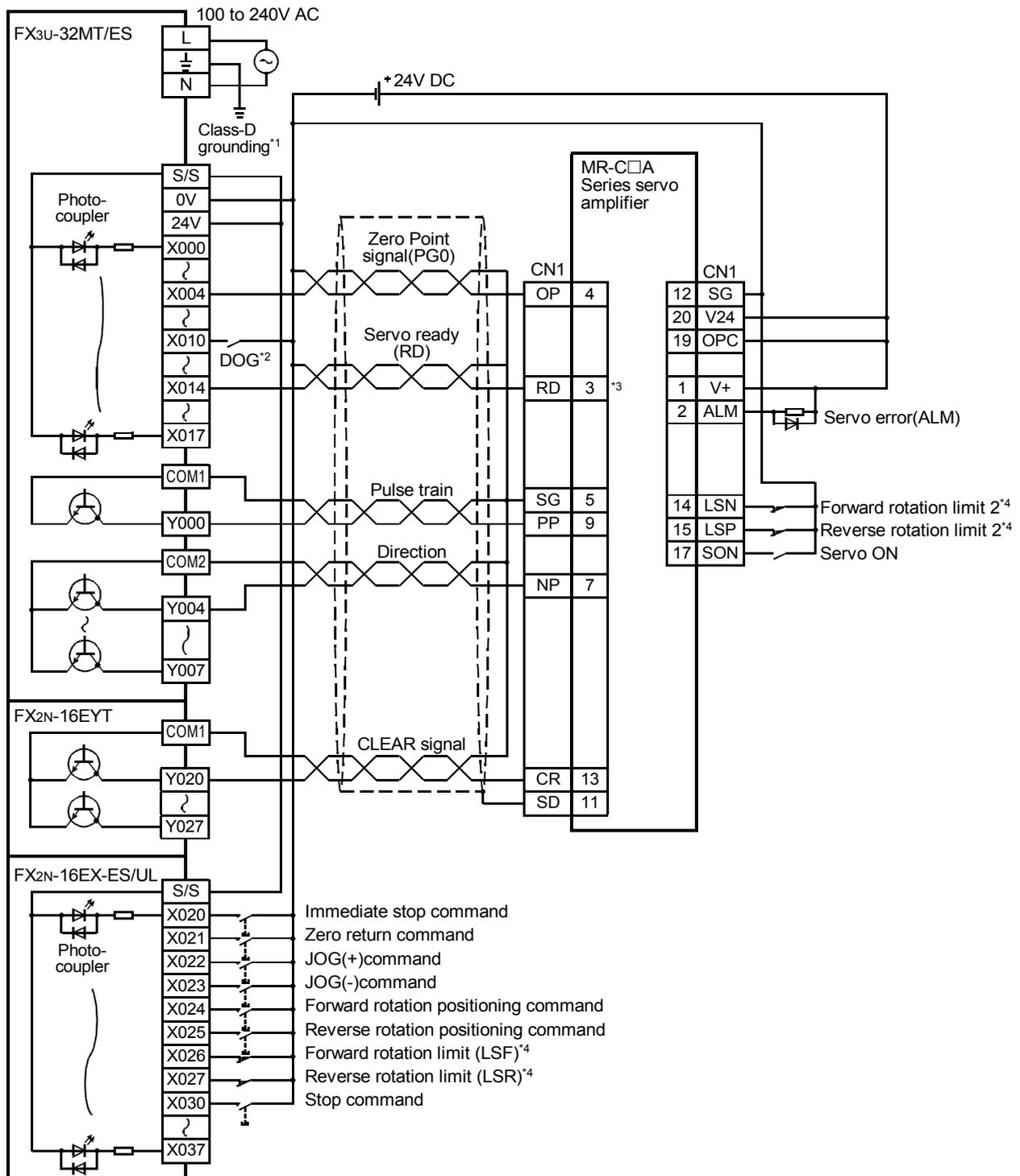
Appendix 4-1 Main Unit (Transistor Output)

To assign the inputs/outputs, refer to the following section.

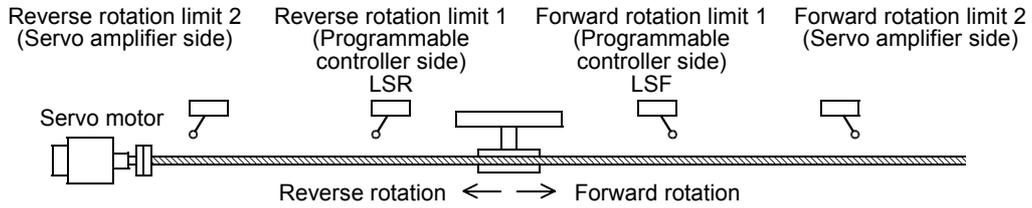
→ Refer to Section 12.1 of "B. Built-in Positioning Function".

Appendix 4-1-1 Sink Input and Sink Output

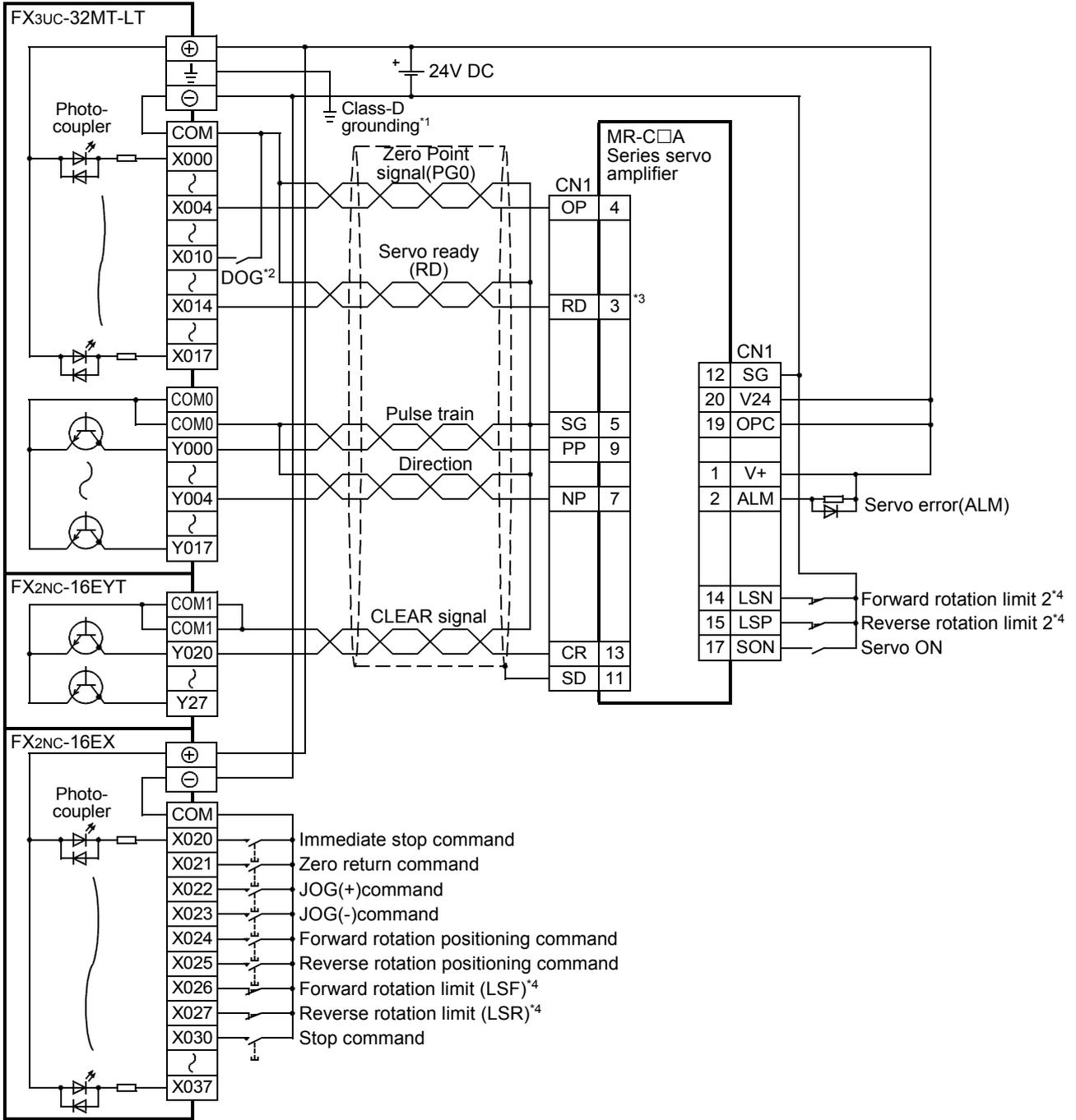
1. FX3U PLC



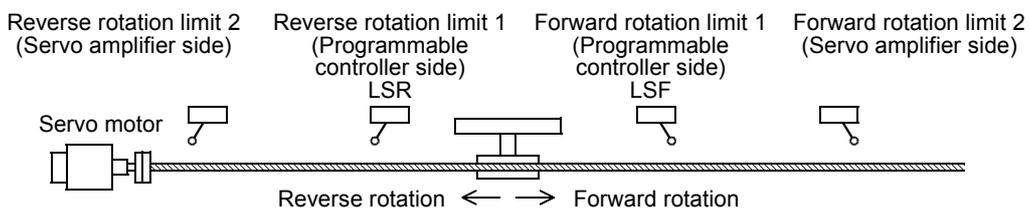
- *1. Be sure to use the class-D grounding method (grounding resistance: 100 Ω or less).
- *2. Near-point signal (DOG)
- *3. Set the parameter No.21 at servo amplifier to "020".
- *4. To ensure safety, use the forward rotation limit switch and the reverse rotation limit switch on both sides: the PLC side and the servo amplifier side. Note that the limit switches on the PLC side should be activated slightly earlier than the limit switches on the servo amplifier side.



2. FX3UC PLC



- *1. Be sure to use the class-D grounding method (grounding resistance: 100 Ω or less).
- *2. Near-point signal (DOG)
- *3. Set the parameter No.21 at servo amplifier to "020".
- *4. To ensure safety, use the forward rotation limit switch and the reverse rotation limit switch on both sides: the PLC side and the servo amplifier side. Note that the limit switches on the PLC side should be activated slightly earlier than the limit switches on the servo amplifier side.

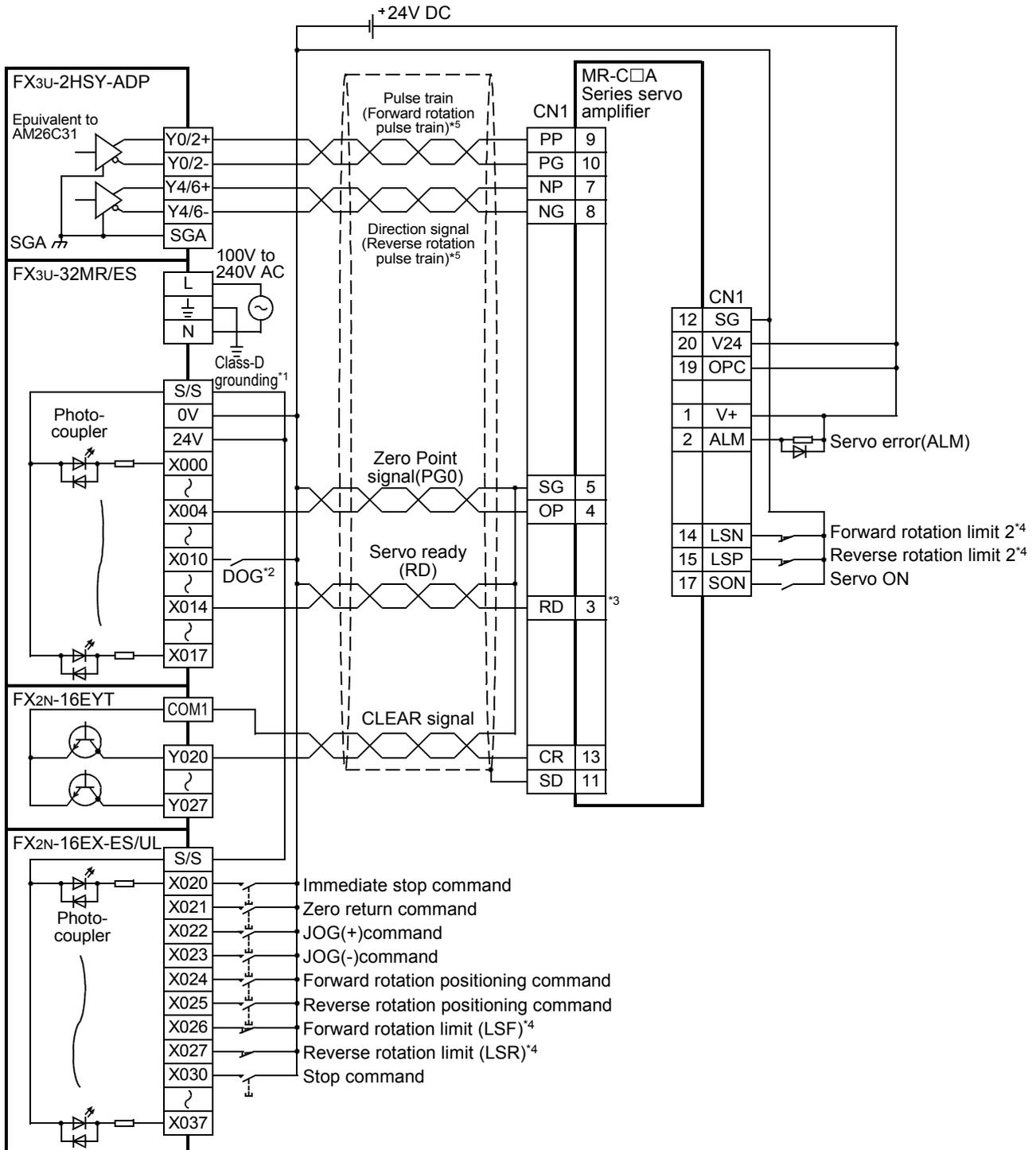


Appendix 4-2 High-Speed Output Special Adapter

To assign the inputs/outputs, refer to the following section.

→ Refer to Section 12.1 of "B. Built-in Positioning Function"

Appendix 4-2-1 Sink Input, Sink Output, and Differential Line Driver Output

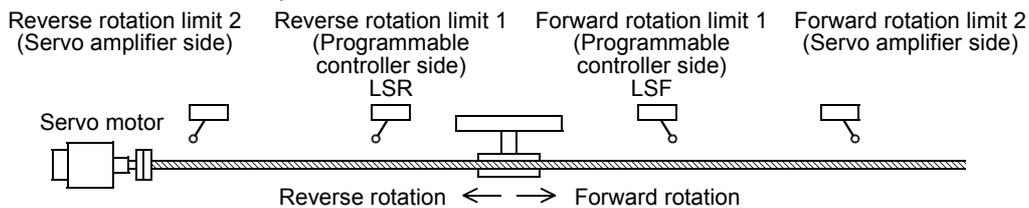


*1. Be sure to use the class-D grounding method (grounding resistance: 100 Ω or less).

*2. Near-point signal (DOG)

*3. Set the parameter No.21 at servo amplifier to "020".

- *4. To ensure safety, use the forward rotation limit switch and the reverse rotation limit switch on both sides: the PLC side and the servo amplifier side. Note that the limit switches on the PLC side should be activated slightly earlier than the limit switches on the servo amplifier side.



- *5. Set the pulse output method using the pulse output method setting switch.

| Pulse output method setting switch | Pulse output method |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| FP·RP side | Forward/reverse pulse train |
| PLS·DIR side | Pulse train + direction |

MEMO

Warranty

Please confirm the following product warranty details before using this product.

1. Gratis Warranty Term and Gratis Warranty Range

If any faults or defects (hereinafter "Failure") found to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi occurs during use of the product within the gratis warranty term, the product shall be repaired at no cost via the sales representative or Mitsubishi Service Company. However, if repairs are required onsite at domestic or overseas location, expenses to send an engineer will be solely at the customer's discretion. Mitsubishi shall not be held responsible for any re-commissioning, maintenance, or testing on-site that involves replacement of the failed module.

[Gratis Warranty Term]

The gratis warranty term of the product shall be for one year after the date of purchase or delivery to a designated place. Note that after manufacture and shipment from Mitsubishi, the maximum distribution period shall be six (6) months, and the longest gratis warranty term after manufacturing shall be eighteen (18) months. The gratis warranty term of repair parts shall not exceed the gratis warranty term before repairs.

[Gratis Warranty Range]

- 1) The range shall be limited to normal use within the usage state, usage methods and usage environment, etc., which follow the conditions and precautions, etc., given in the instruction manual, user's manual and caution labels on the product.
- 2) Even within the gratis warranty term, repairs shall be charged for in the following cases.
 - a) Failure occurring from inappropriate storage or handling, carelessness or negligence by the user. Failure caused by the user's hardware or software design.
 - b) Failure caused by unapproved modifications, etc., to the product by the user.
 - c) When the Mitsubishi product is assembled into a user's device, Failure that could have been avoided if functions or structures, judged as necessary in the legal safety measures the user's device is subject to or as necessary by industry standards, had been provided.
 - d) Failure that could have been avoided if consumable parts (battery, backlight, fuse, etc.) designated in the instruction manual had been correctly serviced or replaced.
 - e) Relay failure or output contact failure caused by usage beyond the specified Life of contact (cycles).
 - f) Failure caused by external irresistible forces such as fires or abnormal voltages, and failure caused by force majeure such as earthquakes, lightning, wind and water damage.
 - g) Failure caused by reasons unpredictable by scientific technology standards at time of shipment from Mitsubishi.
 - h) Any other failure found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi or that admitted not to be so by the user.

2. Onerous repair term after discontinuation of production

- 1) Mitsubishi shall accept onerous product repairs for seven (7) years after production of the product is discontinued. Discontinuation of production shall be notified with Mitsubishi Technical Bulletins, etc.
- 2) Product supply (including repair parts) is not available after production is discontinued.

3. Overseas service

Overseas, repairs shall be accepted by Mitsubishi's local overseas FA Center. Note that the repair conditions at each FA Center may differ.

4. Exclusion of loss in opportunity and secondary loss from warranty liability

Regardless of the gratis warranty term, Mitsubishi shall not be liable for compensation of damages caused by any cause found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi, loss in opportunity, lost profits incurred to the user or third person by Failures of Mitsubishi products, special damages and secondary damages whether foreseeable or not, compensation for accidents, and compensation for damages to products other than Mitsubishi products, replacement by the user, maintenance of on-site equipment, start-up test run and other tasks.

5. Changes in product specifications

The specifications given in the catalogs, manuals or technical documents are subject to change without prior notice.

6. Product application

- 1) In using the Mitsubishi MELSEC programmable logic controller, the usage conditions shall be that the application will not lead to a major accident even if any problem or fault should occur in the programmable logic controller device, and that backup and fail-safe functions are systematically provided outside of the device for any problem or fault.
- 2) The Mitsubishi programmable logic controller has been designed and manufactured for applications in general industries, etc. Thus, applications in which the public could be affected such as in nuclear power plants and other power plants operated by respective power companies, and applications in which a special quality assurance system is required, such as for Railway companies or Public service purposes shall be excluded from the programmable logic controller applications. In addition, applications in which human life or property that could be greatly affected, such as in aircraft, medical applications, incineration and fuel devices, manned transportation, equipment for recreation and amusement, and safety devices, shall also be excluded from the programmable logic controller range of applications. However, in certain cases, some applications may be possible, providing the user consults their local Mitsubishi representative outlining the special requirements of the project, and providing that all parties concerned agree to the special circumstances, solely at the users discretion.

Revised History

| Date | Revision | Discription |
|--------|----------|--|
| 7/2005 | A | First Edition |
| 2/2006 | B | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The transistor output for FX3U Series was added. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - A.Common items (Subsection 1.2.1 and 1.2.2, Section 2.1 and Subsection 3.1.1). - B.Built-in positioning function (Section 1.1, Subsection 1.5.2 and 1.5.3, Section 2.3, Subsection 2.5.1, Section 4.9, Subsection 6.3.1, 8.2.1 and 8.3.1, Section 9.1 and 10.1). - Appendix:Example connection (Appendix 1-1-1, 1-3, 2-1-1 and 4-1-1). • FX3U-20SSC-H was added. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - A.Common items (Subsection 1.2.1, Section 2.1, Section 2.2, Subsection 3.1.3 and Section 3.2) • Other <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Section-number changed Revision A (Revision B) A.Common items: Subsection 3.1.3 (3.1.4) B. Built-in positioning function: Subsection 2.5.1 (2.5.2) to 2.5.2 (2.5.3) - Correction of errors |

USER'S MANUAL - Positioning Control Edition

FX3U/FX3UC SERIES PROGRAMMABLE CONTROLLERS



HEAD OFFICE: TOKYO BUILDING, 2-7-3 MARUNOUCHI, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO 100-8310, JAPAN
HIMEJI WORKS: 840, CHIYODA CHO, HIMEJI, JAPAN

| | |
|------------|--------------|
| MODEL | FX3U-U-POS-E |
| MODEL CODE | 09R620 |